### Agricultuee.

## Hints and Helps

Our Home Journal. Osalf recreation, yet it pays better than

any part of the farm proper. Glover should not be depended on for summer pasture. Bermuda should be mixed with it and nothing better can be desired.

Though farmers should not work all the time, it would surprise the best to know how much of their time is positively wasted.

Polatoes manured with five hundred nounds of ashes per acre, will yield satisjactory results. Animal manure has a tendency to make them 'waxy.' Let there be no drones in the farmer's

house-hold. There is an abundance of

labor to be performed and the burden thereof should be equally shared. The best fowl we know of for farm use is the cross between the large native hens and a vigorous light brahma cock This cross makes a large fowl, which

matures early and lays very satisfactori Before the busy season commences, every set of bars upon the farm should be replaced by a good substantial gate. Much time and annoyance will thus be

Arrange orchards with reference to making them poultry yards. It has been demonstrated, most conclusively, that poultry are essential to successful fruit culture.

Whitewashing pear trees is said to be a perfect preventive of blight. Can any of our readers verify or disprove the assertion?

soils, is a great preventive of drouth. Farmer. Our progressive farmers find their best profits by going from twelve to twenty inches below the surface.

Let the area of corn land in the South be materially enlarged this year. Don' say 'it don't pay,' because you can buy it for fifty cents a bushel. It is not economy to buy it at any price.

Dry earth should be kept under the poultry perches. Stir it up occasionally, adding more dirt, if any odor is perceptible. Never add ashes, as these expel instead of retaining the ammonia.

The social instincts of our nature should be cultivated upon every possible occasion. Farmers especially should make and return visits and the time so spent should not be deemed wasted. Before laying shingles upon your build-

ings, immerse them for a short time in lime water, putting them in place upon the roof immediately on removing them. This will add immensely to their value. Poultry perches should all be on a level with each other. This prevents quarrelling for the highest place, and prevents injury to the old and heavy fowls who

may be crowded from the top perch. It is the poorest kind of an investment to invest in poor land. The more one owns the poorer he is, as a rule. Good land may become poor, however, if no re-

Give the boys time to have one square hunt before the heavy work of the comgirls either. Let them have such recreation as they desire, and they will work the better for it.

If you are in doubt what fertilizers are most suitable for your soil, or what crops are best suited for your locality, ex periment on a small scale, keeping an exact record of your transactions to guide you in the future.

If you own but forty acres of land, or only ten, be content with it. Improve it in every possible manner! Push production to its ntmost limit. You will soon find that a "little farm well tilled," is better than a gold mine.

Tree planting can still be successfully prosecuted. Pruning is now in season. It is good time to cut back rose bushes, and the knife should not spared if an abundance of flowers is desired. Cut out all old and decaying wood.

drought and is on the high road to pov erly and ruin. Many instances are on record where desert wastes have been growing forest trees.

If your stock has no shelter kind read er, get right up and go to work to pre-Pare something. Make a shed of poles and cover with green boughs, or thatch it with long grass. This is rade and primi-

Just so long as our farmers neglect to buildings and grounds pays in more ways

The workshop of the farm is now a busy place. Ever implement in the least diapidated state should be overhauled, repaired and painted or oiled. There should be no delay in these matters, for tool will be needed for use.

Early pullets make winter layers. Old hens do not lay much, even in this low latitude, till the backbone of winter is broken. Those therefore, who desire winter eggs should now be making the necessary preparations for hatching the chickens that are to lay them.

Many a fine horse is ruined by driving him too fast immediately after a hearty meal. If the journey must be resumed without delay, the horse should be driven very slowly for a half hour or more, when the speed may be safely increased. A good horse is too valuable an animal to rain by injudicious haste.

great vigor, the hardest usage and worst lift the butter from the churn, or to turn heglect. It makes splendid pasture and, it over while being washed.

when properly cured, an excellent hay Plowed under, just before blooming, it is probably the best fertilizer than can be

#### Draining the Soil.

In England the value of underdraining has long been acknowledged, and there is probably no country where it is so systematically practiced. They understand that its beneficial action is two-fold; it drains the superfigous water from the soil under excessive rains, and during dreuths conserves moisture, through the admission of air into the tile, to be condensed, but more particularly into the pores of the earth when dry. This sir is constantly robbed of its mosture, and is as constantly replaced, and thus the conservation goes on indefinitely. On the continent of Europe, especially in Ger many, draining is now being systematically carried on and without reference in many cases to the relative wetness or dryness of the soil, and, it is said, with beneficial results. The Hollanders have long been persistent drainers of the country, principally from the fact that much of it was so wet as to preclude cultivation unul drained. Hence they have invented many curious means of freeing the land of surface water. They are especially noted when emigrating to the West for selecting lands usually regarded as of little value, for want of drainage. In Michigan. Illinois, Iowa and in other States where they have settled, they have rendered such lands among the most valuable in their States. It is the result of a well digested system of drainage and thorough cultivation, and the lessons thus taught have been appreciated by their neighbors. It is to be hoped that the impetus given to drainage of late years will not be allowed to flag, if some dry seasons should intervene. The next best time to drain, known. And yet it is in some respects, except when crops are suffering from one of our test counties, and one of subsoiling lands, especially stiff clay water, is when the soil is dry.-Prairie

#### THE APIARY.

Bee-keeping requires special care, and first I will speak in regard to the bees themselves There are not less than 250 species of bees, the native of Great Britain alone. The best known, the most widely diffused and the most useful of these is the honey bee. This bee originated in Asia, became naturalized in Europe, and is quite at home in all parts of America. I need not describe this wonderful little insect. He is familiar to all and "painfully" familiar to such as have ventured near his home in the "busy sea son." All may not know that the bee has six legs and two stomeths, though none will doubt that he has one "sting." The bee has wonderful muscular strength, and the power of rapid and long continued flight. Since the invention of the glass hive (in 1712,) the character and habits of the bee have been studied with great care and success.

A hive of honey-bees consists of three kinds, viz : females, males and workers. The females are called queens, but only one can live in the same hive. Her presence is indispensable to the establishment and maintenance of the government. The males are called drones, and may exist by hundreds and thousands in every hive, but they do not work. The workers are turns are made to it, in compensation still more numerous. These are supposed to belong to neither sex, and are sometimes called neuters. Here we have a monarchy as completely organized and ing season begins. Do not forget the systematized as any depotism on earth, with a queen on the throne. Or we may consider the bee-hive from another standpoint, and call it a community-Mormonism inverted, not many wives to one husband but many husbands to one wife! These husbands are all drones, being on their dignity, and priding themselves on their royalty! There is, then, an aristocracy of nature, as manifested in the instincts of the insect world, and it seems

to be hereditary. Have the kingdoms of the earth copied the government of the bee hive? The queen bee lays the eggs from which the race is perpetuated. The males "bang around" in idleness until they die or are killed. The workers secrete the wax, build the cells, and feed and protect the young. The males have no weapons of defense, and drones as they are, they have no right to defend themselves. Is this the reason they are defenseless? The A country devoid of trees is subject to females and workers have stings. The sting consists of a sheath inclosing needleside by side. Towards the end, these restored to fertility by planting quickly darts are armed with minute teeth, like a saw. The sting is worked by very powerful muscles. When it enters the flesh an acid poison contained in a bag near its base is squeezed into the wound, and acute pain and swelling are the result. When a colony of enraged bees whose tive, but it is infinitely better than noth- hive has been upset attack a man, even his life is in peril. The workers are more fierce and warlike than the queen, though pleasant and attractive, the boys will both are "armed and equipped as the law directs." The three kinds of bees are of seek more congenial localities. A little different size and may be easily recogludicious labor, expended in ornamenting nized. The queen is the largest, the male next in size, and the workers the smallest. The queen lives in the middle of the hive, moves about in all her dignity, and receives the homage of her subects. When a new swarm has been hatched the queen leads them out in person. She is the mother of the whole colony, numbering from twenty to thirty the busy season is upon us. Soon every thousand, and hence she rightly governs all. If she is removed from the hive, the whole swarm follows her. The workers construct three kinds of cells for the

Never put the hands into butter. There a no excuse for so doing, and every sense of cleanliness forbids it. Even if the hands are clean, still, as butter absorbs any and every impurity with which t comes in contact, excessive perspira-It is said that the red clover of the tion of the hands, or any humor of the North (Trifolium pretense) will flourish blood might thus be imparted to the butin any part of the South, resisting, with ter. A wooden ladle should be used to

three kinds of bees. The queen deposits

her eggs in these cells, and never makes

any mistakes as to the kind of eggs she

lays in each. And in this manner the cu-

rious work goes on .- Educator in Indiana

A SOUTHERN ROLL-CALL NEAR THE END OF THE WAR.

A C Redwood in Midwinter Scribner. A single fife and dram-the whole regi mental field music-are squealing and thumping the last notes of an old-time melody which has clung to the command through all its fortunes; it is "Run nigger, run ! de paterol ketch you!" often heard in the days when the war was young. In a space between the tents, serving in lieu of more pretentions parade, about a dozen men are ranged in an irregular line facing the orderly sergeant, and my little soldier falls into his place just as the rollcall begins. It is short work now, but memory intersperses the list with many names in the order to which they were committed to its. keeping in the old days -names to which no man will ever answer again until the reveille of the eternal morning shall sound. The sergeant hesitates more than once, as his thought corrects his tongue, which was wont to run over the longer array so glibly; and at each such pause there rises up before us the apparition of some familiar face as it used to beam upon us in life, or perbaps as we last looked upon it, ghustly and grim beneath the stains of battle, ere we folded our comrade in his bloody blanket shroud, and laid him in his shall

#### an answer prouder still. Watauga-

low grave. From dank Chickahominy

marsh and fertile Pennsylvania valley.

from the tangled thickets of the Wilder-

ness, the sterile slopes of Manassas, the

dreary pine levels of the Southside, the

outface the living witnesses of its valor.

and challenge their stardy "Here!" with

ghosts of the old company come back to

Farmer and Mechanic. No county to the State is so little most unique as well. It is the highest county; its average altitude rising to near 3 500 feet, that of the court house being 3,250, just 1,000 feet above Ashville. It has the most extensive and unbroken and manificent oak forest, to be found. Its soil is almost uniformly productive. And most singular of all, it has no old fields, a term which describes one half of all our open lands. And there is more evidence of improvement and thrift than in any other station, away from the railways. It has the finest summer climate to be found this side of the Rocky Mountains, and the only condition wanting to make it the most frequented is accessibility; and this difficulty will be removed in great part within a year by the completion of the Narrow Gauge railroad to Lenoir, from which point the plateau is reached by a turnpike of 20 miles over one of the easiest crossings of the whole

Watauga is a fine wheat county. The best buck wheat in the United States is raised here, and two new and complete buckwheat mills have been erected plateau. I have seen a plot of cabbages, the bedding and on the surface of the 15 and 20 pounds; and the weight of 24 pounds has been reached on Elk River. Fruit of course flourishes luxuriantly, and of the finest quality.

The county also contains excellent beds of iron ore, and the copper veins about Eik Knob are well known. The eastern section of the county abounds in white pine. The county is drained mostly by the head streams of the Kanawha to the free sun light for the same time, residence of the purchaser. The Dutch and New Rivers. The Watauga and Elk will be safe with half the washing otherof the west side going to the Tennes-

The Chester and Lengir Narrow Gauge, diseases as fevers and inflammations: nearly finished, will easily reach Patterson on the upper Yadkin, 7 miles nearer the toot of the Blue Ridge. Twenty miles more of a very practicable grade will cross the mountains and twenty five more will connect with the iron road now building to Cranberry. This will give along and urgently needed connection to the middle region of the State and so to the whole of it, with the salt and plaster mines and the limestone mountains of southwest Virginia. And there is no doubt that a branch road will be speedily carried by the great Ore Knob copper mines to the New River branch of the Chesapeake and Onio shaped darts of extreme fineness, placed railroad, soon to be built; and thus the great west will have an open way through the State to our sea coast, both by the existing lines, which are crossed by the Narrow Gauge road, and by a branch that will build itself from Patterson down the fine valley of the Yadkin to Salem, and so connect by change of gauge, with Fayetteville and Wilmington. Such a road will be from the day of its completion the best paying road in W. C. K. the State.

THE SORT OF GIRL TO GET .- The true girl has to be sought for. She does not parade herself as show goods. She is not But, oh! what s heart she has when you find her! so large and pure and womanly. When you see it you wonder if those showy things outside are woman. She'll not ask you for a carriage or a first class horse. She'll wear simple dresses, and turn them when necessary, with no vulgar magnificat to frown upon her economy. She'll keep everything neat and nice in your sky parlor, and give such a welcome when you some home that you'll think your parlor higher than ever. She'll entertain true friends on a dollar. and astonish you with the new thought how little happiness depends on money. She'll make you love home (if you don't you're a brute,) and teach you how to pity, while you scorn a poor, fashionable society woman that thinks herself rich. and vainly tries to think herself happy.

Now, do not, I pray you, say any more "I can't afford to marry." Go; find the true woman, and you can. Throw away that cigar, burn up that switch-cane, be sensible yourself, and seek your wife in a sensible way .- Oliver Wendell Holmes.

A friend can not be known in prosperity and an enemy oan not be hidden in adversity.

#### Train the Boys for Business.

There is one element in the home instruction of boys to which, says a Boston paper, too little attention has been given, and that is the cultivation of babits of punctuality, system, order and responsibility. In two many households boys from twelve to seventeen years are too much administered to by loving mothers or other female members of the family. Boys' lives during those years are the haloyon days of their existence. Up in the morning just in season for breakfast; nothing to do but to start off early enough not to be late; looking upon an errand as taking so much time and memory away from erjoyment; little thought of personal appears a crosp upon reminded by mother to "pruce up's little, finding his wardrobe always where

mother pats it-in fact, having nothing to do but enjoy himself. The state 12. Thus his me goes on until school erds. Then he is ready for business. He goes. into an office where everything is system, order, and precision. He is expected to keep things best and orderly, sometimes kindle fires, file letters, do er rands-in short, become a part of a nice ly regulated machine, where everything moves in systematic grooves, and each one is responsible for correctness in his department, and where, in place of ministers to bis comfort, he finds task mas-

everything in marked contrast to his pre vious life. In many instances the change is too great. Errors become numerous; blunders, overlooked at first, get to be a matter of serious moment; then patience is it. Then comes the surprise to the pa pay for."

ters, more or less lenient, to be sure, and

rents, who too often never know the real "Father," said an inquisitive boy. raining of their coildren. Woat is wanted is for every boy to have something special to do; to have some duty at a definite hour, and to learn to watch for that time to come; to be answerable for a certain portion of the rou-

time of the household; to be trained to anticipate the time when he may enter the ranks of business, and be fortified with habits of energy, accuracy, and application, often of more importance than superficial book learning. - Scientific Amer-

#### Airing Beds.

No housekeeper as any valid claim to neatness, cleanliness and tidiness, who makes her beds 1500r as they are vabased on the condition of ignorance. To demonstrate this, let it be remembered that of all food and drink taken about the outlets of the kin-the pores, about seven million in number. The waste and effete putrid matter is dead and poisonwithin a few years. No such cabbages one, passing off more rapidly by night come to market, as are raised on this and becoming more or less entangled in planted one yard apart, cover the entire body. Hence the necessity of bathing surface completely, some heads weighing and brushing with still greater necessity for airing and purifying the bedding. This is done most effectually by exposure in the light of the sun and morning air. Indeed, the sun is the great purifier, and "nothing is hid from the hest thereof." And here it may be remembered that the bedding of the sick so soon saturated by the filth of acute diseases, by being changed once in six hours, and exposed This region needs to be annexed to of too much care in these respects, as one North Carolina. A railroad would do it. of the means of controlling such acute vard. Dot's me." The Dutch method of placing all the movable clothes of the bed on two chairs near the window, allowing them to remain till afternoon might be well copied

#### by our houseker ers. - Exchange. How Boggs Ran for Office

Boggs was as peaceable a man as ever

He was soler, honest and respected. He had never pounded his wife. Never took any interest in a dog fight. Had never been known to pawn some-

ody else's witch. And never lad attempted to steal a Boggs' character was above reproach.

He was a shining light in society. All Boggsting looked up to and hon-

But a change came, a fearful, direful change. In an evil hour Boggs accepted the nomination for constable of his native

Alas! Poor Boggs ! Little did he understand the deceit and reachery of the wicked world. His eyes were soon opened, however. In less than a week, after he was nomnated the opposition had fully and con-

aging charges against his character. 1 That he was a free-lover and an in fidel.

clusively established the following

2 That he had fed his neighbors' hens on poisoned corn. 3 That he had broken his mother-inlaw's jaw with an iron boot jack. 4 That he, on one occasion, gave s

whole wagon load of green watermelons to an Orphan Asylum. 5 That he had served a term in the State's prison for borse stealing. 6 That he had set fire to his next neighbor's barn, merely because he re-

fused to lend him a hoe. 7 That because he found a button of his shirt, he tied his wife to the bed post, and mashed in three of her ribs with the stove poker.

8 That his chief Sunday amusements were cock fighting and card playing.

9 That he sold his vote every year regularly to the highest bidder. 10 That he wasn't fit for the place any-

These charges, although without the slightest foundation were religiously believed by the majority of the voters of

And Boggs' political goose was thus His chances for being elected were not

worth three cents on a dollar. When Bogge passed along the street his neighbors looked at him with suspicion and crossed over on the other side

Boggs was a miserable being. The day of the town meeting came at last, and Boggs epponent scooped in the Constableship by a two-thirds vote. The anti Boggs party swept their candidate into office on the tidal wave of popularity, and poor Boggs was left perched high upon the spike mounted picket fence of despair. Boggs will never run for office again, not

Hosel on tello great a strain on the If he can gain the esteem of his neigh-

bors by grubbing along is the old way he intends to do it, and leave office seek ing to people of cast iron reputation. Boggs is just coming to bis senses. Max Adeler.

#### Facts and Fun.

There are no tombs or monuments with escutcheous earlier than the eleventh cen-

An Arkansas paper says that the girls in that State grow to be six feet high They must be well cultivated.

It is vulgar to call a man "bow-leg ged." Just speak of him as a parenthetical pedestrian. Mean souls, like mean pictures, are

often found in good looking frames. It was good advice the old man gave overtasked, and the boy is told his services to his son; "John," said he, "don't buy are no longer wanted. This is his firs, any more goods than you can pay for, blow, and sometimes he never rallies from and don't sell more than other folks can

cause, nor where they have failed in the "what is meant by close relations?" Close relations, my son," replied the father, " are relations that never give you a cent." The boy said the old man, then was the " closest" relation he'd got. A new Baptist convert wished very

much to be baptized by one minister and to join the church of another. She went to the first and asked him if it could be done. "Yes," he replied, "I could do it, but I don't take in washing."-Boston A woman in Sacramento has a land

turtle for a pet and has beautifully carved and polished its shell, which she strokes readily and gently, the animal expressing its satisfaction by purring like A man who had gone out fishing promptly threw back into the river. Be-

ing remonstrated with for this apparently foolish act, he replied: "I take no in terest in bass. I came out to catch catthree fifths pass out of the system through fish, and when I come out for catfish I want catfish." A hunter, after long following a grizz'y bear in the direction of its den, suddenly abandoned his pursuit, and when

> questioned as to his motive for doing so said that the trail was getting "too durn A Frenchman who had been to India being interrogated as to the pleasures of the chase replied; "Oh, ze tigaire-hunt ing-zat is a sport magnifique when ze Frenchman bunt ze tigaire, but when ze

tigaire bunt ze Frenchman-parbled, zat

is quite anozzer zing!" An agent who had sold a Dutchman some goods was to deliver them at the man gave him the following direction: wise needed. Such clothes cannot be "You shoost goes behind de church: den kept too clean, while there is no danger you turns up de right for a while till you come to a house with a big hog in the

> "Jane," said her father, "I thought you hated stingy people, and yet your young man-"" Why, pa, who said he is stingy?" "Oh, nobody," replied pa, "only I could see he was a little 'close,' as I passed through the room."

"Little boy," said a woman to a boy who had been impudent to her yesterday have you a mother?" "No; but pap wouldn't marry you if there wasn't a housekeeper in the whole land."-Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

A man who was to have been married in Rochester could not get nearer than within forty miles of the city at the appointed time, in consequence of the snow blockade. The assembled wedding party was informed by telegram of the trouble. A suggestion that the ceremony be performed by telegraph was favorably re-ceived by the bride, and the usual ques-tions and answers were flashed over the wires. It was fun for the guests in the warm Rochester parlor, but the bridegroom, shivering all night in a cold car, did not particularly enjoy it, and the

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!! THE celebrated Oliver chilled Plow; the Gale Plow, the Meihle Plow, the Tate Plow (reversible), for hillside and for subsoiling. A large stock of Steel Plows. Hege's Feed Cutters. I expect to keep a full stock of agricultural implements. My stock of plows cannot be beaten by any one. I have the best in the world, and will sell them at low prices. Call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. dec20 WALTER BREM, Ag't.

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