

North Carolina Edwig.



CHARLOTTE:

Tuesday, May 13, 1862

EPH. R. Wakefield, Esq., of Leguist, has consented to act as our authorized agent. He will receive orders for the Wagon, Blankets or advertisements, and receipt for the same. Any persons desiring to pay to him within three months will receive the Wagon for two dollars.

FOR GOVERNOR, WM. JOHNSTON, OF MECKLENBURG.

Remember,

That we take all kinds of country produce in exchange for the Wagon, Eggs, Butter, Lard, Chickens, in fact anything that is in the market.

Wood.

Those of our country friends who intend paying their subscriptions in wood, will confer a favor upon us by bringing it in as soon as possible.

We received a neat little Primer compiled by Mr. Deener of Salisbury, equal to any from the North.

Millinery.

We invite the special attention of our lady readers to the advertisement of the Misses Pail appearing in another column of our paper. They have taken the room immediately over Dr. C. J. Fox's Medical Office in Irwin's Corner, where they propose to carry on the above business in every style, form and fashion. We hope they will receive a liberal patronage from our feminine public.

The Concert.

The Ladies' concert, for the benefit of the Soldiers' Aid Society, which came off, at Treloar's Hall, on Thursday evening of last week, under the management of Professor Hunt of the Charlotte Female Institute, was a brilliant success. The selection of pieces for the occasion displayed a refined and educated taste in the Professor, and the execution of the several pieces evinced a high order of artistic skill in the several performers. The audience was large and intelligent, and manifested its appreciation of the performance by oft-repeated plaudits during the evening. The Ladies were requested to repeat the concert on Monday evening of this week, but were unable to comply on account of the absence of Professor Hunt.

The Governorship.

Our readers will discover the name of our distinguished fellow-townsmen, Col. William Johnston, bearing from our masthead, this week, as our first choice for the office of Governor of North Carolina, at the approaching August election. In adopting this policy, we are actuated solely by a earnest and sincere conviction that Col. Johnston possesses, in a larger degree than any other man whose name has been mentioned in this connection, those sterling qualities of head and heart which peculiarly qualify a man to manage the resources of a State in a great revolutionary crisis, like the one through which the Southern States are now traveling in our dearest blood, and most unenvied expenditures. Others may differ with us as to the fitness of a candidate for this exalted official position. But we hope that all will recognize and act upon the propriety of encouraging anything like party strife in the election. Let the different journals of the State, in a calm, quiet, dignified and dispassionate spirit, canvass the claims of the respective candidates during the summer, and the people will make a wise and judicious selection on the day of election. Nothing more is necessary. A political campaign, by the candidates, would not only be a bad taste, but highly injurious to the public weal, at such a time.

Where our Old Man is to be Found.—At the instance, yesterday, a gentleman entered into conversation with a Missouri soldier. He asked him in what regiment he belonged. "To the old man's," was the reply. "What is the old man?" "Gen. Price," was the answer. "I don't know where he is now, but I shall know where he is when a battle occurs, for he will be there, just where the bullets fly thickest, and the Yankees run the hardest."—Memphis Appeal.

Southern Home.—We advise our farmers and planters to plant largely of the valuable corn, as well as sugar, which will be sown from this time. We believe there is plenty of seed in the country.

TIGHTENING THE FETTERS.—The Memphis Appeal of the 17th, alluding to the military despotism in Nashville, says:

Recent accounts from Nashville show that the despotism established there by Lincoln's Satrap, Andrew Johnson, is every day assuming a more brutal and remorseless character. Buell's lip promises that the person and property of citizens should be protected have been perfidiously violated, and all the horrors and brutality that marked the original occupation of St. Louis, Baltimore and Alexandria are being enacted with tenfold wantonness and cruelty. We hear of numerous arrests and imprisonments lately, made by authority of Johnson, on mere political charges, and it is thought that the arrested parties will be indicted and tried for treason by civil process. If they should be convicted we may expect some of the Shiloh captives to "pull hemp" instead of sitting before many more moons have revolved.

WHO IS ANSWERABLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE MERRIMAC?—Much curiosity has been expressed at the inactivity of the Monitor and other agencies arranged by Government for the destruction of the Merrimac, when the latter vessel defied them the other day in Hampton Roads. We have reason to know that the fault is not with the officers of the National vessels. They were confident of their ability to sink the monster, and all hands labored at the disagreeable position in which they were placed, while the enemy insultingly dared them to conflict, and captured the shipping of loyal owners undisturbed. But the barrier to action could not be surmounted. The Secretary of the Navy had given strict orders for them not to move or discharge a gun unless the Merrimac attacked them. We presume there is no doubt of the Secretary's loyalty. Is he mad?—New York Times.

HUMORED ARREST OF GEN. L. POPE WALKER.—The Memphis Appeal, of the 24th April, says:

We hear the rumor in such form as to give it some credence, that Gen. L. Pope Walker, of Huntsville, Alabama, has been arrested and is in the hands of the enemy. It is stated that he was attempting to carry his slave property South, and had reached a point several miles from his home, when he was overtaken by a cavalry force of the enemy and captured. As he was once Secretary of War under the Confederate Government, and is now a commissioned Brigadier-General in the Southern army, if he has been taken prisoner, he will doubtless be dealt with harshly.

NITRE.—We have received from Capt. Geo. Minor, Chief of Ordnance and Hydrography, a copy of the report of F. J. Barnes, of that Bureau, on making nitre. Mr. B. has ascertained, by frequent experiments, that all tobacco stems contain more or less nitre. The tobacco planters of Virginia and North Carolina are urged to give to the Government all the aid they can in procuring this addition to our supply of our nitre. Those disposed to engage in the process of separating the nitre from the earth of their farms, can obtain full printed directions by addressing Capt. Minor.—Richmond Dispatch.

APPREHENDED SCARCITY OF FOOD.—We hold the panic on the subject of food to be one of the most causeless imaginable, that is to say, if the authorities will exercise ordinary industry. The road from Danville to Greensboro is being rapidly constructed. It will command part of N. Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, and even of Georgia, South Carolina, which can feed the whole State of Virginia, and leave a plenty to feed the population now dependent on it. More hereafter.—Richmond Dispatch.

A lady of Greensboro, not long since, gave a very fine quilt to Rev. J. J. Hutchison to be sold for the good-bait fund. He offered it for sale in Marion and got over a \$100 for it. The crowd gave it back to him to be sold over again. He carried it to Tusculum and got about \$300 for it, and received it back again. He then carried it to Summerville and got another \$300, and the quilt back again. He then carried it to Selma, and sold it for \$1,000, for the benefit of soldiers' families and we suppose will continue to sell and re-sell it until he gets up thousands more.—Entire (Ala.) Waig.

BEAUREGARD'S ADDRESS.—The following address to the people of the Mississippi Valley has just been issued by Gen. Beauregard:

"The casualties of war have opened the Mississippi river to our enemies. The time, therefore has come to test the earnestness of all classes, and I call on patriotic planters owning cotton within reach of the enemy, to apply the torch to it without delay or hesitation."

"G. T. BEAUREGARD."

SALT.—To judge by the number of wagons daily passing through this place for the salt works in Virginia, the people in the counties below are laying in a supply of this indispensable article in good time. Notwithstanding this is a busy season of the year, and preparation for crops unusually backward, the number of wagons going for salt is large. What will it be when the crops are gathered and a time of mere leisure is at hand, is hard to say.—Winston Sentinel.

GEN. BEAUREGARD'S REPORT.—Col. Jacob Thompson, of Mississippi, and Major H. E. Peyton, of Gen. Beauregard's staff, have arrived in the city. They bring General Beauregard's report of the battle of Shiloh, and the flags captured in that great battle. Colonel Thompson was the Secretary of the Interior under President Buchanan. Major Peyton, of Loudoun, was aid to General Beauregard in the battle of Manassas. They are stopping at the Exchange Hotel.—Richmond Dispatch 14.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

An enemy waging war in a manner violative of the usages of civilized nations, has invaded our country. With presumptuous reliance on superior numbers, he has declared his purpose to reduce us to submission. We struggle to preserve our birthright of constitutional freedom. Our trust is in the justice of our cause and the protection of our God. Recent disaster has spread gloom over the land, sorrow sits at the hearth-stones of our countrymen; but a people conscious of rectitude and faith, fully relying on their Father in Heaven may be cast down, but cannot be dismayed. They may mourn the loss of the martyrs whose lives have been sacrificed in their defense, but they receive this dispensation of Divine Providence with humble submission and reverent faith. And now that our hosts are again going forth to battle, and loving hearts at home are filled with anxious solicitude for their safety, it is meet that the whole people should turn implore to their Almighty Father and beseech His all powerful protection.

To this end therefore, I, JEFFERSON DAVIS, President of the Confederate States of America, do issue this my proclamation, inviting all the people to unite, at their several places of worship, on Friday, the 10th day of the present month of May, in humble supplication to Almighty God that He will vouchsafe His blessing on our beloved country; that He will strengthen and protect our armies; that He will watch over and preserve our people from the evil machinations of our enemies; and that He will in this, our good time, restore to us the blessing of peace and security under His sheltering care.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Confederate States at Richmond, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1862. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

A PRACTICAL PATRIOT.—Mr. D. B. Rouse, No. 114 Main street, is both practical and zealous in his patriotism. He is selling salt and sugar to the families of soldiers who are in the service at cost. He sells salt to these families at six dollars per sack, while the general minimum price is twenty dollars; and he sells sugar to the same persons at half the present market price. Mr. Rouse deserves to be remembered as a patriot and a humane man.—Richmond Dispatch.

THE TOBACCO IN RICHMOND.—We learn that the Government has taken the wise and timely precaution of gathering all the tobacco not removed from the city of Richmond in two warehouses, so that its destruction may speedily be accomplished should the necessity for this course ever arrive. Yesterday warnings were administered to parties having tobacco in this city to attend to its removal from the limits of Richmond.—Rich. En.

It is the belief of knowing ones that the battle on the Peninsula will not be fought in front of Yorktown, but a little further back. Were we to whip the enemy at Yorktown, the fruits of our victory would be small, as he is too near Fortress Monroe. If, however, we could thrash soundly Williamsburg, he would not reach Old Point quite so easily.

NEW MILLINERY. Great and Glorious News for the Ladies.

THE MASSES FEEL how commended the Military and Marine making business for themselves in Irwin's Corner, immediately over the Medical Office of Dr. C. J. Fox. They are prepared to execute work in their line to please every taste, in every style and fashion, on the most moderate terms for CASH, keeping constantly on hand all sorts of material for this purpose; and as they expect to prosper, they hope to receive a large and liberal patronage from the ladies of this section. May 13, 1862.

LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS

HARDWARE

AUCTION

TOWN OF CHARLOTTE, Commencing on WEDNESDAY, May 14th, and will continue from day to day until the whole Stock is sold.

Being desirous of closing up our business we will offer for sale at AUCTION our entire Stock as stated above.

An examination of our Stock may be made by Merchants prior to day of Sale. FISHER & BURROUGHS.

To Hire. SOME 25 OR 25 NEGROES either by the month or the year. R. P. DAVIDSON. May 13, 1862.

NEWS.

From the Western Democrat.

Battle in Western Virginia! 'STONE-WALL JACKSON' VICTORIOUS.

RICHMOND, May 10.—The following official dispatch was received here this morning:

VALLEY DISTRICT, May 9. (Via Staunton May 10.)

To Gen. S. Cooper, Adjutant General: God blessed our arms with a victory at McDowell's yesterday.

(Signed) J. J. JACKSON, Major General.

A telegram to Gov. Letcher, this morning from Staunton, states that Gen. Jackson has sent dispatches that we have gained a brilliant victory, and the enemy were in full flight, hotly pursued. Our loss was forty killed and two hundred wounded.—The enemy's loss is heavy. They left all their dead and wounded on the field.

The Great Battle of the West Opened.

MONDAY, May 9.—A special dispatch to the Evening News, says that Gen. Beauregard moved out this morning, and attacked the enemy in his position on our right. The conflict opened at noon and still continues. The cannonading though regular, is not rapid, and a courier reports the enemy to be falling back and the Confederates pressing forward. The battle ground is near Farmington, being just five miles distant. Beauregard has just gone out.

LATER

AUGUSTA, May 10.—The Mobile Advertiser's correspondent says: "I have just returned from the front. The enemy have been driven across Seven Mile Creek, and are running like sheep. It appears that Pope's Division of the Federal army alone occupied Farmington. Hallock, with the main body, is still on the river. The Confederate loss is slight. The Federal retreat was so rapid that we were unable to capture many prisoners."

"Price and Van Dorn led the attack.—We captured the telegraph office at Farmington. The Confederates are returning to Corinth. It is reported that the Confederate forces operating down the Tennessee river captured a large number of prisoners and a large amount of property."

RICHMOND, May 10.—An official dispatch from Corinth dated May 9th via Mobile 10th, to Gen. S. Cooper, Adjutant General, says:

We attacked the enemy to-day and drove him from his position several miles. (Signed) G. T. BEAUREGARD.

Fight on the Peninsula.

An official letter from Gen. Johnston to the War Department at Richmond states that a "hand-to-hand" fight took place at Williamsburg on Monday, the 5th. The enemy attacked our rear guard in great force, and were driven back to the woods about a mile. Our loss in killed and wounded was two hundred and twenty. The Federal prisoners captured by our forces number of field pieces eleven. The extent of their casualties is not correctly known, but it is believed that their loss amounts to upwards of 1000 killed and wounded. They numbered 6,000 strong, and were deployed in a skirt of woods, opposite our position, from which they were driven, subject to a disastrous fire from the right, left, and front.—Our force is said to have been from six to eight thousand.

Among our forces engaged was the 13th N. C. Regiment, Colonel A. M. Scales, which lost heavily. There is but one commissioned officer left unhurt. The battle ground was about a mile beyond Williamsburg, on which our cavalry had a slight brush with the enemy's cavalry the day preceding, in which our arms were victorious.

The fight commenced about 6 o'clock on Monday. May 5th, and lasted, amid deep mud and constant rain until night. The enemy broke under three distinct charges, and were pressed back for three and a half miles from their original position. As our troops advanced the enemy's dead and wounded were found in piles on the ground, so great was the havoc among them.

Among the wounded was Gen. Jubal A. Early, but the wound is not considered mortal. Capt. Irwin, of Co. B. [Randolph Riflemen, of Mecklenburg.] 13th N. C. Regt., is reported seriously wounded; also Lieut. Alexander and Thompson of the same company. In this company out of 53 men but 25 were unhurt. Gen. Early arrived in Richmond on the 9th inst. He speaks in glowing terms of the 24th Va. and 5th S. C. Regiments, of his brigade. The latest dispatches from Gen. Johnston state that this repulse of the enemy seems to have stopped his advance in that direction.

The prisoners taken in this battle arrived in Richmond on the 9th inst.

COUNT PIPER.

THE English Horse "Count Piper" will be found among the Spring season at the stable of Dr. J. M. Strong during the Spring season. Terms, ten and fifteen dollars. GRIBER, STRONG & HART. April 22, 1862.

NORTH STAR.

THE Canadian Horse "North Star" will be at the stable of Dr. J. M. Strong during the Spring season. Terms, ten and fifteen dollars. GRIBER, STRONG & HART. April 22, 1862.

The Markets.

CHARLOTTE, MAY 12, 1862.

Table listing market prices for various goods including Bacon, Hams, Sides, Hog heads, Shoulders, Bagging, Gunny, Beef, Butter, Beans, Corn, Brandy, Apples, Peaches, Cotton, Coffee, Rice, Java, Candles, Admiration, Spruce, Tallies, Corn, Chickens, Cloths, Copperas, Lard, Eggs, Flour, Feathers, Hides, Green, Dry, Lard, Mutton, Macaroni, Kites, Measles, N.O., Meal, Mollets, Nails, Northern, Southern, Oats, Pork, Peas, Potatoes, Rice, Sugar, Sulfur, Stone, Ware, Tea, Wheat, White, Whiskey, N. Carolina, Wool, (best Georgia) washed, unwashed, Yarn.

Attention! Beat No. 1.

BEAUREGARD to orders from Regimental Headquarters, you are hereby commanded to appear at your usual Rendezvous, on Tuesday the 20th May, at 9 o'clock A. M., prepared for Regimental review and inspection. The Commissioned and non-commissioned Officers will appear on Saturday the 17th and Sunday the 18th for instruction. By order, J. H. STEVENS, Capt. L. STEVENS, Q. S.

MILITARY ORDER.

HEAD QUARTERS 25th Regt., N. C. M., CHARLOTTE, April 22, 1862.

To the commissioned and non-commissioned officers and privates of 25th Regiment: You are hereby ordered to appear in Charlotte on Tuesday the 20th of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M., armed and equipped as the law directs for Regimental drill and inspection. The Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will appear on the preceding Saturday and Monday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for drill. A Regimental Court Martial will assemble on Tuesday evening for the trial of such cases as may be brought before it. Notice of detail for the Court will be given on Saturday, the 17th, after drill. By order, L. S. WILLIAMS, Colonel 25th Regiment. JOHN BERWELL, Adjutant. April 22, 1862.

Tailors Wanted.

Two or three Journeymen Tailors are first wanted employment by applying to J. A. Caldwell, No. 1 Springs Row, Charlotte, N. C. J. A. CALDWELL. April 12, 1862.

Delinquent Tax Payers!

ARE you ever going to pay your Taxes or do you expect me to pay them for you, I am an oppressed with claims against the County, and unless you pay up your taxes due in a short time I shall proceed to collect them according to law. I must have money or property to make it out of, your duty to your country without more ought to prompt you to pay your Taxes. W. W. GRIBER, Sheriff. March 4, 1862.

Tan Bark Wanted.

I WANT to purchase a large quantity of tan bark this season and will pay Five Dollars per cord delivered at the Tan Yard or Four Dollars per cord loaded on the cars on any Rail Road any distance not exceeding 40 miles. M. B. TAYLOR. March 4, 1862.

WANTED! A BATTALION

INDEPENDENT SKIRMISHERS. PERMISSION has been granted Capt. WM. LEE DAVIDSON to raise the above corps. General Rouse desires such an organization attached to his Brigade. Three Companies of the above description are more effective than one whole regiment of regulars. It is the same mode of warfare that was carried on in the revolution. Let us harass and annoy the enemy in the rear. See more appeal is made to old Mecklenburg and the surrounding Counties. The Conscription act requiring all men between 18 and 25 years of age, to enter the service, has passed the Confederate Congress.—The last appeal is made to all within these ages to promptly respond to this call. Especially of our own dear country let it be said.—"May I have done well, but your excellent officers all." Organize immediately, elect your officers, arm with shot guns and go to the field. April 22, 1862. Fred. Express, Concord Flag and Salisbury Whelan copy three times.

WANTED.

I want to purchase Leather in the rough.—Tanners wishing to dispose of their stock, without the trouble of salting, can now do so at fair prices. M. B. TAYLOR. 1m. April 22, 1862.

WANTED.

THE Canadian Horse "North Star" will be at the stable of Dr. J. M. Strong during the Spring season. Terms, ten and fifteen dollars. GRIBER, STRONG & HART. April 22, 1862.

VALUABLE NEGROES For Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed on the 6th of Feb'y, 1860, by John O. King, for certain purposes therein mentioned, I will proceed to sell at the Court House door in the Town of Charlotte, on Tuesday of April Court, (it being the 29th day of the month) five valuable likely NEGROES—one man, three women and one child. JOHN A. WRISTON, Trustee. By M. L. WRISTON, Att'y. April 8, 1862.

CHARLOTTE HOTEL.

BY J. B. KEHR, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THE Proprietor of this Hotel is a full at his post ready to fulfill the duties of "mine host" to the traveling public and others who may call on him, and his partners whenever they may be desired. Being situated in the center of Charlotte, Business Men will find this Hotel a most convenient and desirable location. He has been engaged in the business at this stand nearly eighteen years, and in that time he has made several additions to his former house, and it has been greatly enlarged and improved, presenting in front a two story VERANDA 100 feet in length by 12 feet in width, handsomely shaded by trees on the side walk, affording a pleasant promenade at all hours of the day. The House has been thoroughly furnished throughout, and in every part of it creature comforts are abundant and tangible, especially in the DINING ROOM, where the "miner man" is "renewed" day by day. Connected with this Hotel are Stables for riding room for 100 horses, abundantly furnished with grain and provender, attended by faithful and obliging hostlers. The Proprietor feels confident that with his long experience and many new advantages added, he desires to please, he is prepared to offer his fare and the "rest of mankind," as many would say, as much good cheer as will be found anywhere, perhaps a little more so. If any rate try the Charlotte Hotel. J. B. KEHR. October 12, 1858.

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!!

FIVE HUNDRED OUNCES WANTED AT

J. T. BUTLER'S Jewelry Store.

Opposite Kerr's Hotel. N. B. The highest cash price paid for gold and silver. January 18, 1862.

Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.

WESTERN DIVISION. ON and after Monday the 15th inst., the Passenger and Mail Train will run on this Road daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Table with columns LEAVE and ARRIVE, listing train schedules for Charlotte, Tennessees, Broad, Shures, and Lincolnton.

By order, V. A. McHEE, Acting Master of Transportation. Lincolnton, April 4, 1862.

J. S. PHILLIPS JERRENT TAILOR.

HAVING located in Charlotte, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. A complete assortment of Clothing, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion. Shop three doors South of the Mansion House. September 27, 1860.

Notice.

All persons indebted by the estate of I. S. Henderson, dec'd., will make payment. And all persons having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned by law on this notice will be paid in full of their recovery. D. M. HENDERSON, D. HENDERSON. March 18, 1862.

Atlantic, Tenn. & O. Railroad.

TEXAS OFFER A. T. A. O. R. Co. of Charlotte, March 17, 1862. As the last installment of Bonds subscribed in Mecklenburg county, is due on the 21st of April, all Stockholders in arrears are requested to make immediate payment. Contractors who have faithfully performed their duties and must be paid. The amount is due from Stockholders. Come forward. PAY UP and get your certificates. M. L. WRISTON, Treas. March 23, 1862.

The Corner DRUG Store, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO. will respectfully call the attention of the public to their large and complete Stock now, consisting of the Spring Trade, being composed of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oil, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Medical Wines and Brandy, Cactus Tins, Pure and Garden Seeds, &c., &c. January 17, 1862.

WANTED ONE HUNDRED GOOD HANDS TO MAKE CAPS.

Call at Frankfort & Co's shoe store. JOSEPH BUXBAUM. May 5, 1862.