

Get Rid of Tan, Sunburn and Freckles by using HAGAN'S Magnolia Balm.

Acts instantly. Stops the burning. Clears your complexion of Tan and Blemishes. You cannot know how good it is until you try it.

SAMPLE FREE. LYON MFG. CO., 40 So. 5th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

EUREKA Spring Water FROM EUREKA SPRING, Graham, N. C.

A valuable mineral spring has been discovered by W. H. Ausley on his place in Graham. It was noticed that it brought health to the users of the water, and upon being analyzed it was found to be a water strong in mineral properties and good for stomach and blood troubles.

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For Sale At The Gleaner Printing Office Graham, N. C.

English Spavin Liniment removes Lump, Soft and Caloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses; also Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring Bone, Stiffles, Sprains, Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc.

Senator Smith of South Carolina has been elected chairman of the joint congressional committee investigating the general railroad situation with a view of determining the advisability of permanent government ownership.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE".

Night driving of motor truck supply trains from the Middle West to the Atlantic seaboard has been started by the quartermaster's department of the army.

Break your Cold or LaGrippe with few doses of 666.

A QUARTER MILLION CALLED THIS MONTH EVERY EXISTING CANTONMENT IN THE COUNTRY IS TO BE GREATLY ENLARGED.

FIFTEEN BILLION FOR ARMY Over Eight Thousand Men Called From North Carolina Go to Camp Jackson.

Washington.—Simultaneously with the announcement that 232,000 men from 45 states had been called to join the colors in May, Secretary Baker indicated the scope of the government's plans for increasing its fighting strength by stating that Congress had approved appropriations approximately \$15,000,000,000 for the next fiscal year.

Need All Camps. In preparation for this tremendous increase in the army, the house military committee was told today that every existing cantonment in the country will be enlarged and every national guard camp utilized to its full capacity.

Blow Upon Italian Front Seems Imminent. Over the battle lines along the Piave river and in the mountainous region in northern Italy, where the allied forces have been holding their positions since last November after the great Italian retreat from the Isonzo, there is increased tension and the long threatened blow at that front may be launched by the Teutonic allies within a few days.

New German Peace Offensive is Expected. London.—In the personal opinion of Lord Robert Cecil, minister of foreign affairs, the German "knock-out offensive" on the western front will result in a big peace offensive, directed mainly against Great Britain and possibly made in an attractive form, but which will not afford any terms the allies can look at.

GERMANS USED UP 44 DIVISIONS IN NORTH. London.—A representative of General Radcliffe, director of military operations at the war office, summed up the military situation on the western front as follows: "In the north while the Germans failed in their main objective they made their right flank secure by the capture of Kemmel, but we must regard the operation from the viewpoint of economy of men and they used up five divisions from the general reserve."

You Can Cure That Backache. Pain along the back, dizziness, headache and general languor. Get a package of Mother Gray's Kidney-Bladder Remedy.

RUB-MY-TISM—Antiseptic, Relieves Rheumatism, Sprains, Neuralgia, etc. Going without wheat adds distress to our forces in battle. Going without wheat means the shipping tension which limits our armed strength.

17,000,000 OWNERS OF THE THIRD LOAN 7,000,000 MORE THAN FIRST LOAN AND 12,500,000 MORE THAN SECOND LOAN.

MAY REACH \$4,000,000,000 Most Successful Ever Flouted by Any Nation, is Verdict of Treasury Officials.

Washington.—Analysis of Liberty loan reports showed that probably 17,000,000 persons bought bonds in the campaign which has closed—7,000,000 more than in the second loan and 12,500,000 more than in the first. Latest tabulations showed \$3,316,623,250 reported subscriptions, but the marvelous distribution of the third Liberty loan indicates that one out of every six persons in the United States may have participated in this loan.

Secretary McAdoo, in a statement thanking the nation for its support of the loan, said the widespread distribution of bonds "is particularly gratifying and added: "This is the soundest form of national war finance—the distribution of the loan among the people themselves."

Methodists Would Curtail the Bishops' Power. Atlanta, Ga.—In connection with the demands of the laymen of the church that the power of the college of bishops be curtailed, additional memorials were presented, asking laws providing for the trial of bishops against whom charges have been made and providing that all involved in the appointments of ministers at annual conferences be given full and free consultation.

U. S. TROOPS PENETRATE HUN LINES FOR 300 YARDS. With the American Army in France.—One of the American patrols in the Lunerville sector entered the hamlet of Anservillers and penetrated the German lines to a distance of 300 yards. On the way back the patrol discovered an enemy observation post in which were a corporal and six men.

EMPEROR AND GENERAL STAFF AT THE FRONT. Geneva, Switzerland.—It is officially announced from Vienna that Emperor Charles, the chief of the Austrian general staff and several high German and Austrian officers have reached the Italian front.

Wanted! Ladies or men with rigs or automobiles to represent a Southern Company. Those with selling experience preferred, tho' not necessary. Easy selling proposition. Brand new article. Excellent pay for hustlers. Address Mr. Gregory, 165 4th Ave. N. Nashville, Tenn.

CANADIANS ARE IN ACTION IN WEST CONSIDERABLE ADVANCE MADE BY THEM ON BRITISH LINES NEAR AMIENS.

AMERICANS UNDER SHELL FIRE Intimations Come That Heavy Fighting May Be Resumed in France at Any Time.

Australian and Canadian troops are in action on the British lines along the vital sectors of the battlefield in France. The Australians have struck the Germans near Morlanquet, between the Ancre and Somme rivers, east of Amiens, and have advanced their lines upward of three-quarters of a mile, as a result of two assaults on the Teutonic positions.

No Attack Upon Italy. Along the rest of the front in France there have been no engagements of unusual character, nor has the Italian front been attacked as yet by the Austrians who have assembled there. The British forces which have been holding the town of Es-Salt, east of the Jordan and northeast of Jericho for about a week have been compelled again to abandon the place before the superior forces of Turkish and German troops.

Government Places Order for 70,000 Freight Cars. Washington.—Orders for 70,000 additional freight cars to supplement the 30,000 contracted for some time ago, were placed by the railroad administration with 15 car building concerns. The aggregate cost is between \$170,000,000 and \$400,000,000 and the average profit to builders is about 5 per cent.

Camp Greene Will Be a Replacement Camp. Washington, D. C.—Recently it was reported here that all of the aviation forces in Texas camps would be moved to Charlotte. This report excited the interest of the railroad administration which was headed by Senator Sheppard called at the war department to protest.

Authorize Construction of 50 Wooden Barges. Washington.—Construction of 50 wooden barges of 3,500 tons each for use in the coastwise coal carrying trade was authorized by the shipping board. The vessel will be built at New England and South Atlantic shipyards. They will aid materially in solving the problem of keeping New England supplied with coal.

Accepts German Peace RATHER THAN BE CRUSHED. London.—Count Czernin, then Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, paid a secret visit to Jassy in the latter part of February and delivered in person a verbal ultimatum of the most drastic sort from the central powers to King Ferdinand of Rumania.

Change your habits is none too easy. But it is no easy task to win the war.

STRIPPING FOR DECISIVE BATTLE WANTS AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ARMY TO SIZE NECESSARY TO WIN THE WAR.

TO PUT IN EVERY RESOURCE Germans Must Attack Soon or Acknowledge Defeat in Their Ambitious Attempt.

America is stripping for the decisive battle on the battlefield of Europe. In an executive session of the military committee of the lower house of Congress, Secretary of War Baker, Major General March, chief of staff, and Provost Marshal General Crowder have asked Congress to give the president blanket authority to increase the United States army to whatever size may be necessary to win the war.

While America's plans for throwing every resource into the battle against Prussianism are maturing, the lunx which has brooded over the western battle lines continues. The expected German attacks on the Ypres and Amiens fronts have not been launched. Here and there the opposing armies have broken forth into wild bombardments, such as usually are prelude to massed attacks on the allied lines.

Next comes a rigid examination of the carcass. Only when found "sound, beautiful, and wholesome" is the meat passed as acceptable for food and duly branded with a nonpoisonous vegetable ink. "United States Inspected and Passed." The unfit carcasses are destroyed.

Swimming is to be taught soldiers in some training camps this summer as a military requirement, according to the commission on training camp activities. A statement by the commission shows that 118,000 soldiers in camps participated in organized basketball last season.

The allotment of meat purchases for the army, navy, and marine corps and the allies has been consolidated in a single bureau, with headquarters in Chicago.

USE HOPPERS FOR DRY MASH Furnish Protection Against Dust and Dirt and Keep Out Rodents and Wild Birds. It is always best to use hoppers for feeding dry mash to fowls because the hoppers protect the supply against dust and dirt.

Boschee's German Syrup will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insure a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning.

ARMY AND NAVY NEED TRAINED MEN THOUSANDS OF EXPERT WORKERS WANTED IN CIVILIAN BRANCHES OF SERVICE.

MEAT CAREFULLY INSPECTED Every Part of the Supply for Army Use Is Searched, From Stock Yards to Mess—Desertions From Camps Due to Discouraging Letters.

The ordnance department of the army needs large numbers of mechanical engineers, draftsmen, electricians, and metallurgists. Thousands of inspectors are wanted to pass on the quality of ordnance, ammunition, and other supplies. For office work statisticians, accountants, assistants in business administration, and specially trained clerks are needed.

The quartermaster corps wants several thousand examiners and inspectors to carry local objectives had met with defeat. Germany has lost heavily, but the emperor still has reserves to throw into the fight. The defeat on the Metzer-Vormezeele line southwest of Ypres has taught the Germans that the allies are prepared to stand their ground, and there seems little inclination at the present moment to renew a conflict which threatens to be disastrous.

When the meats arrive at the army stations they are again inspected either by inspectors of the bureau of animal industry or by veterinarian officers of the army. They must also obtain the approval of the officer of the quartermaster corps receiving them. And they undergo their final test when the soldier's immediate commander looks them over before he permits them to be served to his men.

Included in war department regulations regarding the employment of prisoners of war and interned enemy aliens are the following statements: All classes of prisoners, excepting commissioned officers and such others as are physically not fit for labor, will be required to perform work necessary to the support of the army.

Prisoners of war, excepting officers, warrant, petty, and noncommissioned officers, may be required to work for the public service—they may be authorized to work on their own behalf. Under exceptional circumstances, when specially authorized by the secretary of war, they may, upon their written request, be authorized to work for private persons or for corporations. Petty and noncommissioned officers may be authorized to work on their own account, and, upon their written request, may be authorized to work in the same manner as other prisoners of war, except that they will be employed in a supervisory capacity only.

An order for labor will be regarded as a military command, and prisoners failing to obey such order will be punished accordingly. When employed on work that is necessary for their comfort, or for the upkeep of the prison barracks in which they are interned, prisoners will receive no compensation. When the work is done for the government prisoners will be paid at a rate according to the work executed; when the work is done for other branches of the public service or for private persons the conditions of and the compensation for such work will be settled in agreement between representatives of said branches or persons and the adjutant general of the army.

In a recent statement the war department strongly advises against discouraging letters to soldiers: "Recent reports from commanding generals of certain army divisions indicate that one of the fruitful causes of soldiers deserting themselves without leave is the discouraging letter from home. Such letters frequently give alarming and exaggerated reports of conditions surrounding the soldier's family, that some member is desperately ill, that all are starving, or that the home in some way has been damaged."

In instances such letters have so preyed upon the minds of soldiers that they have deserted themselves without leave to go home, only to find that conditions had been grossly exaggerated. "Meanwhile the soldier had been absent without leave—a serious military offense. His problem then became one of facing the penalty or getting deeper into trouble by deserting. Sometimes a man's pride or fear has led him to desert."

"Every soldier wants to receive letters from home. They should be frequent, cheerful, hopeful, and appreciative of the sacrifice that he is making for his country. They should be full of family incidents and cheerful home gossip. They should protect him from the trifling alarms and the small annoyances of everyday life. They should encourage him by giving full confidence that his family and his friends stand behind him in the great enterprise into which he is entering."

"The value of such letters to soldiers is beyond estimate. The harm that discouraging letters from home do to him is clearly indicated by reports at the adjutant general's office. Here are some extracts from recent reports of division commanders: "I find, also, that many of the families of the men write to them of unsatisfactory conditions at home, sickness of relatives, and how much various members of the family wish to see the soldier. These letters, so far as sickness, etc., are concerned, are often overdrawn, but, combined with the home's feeling, often result in the man going absent reporting leave and finally being dropped as a deserter."

"I am now, through the newspapers of Indiana and through lecturers in Kentucky, whom we are able to reach through the office of the adjutant general of that state, endeavoring to advise the home people of these men of the seriousness of these offenses and that their efforts should be to assist every man in performing the duty that has devolved on him, to lighten his worries, and, above all, to regard desertion in its proper light. I shall also attempt to get the West Virginia papers to institute campaigns of education along similar lines."

"A division inspector submitted the following in this connection: "While stationed at Columbus barracks, Ohio, last year I was a member of a general court-martial that tried approximately 100 enlisted men for desertion from National Guard regiments stationed on the border. I believe I am safe in saying that at least 90 per cent of them gave as their reason for desertion the fact that they had received letters from home to the effect that a wife, sister, or mother was either dying, very ill, or in distress. These men, however, were the man to come home at once. Many of the men admitted that when they arrived home they found that the writer of the letter had exaggerated the conditions."

"Many young soldiers, fresh from home, suffer from homesickness, no matter how army officers may try to make their surroundings pleasant and comfortable and provide proper amusements. Extraordinary measures have been taken by the war department during the past year to keep the young soldier actively engaged while in camp with sports, amusements, and comforts that a wholesome psychology might be sustained. Still, a type of soldier will yearn for home and fall into a brooding mood. It is obvious how harmful to him and to the service a discontented letter from home might be."

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GRAHAM CHURCH DIRECTORY Graham Baptist Church—Rev. L. U. Weston, Pastor. Preaching every first and third Sundays at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m. W. I. Ward, Supt. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m.

Graham Christian Church—N. Main Street—Rev. F. C. Lester. Preaching services every Second and Fourth Sundays at 11:00 a. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 10:00 a. m.—W. R. Harden, Superintendent.

New Providence Christian Church—North Main Street, near Depot—Rev. F. C. Lester, Pastor. Preaching every Second and Fourth Sunday nights at 8:00 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—J. A. Bayliff, Superintendent.

Christian Endeavor Prayer Meeting every Thursday night at 7:45 o'clock. Friends—North of Graham Public School, Rev. John M. Fernar, Pastor. Preaching 1st, 2nd and 3rd Sundays at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—Selle Zachary, Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal, South—cor. Main and Maple Streets, Rev. D. E. Erhardt, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—W. B. Green, Supt. M. P. Church—N. Main Street, Rev. R. S. Troxler, Pastor. Preaching first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—J. L. Amick, Supt.

Presbyterian—West Elm Street—Rev. T. M. McConnell, pastor. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—Lynn B. Williamson, Superintendent. Presbyterian (Travlers Chapel)—J. W. Clegg, pastor. Preaching every Second and Fourth Sundays at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 a. m.—J. Harvey White, Superintendent.

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