

# For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

## TAKE

# CARDUI

## The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help. "I was taken sick, seemed to be . . .," writes Mrs. Mary E. Veste, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . . I read of Cardui, after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I took it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

# AUSTRIAN KINGDOM BOUNDARIES FIXED

ITALIAN POPULATION IS AGAIN BECOMING RESTIVE OVER REPORTS ON FIUME.

# HUN RESISTANCE DYING HARD

Ebert Says Treaty is Monstrous Document, Which Has No Precedent in Determination to Annihilate.

A conference between Baron Sonnino, Italian foreign minister, and Colonel E. M. House, of the American peace delegation, regarding Italy's claims to Fiume and the Adriatic at which the notes presented by the German peace delegation concerning prisoners of war and labor were turned over to experts for investigation, and the completion of the task of defining the new Austrian boundaries represented the entire activities in peace conference circles in Paris.

The result of the conversation between Baron Sonnino and Colonel House has not been made public. Meantime dispatches from Rome indicate that the Italian population again is becoming restive after having learned that the report of last week that Italy's claims to Fiume had been settled was erroneous.

Added to this irritation is dissatisfaction because Italy was not mentioned as one of the parties to the proposed Anglo-Franco-American alliance; the question of the division of America's merchant marine; the treaty provision with Germany that the three principal powers are sufficient to ratify the treaty, and other small matters in which the Italians feel they have been slighted.

From Germany come reports of continued dissatisfaction of the terms which Germany has been told she must meet in order to obtain peace. Reiteration that it will be impossible to carry out the provisions are to be heard everywhere. Great demonstrations of protest have been held in Berlin, Breslau and other cities.

No less a person than Frederick Ebert, president of Germany, has announced that he is standing on President Wilson's 14 points for peace. Ebert alluded to the peace treaty as a "monstrous document" which, he said, holds no precedent in determination completely to annihilate vanquished peoples.

STRIKES INCREASE; GERMANS MADE IMMUNE TO HORRORS

Berlin.—The people, though fairly stricken dumb by the peace terms, are now recovering sufficiently to declare that Germany cannot and will not sign the compact no matter what comes.

Strikes are increasing and bolshevism and spartacism are arising, if anything, made Germans immune to the possible horrors which are to be anticipated if they are again plunged into war.

RESIGNATION OF INDUSTRIAL BOARD HAS BEEN ACCEPTED

Washington.—Governmental efforts to hasten the return of industry to normal peace time activity by stabilizing prices through the industrial board of the department of commerce have come to an end.

Following a final unsuccessful effort to bring the railroad administration and steel producers to an agreement on prices in New York, the resignations of the board were accepted by Secretary Redfield.

# SALVATION ARMY VALIANT IN WAR

Having Served Gloriously in the Trenches, Is Coming Back From Overseas for Peace Time Activities.

## ASKS HOME SERVICE FUND.

National Campaign to Replenish Resources Depleted by Long and Direct Contact Services With Our Boys Scheduled for May 19-28.

New York (Special).—Like the 2,000,000 American boys who served so gloriously in the trenches of France, the Salvation Army is coming back from overseas, ready to put aside its khaki uniform of war service, and again the "Clivies" and embark once more on its normal peace time activities.

And, just like those doughboys, the Salvation Army has come out of the war victorious and with citations for bravery, decorations for gallantry under fire and golden chevrons indicative of honorably won wounds on its arm. The victory which the Salvation Army has won is a victory over the obstacles that lay before it in its purpose of efficient service of the fighters of Pershing's army. Its citations are the thanks, cheers and prayers of 2,000,000 doughboys. Its wound stripes are rightfully golden of hue, for they testify the unselfish way in which the Army threw all its resources—financial, spiritual and moral—into the effort to help the American soldiers in France.

Now the Army is asking the people of America to give it concrete evidence of the gratitude which has been so loudly, and so willingly expressed. From May 19 to 28 the Salvation Army will conduct in the United States a campaign to raise \$13,000,000 for its Home Service Fund. The money is needed both to recoup the fortunes of the Army, shattered by its long service of the soldier and to permit it to carry on the work it has always done on the larger scale which the public now demands. Raising the money by this means, the Salvation Army explains, will eliminate, perhaps permanently, the necessity for the countless solicitation of funds which has been a bugbear to the Army and the public alike. It will permit the workers of the Army, who, forced to devote more than half their time to gathering money, were in consequence only half efficient in their evangelistic and social service work, to devote all their time in future to the duties for which they have been trained.

# That Salvation Army Smile



Several thousand veterans of the Argonne Forest recently entered New York harbor. Among them were several badly wounded Marines. One man, easily distinguished because of a coat sleeve that dangled empty at his side and a Croix de Guerre, was making his way slowly to the waiting ambulance when a Salvation Army girl approached him and offered doughnuts and coffee. "Now I know I am home," he said. "Those doughnuts helped a whole lot 'over there,' and, first crack out of the box when we land, we find more waiting for us. The best thing about the Salvation Army out near the front line was the smile that accompanied the gift. Those girls had a knack of wrapping up every doughnut and every cup of coffee in a smile. The doughnuts were fine, but the smile—that took the place of powdered sugar." The Salvation Army Home Service Fund Campaign for \$13,000,000 opens May 19, to last one week.

# VILLA TAKES PARRAL AND GARRISON OF 260

El Paso, Texas.—According to information received here from Parral Francisco Villa retook that city and made prisoners of the garrison of 260 men under Colonel Gomez who had occupied the town a few days before. The garrison was outnumbered but made little resistance. Repeating his action when he took Parral on Easter Sunday, Villa freed the prisoners and told them to go to work. Casualties were light on both sides.

# Pensions are the silver linings of war clouds

## BANISH GRAY HAIR

Don't look old and gray—don't fall behind in life's procession. Bring back a natural, even color to your hair in a perfectly healthful, simple way by using guaranteed Q-ban Hair Restorer. You ought to have beautiful hair—dark, lustrous and silky. Q-ban is all ready to use—money back if not satisfied. Sold by Hayes Drug Co., and all good drug stores. See per large bottle. Try Q-ban Hair Tonic, Liquid Shampoo, Soap, also Q-ban depilatory.

Try Q-ban

Hayes Drug Co., Inc., New York, N. Y.

# FEELING RUNNING HIGH IN HUNLAND

ANARCHY PREFERRED TO SLAVERY IS THE REMARK HEARD ON ALL SIDES.

## ITALIAN MATTERS UNSETTLED

Drafting Committee on Peace Terms to be Presented to Austria Have Begun Work on Document.

Feeling apparently is running high in Germany over what is termed the severity of the peace terms and a review of the opinion in Berlin says that the people are discussing the consequences of a possible refusal to sign the treaty.

"Rather anarchy than slavery" is the remark heard on all sides, the review declared.

One newspaper credits Herr Gieseler, a member of the German delegation at Versailles, as asserting that the only immediate solution is a peace with Russia and the employment of bolshevik troops by Germany.

Unofficial advices from Paris declare that the controversy over Italy's claims to Fiume and the Dalmatian coast is far from being settled. President Wilson, according to these advices, is not in agreement with the compromise plan by which Italy would be given a mandate to administer Fiume until 1923, and then take possession of the city.

The peace terms to be presented to Austria are rapidly taking concrete form. It is announced from Paris that the drafting committee has begun work on the document as a whole. The naval terms as completed, wiping out the entire Austrian navy, the surrender of every ship of the Austrian naval arm being demanded. The allied and associated governments will decide later what disposition shall be made of the vessels. No hint has yet been given as to the other conditions of the treaty.

Meanwhile the German peace delegation at Versailles continues its formidable task of digesting the peace terms handed to it Wednesday by Premier Clemenceau. According to reports originating from a high British source in Paris, the delegates are divided in their views on the drastic conditions laid down.

## CONDITIONS MEAN DEATH TO GERMANY—SCHEIDEMANN

London.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Berlin says that after a five hour session of the German cabinet, Philipp Scheidemann, the chancellor, delivered a speech to the committee appointed to consider the treaty. After comparing the most important conditions laid down by the allies in connection with President Wilson's 14 points, Scheidemann is reported to have said: "These conditions are nothing else than death for Germany, but the government must discuss this document of hatred and madness with sobriety."

## WILSON EXPLAINS PROPOSAL FOR ALLIANCE WITH FRANCE

Washington.—In response to an inquiry from Secretary Tumulty, President Wilson cabled that he had promised the necessity for the countless solicitation of funds which has been a bugbear to the Army and the public alike. The man in need of help is the object of their effort, with never a question of his creed or color.

## INVITATION GIVEN ITALY'S DELEGATES

NEGOTIATIONS MAY BE RESUMED AT POINT WHERE THEY WERE BROKEN OFF.

## KING ALBERT MAY NOT SIGN

All of Munich is now in hands of Government Troops Excepting One Section of the City.

The Italian delegates to the peace conference, who left Paris almost abruptly when the members of the council of four representing Great Britain, France and the United States, refused to grant Italy's full claims to Fiume and the Dalmatian coastal region, have been invited to come back to Paris and resume their places in the peace conference.

## RENEWED TESTIMONY

No one in Graham who suffers backache, headache, or distressing urinary ills, can afford to ignore this Graham woman's twice told story. It is confirmed testimony that no Graham resident can doubt. Mrs. A. R. Plintom, 5 Main St., Graham, gave the following endorsement in January, 1918: "My back felt so lame I could hardly get around and when I was doing my housework I had such pains through my kidneys I could not move. When I was stopping the pains were so severe I often had to scream. It was all I could do to turn over in bed and mornings I would have to have someone to help me get up. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended so highly that I got a box and soon my back was fixed up all right and I felt better in every way."

On July 11, 1918, Mrs. Plintom added, "I still take Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally when my back or kidneys bother me and always get good relief. Doan's have certainly done me a lot of good."

See at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mrs. Paddy, N. Y.

# America's Immortals

Most striking instances of gallantry for which the Distinguished Service Cross has been awarded

## No fiction has ever presented more amazing tales of physical prowess and gallantry under fire than are disclosed by the following official reports of deeds of American fighters in France for which the Distinguished Service Cross has been awarded. These were selected by General Pershing's staff out of hundreds of reports telling of remarkable bravery and fortitude displayed by American soldiers in action.

**SIDNEY E. MANNING,** Corporal, Co. G, 167th Infantry. Corporal Manning received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry near Breuvannes, France, July 28, 1918. Corporal Manning was in charge of an automatic rifle squad during an assault by his battalion on the strongly fortified heights overlooking the Ourcq river for the purpose of exploiting the successful passage of the stream. During the advance on the hill his platoon commander was killed and just as the crest was reached the platoon sergeant was wounded. Corporal Manning then assumed command of the platoon, which was near the center of the assaulting line and was meeting with desperate resistance. Though he himself was severely wounded and was the only survivor of his squad, this soldier led forward the 35 effectives remaining in the platoon against an enemy strong point which was wired, entrenched and defended by machine guns and dominated the entire Ourcq valley. He was repeatedly wounded, but he succeeded in getting a foothold at this strong point with but seven men remaining with him. While the latter consolidated their position, Corporal Manning, with his platoon on the flank, held off a considerable number of the enemy 60 yards away by fire from his automatic rifle. He remained in this position until the entire line had been consolidated, when he crawled back to shelter, having received nine wounds. Mrs. Lizzie Manning, his mother, lives in Flomatin, Ala.

## JOHN C. VILLEPIQUE,

Corporal, Company M, 118th Infantry. For unusual bravery displayed in action at Vaux-Andigny, France, October 15, 1918, Corp. Villepique was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. Having been sent out with two other soldiers to scout through the village of Vaux-Andigny, Corp. Villepique met with strong resistance from enemy machine guns which killed one of his men and wounded the other. Continuing his advance, without aid, 500 yards in advance of his platoon and in the face of artillery and machine gun fire, he encountered four of the enemy in a dugout, whom he attacked and killed with a bayonet. Corp. Villepique's home is at 1517 Lyttleton street, Camden, S. C.

## GEORGE DILBOY,

Private, Company H, 103rd Infantry. Private Dilboy won the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry near Belleau, France, July 18, 1918. He led from wounds received at that time. After his platoon had gained its objective along a railroad embankment, Private Dilboy, accompanying his platoon leader to reconnoiter the ground beyond, was suddenly fired upon by an enemy machine gun from one hundred yards. From a standing position on the railroad track, fully exposed to view, he opened fire at once, but failing to silence the gun, rushed forward with his bayonet fixed, through a wheat field toward the gun emplacement, falling within twenty-five yards of the gun with his right leg nearly severed above the knee, and with several bullet holes in his body, with undiminished courage, he continued to fire into the emplacement from a prone position, killing two of the enemy and dispersing the rest of the crew. Private Dilboy's home was in Boston, Mass.

## JAMES C. DOZIER,

First Lieutenant, Company G, 119th Infantry. For conspicuous bravery after being wounded near Montrehain, France, October 8, 1918, Lieut. Dozier was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. In command of two platoons, Lieut. Dozier was painfully wounded in the shoulder early in the attack, but he continued to lead his men, displaying the highest bravery and skill. When his command was held up by heavy machine gun fire, he disposed his men in the best cover available and with a soldier continued forward to attack a machine gun nest. Creeping up to the position in the face of intense fire, he killed the entire crew of the machine gun and his platoon, and a little later captured a number of Germans who had taken refuge in a dugout nearby. Lieut. Dozier's home is with his father, John H. Dozier, 524 Anasret street, Rock Hill, S. C.

## GEORGE G. MUMFURT,

Captain, 306th Infantry. Captain Mumfurt received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry in action at Charlevaux, in the Forest d'Argonne, France, October 2 to 8, 1918. Captain Mumfurt commanded a battalion which was cut off and surrounded by the enemy and, although wounded in the knee by shrapnel on October 4, and suffering great pain, continued throughout the entire period to encourage his officers and men with a resilient optimism that contributed largely toward preventing panic and disorder among the troops. He was without food, cut off from communication with his line, and October 4, during a heavy barrage, he personally directed and supervised the moving of the wounded to shelter before he himself sought shelter. October 6 he was wounded in the shoulder by a German grenade. He continued personally to organize and direct the defense against the German attack on the position until the attack was defeated. He continued to direct and command his troops, refusing relief, and personally led his men out of the position after German prisoners had been taken to the hospital October 8. During this period the successful defense of the position was due largely to his efforts. His wife is at 22 East 70th street, New York.

## HAROLD A. FURLONG,

First Lieutenant, Company M, 353rd Infantry. Lieut. Furlong won the Distinguished Service Cross for bravery in action near Bantheville, France, November 1, 1918. Immediately after the opening of the attack in the Bois de Bantheville, when his company was held up by severe machine gun fire from the front, which killed his company commander and several soldiers, Lieut. Furlong moved out in advance of the line with great courage and coolness, crossing an open space several hundred yards wide. Taking up a position behind the line of machine guns, he closed in on them, one at a time, killing a number of the enemy with his rifle, putting four machine gun nests out of action, and driving twenty German prisoners into our lines. Lieut. Furlong's home is at 2950 West Grand boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

## MICHAEL J. PERKINS,

Private, First Class, Company D, 101st Infantry. Private Perkins (deceased) was decorated for conspicuous gallantry in action with the enemy at Belleau Bois, France, October 27, 1918. He voluntarily crawled alone to a German "pill box" machine gun emplacement, from which grenades were being thrown at his platoon. Awaiting his opportunity, when the door was again opened and another grenade thrown over him, he threw a bomb inside, bursting the door open, and then, drawing his trench knife, rushed into the emplacement. In a hand-to-hand struggle he killed and wounded several of the occupants and captured twenty-five prisoners, at the same time silencing seven machine guns. Michael Perkins, his father, lives at 247 E street, South Boston, Mass.

## CARL F. PAYSON,

Sergeant, Company C, 125th Infantry. Sergeant Payson (deceased) received the Distinguished Service Cross for conspicuous gallantry in action with the enemy at Clerges, northeast of Chateau-Thierry, France, August 1, 1918. During the attack made by his company on the village of Clerges, Sgt. Payson was mortally wounded in the head by a machine gun bullet. He succeeded in keeping his feet, away the school mistresses, but the villagers saw there was no delimitation of women folk.

## GARY EVANS FOSTER,

Sergeant, Company F, 118th Infantry. Sgt. Foster, whose home is at Iman, S. C., was decorated for conspicuous bravery displayed near Montrehain, France, October 8, 1918. While his company was held up by machine gun fire from a sunken road, Sgt. Foster, with an officer, went forward to attack the hostile machine gun nests. The officer was wounded, but Sgt. Foster continued on alone in the face of the heavy fire and by effective use of hand grenades and his pistol killed several of the enemy and captured eighteen.

## WILLIAM M. FEIGLE,

Sergeant, 5th Regiment, U. S. Marine Corps. Sgt. Feigle upheld the traditions of the marines and was decorated for conspicuous intrepidity at Beaumont, France, November 10, 1918. While an ammunition train was passing through the town one of the trucks was struck by a shell and set on fire. Knowing that it would soon explode and kill all those in the vicinity, Sgt. Feigle jumped on the truck and drove it to the outskirts of the town, thereby saving the lives of at least thirty-five people.

# THE RUSSIAN ARMY GAINING STRENGTH

DISCONTENT AND REBELLION IS REPORTED BY PRISONERS IN ANARCHIST HERD.

## SACRILEGE AND DESECRATION

Sympathies of Russians Alienated by Absolute and Wanton Disrespect of Their Religion.

## Archangel.—The situation is still tranquil, though the breaking up of the river may dictate the expediency of action against the bolsheviks next week. Our flotilla is ready to go up the moment the ice is free. Reports of prisoners from bolshevik sectors indicate discontent and rebellion among the bolsheviks. Civilian Russians here are watching anxiously the movements of the allies.

## The Russian army is gaining strength and terror. General Ironside

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