Life Was a Misery

Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Palmer, Okla., writes:

"From the time I entered into womanhood . . . I looked with dread from one month to the next. I suffered with my back and bearing-down pain, until life to me was a misery. I would think I could not endure the pain any longer, and I gradually got worse. . . Nothing seemed to help me until, one day, . . . I decided to

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles," Mrs. Jones goes on to say, "and was not only greatly relieved, but can truthfully say that I have not a pain. . .

"It has now been two years since I took Cardui, and I am still in good health. . . I would advise any woman or girl to use Cardui who is a sufferer from any female trouble."

If you suffer pain caused from womanly trouble, or if you feel the need of a good strengthening tonic to build up your run-down system, take the advice of Mrs. Jones. Try Cardui. It helped her. We believe it will help you.

All Druggists

J. 68

GENERAL COMMENT OF LONDON PRESS

ITALY WENT BEYOND TREATY OF LONDON IN CLAIMING PORT OF FIUME.

SOME PAPERS UNCONVINCED

Evening Globe, Strongly Anti-Wilson, Says That the President Takes an Impossible Attitude.

London.—All the London evening newspapers devote their leading articles to President Wilson's appeal in connection with the Italian situation at the Paris conference and to Premier Orlando's decision to withdraw from the conference. The Westminster Gazette endorses the statement of the American executive, noting that Italy in her claims went beyond the treaty of London in claiming Fiume as well as the Trentino and other territory assigned her by the London pact.

"We are obliged to point out," says the newspaper, "that in this very treaty Fiume was assigned to the Croatians. If, then, the appeal is to the treaty, we are as much bound not to give Fiume to Italy as we are bound to give her the other territories."

If the Italians claim Fiume under the principle of self-determination, adds The Gazette, that principle also applies to the Slav regions which were assigned to Italy under the treaty.

The Evening Standard says it cannot pretend to be convinced by President Wilson's arguments, while The Pall Mall Gazette says that Italy is claiming the fulfillment of the treaty where she is the gainer by its terms and its abrogation where it stands in the way of her full demands.

"Her statesmen," The Pall Mall Gazette adds, "must realize upon reflection that the second attitude undermines whatever moral force is inherent in the trust."

The Evening Globe, which is strongly anti-Wilson, says the President has taken up an impossible attitude. It refers to his appeal as an insult to the Italians and suggests that his best course would be "to retire gracefully from a discussion which concerns neither himself nor the American continent."

REQUEST OF THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT GRANTED

Paris.—The request of the German government that German fishermen be permitted in the Skagerrak and Cattegat passages was granted by the supreme economic council.

The council also approved the proposal for a more extensive use of the water route through Germany by the way of Hamburg and the River Elbe. It abolished the existing limitation of 8,000 tons of food and material in order to supply the present needs of the Czecho-Slovaks. It is estimated that the traffic through the Elbe probably will amount to from 25,000 to 35,000 tons at a time.

New York.—The navy department announced here the personnel of the aviation crews—five men to a plane—who will attempt next month to cross the Atlantic in three huge hydroairplanes. Commander A. C. Read and Lieut. Commander P. N. L. Bellinger will be the plane commanders with the first named in general charge of the expedition a week's wait is expected at the Rockaway station.

LEAGUE MADE PART OF PEACE TREATY

BUT LITTLE ARGUMENT AND NO DISSENSION MARKS FINAL GOAL TO SUCCESS.

ITALY WAS NOT REPRESENTED

When Decision Was Taken Mr. Wilsan Was Surrounded and Congratulated by Delegates.

Paris.—The covenant of the league of nations in revised form, moved by President Wilson, was adopted by the peace conference in plenary session without a dissenting vote and without amendment.

The President's motion also named Sir James Eric Drummond as secretary-general of the league and provided for a committee to inaugurate the league. Thus one of the notable works of the conference passes its final stage and is incorporated in the peace treaty.

Italy was not represented at the session, but the name of Italy appears as one of the members of the league in the covenant as finally adopted.

Nine labor principles were adopted for insertion in the treaty.

The session adjourned without considering the report on responsibilities, providing for the trial of the former German emperor by five judges from the great powers. This report was handed in by the council of four and embodies in the peace treaty a provision for the former emperor's prosecution .

For the first time at the conference sessions Italy was not represented and the five seats of Premier Orlando and his colleagues at the right of M. Clemenceau, the presiding officer, remained vacant. The other delegations presented full ranks, and the scene was stirring as the French premier opened the session.

When the decision w as taken President Wilson was surrounded by delegates and friends who congratulated him on the constitution of the league which he had steered past many quicksands.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD ARE AGAIN FIXED ON ROME

Paris.—The world is awaiting for definite news from Rome regarding Premier Orlando's plans for emerging from the impasse resulting from the Fiume intransigience.

All eyes in Paris are turned toward the German delegates who are doing their best to appear as distinguished guests, rather than the emissaries of a beaten nation.

The Temps' Berlin correspondent sends an interview with Professor Schucking, in which the professor, who always was the ardent enemy of the pan-Germans, says:

"This epoch of German history is dead and buried. It was the epoch of Bismarck based upon force. It was also the poch of Prussia and the latter's downfall liberated the fatherland. We hope to bury at Versailles also the old regime based on the negative, sterile idea of European equilibrium and erect in its place a society of nations."

FIVE CENTS A MILE ONLY TO MUSTERING-IN POINT

Washington.—Travel allowances of five cents a mile to discharged soldiers authorized by a recently enacted law can be paid only to cover expenses from the point where the soldier was discharged to the place where he was originally mustered into the service Comptroller of the Treasury W. W. Warwick transmitted a ruling to this effect to the war department.

If the soldiers home is a greater distance from the demobilization camp than the place from which he entered the service, the comptroller ruled, it will be necessary for him to present a claim to the war department for the difference between the amount actually spent by him in reaching his home and that paid to him upon his discharge.

MORE THAN TWO MILLION ARE WORKING IN VICTORY DRIVE.

Washington. — Uncounted millions of subscriptions to Victory Liberty notes poured into banks and soliciting committees throughout the United States, but no official reports had reached national headquarters here to give any comprehensive idea of the harvest on the opening day of the three weeks' campaign. Subscriptions probably will not be shown fully in reports to the treasury until late in the week.

More than 2,000,000 volunteers were at work in the big concerted movement to "finish the job".

WITHDRAWING AMERICAN TROOPS ROM FRONT LINE

Archangel.—The American troops are gradually being withdrawn from the front lines, preparatory to their departure when the harbor opens. As far as possible they are being replaced by new Russian trtoops, who are being schooled at the front by American and British officers.

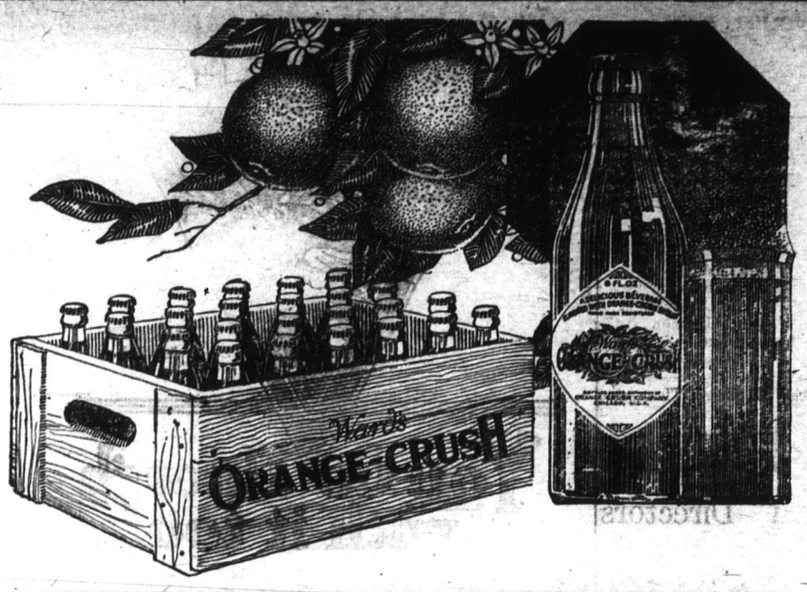
There are at present no Americans on the Pinega or Kodish-Sremakrenga fronts and the process of relief is underway on the railroad.

Looks Years Younger---No Gray Hair.

It seems so unwise to have gray, faded or lifeless hair these days, now that Q-ban Hair Color Restorer will bring a natural, even, dark shade, without detection to gray or lifeless hair.

Have handsome, soft lustrous hair in abundance without a trace of of gray. Apply Q-ban—guaranteed harmless—50c a large bottle—money back if not satisfied. sold by the Hayes Drug Co., and all good drug stors. Try Q-ban Hair Tonic, Liquid Champoo and Soap.

Try Q-ban



Ward's

ORANGE-CRUSH

The National Orange Drink

A PURE sparkling fruit beverage with a flavor richly rare and tempting. Orange-Crush contains the true full flavor of the natural orange with an added champagne sparkle produced by a special carbonating process. Pure as the freshest fruit. Orange-Crush is a far finer thirst-quencher and much more delicious.

We suggest that you order a case of Orange-Crush today for the home. Obtainable wherever soft drinks are sold. The product of our modern bottling establishment. Orange-Crush is the perfect family health-drink.

5c. by the bottle. Less by the case.

Graham Chero-Cola Bottling Co.

HE FINISHED THE JOB

A. F. MOON, JR.

Unique in the annals of war loan history is the case of A. F. Moon, Jr., cashier of the Cartersville Bank, Cartersville, Va. He has already secured subscriptions for the entire allotment of his bank. This is the first bank in the Fifth Federal Reserve District which has made such a record, so far as is known.

"I am working night and day for my town, county, state and nation," declared Mr. Moon. "At the close of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, I thought it would be a good idea to keep the ball rolling, so instead of stopping I went straight ahead and continued getting subscriptions for the Fifth Loan. Our bank sold $35,000 of the Fourth issue, which is more than double its quota, and I was so much encouraged over that record that I decided to start right to work on the Fifth Loan.

"Up to date, we have subscriptions for more than $20,000 Victory Bonds, but we are not through yet and expect to go right ahead and try to double this if possible. The argument I used was simply that the Victory Loan was needed by my Government and that it was up to every man to finish the job by paying the bills for a victory which would have been cheap at double the price."

Mr. Moon said he didn't know much about the terms, interest rates of other details of the Victory Loan and didn't care, going on the assumption that the loan would be a good proposition in any shape offered.

SPECULATORS TRY TO OBTAIN BONDS

Reports are wide-spread that some owners of Liberty Bonds have sold them at prices lower than their market value. Investigations show that shrewd speculators are active in trying to induce people to part with their government securities. Many of them are offering to take Liberty bonds in exchange for other so-called "security" which promises a higher rate of interest than Liberty Bonds.

It is pointed out by treasury officials that Liberty Bonds are worth every dollar paid for them. One evidence of their value is the eagerness of the speculator to get possession of them. He knows what they are worth. The Liberty Bond owner does not know the value of the "stock" or "bond" he is offered in exchange for his government security.

Liberty bonds have back of them the entire resources of the United States which makes them worth their face value. The person who exchanges them for some other kind of paper risks losing the money invested in his bond as well as the interest.

Other people are selling their bonds because they feel that "the war's over" and they are no longer obligated to hold them. Although fighting has ceased, the war will not be over until the peace treaty is signed and our soldiers are home. A Liberty Bond is a certificate of service and the person who sells it at a sacrifice, except in cases of extreme necessity, is failing to "carry on." He is reflecting on his own patriotism and surrendering an investment that never will fail to pay returns.

It is recognized that there are times when investors are compelled to seek relief from financial distress. Often their first impulse is to dispose of their Liberty Bonds. In such cases the bank is the place to go. Banks will lend money on Liberty Bonds. The borrower is helped out of his difficulty and does not lose possession of his government bond.

FARMER EXPECTED TO SUPPORT LOAN

Stirring Appeal is Sent Out by Heads of Thirty-five National, Interstate and State Agricultural Organizations.

A stirring appeal to American farmers to maintain their wartime precedent of patriotism and loyalty in the support of the Fifth Liberty Loan has been issued by the heads of thirty-five national, interstate and state farmers organizations.

"To make your participation in the Victory Liberty Loan both in money and service, the measure of your devotion to the great cause of democracy" is the cause for which these farm organization leaders, headed by J. N. Tittemore, president, American Society of Equity of Madison, Wis., have sent a message to all farmers of the country, as follows:—

"To the Farmers of America:

"No finer patriotic service was ever rendered than when the farmers of America, short of labor, credit and farm supplies, still grew the increased crops without which we could not have won the war. The farm women and children gave their labor in the fields and the farms sent more than a million of their best to join the colors. The more that is known about the war, the more gloriously our farmers' part in it will shine.

"The Victory Liberty Loan Drive begins April 21 and continues until May 10. We appeal to you, farmers of America, to finish what you have so well begun. Make this loan as superb a success as the war crops you have raised. See to it that the farmers lead in putting the Victory Loan over the top.

"Make your participation in the VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN both in money and service, the measure of your devotion to the great cause of democracy—the democracy for which many of our boys have made the supreme sacrifice. Let your subscription and your effort be both an offering of thanksgiving for the return of peace and the means by which the world may measure the strength of your patriotism and your determination to see to it that the war shall not have been fought in vain.

"Yours fraternally,

"J. N. Tittemore, president, American Society of Equity, Madison, Wis.

"Grant H. Slocum, president, National Gleaners' Association, Detroit

"John J. Farrell, president, National Creamery Butter Makers' Association, St. Paul, Minn.

"N. P. Hull, president, National Dairy Union, Lansing, Mich.

"Milo D. Campbell, president National Milk Producers' Federation, Coldwater, Mich.

"John B. Kendrick, president, American National Live Stock Association, U. S. Senate.

"J. H. Kimble, president, Farmers' National Congress, Port Deposit, Md.

"A. C. Townley, president National Nonpartisan League, St. Paul, Minn.

"C. H. Gustafson, president, Nebraska Farmers' Union, Omaha, Neb.

"Arthur Capper, chairman, Farmers' National Committee on War Finance, Topeka, Kan.

"Benjamin C. Marsh, secretary, Farmers' National Committee on War Finance, Washington, D. C.

"Herbert F. Baker, president, Farmers' National Council, State Senate, Lansing, Mich.

"George P. Hampton, managing director, Farmers' National Council.

"L. J. Taber, master, Ohio State Grange, Barnesville, Ohio.

"S. J. Lowell, master, New York State Grange, Fredonia, N. Y.

"E. M. Sweitzer, director, National Agricultural Organization Society, Madison, Wis.

"J. W. Pincus, formerly secretary, Federation of Jewish Farmers of America, New York, N. Y.

"Richard T. Ely, secretary, American Association for Agricultural Legislation, Madison, Wis.

"Charles S. Barrett, president, National Farmers Union, Union City, Ga.

"John A. McSparran, master, Pennsylvania State Grange, Furniss, Pa.

"W. T. Creasy, secretary, National Dairy Union, Catawissa, Pa.

"A. B. Thornhill, president, Farmers' Union of Virginia, Lynchbrug, Va.

"R. D. Cooper, president, Dairymen's League, New York city.

"Gifford Pinchot, president, Pennsylvania Rural Progress Association.

"Charles A. Lyman secretary, National Board of Farm Organization.

"Maurice McAuliffe, president, State Farmers' Union of Kansas, Salina, Kan.

"J. W. Shorthill, secretary, National Council of Farmerr' Co-operative Associations, York, Neb.

"Charles W. Holman, secretary, National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits, Madison, Wis.

"John D. Miller, director, Dairymen's League, Susquehanna, Pa.

"C. G. Patterson, secretary, Intermountain Association of Sugar Beet Growers, Salt Lake City, Utah.

"Henry C. Wallace, secretary Corn Belt Meat Producers Association, Des Moines, Iowa.

"Richard Pattee, secretary New England Milk Producers' Association, Boston, Mass.

"E. A. Calvin, Washington representative, Cotton States Official Advisory Marketing Board, Washington, D. C.

"John C. Ketchum, master, Michigan State Grange, Hastings, Mich.

WOULD JOIN IN REQUEST TO FIX THE PRICE OF COTTON

Topeka, Kan.—Governor Allen, of Kansas, declared he was ready to join in an appeal to the federal government to fix a guaranteed price for cotton, except that which was in the hands of speculators, in a telegram sent to W. B. Cooper, at Wilmington, N. C.

Governor Allen's telegram was sent in reply to one from Mr. Cooper, who asked him if he "would join Southern cotton people in asking the federal government to guarantee 35 cents a pound for middling cotton up to June, 1920, or so long as the present wheat prices are guaranteed."

In reply, Governor Allen wired:

"I will be glad to join Southern cotton people in asking the federal government for a guaranteed cotton price for all cotton that has not been held for speculative prices during the war. This guarantee, of course, would apply to the new crop."

Just a half-wit, they called Barber Blaney.
Barber knew, though, some day would be rainy,
So he shaved and he shaved
And he saved and he saved—
And bought bonds.—Now they cal Blaney brainy.

WAR MOVIE DIRECTOR

HARRY W. WEBB.

He is a Baltimore theatrical man and has been appointed film chairman by the War Loan Organization of the Fifth Federal Reserve District. He will direct the movie program of the district, his biggest job being the distribution of "The Price of Peace," a movie of actual battlefield activities, which will be shown during the Victory Loan campaign.

Mr. Webb operates six of Baltimore's leading motion picture theaters. He has had wide business experience, having held executive positions with electric light and telephone plants in Wilmington, Pittsburgh and Baltimore. He was formerly vice president of the Wilmington Telephone & Electric Light Company, and was also engaged in the development of several of Baltimore's suburbs. Recently he has devoted his time to the motion picture business.

HIS BROKEN NECK CURED BY COLLAR

Surgeons Mend Lieutenant After Fall of 2,500 Feet and He Now Flies Again and is Happy.

There is a man in San Francisco walking around with a broken neck. He is Lieutenant Charles M. Cummins, of Virginia.

Cummins was an army aviator. While making a flight at Gerstner Field, La., in February, 1918, he fell 2,500 feet, fracturing the fourth, fifth, and sixth cervical vertebrae and dislocating several other vertebrae partially.

After the fall he was sent to Letterman General Hospital at the Presidio in San Francisco for treatment. Army surgeons who are working almost miracles there in the reconstruction of the war wounded finally fitted a metal colar on the aviator to carry the weight of his head. It worked—and now Lieutenant Cummins is walking about apparently normal.

One of Many.

Lieutenant Cummin's case is only one of many, but it stands out because of the popular superstition that a man can't live if his neck is broken. The reconstruction surgeons at Letterman are working on hundreds of cases much more difficult than the flyer's.

They are receiving men there daily from the battlefields of France, whose legs and arms hang withered and helpless and they are turning these men out, after months of treatment and patient mechanical manipulation, able to use their arms and legs and capable of making a living. The cost, of course, is tremendous when one takes into consideration the fact that the same work is being carried on in many military hospitals.

More Money Needed.

Already Congress has appropriated millions of dollars to carry on the work and many millions more will have to be made available for the cause. For it is a cause, this regeneration of the men who gave their bodies to their country.

Part of the money to be realized from the Victory Liberty Loan will be used for this job of reconstruction or regeneration. Think of this when you are making up your mind as to how much of the loan you, personally, are going to subscribe.

Lieutenant Cummins made a flight with his collar on just to convince himself that he hadn't lost his nerve. We can't afford to lose our nerve on a dollar and cents proposition in the face of the deeds of such men.

TRADED HIS LEG.

A Canadian Baptist minister, who chose a rifle rather than a chaplaincy and lost his leg in action, was being commiserated on the "loss" of the leg.

"I did not lose my leg," he replied. "I traded it fofr a clear conscience."

"I traded it for a clear conscience."

Better trade your dollars for a clear conscience in the Victory Loan. You won't regret it and you will get the dollars back with interest.

Do it Now

Don't wait until your cold develops Spanish Influenza or pneumonia. Kill it quick.

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HAPPY WORKMEN MADE BY THRIFT

Group Saving Has Proved Highly Profitable to Thousands of Employees of Sanely Managed Concerns.

Every business is either thrifty or unthrifty. If thrift governs, then there will be accurate knowledge of costs, sound finance, far-seeing policy, the best use of labor and materials, with intelligent creation of a money surplus to meet emergencies. If unthrifty, the concern is bound for bankruptcy, which will arrive sooner or later.

Thrift goes far beyond the executive office, and so does lack of it. A thriftily managed business will have steady, skillful employees, working in pleasant surroundings, with every advantage in the way of equipment, and every advantage in earning power. The unthrifty business is too familiar. It attracts chiefly the driftwood among workers. Unpleasant surroundings and poor equipment make work drudgery. Wages are below good standards, and the year is usually marked by periods of idleness, if not labor troubles.

Thrifty managers have learned in recent years that thrift facilities extended to their employees are part of general thrift in management. The employee must set aside his surplus, too. He is more than willing to save if he is the kind of man who values a job with a thrifty concern. But it has not always been easy for him to put his weekly savings in a secure place. Savings institutions may be far from the pay window. Employers have overcome this handicap in many cases by accepting deposits to be transferred to a bank, by selling securities in their own business to employees on the installment plan, and in other ways. They have also taken pains to see that employees are not victimized by loan sharks or blue-sky promoters.

Since the Thrift Stamp and War Savings Stamps came into existence there has been a wide development of this thrift movement for employees, as part of the management of a thrifty business. Employers know that thrift decreases labor turnover and also increases output. The worker who saves is not worried by debts. He thinks well enough of his job to settle in the community, buy a home, raise a family.

War Savings Stamps offer the best medium for group savings in business organizations. Thousands of savings clubs or societies formed during the war to help finance the government have been found so valuable that thousands more will be organized. The best proof of the health, stability and usefulness of any industry is its hearty teamwork with the Treasury Department in organizing savings societies for the regular purchase of Thrift and War Savings Stamps.

REVELATION OF HORRORS DONE IN UNHAPPY RUSSIA

London—Official revelation of barbarities more revolting than any conceived during the inquisition, is contained in a collection of reports by British diplomatic representatives in Russia compiled to portray the conditions in that country during the bolshevist regime of the last two years, which has just been presented to parliament by command of His Majesty King George.

The collection includes photographs of unnamable atrocities and the descriptions of the cruelties and atrocious practices, the murder, rapine, chaos and starvation that has prevailed in the distorted country since the rise of bolshevism are officially attested in all cases by competent witnesses.

DRUG STORE GOODS ARE TO ADVANCE IN PRICE

Washington.—Products of the druggist's shelf will go up in price one cent on each 25 cents of cost May 1 as a result of the imposition on that day of the new war tax. The internal revenue bureau today reminded that this levy will be made by the use of revenue stamps.

A like tax is imposed on proprietary medicines "as to which the manufacturer or producer claims to have any private formula.

PATENTS

trade marks and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and description for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. Bank references.

PATENTS BUILD FORTUNES for you. Our free booklets tell how, what to invent and save you money. Write today.

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303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

BLANK BOOKS

Journals, Ledgers,
Day Books,
Time Books,
Counter Books,
Tally Books,
Order Books,
Large Books,
Small Books,
Pocket Memo.,
Vest Pocket Memo.,
&c., &c.

For Sale At

The Gleaner Printing Office

Graham, N. C.

Land Sale!

Under and by virtue of an order of sale, made by the Superior Court of Alamance county, in a Special Proceeding therein pending, for the purpose of selling the real estate hereinafter described, I will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Graham, at twelve o'clock M. on

FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1919,

the following residence property, to-wit:

Beginning at a rock, R. V. Sharpe's corner in L. Banks Holt's line, running thence N. 1° and 40' E. 2.12 chains to a rock; thence S. 88° 20' E. 2.25 chains to a rock; thence S. 1.40° W. 2.12 chains to a rock, corner Sharpe and Peter Kinney; thence N. 88° 20' W. with said Sharpe's line 2.25 chains to the beginning, and containing one-half acre, more or less.

Terms of Sale: Cash. Sale subject to confirmation of the Court. Bidding begins at $825.00.

This 16th day of April, 1919.

J. S. COOK,
Commissioner.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher