

POETRY.

FOR THE JOURNAL.

LORD BYRON.

Mr. Editor—The following poem addressed to Miss Chaworth, is ascribed to the pen of Lord Byron, and is reported to have been written on the eve of his departure for Greece. If you think it merits a place in your columns, please to lay it before your readers in your next paper, and oblige A SUBSCRIBER.

'Tis done! and shivering in the gale The bark unbars her snowy sail: And whistling o'er the bended mast, Loud sings on high the freshening blast— And I must from this land begone, Because I cannot love but one.

But could I be what I have been, And could I see what I have seen, Could I repose upon the breast Which once my warmest wishes blest, I should not seek another zone, Because I could not love but one.

'Tis long since I beheld that eye Which gave me bliss or misery; And I have striven, but in vain, Never to think of it again: For though I fly from Albion I still can only love but one.

As some lone bird without a mate My weary heart is desolate; I look around and cannot trace One friendly smile or welcome face; And even in crowds I'm still alone, Because I cannot love but one.

And I will cross the whitening foam, And I will seek a foreign home: Till I forget a false fair face I never shall find a resting place: My own dark thoughts I cannot shun But ever have and love but one.

The poorest, veriest wretch on earth, Still finds some hospitable hearth, Where friendship's or love's softer glow May smile in joy or soothe in woe; But friend or lover I have none, Because I cannot love but one.

I go! but wheresoe'er I flee There's not an eye will weep for me. There's not a kind congenial heart Where I should find the smallest part: Nor thou, who hast my hopes undone Wilt sigh, although I love but one.

To think of every early scene— Of what we are, and what we've been— Would 'whelm' some softer heart with woe; But mine, alas! hath stood the blow, Yet still beats on as it begun, And never truly loved but one.

And who that dear loved one may be Is not for vulgar eyes to see: And why that love was earliest crost, Thou knowest the best—I feel the most. But few that dwell beneath the sun Have lived so long, and loved but one.

I've tried another's fetters, too, With charms, perchance, as fair to view; And I would fain have loved as well— But some unconquerable spell Forbade my bleeding heart to own, A kindred care for ought but one.

'T would soothe to take one lingering look And bless thee in my last adieu: Yet wish I not thy eye to weep For him who wanders o'er the deep, Though wheresoe'er his bark may run I love but thee—I love but one.

DEFERRED ARTICLES.

Most Melancholy—Double Suicide.—Yesterday morning the bodies of Mr. John Carter and Miss Mary Bradlee were found suspended in the first chamber of her father's (Mr. Samuel Bradlee's) store on Washington street. They were hanging, each in a handkerchief, tied to the same rope, and fastened to the hook of a scale beam.—They had mounted on two chairs, and it appears that Miss B. being shorter than Mr. Carter, they placed a box on her chair to elevate her to his height. It would seem that they had embraced each other, and then pushed away the support, as they were found hanging in close contact, face to face.

Mr. Carter served his apprenticeship with Mr. Bradlee, and left him about three years since for New Orleans, where he entered into business. Mr. Bradlee wrote to him, sometime last summer, requesting him to return and enter his store as an assistant in his business, offering him favorable terms. Mr. Carter returned, took his post, and renewed a former intimacy with the daughter, to whom he was generally admitted to be betrothed, and permitted to visit and accompany her accordingly. Mr. Bradlee desired to retire from business. Mr. Carter entered into an unsuccessful negotiation to purchase the "stock and stand," with a view to immediate marriage. Not being able to accomplish his wishes, he resolved to return to New Orleans and renew his business there. Miss Bradlee was anxious to accompany him, but her parents refused their consent. The lovers were rendered mutually unhappy, and in an hour of madness resolved to terminate their existence. The result we have told.

They left Mr. Bradlee's house yesterday afternoon, under pretence of going to Trinity Church. Their parents were at Mr. Bradlee's. No alarm was felt for the absence of Miss Bradlee, as she was in the habit of accompanying Mr. Carter to his father's house, and often remained there over night with his sister. There are duplicate keys to the store, one of which Mr. Carter used.

When the lad whose duty it is to open the store, went there in the morning, he found that by inserting his own key, he had knocked out the other, which was on the inside. On entering the store he found Mr. Carter's cloak on the counter, and thought all was not right, but did not go into the chamber where the bodies were found, until some time after. Mr. Carter

left two letters, one directed to his father, the other to Mr. Bradlee; Miss Bradlee left one directed to her father, and all three were enclosed in one package.

Mr. Bradlee is truly a bereaved and heart broken man. But a short time since, his son and partner died of consumption; and last summer he lost another child; by the parting of a wheel tire, as she was looking out of a carriage window in which they were returning from the country.

Boston Transcript.

Mourning.—A French writer gives a neat summary of the different observances among mankind, relative to mourning and funeral ceremonies. All the world, says he, is acquainted with the magnificence of the Roman obsequies and funeral games. The Greeks also burnt their corpses of distinguished individuals, with funeral feasts and lamentation of horrid weepers, though they generally displayed a less sumptuous grief and a better regulated piety. The Persians buried the bodies of the dead; the Scythians ate them: the Indians enveloped them, for preservation's sake, in a sort of licker; the Egyptians embalmed and dried them, exhibited them on festival days, placed them at their table among their guests, guarded them as their most precious possessions, and lent and borrowed money upon these strange pledges.—In our time, the custom of dancing at funerals is only practised in India and among some savage nations; but funeral entertainments still prevail in many European countries. Among others, the ceremony of interment is solemn and silent, which nevertheless does not interfere with the wish that all may be forgotten as speedily as possible. We observe more ostentatious rites for persons of consequence; their carriages follow them to the grave and sometimes their horses is paraded, which having been made to fast, seems to partake of the affliction of the occasion. The Orientals, from whom we borrow this custom, went further—they made the horses in funeral processions weep, by blowing a particular powder up their nostrils.

In Italy, the mourning was formerly white for women and brown for men; in China it is white; in Turkey, Syria, and Armenia, it is blue; in Egypt yellow; in Ethiopia grey. Each of these colors had originally its mystical signification.—White is the emblem of purity, celestial blue indicates the space where the soul ranges after death; yellow or the tinge of dead leaves, exhibits death as the end of all human hope, and man falling like the leaf of Autumn; grey presents the colour of the earth, our common mother;—and black the funeral custom now adopted throughout Europe, is an allusion to the eternal night.

In England, the king never wears black. He is clothed in red, as mourning. Till the reign of Charles VIII, white was the funeral garb in France. The Emperor Leopold, who died in 1705 used to suffer his beard to grow in disorder during the whole period of mourning. In this he imitated the Jews. The dowager empresses never left off weeds, and their apartments were hung with black till their death. The Chancellor of France is the only person in the kingdom who never wears mourning. The brothers, nephews, and cousins of Popes never wear it; the happiness of having a Pope in the family is too great to allow them to be afflicted even by his death.

But the most remarkable of all these usages, is perhaps that of the people of those ancient nations, who dressed themselves as women when they lost their relations, in order it is said, that the ridicule attached to their vestments, might make them ashamed of their grief.

Discharging a Load.—A bachelor in Essex county, who was somewhat stricken in years, had been for some time enamoured with one of the maiden sisterhood, but could not muster courage enough to pop the question. One day he was resolved to make the attempt. He accordingly went to the house, knocked at the door, and his lovely dulcinea made her appearance. After a mutual nod the following laconic dialogue ensued. 'Do you want to change your condition?' 'No.' 'Nor I neither.' And turning about our bachelor concluded the conversation with 'Thank heaven, I've got that load off my stomach.'

The Beauty of virtue.—The following fine reflection is to be found in the Life of Lord Herbert, of Cherburg.

"Every body loves the virtuous, whereas the vicious do scarce love one another."—Upon the same subject an Arabian happily observed, that he learned virtue from the bad, for their wickedness inspired him with a distaste to vice.

LAND AND NEGROES.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, to me executed on the 30th of October, A. D. 1832, by Robert I. Dinkins, for purposes therein mentioned, I will sell at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in this month, being the 25th of the same, about

25 LIKELY NEGROES, and a Tract of LAND, lying two miles below Charlotte, on the Mason's Ferry Road, containing 350 acres, bounded by the lands of Col. Thos. Boyd, J. H. Bissell, the heirs of Joseph Wilson, dec'd, and W. Morrison, Esq. Terms made known on the day of sale. JOSEPH B. WILSON, Trustee. March 5, 1833. 28130

NOTICE. MY wife ELIZABETH having this day left my bed and board without any just and reasonable cause, this is to forewarn all persons from trading with her on my account, as I will not pay any debts she may contract. W. B. McCAW. Yorkville, S. C. March 4, 1833. 28130

NOTICE. THE firm of Cohen & Co. or Cohen & Wyatt being dissolved, I am prepared to pay my personal debts on demand, and also those of the firm. The subscriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past year, and he hopes by attention to business to merit their custom.—His shop is one door above his former stand.—Any debts contracted by Mr. Cohen I will not be responsible for. JOHN WYATT. March 2, 1833.—28131

N. B. Those indebted to me or the firm of Cohen & Wyatt, will please make payment to me personally. J. W.

NOTICE. ON the 27th instant, at the late dwelling house of Samuel Pharr, dec'd. I will sell at public auction, 15 or 16 likely young NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children. A credit of twelve months will be given to purchasers giving bond and satisfactory security. There are also some other articles which will be sold on the same day. D. R. DUNLAP, Adm'r. March 6, 1833. 3030

Taxes! Taxes!! Taxes!!! THOSE in arrears for their taxes, from the year 1824 up to 1832, must pay them and that without delay. The delinquents for Taxes included in the above dates are put into my hands for collection, and they will be collected without fear, favor, or affection, and that with costs. ISAAC SPENCER, Const. March 5, 1833. 3030

Information Wanted. MY brother, DANIEL ROSAMON, left this country some five or six years since, and the last news I have had of him was from Louisville, Kentucky, which has been about four years, and it was understood that he had gone down the Mississippi river to New-Orleans. He is a hatter by profession, is about 27 years old, six feet high, and has a peculiar scar or mark on the upper lip, occasioned by the kick of a horse. Any person informing me if he is alive, and where he lives, or if dead, when and where he died, by letter or otherwise, will confer a lasting favor on his brother at Charlotte, N. C. The cause of the inquiry is, that there is an estate to settle and divide, and he is a lawful heir, if living. JOHN ROSAMON. March 8th, 1833. 3030

LETTERS of papers in Edinville, Kentucky, and other western papers, will confer a favor on Daniel Roseman by inserting the above advertisement two or three weeks.

NOTICE. THIS is to notify the public, that the firm of Cohen & Co. or Cohen & Wyatt is dissolved, and that I will not be responsible for any debts that may be contracted in the name of the above firm, after this date. Any contract made, or debt incurred by Mrs. Cohen I will not be accountable for, unless I am consulted personally. BENJ. COHEN. Feb. 1, 1833. 3029

GOLD FOUNDRY AND Manufactured Jewellery from North-Carolina Gold.

VICTOR G. BLANDIN RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues, at his old stand, seven doors north-east of the Court-House, to manufacture JEWELLRY on the most improved patterns and at reduced prices. —ALSO— Received lately from New-York a splendid assortment of

JEWELLRY, CONSISTING OF Filagree EAR-RINGS and PINS, to match, Diamond, Ruby, Pearl and Jet FINGER-RINGS, SHIRT STOCKS, of various patterns, Fine GOLD LOCKETS, An assortment of BREAD-PINS, Watch Cases, Watch Keys, New Fashioned EVERPOINTED PENCILS, An assortment of Watch Crystals, Guard Chains, Spectacles, &c. &c.

Mr. B. takes this occasion to return his thanks to his friends and the public in general, for their kind and liberal patronage heretofore, and assures them that every exertion shall be used to merit a continuance of their confidence and favor.

N. B. He has also made alterations in his Furnaces, in which Gold can be fluxed, without losing a single particle. —ALSO— for Sale, Retorts for burning Gold, in which the operation is carried on without injury to the health. Charlotte, Feb. 21, 1833.

\$20 REWARD. THE above reward will be paid to any person, who will apprehend my boy WILLIAM and lodge him in any jail, or deliver him to me, at this place. He is a stout made boy, yellow complexioned, good looking; about 21 years old, five feet eight or ten inches high. He left me on the 23d inst. and took with him my brown horse, saddle and bridle. He was raised in Virginia and may be trying to get back. THOMAS McLURE. Chertsville, S. C. Feb. 27, 1833—28130

A Medical Student. A YOUNG MAN wishing to study Medicine, who is capable of teaching the rudiments of the English Language, can obtain a situation in a private family upon the following terms: To teach 4 or 5 young children two hours, forenoon and two hours, afternoon. Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography.

For which he will have the use of a Medical Library, Medical Instruction, and the reading of the Medical Quarterly Publications as they appear, as also his Boarding, &c. for 1, 2 or 3 years. He must come well recommended for sobriety and morality. Apply at this Office. Feb. 14, 1833. 3029

The Yorkin & Catawba Journal will give this 4 or 5 insertions, and forward the account to this office for payment.

Warrantee Deeds for sale at this Office.

Land for Sale. I WILL sell the following tracts of Land, viz: One tract lying about 2 miles north of Sugar Creek Church, containing 250 acres, known as the Brick House place. Also, about 200 acres on the north side of Mallard Creek. Also, a small tract lying on Clark's Creek, and one of about 100 acres, lying in Providence Settlement, on the Six Mile Creek, all of which I will sell privately, on liberal terms and low for cash. THOS. ALEXANDER. Feb. 12, 1833. 25029

APPRENTICE WANTED. THE subscriber will take, if appointed, a made soon, an Apprentice to the Carpenter's Trade. None need apply but such as can come well recommended as to character and industry. DAVID KESTLER. Charlotte, Feb. 12, 1833.—25131

Bank of North-Carolina. THE undersigned Commissioners appointed to open books of subscription at Charlotte, for stock in the Bank of North-Carolina, hereby give notice that said books will be opened at the Store of John Irwin, in the town of Charlotte, on the 4th day of February next, and will continue open for the space of sixty days thereafter. The Capital Stock in said Bank is fixed at one million of dollars, to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each. JOHN IRWIN, ELI SPRINGS, WM. DAVIDSON, SAM'L. McCOMB, WM. J. ALEXANDER. Charlotte, Jan. 30, 1833.—23131

Catawba Land for Sale. I OFFER for sale my land lying on the Catawba river a few miles below the Tuckasee Ford. There are three small tracts making in all 600 acres, which will be divided in any way to suit purchasers. The quality of most of this land is first rate. As I am determined to sell, a bargain may be had if application is made immediately. THO. B. SMARTT. Feb. 8, 1833. 4027

Earthenware, China & Glass. THOMAS J. BARROW & CO. Importers, 88 Water-Street, New-York. ARE receiving their Spring Importations of the above line; comprising a great variety of the newest Patterns—Which are offered to Southern Merchants at the most reduced price possible for the article to be sold at. In addition to the above, they have a large and complete assortment of Gift and Plain LOOKING GLASSES constantly on hand at low rates. Hoping a continuation of the liberal support hitherto received from our Southern friends, we have made every exertion to lay in a Stock of the most desirable Goods for that market—and it shall be our constant endeavor to promote the interest of those who may favor us with their orders. THOMAS J. BARROW & CO. Importers, 88 Water-st. N. Y. New York, Jan. 18, 1833.—23133

NOTICE. IT is now the beginning of a New Year, therefore it is all important that the transactions of the last year should be closed. I hope those that have open accounts with me will not fail to come and close by Bond or Cash immediately. JNO. G. BOSKINS. Jan 14, 1833.—21131

CHARLOTTE HOTEL For Sale. THE subscriber, wishing to remove from Charlotte, offers for sale, upon very reasonable terms, the above named establishment, which is at present in excellent repair. All the out-buildings are well fixed for carrying on the business comfortably. The stand is well known to be equal, if not superior, to any in this section of the country. Any communication upon the subject will be attended to. Possession given forthwith, if requested. J. D. BOYD. Charlotte, Dec. 1832. 15131

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY. John W. Lindsay and others } IN EQUITY. Sam'l. W. Lindsay } Petition for sale of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Sam'l. W. Lindsay, the defendant in this case, is not a resident of this State, it is therefore Ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the Miners' & Farmers' Journal, that the said Sam'l. W. Lindsay may appear at our next Court of Equity, to be held for Mecklenburg county, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, and there to answer, plead, &c. otherwise the bill will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte against him. D. R. DUNLAP, c. m. c. Feb. 11, 1833.—Price adv. 21. 6130

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY. John Hart and others } IN EQUITY. Jo. Hart and Ann Wilson } Petition for sale of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Ann Wilson, one of the defendants in this case, is not a resident of this State, it is therefore Ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the Miners' & Farmers' Journal, that the said Ann Wilson may appear at our next Court of Equity, to be held for Mecklenburg county, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, and there to answer, plead, &c. otherwise the bill will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte against her. D. R. DUNLAP, c. m. c. Feb. 11, 1833.—Price adv. 21. 6130

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, LINCOLN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Session, 1833.

David Lockman vs. Joseph Hutchison. Original Attachment, levied upon Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joseph Hutchison, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore Ordered by the Court, that he appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for Lincoln county, at the Court-House in Lincolnton, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, and there to answer, plead, or judgment by default will be entered up against him. Ordered that publication hereof be made six weeks in the Farmers' & Miners' Journal. Witness: VARDRY McBEE, C. C. Price adv. 21. 6130

JOB PRINTING Of all kinds, neatly executed at this Office.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. REMOVAL. THOMAS TROTTER WOULD inform the public, that he has removed his Shop, to his old stand, lately occupied by A. G. Wilkinson, as a Taylor Shop, two doors north of Boyd's Hotel, where all work in his line will receive punctual attention. Silver Table and Tea Spoons, manufactured in his establishment, and North-Carolina Gold work into any article that may be ordered. Charlotte, Oct. 27, 1832.—913

The Medicine & Drug Store. At the Sign of the GOLDEN MORTAR, North of the Court-House and one door from John Irwin's Store. IS furnished with a full and extensive assortment of MEDICINES & DRUGS, Paints, Surgical Instruments, Shop Furniture, and all the Fancy Perfumery and Stationary Articles pertaining to the Apothecary Business, which are offered by Wholesale or Retail, at low prices, and under warrant to be pure, fresh and good. Family Medicines of every description, are put up in readiness for sale and labelled, with directions for use. Physicians and Merchants are also recommended to any extent that they may need. Prescriptions will at all times be executed, compounded and all orders duly attended to. C. MORRISON. Charlotte, Dec. 29, 1832.

LOWD AND REED'S COMPOUND CHLORINE TOOTH WASH MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE MEDICINE & DRUG STORE. THIS wash effectually cleanses the teeth, and contains no acid or any ingredient which can be any way injurious. It is agreeable to the taste, and has the property of thoroughly neutralizing every thing offensive in the breath, whether it originate from decayed teeth, the use of tobacco or any other cause. It hardens the gums and is a valuable remedy for Canker or soreness of the mouth. Charlotte, Oct. 27, 1832.

SADDLES & HARNESS. JAMES T. ASBURY & CO. HAVE on hand and will make to order, in their Shop in the southeast corner of Mr. Spring's Brick Building, Ladies and Gentlemen's SADDLES, of a superior style of workmanship and good carriage materials, by the Messrs. Jenkins, of Lincoln county, who are well known in the western part of the State as superior workmen—Also, Saddlebags, Valises, Martingales, Rig Saddles, Coach & Gig Harness, Carriage and Wagon Harness, Horsemen's Caps, Holders, and all other articles usually manufactured in shops in the Southern States. In addition to the above, we have on hand a general assortment of Gig and Coach Mounting, Saddle Bits, Stirrup Leathers, and all other articles necessary to trim off Saddles and Harness, which will be sold low for cash. We request the public to call and examine our materials and work manufactured, bear prices and judge for themselves. Charlotte, Dec. 7, 1832. 15131

Four or five journeymen Saddle and Harness Makers is wanted, to which good wages will be given, by applying to JAS. T. ASBURY & CO.

The thorough Bred HORSE RIOT, WILL stand the season at Heatic's Lincoln. He was got by the justly celebrated Horse and blooder, OLD SIR ARCHIE, from a full brooded mare—her pedigree can be traced to many of the most distinguished Bred of her day. As to Sir Archie, his reputation as that of his colts and their descendants is so established, it is scarcely necessary to say anything at the present day, as they have been among the most successful distance Horses in the State of Virginia, North and South-Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee for the last fifteen years. RIOT is a handsome bay, five feet three inches in height, four year's old next Spring. It is expected that he will make a good breeder, as his form and blood are good. Particulars made known in due time. H. G. BURTON, R. H. BURTON. 9013

Charleston and Cheraw. THE STEAM BOAT MACON, Capt. J. C. Graham, having been engaged the last week in the trade running between Charleston and Cheraw, ending at Georgetown on her way down, and will resume her trips in the course of a few days, and is intended to be continued in the trade the ensuing season. The extended draught of water, drawing only four and a half feet when loaded, will enable her to reach Cheraw at all times, except upon an uncommon low stage when her cargo will be lightened at the expense of the Boat. Comfortable accommodations for a few passengers, with all due attention. J. B. CLOUGH. Charleston, Sept. 26, 1831. 5013

Constitution of N. Carolina AND OF THE UNITED STATES. FOR Sale at this Office, a few copies of the Pamphlet containing the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of North-Carolina, and the Declaration of Independence. Price, 25 cents.

SHERIFFS' DEEDS. FOR Lands sold for Taxes; for Lands sold under a Writ of Fieri Facias; and for Lands sold under a Writ of Vendition Exponas—for the at this Office.