a New Haren (Conn.) Burying Ground .- About \$14 000 has been recently expended in beautylying this sacred eaclosure, surrounding it with a substantial wall of Iron fence bordering it with shrubbery of various kinds, &c. &c. The length of iron fence will be between 700 and 800 feet. Of the above amount, \$5,000 was voted by the city, and the residue raised by subscription. The city had just voted \$3,000 additional, which will make the whole expen- ists to American democratic institutions was a proditure about \$16,000. There are few enclosures of the kind, where a person would be more willing to have his dust deposited, or that of his friends. - duct of the disciples of that party at the commence-Many of their monuments are beautiful in their way, ment of our government, and it still animates those and the whole aspect of the place is solemn and appropriate."-N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

Citizens of Charlotte, read the above, and reflect on the condition and appearance of your village burying ground. "Dress the grave of thy friend," is an admonition which strikes home to the hearts of all who have a heart to feel. There is no surer indication of the moral and religious cultivation of a community, than to see their cemetery—the resting-place of departed friends-kept in neat order secure from the intrusion of stock, &c. Then what would a stranger, in passing through our village cemetery, conclude was the state of the moral and religious sentiment of our community?

merely add-would it not be well to have a public meeting of our citizens, to adopt some measure for putting our cemetery in proper order? We merely throw out this suggestion to direct attention to the subject, and will conclude with the following appro-

Decorating the Grave with Flowers .- There is a kind of pathos and touching tenderaess of expres son in these sweet and fragrant emblems of affec tion, which language cannot reach, and which is calculated to perpetuate a kind of soothing sympathy between the living and the dead. They speak break asunder. This practice no doubt gave rise to the ancient custom which prevailed in the East of harving in gardens, and is one which conduces to the gratification of the best feelings of our nature. It prevailed generally in and about the Holy City and also among the Medes, Persians, Grecians, and Romans. The Persians adopted it from the Medes -the Grecians from the Persians. In Rome, persons of distinction were buried in gardens or fields near the public roads. Their monuments were dec grated with chaplets and garlands of flowers.

The tomb of Achilles was decorated with amar anth; the grave of Sophocles with roses and ivy that of Anacreon with ivy and flowrets. Baskets of lilies, violets, and roses, were placed in the graves of husbands and wives; white roses on those of unmarried females. In Java, the inhabitants scatter flowers over the bodies of their friends: in China the custom of planting flowers on the graves of their flends, is of very ancient date, and still prevails. The natives of Surat, strew fresh flowers on the graves of their saints every year

In Tripoli, the tombs are decorated with garlands of roses, of Arabian jessamine, and orange and myrtle flowers.

grave is covered with pinks. In the elegant churchyard in Wirlin, in the valley of Salza, in Germany, the graves are covered with little oblong boxes which are planted with perennial shrubs, or renewed with annual flowers; and others are so dressed on fete days. Suspended from the ornaments of which the flowers are preserved fresh. Children are often seen thus dressing the graves of their mothers - and mothers wreathing garlands for the

A late traveller, on going early in the morning no one of the church yards in the village of Wir if their friends, and of some who had been buried twenty years. What a delightful and profitable school for the affections, would such scenes afford the visitors of the New Haven Cemetery? This South Wales. An epitaph there says,

The village mailiens to her grave shall bring The fragrant garland, each returning spring, Selected sweets! in emblem of the spaid,

In Wales, children have snow drops, primroses violets, hazel-bloom, and sallow blossoms on their graves. Persons of mature years, have tansy, box, and rue. In South Wales, no flowers or evergreens are permitted to be planted on graves but those which are sweet scented. Pink, polyanthus, sweet williams, gillillowers, carnations, magnionette, thyme, livssop, camomile, and rosemary, are used. The red roses are appropriated to the graves of good

and benevolent persons. In Ensier week, most graves are newly dressed, and manured, with fresh earth. In Whitsuntide holy-days, they are again dressed, weeded, and if necessary, replanted. No person ever breaks or and we never denied it. disturbs flowers thus planted. It is considered sacrilege. To the shame of some depraved wretches, I saw evidence that it is not so in New Haven.

In Cabul, burying grounds are held in great veneration, and called Cities of the Silent. The Jews strewed sweet dazil on them, and do to this day.

While the custom of decorating graves and graveyards with flowers, and ornamental trees and shrubs, has prevailed so long and extensively among ancient and modern civilized nations, some of American aborigines will not permit a weed or blade of grass, nor any other vegetable, to grow upon the graves of their friends. With few exceptions, there has hitherte been in our country, a strange remissness on this subject which would surprise the heathen. Graves and church-yards are left to the course of gradual dilapidation and decay, which ever follows in the train of moral degradation. New Haven Palladium.

The Rev. Wm. McPheeters, D. D., among the most distinguished divines in the southern States, died at Raleigh on the 7th instant.

The Crops of 1812 .- A Mr. Budd, of St. Louis, Missouri, who has been gathering statistics on the subject, estimates the wheat crop of the present year at one-third larger than that of 1839, and one-fourth larger than that of 1841. He says the crop will amount to 110,269,000 bushels. This increase comes principally from the great grain growing States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, and Indiana, where unusually abundant crops were made the past season—as well of corn and other grains as wheat. Corn is selling in most of these States at from 15 to 20 cents a bushel .-Our country was never more bountifully blessed with the necessaries of life, and yet we hear the constant din of "hard times."

The Synod of New Jersey. (containing some of the most able divines now living of the Presbyterian order,) at its recent session, passed by a vote 55 to 24, a Resolution calling on the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church, to rescind a decision made at its last session, declaring it sinful for a man to marry his deceased wife's sister. The Resolution created much able discussion.

FEDERALISM EVER THE SAME.

The national insult at the Ashburton Dinner ininstitutions, and their love of monarchy. This feeling of bitter hatred on the part of the Federalminent characteristic in the public and private conof the present day. But will it be believed that the insult at the Ashburton Dinner is an exact copy of a similar scene enacted in 1804, in which the great father of the Federal party in this country took the lead? Yet such is the fact as disclosed in the following extract:

The Model of the Ashburton Dinner .- The Cincinnati Enquirer quotes the following from Jefferson's Memoirs, volume 4, page 511:

"January 4, 1804.-Mr. Smith, a merchant of Hamburg, gives me the following information: The St. Andrew's Club of New York (Scotch Tories) gave a public dinner lately. Among the other guests, Alexander Hamilton was one. After dinner, the first toast was " The President of the United States"-it was drunk without any particular appro-Without enlarging upon the subject, we would bation. The next was "George the Third." Hamilton started upon his feet, and insisted on a bumper and three cheers. The whole company according. ly arose and gave three cheers. One of them, though a Federalist, was so disgusted at the partiality shown by Hamilton to a foreign sovereign over his own President, that he mentioned it to a Mr. Schwarthouse, an American merchant of New York, who mentioned it to Mr. Smith."

Whig Victory!-Oh, yes; Whigery has at last gained a victory-that is, in Indiana, in a District | scribed : where a Whig Senator elect to the legislature had died, they elected another whig in his place. Gloof cords of love, too strong for even the grave to | rious victory, this, and the coon papers are crowing over it most lustily. Upon the strength of this victory, the Raleigh Register has a pictur of "that same old coon," come to life again. From the appearance of cooney, he has evidently been through the Democratic flint-mill lately; -he is scarred all about the eyes, head, sides, and on his legs, one of which he is licking very tenderly. And he is so poor and weak, that, to sit up, he has to lean against a post and hold to his own tail; and the fur is nearty all knocked off his worthless carcass. Poor old fellow, he's "seen sights" in his labors for his brother Whigs. From his sad looks, we would advise our friend of the Register to keep a sharp look out, or cooney will give him the slip. He is eviwe can imagine his ruminations running something after this fashion:

> "Alas, alack, and well-a-day! That e'er a coon should throw himself away; That e'er a coon for whigery false should die, As many have, and so-and so-and so won't I! No! I'll go wild and in my native woods I'll roam, And when whigery calls again - Cooney's not at home."

The last Charlotte Journal says one of the members elect to the legislature from this County is an abolitionist, or at least so much opposed to slavery that he will not own slaves. This stale falsehood has been circulated over the county and refu ted at every election for several years when the member alluded to was a candidate. It has been of every honorable man even of the whig party in the County, and has just now got ripe for the co custom also prevails in Scotland, and in North and lumns of the Charlotte Journal. It is scarcely necessary for us to say the charge is utterly false. On meeting. The amended Constitution was then read the day Mr. ERWIN, (for he is the member alluded) to.) was last nominated for the legislature, the Federalists revived this charge. Hearing it, we called upon him in the presence of a number of gentlemen to state whether it was true or false. He replied it was utterly false; he was as much opposed own deficiency of knowledge in the theory and to abolition as any man could be, and then stated his reasons for not owning slaves; -and they were such as would command the cordial approval of every man whose good opinion is worth having.

> We only notice this matter thus, as it may hereafter be said the charge was made by the Journal,

Mr. Calhoun in New York .- The popularity of Mr. Calheun in the great State of New York, is evidenced by the fact that the Hon. William C. called them Houses of the Dead. The Egyptians Bouck, the democratic candidate for Governor at visited the graves of their friends twice a week, and the late election, is a thoroughgoing friend of Mr. Calhoun. See also a letter to the Editor of the Old Dominion on this subject, which will be found in another column. These signs are cheering.

> The North Carolina Logislature assembles on Monday next, the 21st instant.

The New-Hampshire Legislature met on the 2d instant. Gov. Hubbard delivered his message on the 3d, which is the latest account we have.

The Connecticut Legislature at its recent session. eassed a resolution instructing her senators and requesting her representatives in Congress to vote to restore the \$1,000 to Gen. Jackson imposed as a fine upon him by Judge Hall for declaring martial law in New Orleans, with interest from the time

STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION. A meeting of the Managers of the State Tempe-

rance Society, at Raleigh, 3rd Nov. 1842, be held in this City, on Friday 3 o'clock P. M. 16th Dec. next, and that all the Societies in this a meeting can be had. State be affectionately and earnestly requested to send delegates to the same.

Resolved, That the Editors in our State, friendly shall be counted as two. to the cause, be respectfully requested to give these Resolutions, with the following Address, one or two ty shall be held according to adjournment; and insertions in their respective papers.

To the Officers and Members of all the Temper- ed by the Society. ance Societies in North Carolina: Brethren and Rule VIII: All questions shall be decided by a fellow-laborers in an enterprize, so full of incalcula- majority of votes. ble blessings to a numerous class of the family of

cordially invite you to send on some of your most shall be to inspect the farms in their several sections, efficient Members as Delegates to the Convention, and report to Society the farms best managed in all for the object of promoting the best success of the its departments; and for the best managed plantation great and good cause in which we all take such a in each section, a premium shall be adjudged to the deep felt interest. Delegates from other States, are owner, conditionally, that he furnish Society with also respectfully invited to the Convention.

WM. HILL, Chairman. WILL PECE, Secretary.

We cordially welcome the re-appearance of | members being present, and two-thirds of those pre-

the Washington Republican among our exchanges. New York, only expressed the natural enmity of The Republican has been suspended for a shore the Federal party in this country to our democratic time, to enable the Editor to collect the debts due him by subscribers! By an article in another cocolumn, it will be seen the Republican hoists the banner of Mr. CALBOUN for President, and has commenced fighting most abiy and gallantly under "Press onward," as the Plebian says.

> Arkansas Elections.-There has been more coon-skinnig out in Arkansas. The elections for a member of Congress and members of the Legislature took place about two weeks since, and Cross (dem.) is re-elected to Congress by 2,000 or more majority over Cummins, the whig candidate, and there will be a majority of more than two thirds of Democrats in the Legislature. This is one of the States the Raleigh Register sets down as probably 'safe for Clay." Go it, coonies!

> The Charlotte Journal has the effrontery to deny that its party in 1840 promised the laborer "two dollars a day and roast beef." We don't wonder at the party denying the "two dollar" part of the promise these hard times; but to deny the "roast beef," when that article is now so plenty and cheap, is too bad. But we believe if the Editor of the Journal will turn to his own file of 1840, he will there find an account of the great coon gathering at Bunker Hill, at which Mr. Webster put forth the famous "declaration of whig principles;" in that account is a discription of a banner thus in-

> > "ATTENTION, LABORERS: " Matty's policy-Fifty cents a day And french soup " Our policy-Two dollars a day

you recollect, now, Mr. Journal?

And roast beef.' The Whig papers everywhere at the time boastingly copied this "capital device," as they called it: and a device it was-to catch votes. Don't

Tariff Justice. - A, B, and C are brothers. Each have lest them by their father \$10,000. A chooses to invest his money in merchandizing; B and C buy farms and go to farming. B and C buy goods of A at his own price for awhile; but a yankee pedler comes into the neighborhood, of whom they can buy goods from 50 to 75 per cent. dently tired of fighting the battles of Whigery, and cheaper than they can of A. They accordingly buy of the pedler; when A petitions the legislature to compel B and C to buy goods of him, by the imposition of such a tax upon the pedler as to compel him to leave the country.

> This the way the tariff works. Our farmers can buy of the foreign merchant at from 50 to 75 per cent. cheaper than they can of the home manufacturer; -but the latter petitions Congress and gets such a protective tariff laid on foreign merchandize as compels the foreign merchan to leave our market: then our farmers must buy of the home manufacturer at his own price.

> > AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

According to adjournment, the Mecklenburg Ag handled and re-handled until it stinks in the nostrils ricultural Society met at the Charlotte Hotel on Saturday, the 29th ult.

The President stated that the first business before the Society, was the consideration of the amended Constitution submitted by a Committee at the last and unanimously adopted.

The following is a copy PREAMBLE: The undersigned citizens of Meck lenburg County, duly appreciating the importance, both in a national and individual point of view, of an improved system of Husbandry; sensible of their practice of Rural Economy; persuaded that Agricultural Associations have proved emmently beneficial to other States and Counties; and desirous to procure for themselves and their neighbors the advantages of such institutions, have determined to associate together, and to constitute an Agricutural Society, to be governed by the following Rules and

RULE I: The style of this Society shall be The Mecklenburg Agricultural Society."

RULE II: The objects of the Society shall be, to discover new and hidden manures, to facilitate the collection of manures generally, and designate the best mode of their application to the different objects of cultivation; to procure and improve the implements of husbandry; to collect all new and foreign seeds and grains, which may be deemed necessary or useful for subsistence or comfort; to improve the breed of stock, and whatever else shall tend to improve the agricultural and rural economy of the

RULE III: The Society shall consist of such citizens of the County as will subscribe the Constitution and pay two dollars at the time of subscription. and one dollar at the anniversary meeting, which shall be the last Thursday in November in every

Rule IV: The Officers shall be a President, two Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, a Recording Sec retary, Corresponding Secretary, a Librarian, and Six Directors, to be appointed as the Society may direct, at the anniversary meeting in each year, and to hold until a new appointment be made: who shall severally perform the duties indicated by their titles, and such other duties as may be required by the occasional orders of the Society.

RULE V: A majority of the thirteen Officers shall together constitute a Board of Direction, which shall have power to call extra meetings of the Soci-Resolved, That a State Temperance Convention ety, to fill vacant offices, and to do in the recess whatsoever they may suppose requisite to be done before

RULE VI: A quorum of the Society may consist of eighteen members; in this count every Officer

RULE VII: The regular meetings of the Sociein the Village of Charlotte, if not otherwise order-

RULE IX: There shall be a committee appointed for the northern, southern, eastern and western We, in conformity to the above Resolutions, do sections of the County respectively, whose duty a written account of his system of farming.

RULE X: This Constitution may be altered at the annual meetings of the Society; two-thirds of the

ent voting for the same.

RULE XI: Any person not a member of this asociation, by paying into its Treasury the sum of Five Dollars may compete for any one of the premiums offered by the Society at any of its fairs.

Rule XII: No premium shall be awarded upon any production which the Committee appointed to examine it, shall not deem above ordinary and deserving a premium.

RULE XIII: Absent members shall be subject to a fine of fifty cents, unless an excuse deemed valid by a majority of the members present, be rendered to the next meeting.

On motion of Lewis Dinkins, Esq., Ordered, that the Treasurer have one hundred

copies of the foregoing Constitution printed, and that he pay for the same with any moneys in his hands belonging to Society not otherwise appropriated. On motion, Resolved. That a Committee of three be appointed, whose duty it shall be to make out

and report to our next meeting, a list of Committees in the several Captain's Districts in the County, (each committee to be composed of three members,) who will be respectfully requested to circulate copies of our Constitution, to solicit new members to our association, and to awaken an interest among the farmers of our County on the vital subject of agricultural improvement.

On motion, Society adjourned, to meet at the same place on the last Thursday in this month, (Novem-JOSEPH SMITH, Secretary.

Married.

At the Methodist Church in this Town, on Sunday evening last, by Elder Crook, Mr. JAMES S. LEW. IS, of Middletown, Conn., to Miss ESTHER HOL-BROOKS, of Charlotte.

In Greensboro,' on the 3d instant, by the Rev. J. D. Lumsden, Mr. LYNDON SWAIM, senior Editor of the Greensboro' Patriot, to Mrs. ABIAH SWAIM.

Died,

In this County, on the 9th instant, Mr. ELEAZER ALEXANDER, aged about 44 years. Mr. A. was among our most worthy and respectable citizens, and his death is deeply lamented by a heartstriken widnv and a numerous circle of friends.

Obituary.

Died, at her plantation, Jamesville, in this county, on the 11th ultimo, Mrs. Sarah A. Harris, widow of Maj. Jonathan Harris, aged 56 years, 5 months and Among the many strokes which death has recent-

y made in families and communities within our borders, none has been more severely felt and no breach has been thus made that would be more difficult epair, than that occasioned by the decease of th excellent lady. Modest in her deportment, cou ous in her manners, generous and intercourse with society, she n known to be estimated and honore excellent of the earth.

After having suffered much for many physical debility, which was frequently en epeated attacks of disease in its most insi forms, her general health had of late very much improved, and her children were made to rejoice at the increased prospect of her being spared to them yet many years, before whom they could assemble as in the presence of an oracle rich in experience and ven. erable in wisdom.

Thus with brighter prospects for the future of this life, she consented, just before her last illness, to follow her children to Alabama, where they had all resolved to settle.

How vain are all things here below, How false and yet how fair.

Scarcely were these plans formed, when a cloud came o'er their prospects and increased in darkness more and still more, until it burst upon the family, and bore to the earth the last one of its united head. Mrs. Harris was called from her residence in this place to her plantation a few days before her death, o attend the sick bed of a son, and by exposure in her self-demal and devotion to him beyond her

trength, she fell a martyr to parental affection. She, however, saw no cause of regret in the step she had taken; she felt that she had done no more than was her duty; she therefore? meeting her Lord in a path acceptable to Him, without a murmur or complaint, resigned herself and all her interests for time and eternity into His hands, and thus throughout her sickness she possessed the calmness and composure of God's dear children and enjoyed all the comforts and consolations of that religion which she had so long possessed and honored. Her mind remained unimpared to the last moment, thereby enabling her to leave to her weeping family and friends manifestations of her faith triumphant in her once crucified, but now risen Saviour, and proofis stronger than death, that what was their irreparable loss, was to her a Heaven-bestowed and everlasting gain. And while we survive to mourn her departure from among us, she has doubtless gone be- Fifty or sixty head of HOGS, Two fore, not to enjoy the hopes, but the full fruition of the presence of God and the glory of His power.
A CHRISTIAN BROTHER.

Agricultural Meeting.

THE first annual meeting of the Mecklenburg Agricultural Society, under the new Constitution, will be held at the Charlotte Hotel in Charlotte, on the last Thursday in this month. The members of the Society should not fail in attending, as Officers for the ensuing year are to elect. The friends generally of agricultural improvement are also respectfully invited to attend

JOSEPH SMITH, Secretary. Nov. 8, 1842.

Notice.

A LL persons indebted to the Estate of Mrs. Sarah A. Harris, dece'd., are requested to make immediate payment. Those having claims against said estate, are likewise requested to present them for

settlement as the law directs. JNO. B. HARRIS, Executors.

IMPORTANT SALE.

WILL sell on Monday the 21st instant, at the late residence of Edmond Wagoner, deceased, the

following property, to wit:

Nine Likely Negroes, A Quantity of CORN and FODDER.





Three Likely HORSES and one COLT, Some Cattle and HOGS,

One Road WAGON and GEARS, And other property.

The terms made known on the day of saie. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them according to law for payment. All persons owing said estate will make payment immediately. ISAAC LOWE, Admr.

Lincoln co., Nov. 1, 1842.

THAT	rkets.	
FAYETTEVI	LLE, NOV. 9.	
Brandy, peach, do apple, 33 to 36 Bacon, 7½ to 8 Beeswax, 27 to 28 Butter, 12½ to 15 Balerope, 8 to 10 Coffee, 11 to 12 Cotton, do bagging, to 20 Corn, (scarce) 40 to 50	Lead, bar, Mackerel, Molasses, Oats, Oil, linseed, Nails, cut, Powder, keg, Rags Sugar, brown, lump,	7 to 8 none 25 to 28 00 to 30 80 to 90 6 6 1 \$6 50 21 61 to 10 14
Flour. \$5 to \$5%	Salt, bushel,	15 to 18 50 to 60
Feathers, 25 to 30 Flaxseed, \$1 to 1 25 Hides, green, do dry, 12\frac{1}{2} to 14 fron, 5 to 5\frac{1}{2} \text{Lard,} 6 to 7	sack, \$2 Tallow, Tobacco, leaf, Wheat, Whiskey, Wool,	25 to 2 50 10 to 101 2 to 3 80 to 90 28 to 30 15 to 20
4-4 sheeting, Fayetteville 3-4 do do 30 inch do, (heary) Cotton Yarn, numbers 5 t	manufacture, 7 ce do 5½ do 7 o 10,	do do do 14 to 18
COLUMBIA,	S. C., NOV. 9.	

50 to 62

60 to 70

10 to 12

shoulders, 5 to 8 Molasses. sides, 311 to 37 Butter. Nails, cut, 311 to 20 Candles, sperm, 35 to 45 Oil, linseed tallow, 12 to 14 tanner's. Rice, bushel, Cheese, northern, Coffee, cuba, 11 to 13 16 to 18 11 to 12 1 5 to 61 Mackerel, No 1 No 2 No 3 \$10 to 10 Flour. new, Beeswax, Balerope, Bagging, Coffee, Corn,

18 to 24 | Oats,

8 to 14

3 to 7

8 to 14 Peas,

Lard

Lead

Bagging, hemp, 20 to 24 | Corn,

Bacon, hams,

Cotton

line

Notice to Debtors. s given at the sale of the property of Matthews, deceased, are now due, and without delay to save Cost. The the Estate will not authorize indul-

W. M. MATTHEWS, Admr.

ecommodation

enectfully informed, that a HE TIUN DIAULD W

n Gadsden and Camden, commen the 14th instant, and South C a Week, until further continue to notice. e arrival of the Cars To leave G from Charleston, on I Wednesdays, and Frier the arrival of the days, and leave Ca Northern Stage, Thursdays, and Satin time for the Care urdays, and arri for Charlesto irke's) Hotel, Cam-

IF Office at 1 Nov. 24, 1842.

CREDIT

I. SHIVER.

Y virtue of a Deed of ted by Dan Alexander 1840, on the first day of D proceed to sell at the Mallard C lowing property to satisfy said

## 15 or 18 Negroes.

(VERY LIKELY.)

Eight or ten head of HORSES, 20 OR 30 HEAD OF

CATTLE, Road Wagons and Harness,

Corn, Fodder, Hay, and various other articles.

On the day following, (the 2nd of December,) at the Court-House in Charlotte, the following Tracts of Land,

# -VIZ:

294 acres of land lying on the waters of Mallard Creek, including the Gold Mill, adjoining Thomas Alexander, S. J. Gilmer and others. 270 acres, on the waters of Mallard Creek, adjoining Winfield Shelby, C. H. Henderson and

120 acres, on the waters of Sugar Creek, adjoining Wm. Lucky and others. 33 acres, on the waters of Sugar Creek, adjoin-

ing J. D. Boyd and others. 157 acres, on the waters of Sugar Creek, adjoining the Capps Mine tract, including the McGinn

86 acres, including the Rudisill Gold Mine, adjoining Wm. Carson and others. -ALSO-

### THE HOUSES AND LOTS

On which R. C. Carson now lives, the House and lots in which W. F. Alexander now lives, the House and lots on which Mrs. McCon naughey formerly lived, and 24 unimproved lots.

Terms made known at the sale, by WM. J. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

## SALE OF Valuable Mills.

As Executrix of the last will and testament of John Williamson, deceased, I shall offer for sale, on the 18th day of November next on the premises, that valuable property situated on McAlpin's Creek, formerly known as

FOSTER'S MILLS.

The sale will be public, and the terms made known at the time the property is offered. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, are requested to bring them forward; and those indebted to said estate are requested to

make speedy settlement. SARAH E. WILLIAMSON, Executrix.

October 25, 1842.