

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, made by William J. Morrison, to Robert I. Dinkins, I will expose to Public Sale, at the Court House in Charlotte, on Monday of the February Court, the TRACT OF LAND, lying in Providence Settlement, on which said William J. Morrison lives, adjoining the lands of John N. Houston and others.

At the same time and place, I will sell several

LIKELY NEGROES.

the property of said William J. Morrison, and conveyed by him under deed of trust to James H. Morrison, for the purposes therein specified.

Terms will be made known at the time of sale.
WM. J. ALEXANDER,
Agent for Trustees.

Jan. 10, 1832.-426

Valuable Property For Sale.

ON Thursday, 21st of February, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on the premises, my Plantation on Big Sugar Creek, (the place of my former residence.) The tract contains between three and four hundred acres, lying on the main road leading from Charlotte to Camden. The site is truly beautiful, commanding at all times a full view of the celebrated King's Mountain and a wide extent of country around. The buildings are sufficiently commodious for a large family. The land has been of the first quality in that section of the county, and with a little agricultural skill, may be made a valuable farm.

I shall also sell at the same time and place, about 60 head of Hogs, some Horses, my Jack DON QUINOTTE, Two Cotton Gins, and some other articles.

And on Tuesday of the next Court, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, three improved and three unimproved Lots on main Trade Street in the town of Charlotte.

And on Friday, the 15th of March, I will sell to the highest bidder, on the premises, One Hundred acres of land, adjoining the Store-house tract, whereon is a rich vein of Auriferous Ore, running entirely across the land.

Also, on the same day, I will sell my GOLD MILL, about two miles from the Mine, and about 40 head of Hogs.

The real estate will be sold on a liberal credit, the balance on twelve months.

All those indebted to the subscriber, are hereby assured, that unless payment is made by the February Court, their Notes and Accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
STEN. FOX.
January 15, 1833. 21226

PUBLIC SALE.

Twelve Months' Credit.

I WILL expose to Public Sale, on the 20th of January, all my Stock, consisting of Horses, Cows, Hogs, Sheep, &c. with all my Farming Utensils, One Plantation Wagon, One Gig and Smith Tools. Also, all my Household and Kitchen Furniture. Also 800 or 1000 bushels of good CORN, with some COTTON in the seed, with a quantity of forage. Also, 1600 or 1700 weight of PORK in the pickle.

I will also sell privately, 200 acres of Land, lying on the north side of Mallard Creek.

Also, 250 acres, lying 2 miles north of Sugar Creek Church, known by the Brick House place.

Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call on me soon. I will give good bargains and a liberal credit, purchasers giving bond with good security.

THOMAS ALEXANDER,
January 15, 1833. 21-2x

Land for Sale.

ON Tuesday, the 19th of February next, at Capt. Samuel Cox's Store, I will offer for sale my PLANTATION, lying on the waters of Steel Creek, adjoining the lands of Gen. Thos. G. Polk, John Ferguson, the heirs of Wm. Campbell, Esq. and others, containing 183 acres. There are on the premises about 65 acres cleared, in good crop, and in order for a crop the ensuing season. Col. Thos. J. Grier or Mr. Stephen McLean will show the premises to those who wish to view them. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

A. ANDERSON.
21226

To Workers of Gold Mines.

THE Commercial Bank of Columbia, South Carolina, has made arrangements which will enable it to purchase gold in bars; or to make liberal advances on the deposit of it. The gold will be forwarded immediately to the Mint, the certificate sold to the best advantage, and the proceeds carried to the credit of the depositor, subject to such charges as may be agreed on at the time the gold is deposited.

H. HUTCHISON, Cashier.
Jan. 1, 1833. 21223

NOTICE.

THE Notes due the subscriber on or about the 1st of January are left in the hands of Mr. T. J. Holton, of Charlotte, for collection. Those interested are requested to call and settle by the February Court, or they will have to settle with an officer.

WM. PARHAM.
Jan. 15, 1833. 21223

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IS given to all persons who are indebted to the Estate of Wm. Campbell, deceased, to come forward and make payment, as no indulgence can be given; also all persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present their claims in due form within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar against them.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Adm'r.
Jan. 15th, 1833. 21223

NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all Persons having claims against the Estate of W. B. Yates, deceased, to present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Executor.
Jan. 15th 1833. 21223

NOTICE.

IT is now the beginning of a New Year, therefore it is all important that the transactions of the last year should be closed, I hope those that have open accounts with me will not fail to come and close by Bond or Cash immediately.

JNO. G. HOSKINS.
Jan 14, 1833.-211f

Constitution of No. Carolina, AND OF THE UNITED STATES.

FOR Sale at this Office, a few copies of a Pamphlet containing the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of North Carolina, and the Declaration of Independence. Price, 25 cts.

Counting-House Almanac FOR 1833.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
January	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
February	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28		
March	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
April	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
May	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
June	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
July	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
August	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
September	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
October	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
November	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
December	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				

DEFERRED ARTICLES.

From the National Intelligencer.

TREASON AGAINST THE U. STATES.

As the crime of Treason is often alluded to in the papers, and the offence not being generally understood, it may be interesting to present a condensed view of the subject, that all may understand what constitutes an overt act, as decided by the courts of the United States.

By the 3d section of the 3d Article of the Constitution, "Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort."

In the trial of Aaron Burr, it was decided that the term "levying war," has that sense in the Constitution which it was understood to have in the statute of Edward III., from which it was derived; and that an assemblage of men, designing a treasonable purpose, such as war against the Government, or revolutionizing any of its territories, and in a condition to make such war, constitutes a "levying of war." To levy war, troops must be embodied; men must be openly raised; but neither arms, or the actual application of the force to the object, are indispensably requisite.

The meeting of particular bodies of men, and their marching from places of partial to a place of general rendezvous, is such an assemblage, as constitutes a "levying of war."

To march in arms, with a force marshalled and arrayed, committing acts of violence in order to compel the resignation of a public officer, and thereby to render ineffective an act of Congress, is high Treason.

When war is levied, all who perform a part, however minute or remote, from the scene of action, being leagued in the general conspiracy, commit treason. A recruiting officer or commissary, who never saw the army, is guilty of treason in executing his office.

If any one advise, procure, or command an overt act of treason, he is guilty as an accessory.

By the act of April 30th, 1790, if any person, having knowledge of the commission of any treason, shall conceal, and not, as soon as may be, disclose the same, to the President, or some Judge or Governor, such person is guilty of misprison of treason, and is liable to be imprisoned seven years and fined one thousand dollars.

Hooking Letters.—The New Orleans Times mentions that an ingenious mode of robbery, was lately put in practice, at the post office, in that city. The passage of the letter-box was stopped up, in such a way as to prevent the descent of letters—and the letters which were deposited, thus lodged near the aperture, were easily extracted from the outside. The same device was put in practice, some time ago, at the New York Post office.

The Grand Sultan.—A correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, on board the frigate Constellation, dated Sept. 22, gives the following account of the Sultan, written after a journey to Constantinople:—

"Under the kind auspices of Commodore Porter, to whose hospitable attentions we are greatly indebted, we had a fine opportunity of seeing the Grand Sultan. It was in the field where he is in the habit, on certain days of the year, of practising at archery—and this being the day we repaired to the field. The monarch soon arrived on horseback, surrounded by several members of his court. Observing us and being informed that we were Americans, he sent an officer to invite us nearer to the spot—an invitation which brought us within a few feet of his person. After a few shots from a few members of the court, he descended from his horse, and took the bow, which he drew with astonishing energy, for his third arrow—the last which he sped—went 556 yards. The distance is incredible, but we saw it measured, and could hardly be mistaken. It was nearly one hundred yards further than any of his predecessors had thrown the shaft. He gave the arrow to Mrs. Reed, and observed to us that this was one of their ancient customs, an amusement which he occasionally indulged in.—He enquired of Commodore Porter, who had been ill respecting his health, and observed to him and Captain Reed that he should be happy in seeing our men of war at Constantinople. He spoke in praise of a model of a ship which Mr. Eckford had just sent to his palace, and ordering us some mats invited us to be seated, and treated us to some excellent coffee and ice cream. His manner was very easy and affable, and nothing but the attentions of those around, showed that we were in the presence of the Grand Sultan. We left soon, after having made as handsome a bow as lay in our power.

The Sultan appears to be about fifty year of age—his person is stately, with a muscular, firm-set formation.—His eye is full of fire—his lips betray firmness—the prevailing expression of his countenance is indicative of care, fortitude, and energy. His dress was simple. He wore a red cap, shaped precisely like a hat without a brim, with a blue tassel hanging from the centre of the crown. His coat was a blue roundabout, with a narrow, upright collar, and buttoned close about him. His pantaloons were of the same color, cut after our fashion, with narrow straps running under a square-toed boot. His sword, which hung easily at his side, had a gold scabbard, and a belt blazoning with diamonds. His horse was a truly noble animal, and most richly caparisoned. The headstall of the bridle was studded with jewels, and the stirrups of the embroidered saddle were of massive gold. And a more splendid horseman than his Majesty thus mounted, I have never seen."

Look Here Gentlemen!

THE subscriber is under the necessity of calling on all those indebted to him, by Book Account, or otherwise, to call and settle the same, before the middle of February next, either by Cash or Note; or they may be assured they will be compelled to settle with those who will exact legal costs.

N. B. He may be found (except when necessarily absent, at his boarding house, at the late residence of Samuel Pharr, deceased.)
HEZEKIAH HALL.
Jan. 10, 1833. 3222

NOTICE.
THE subscriber has taken up, (on the 4th of this instant,) a negro man by the name of JIM, formerly belonging to Joseph Blackwood, dec'd, and was sold by the administrator and taken to the State of Georgia and sold to a man by the name of John Winona.

WM. BOYLES.
January 7, 1833.—201f

NOTICE.
I WISH to employ a BLACKSMITH to take charge of my Shop and hands in Charlotte, for the ensuing year. I will give liberal wages, (or a share in the profits if preferred,) to one that can come well recommended, as a good workman, and of industrious, steady habits. Either a single man or one with a small family will answer.

WM. DAVIDSON.
Jan. 4, 1833.—191f

WOOD! WOOD!!

I WANT to purchase some WOOD, one or two miles from this place. Those wanting land cleared would do well to call and propose. The wood is intended to burn brick, &c.

THOS. A. MERA.
Those indebted to me by Note or otherwise, will please call and settle their accounts by cash or country produce, as I cannot give any further indulgence.
T. A. M.

The thorough Bred HORSE, RIOT.

WILL stand the ensuing season at Beatie's Ford, Lincoln county. He was gotten by the justly celebrated Race Horse and breeder, OLD SIR ARCHIE. His dam a full blooded mare—her pedigree can be traced to many of the most distinguished Racers of her day. As to Sir Archie, his reputation and that of his colts and their descendants are so well established, it is scarcely necessary to say any thing at the present day, as they have been among the most successful distance Horses in the States of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee for the last fifteen years.

RIOT is a handsome bay, five feet three inches in height, four year's old next Spring. It is expected that he will make a good breeder, as his form and blood are good. Particulars made known in due time.

H. G. BURTON,
R. H. BURTON.
201f

January 5, 1833.
The Farmers' & Miners' Journal at Charlotte, also the Rutherfordton Spectator, are requested to insert the above advertisement, and call on the above named proprietors for compensations.

The Medicine & Drug Store,

At the Sign of the
GOLDEN MORTAR,
North of the Court House and one door from John Irwin's Store,
IS furnished with a full and extensive assortment of
MEDICINES & DRUGS,
Paints, Surgical Instruments, Shop Furniture, and all the Fancy Perfumery and Stationary Articles pertaining to the Apothecary Business, which are offered by Wholesale or Retail, at low prices, and under warrant to be pure, fresh and good. Family Medicines of every description are put up in readiness for sale and labelled, with directions for use. Physicians and Merchants can also be accommodated to any extent that they will need. Prescriptions will at all times be carefully compounded and all orders duly attended to.

C. MORRISON.
Charlotte, Dec. 29, 1832.

LOWD AND REED'S COMPOUND CHLORINE TOOTH WASH,

MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE MEDICINE & DRUG STORE.

THIS wash effectually cleanses the teeth, it contains no acid or any ingredient which can in any way be injurious. It is agreeable to the taste and has the property of thoroughly neutralizing every thing offensive in the breath, whether it originate from decayed teeth, the use of tobacco, or any other cause. It hardens the gums and is a valuable remedy for Canker or soreness of the mouth.
Charlotte, Oct. 27, 1832.

TYROLESE MILLS.

THE undersigned has at considerable expense had improved Patterns made for these Mills agreeably to directions of Col. A. Caldwell and Mr. Monteth (Engineer at the Capps mine) who has experienced their Utility from 6 months trial of an imperfect set they had made here last spring—on fair Experiments with the aforesaid Mills at the Capps mine they were found to excel all other methods of extracting gold hitherto in use.

1st. On receiving an equal number of bushels of the ore from the same pile and put in the Arrastres or Grinders, and the Mills produced from 25 to 30 per cent. most gold. It was believed none of it escaped.

2d. As the quicksilver does not come in contact where there is any friction, none of it is ground to Calomel or lost.

3d. The most power required is for the stampers. It is thought 3 Mills would not take more power to work them than one set of Arrastres or Grinders.

4th. Their durability—except the stampers and stamper beds, which will wear out, the other part of the Machinery may last half a century.

5th. The Mills when in operation requires no further attendance than to be regularly supplied with ore. One hand can attend two Mills.

Three sets of the above Mills are now made at Vesuvius Furnace, except stampers, as miners differ so much in the form of the stampers, they will not be made until directed. Each applicant for them is requested to furnish his own pattern. Miners wanting these Mills will please order them against the 1st of March. It is uncertain whether the Furnace will blow longer, and no more will be made than ordered besides those now on hand. The person who will first set one in complete operation, a deduction of \$5 will be made in the price.
J. GRAHAM.
December 27, 1832. 19232

NOTICE.

THE sale notes of the subscriber, due on the 1st of Jan. are left at Mr. David Park's Store. All persons concerned are requested to call previous to the February Court and save cost.
CHAS. JUGNOT.
Jan. 4, 1833. 4222

50 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Charlotte, N.C. about the first of March last, a negro man named **WALLEY**, about twenty-six years of age, rather light complexioned, straight and well proportioned and about five feet ten or eleven inches high, his clothes, so far as recollected, was of ordinary description, no doubt, however, he has or will get some of a better kind. I raised this fellow and have no knowledge what direction he will take: it is supposed that he has gone south and probably under the protection of some person, or perhaps he has forged false papers. I will give the above reward for Walley, and pay all expenses if brought home or confined in any jail so that I can get him.
WM. DAVIDSON.
Charlotte, Jan. 10, 1833.
The Charleston Courier will insert this 3 times.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1832.

Col. Thomas Boyd vs. John A. Cole.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this suit is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore Ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the Miners' & Farmers' Journal, that the said defendant appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in February next, and then answer or plead to complainant's charge, otherwise judgment will be taken by default against him. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1832.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.
Price adv. \$24 625

STRAYED OR STOLEN

FROM the subscriber, on the night of the 5th inst. a small Bay Mare, with a star in her forehead. Any information will be thankfully received and any person delivering her to the subscriber will be liberally rewarded.

THO. TROTTER.
Charlotte, Jan. 10, 1833. 201f

STAYED OR STOLEN

FROM the subscriber's stable, on the night of the 12th inst. one Bay Horse, 2 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, with a star in his face, the inside of his left hind foot white. Any information of said horse offered to Mr. David Chambers, living on third creek, Rowan County, or myself in Charlotte, will be thankfully received.
SAMUEL TAYLOR.
Charlotte, Dec. 28, 1832.—181f

WATCHES AND JEWELLRY.



REMOVAL.

THOMAS TROTTER

WOULD inform the public, that he has removed his Shop, to his old stand, lately occupied by A. G. Wilkinson, as a Taylor Shop, two doors north of Boyd's Hotel, where all who in his line will receive punctual attention. Silver Table and Tea Spoons, manufactured in his establishment, and North-Carolina Gold worked into any article that may be ordered.
Charlotte, Oct. 27, 1832.—91f

Call and Pay.

YOU who are still indebted to A. G. Wilkinson, dec'd, are earnestly requested to call and pay between now and the February Court, as you will thereby render me a particular favor—other wise you will reduce me to the disagreeable necessity of forcing payment at your cost. Disagreeable as this may be, it must be done if you don't settle by that time.
A. G. GRAHAM, Adm'r.
191f

-ALSO-

Those indebted to myself are reminded that this is the time of the year when payment should be made, and that I am actually in want of money.
Charlotte, Jan. 4, 1833. A. G.

SADDLES & HARNESS.

JAMES T. ASBURY & CO.

HAVE on hand and will continue to manufacture in their Shop in the south-east wing of Mr. Spring's Brick Building

Ladies and Gentlemen's

SADDLES,

of a superior style of workmanship and good northern materials, by the Messrs. Jettens, of Lenoir county, who are well known in the western part of the State as superior workmen—Also, Saddlebags, Valises, Martingales, Rigs, Bridles, Coach & Gig Harness, Carriage and Wagon Harness, Horsemen's Caps, Holsters, and all other articles usually manufactured in shops in the Southern States.

In addition to the above, we have on hand a general assortment of Gig and Coach Mounting, Saddle Bits, Stirrup Irons, and all other articles necessary to trim off Saddles and Harness, which will be sold low for cash.

We request the public to call and examine the materials and work manufactured, hear prices as judge for themselves.
Charlotte, Dec. 7, 1832. 1