

45 Years Before the Public. THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. FOR THE CURE OF Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pres-sure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it the refractory door saves her, for, wrestle frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy pain, accompanied with a duil, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of mem-ory, accompanied with a painful sen-sation of having left undone some-thing which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sens tion of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, death, has shown the LIVER to after have been extensively deranged.

s anger, who dares to sit there, and, with choice of songs, therefore, immaterial." admiring impertinence, takes off his hat to her? She feels inclined to cry with Luckily the train slackens speed at this moment, and in her hurry to get rid of the man, Gertie is even willing to risk her life in an attempt at jumping out while the train is still in motion, but

"Yes, she does look lovely to-night. That black gauze diess sets off her billant complexion." Ethel rejoins. is Miss Carnegie, our music mistress, and I'll introduce you to her presently. But you must come and sing first. You can spoon alterwards. Come. I'll play your accompaniments, if you like. What will you sing -"Tom Bowling."

AT THE DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

[From the Washington Star.]

The Dead Letter Office is not accurateefined by its name. Yo be sure deceased letters of the common sort undergo cremation there, and the more important and illustrinus dead are honored like great among the ancient Egyptians, by embalming; but for all that the office is is not so distinctively a sepulchre for the ashes or other remains of dead letters, as a hospital where sick, deformed and

maimed letters are doctored, cared, and maimed letters are doctored, cared, and sent on their way rejoicing, to fulfill the ends for which they were created. There is a inscination about the Dead Letter Office. Nearly every one will acknowledge a certain excitement in reading and building romances upon the letters of strangers. Nearly every one takes an interest in working out ingenius methods of solving puzzles, whether they be rebuses, enigmas or letter-addresses unintelligible to the uniniated. Nearly every one can under rly eve stand the attractions of a detective work. which hunts down some careless writer to do him a favor. And ever can appreciate the pleasure of one can appreciate the pleasure of officially opening somebody-else's pack-age, perhaps to flud a gold watch, or a diamond ring, or a skull, or a rattle-snake; and of learning from letters the dearest secrets of others even though they are never to be divulged. More than THREE MILLIONS LETTERS A YEAR are now received at the Dead Letter Office They are drawn from all classes of mail communications and furnish an epitome of the correspondence of the country. The first step in their treats ment is to examine them in order to What is that? "Flow down, cold, rivulet to the sea." Gerty listens with straining ears. Is he dreaming? Her own song? How dare nyone— D. the listens down and listens have been and if not, and the postmasser is dis-to vered he is handed over to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the train in order to o discover whether they have received the proper and prescribed consideration and if not, and the postmasser is dis-to vered he is handed over to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the train in order to o discover whether they have received the proper and prescribed consideration and if not, and the postmasser is dis-to vered he is handed over to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the the proper and prescribed consideration and if not, and the postmasser is dis-to vered he is hunded over to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the the proper action and the postmasser is dis-to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the tender is the postmasser is dis-to the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the tender is the tender in acties of the "blowing-up clerk," who then the tender is th ture in which the bureau expresses its amazement and surprise at the unpardonable ignorance, etc., etc., is the most sever punishment inflicted. It is only recently that an effort has been made to establis the death penalty in aggravated cases the death penalty in aggravated cases. A few days ago a clerk in the city had occasion to handle a parcel addressed to the Smithsonian Institution. It was sent through a post-office in Texas and a label on the outside informed the public that it contained two live scorpions, a live centipede and a Mexican spur. The clerk was somewhat flurried, it is alleged, at the thought that he held different sources that the theld

tective with his discovery cicular to trace the letter to him. One astonished trace the letter to him. One astonished individual who recieved information from the office of a letter containing money which he had misdirected was at such a loss to comprehend how his whereabouts had been discovered that he wrote to the clerk telling him to keep the money and send him in its stead an account of the method by which this had been accomplished. As his request could not be complied with, he is, perhaps. still in a state wonder. WHY LETTERS GO ASTRAY.

WHY LETTERS GO ASTRAY. It is curious to examine into the differ-ent causes which bring letters to the ofent causes when oring teters to the original field. An astonishing number omit the address entirety, and it is found that these contain proportionately more valuable enclosures than any other class of letters. Most of them are pailed by business men. who, in the hurry, forget to address them. The writer, who pain-fully verifies each letter of the address by a corresponding movement of the tongue, doesn't send much money through the mails. Others are unstamped and held for postage. This is found to be especially the case where letters hear a printed y the case where letters bear a printed ddress or where they contain money orders. If the stationers would agree the 30,000 letters a month held for postage might go forward with certainty, through so, oo letters a month held for postage information this obtained. Letters are in personal matters between the writer and the universal use of government stamped the addressed and the office is supposed to know the contents of those received only so far as will ensure the forwarding or the office are of course those that are up, claimed, through the death or removal of observance of the sanctity of scaled matters between the sector of the sanctity of scaled matters between the sancting of the person addressed. Stress will be laid the new postal regulations upon the specific cause of the non-delivery of lets ters. It has often happened that the news of the death of a correspondent is thus the ter that a government can retain the confidence of the people as a safe medi-num of communication. Not every mat.-ter that writers would wish not be known is criminal, and the same rule of secrecy of the death of a correspondent is thus brought to the knowledge of friends in mother locality.

Destructive matter cannot be forwarded. A vigorous ratilesnake, well shaken be-tore being taken, is considered among postal cierks is highly destructive mat-ter. Bottled specimens of some that have been mailed alive are on exuibition at the office. The sharp teeth of a mow-ing machine, lately mailed, ranked high as unmailable matter in the minds of the clerks required to haudie them. The package, however, to which strongest objection has been made contained a complicated instrument of terture, with sharp projecting points, designed to be fastened to a cow's nose to prevent her from drawing her own milk. A REPOSITORY OF SECRETS.

A REPOSITORY OF SECRETS

A REPOSITORY OF SECRETS. As specimens of all kinds of corres, pondence reach the dead letter office, the new clerks sometimes read things that coel their blood in the warmest weather, or make them hot with excitement though the thermometer is at zaro. Intended or committed murder, burghary, and other crimes of violence; treason, conspira-fea to defined the government; political se-crete, doniestic secrets, information of every variety of wrong doing, when they become the themes of letters, make thril-

unke thrib

"Oh, I don't kow; Mamma. Anything that comes into my head at the time. It does not signify in the least. The people -the old ones, I mean-will have eaten so much dinner that they'il be content to doze to any ditty, and the young ones will wish it over as quickly as possible so as to commence the dancing. My singing will merely be a stopage and the

"What a lovely girl!" Tom Went worth remarks to his cousin, Ethel Har. non, next evening, as Gerty makes Ler appearance in the drawing room. "Who is she? I fancy I have seen her face be, fore."

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN "CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL. For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated. Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER. PILLS.

PILLS, The genuine MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. MCLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers. Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Flem-rug Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane, ...elled differently but same pronunciation.

she may, it refuses to ope "Thank Heaven!" she ejaculates, as she rapidly presses through the crowd of passengers, and hastens towards an omnibus she descries at the entrance to the station.

her own performance repeats har song

Suddenly she is startled by a cough

and, oh, horror! as she quickly turns

round, sle beholds in the far corner of

Dreadful! Has she been giving an un-

solicted concert to this abou niable

he adjoining compartment a man.

over and over again.

shame and mortification.

As Gerty nears her destination, she finds, to her dismay, that her roll of music, which she had fancied safe in her muff, had vanishid.

Tears rise to her eyes, and she desires the conductor to stop, for she must go back to the station and see-an infinitesmal chance-if she has lost it on the way from the platform to the omnibus. Of course she finds nothing-not trace of the precious document, and, with dismay, she remembers that she has committed the imprudence to throw the

rough copy into the fire. Poor Gerty! She asks one or two por

ters whether they have found anything, but they only reply with a stare of indifference and a half contemptuous "No miss," and pass on, so there remains nothing for her but to return home. "Oh, mamma, L am the unluckiest

girl in this hateful world!" and she sobs forth her pitiful tale.

"Well, my poor, dear child, don't cry about it," her mother says, soothingly; of course it is very provoking, but after all, it only entails a second copying, and that I will do for you if you have not the heart for it. Where's your rough copy ?"

"Burned, mamma." "But, Gerty, how silly. How could

you destroy it so thoughtlessly?" "Oh, don't scold, mamma. Never mind, it's gove-and-1'll-1'll never

-write-another," poor Gerty sobs, in great wee. "Nouseuse, you'll remember every note

"No, I've sung that at every party these last three years. I'll sing a new song, and play my own accompaniment by heart, thank you all the same, Etty." And Mr. Wentworth seats himself at the piano.

What is that?

anyone-But as she stands and listons, her hear peating fast, the tears come welling up to her eyes, and she hastily steps behind wir.dow curtain to hide her emotion. Mr. Wentworth has a good tener voice. and sings simply and unaffectedly, and with intelligent interpretation, and somehow Gerty is more deeply affected by her own song than she has ever been before The song ceases, and Gerty still stands listening. She hears the comments and plaudits on the song and singer, and her heart exults.

She steps from her hiding-place preently, and is immediately accosted by Ethel Harmon with a request to take the now vacant seat at the piano.

"Bat first let me introduce my cousin "But first let me introduce my cousin. Mr. Wentworth, Miss Cornegie. Has he not a splendid voice, and did he not sing that lovely song splendidly?" At the opening table the contents of such letters as need to be opened are to be discovered. In former times the champion letter-opener was he who turned in the most money as the result

"Would you object to telling me from whom you obtained that song, Mr. Wentworth?" Gerty asked.

"Not at all. It was in the oddest way.

The clerk was somewhat flurried, it is alleged, at the thought that he held "poisonous varmiuts" in his hands. His agitation was not decreased when he received from a hole in the box what he magined to be a sting. It was discovered that he had only cut himself upon a projecting rowel of the Mexican spur. Nevertheless he thirsts for the blood of that Texan postmaster. DISCOVERING VALUABLES, At the constitution the soutements of The loss is doubtless considerable, but The loss is doubtless considerable, but it is believed that the lack is not so great as that which resulted from the failure of postmasters to collect or return un-pre-paid postage. There has been no way in which to hold postmasters accountable for these amounts. The country posts master who keeps a store teels a delica-cy about duming a enstomer for a few cents unpaid postage when he is not com-pelled to pay the amount himself. He may loss trade and cause the person dunned to siga a petition to make a rival store keeper postmaster. Where the

to be discovered. In former times the champion letter-opener was he who turned in the most money as the result of his labors and much ingenuity was exercised in the selection of letters likely to prove valuable. One of the numerons improvements in the system introduced by the present chief, Mr. E.

"WASHED STAMPS."

Very few letters, comparatively, come to the office because they bear washed postage stamps. There are many differwhich good stamps may apent ways in which good stand postmasters pear to have been used, and postmasters are not apt to pass harsh indgment upon Perhaus from 50 to 75 ent ways in w letters a month, which come to the office for other causes, are found to bear re-used stamps. The fact that chemicals have been used to remove the cancellation mark is more easily detacted after some time has elsused. There are no data on which to base the extravagent estimates that have been made of the loss to the government by the second use of postage amps.

HOW GOVERNMENT LOSES

For ronghness of the skin: Mix two parts of brandy with one part of rose-water and wash the face night and morn-ing.

ling reading for a dead letter clerk. But it this office is not the grave yard of letters, it is the grave yard of secrets. They are buried there. No use can be made of information thus obtained. Letters are must apply to all.

PROPOSED MULTIPLICATION OF DEAD LET-TER OFFICES.

The necessity of treating information obtained in the office as if it had never been acquired, fornishes a reason for con-fering the power to obtain such knowl-edge upon the fewest possible persons, and upon those who would have the least temptation and opportunity to make use of the secrets of others. It thus consti-tutes a strong argument against the temptation and opportunity to make use of the secrets of others. It thus consti-tutes a strong argument against the proposition now before the House to es-ishish branch dead letter offices in the principal cities. A man would prefer that his correspondence should be exposed to strangers in Washington rather than that it should be read by his neighbors in the local postoffice. This plan of branch of-fices, wildoh was t led once, as far as ban Frâncisco is concerned, and abandoned, is objectionable on other grounds. It is unccessary. Persons who desire a rapid roturn of failing corcespondence put their mame and address on the envelope, or use the special request envelope. It ap-pears from an examination made a day or two ago, that more than half of the letters received at the New York office, gave information on the envelope which ensures their prompt return moopened to the sender. This multiplication of dead letter offices complicates the system, con-fused and involves an ingreased expens-diture.