

SIX MONTHS I COULD NOT WORK

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Me Strong and Able to Work—I Recommend It To All My Friends.

Bayonne, N. J.—"I had pains in back and legs so that I could not stand caused by female trouble. I felt so tired all the time, had had headaches, and for six months I could not work. I was treated by a physician and took other remedies but got no relief. A friend told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has helped me very much. I am well and strong and now able to do my work. I cannot thank you enough and I recommend your medicine to my friends who are sick."—Mrs. SUBIE SACATANSKY, 25 East 17th St., Bayonne, N. J.

It must be admitted by every fair-minded, intelligent person, that a medicine could not live and grow in popularity for over forty years, and today hold a record for such wonderful success as does Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, without possessing great virtue and actual worth. Such medicines must be looked upon and termed both standard and dependable by every thinking person.

It is usually the blunt man who says the sharpest things.

SKIN ERUPTIONS ON THE FACE

are unsightly and mar the appearance of many a woman whose face would be otherwise attractive. There is no need for this. Just get a box of Tetterine and use it regularly and you will be surprised how quickly pimples, blotches, itchy patches, etc., disappear and how soft and clear the skin becomes. Nothing better for eczema and other skin troubles than Tetterine. Sold by druggists or mailed for 50c. by Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.—Adv.

It is never too late to break yourself of a bad habit.

Indigestion produces disagreeable and sometimes alarming symptoms. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills stimulate the digestive processes to function naturally.—Adv.

The loss of a friend adds one to the list of enemies.

The profiteer grows more and more daring.

Vegetarians are men who smoke the cigars of today.

Some get rich quick, more get rich slowly, most stay poor.

If Russia really has no leisure class it must be in terrible straits for office boys.

Will the full coal hod replace the full dinner pail as the emblem of prosperity?

"Never put off until tomorrow what can be done today." It may cost you about \$1 more.

One thing about the gypsy fortune tellers: they know as much about the future as anybody.

Too many American workmen are drifting into the lazy way of less work for more pay.

80 Years Old — Was Sick

Now Feels Young After Taking E tonic for Sour Stomach

"I had sour stomach ever since I had the grip and it bothered me badly. I have taken E tonic only a week and am much better. Am 80 years old," says Mrs. John Hill.

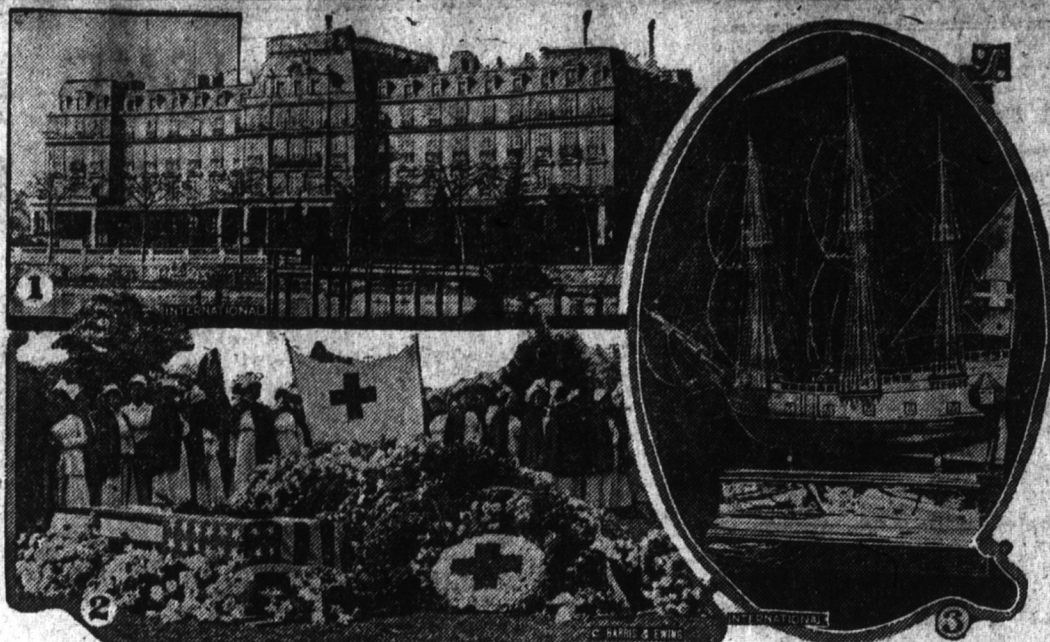
E tonic quickly relieves sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, bloating and distress after eating because it takes up and carries out the excess acidity and gases which cause most stomach ailments. If you have "tried everything" and still suffer, do not give up hope. E tonic has brought relief to tens of thousands like you. A big box costs but a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

BE SURE YOU BUY TABLETS THAT ARE SEALED TIGHT AGAINST IMPURITIES

ACCO

GENUINE ASPIRIN

DOES NOT DERANGE THE STOMACH



1—Newly acquired home of the League of Nations in Geneva, Switzerland, formerly the Hotel National. 2—Military funeral in Arlington of Miss Jane A. Delano, head of the Red Cross nurse corps, who died in France. 3—Silver model of the Mayflower presented by the city of Plymouth, England, to a representative of former Ambassador Page at the Mayflower tercentenary celebration.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Council of League of Nations Has Stopped One War and Headed Off Another.

ITS FRIENDS ARE ELATED

Opponents of Covenant Also Find an Argument for a Lodge Reservation—Poles and Russians Talk Peace While Latter Lose Battles—Guerrilla Warfare in Ireland.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Believers in the League of Nations are much elated by the results of the ninth session of the league council which ended in Paris early in the week. By diplomatic presentation of fact and argument, the council induced four nations, which were on the verge of engaging in two wars, to agree to peaceful settlement of their differences. In one of the cases, indeed, hostilities already had broken out. This was the case of Poland and Lithuania. These two nations consented to suspend hostilities immediately pending a settlement of their dispute which both sides will accept. In this settlement the league council will be represented by Count Quinones de Leon, Spanish ambassador to France, and Baron Kishihiro Matsui, Japanese vice foreign minister. When the council meets in October, it is expected, at least a tentative decision will be ready for its approval.

The council had almost given up hope of arranging this settlement when, on the last day of the session, Ignace Paderewski, head of the Polish delegation, suddenly arose and in a dramatic speech declared his country was eager for peace with Lithuania and believed the latter nation also desired peace. M. Woldemar and other Lithuanian delegates arose, strode across the room and warmly shook hands with the Poles, while the room rang with cheers. Woldemar declared his confidence in the fairness of the council and said he would abide by its decision.

Sweden's dispute with Finland over possession of the Aland islands was the other matter which it was believed was put in a fair way to be decided without recourse to arms. The Finns offered a reservation which created some doubt at first, but this, it appeared, was made for technical reasons and would not offer any difficulty which could not be surmounted. Neither nation, it was pointed out by league officials, was legally bound to accept the decision of the league, but both are morally obligated to do so, and if a settlement can be offered that is backed by public opinion, the governments cannot well refuse to concur. A commission was appointed to inquire into the merits of the dispute.

Opponents of the league found in this Aland islands case fresh argument to support their belief that the league covenant, as it stands, gives the council the chance to do just what the supporters of the League reservations feared—to interfere in domestic questions. They point out that Finland contended that the Aland island dispute is a Finnish domestic, not an international question and that the league had no jurisdiction thereof. The league council rejected the Finnish contention, pronounced the question international and appointed the commission.

There is in the covenant, say the objectors, no guarantee that the council would not pronounce the present controversy between Japan and the United States over immigration an international question subject to its jurisdiction; and if Japan should submit the dispute to the league, as is suggested in that country, the United States would be in an awkward if not a dangerous position. One of the League reservations, it will be remembered, specifically declared that American immigration and other domestic

questions should be exempt from the jurisdiction of the league.

Japanese leaders have almost ceased to hope for a settlement of the immigration dispute while the present administration is in power, and their chances for favorable action under the next administration are slim. Following up the declarations made by Senator Harding, Governor Cox has been telling the Pacific coast people that he believes they are right in wishing to exclude the Japanese. It seems certain that the next administration, whether Republican or Democratic, will be pressed to terminate the present treaty with Japan, so that exclusion may be legal. With California's apparent determination to adopt additional restrictive legislation, the race question on the coast becomes more serious daily; but wise and well informed persons, in both America and Japan, have little fear that it will result in war.

In accordance with an agreement made last July between Japan and Asiatic Russia, the Japanese war office has evacuated Khabarovsk and the only Japanese garrisons left in Siberia are at Vladivostok and along the Usuri railway. Asiatic Russia, it is said, has agreed to preserve the peace, to maintain friendly relations with Japan and to abolish communism.

The Polish-Russian peace conference opened in Riga, but it was surrounded by an atmosphere of gloom and the prediction was made freely that the results will be nil. Each side distrusts the other, and on certain questions it seems impossible for them to get together. One of these is Ukraine, which the Reds assert is already self-determined in favor of soviet rule. The Ukrainians who follow Petlura deny this and say their soviet rulers are foreigners. They have sent representatives to the Riga meet, but these are not admitted by the Reds. Disarmament by both Poland and Russia was declared by Adolph Joffe, head of the red delegation, to be the only guarantee of stable peace.

Military operations against the soviet forces went right along, and their enemies scored several decided victories. The united Polish-Ukrainian front east of Lemberg was moving forward at the rate of fifteen miles a day and had reached Rovno and Kamenets Podolsk, and the Ukrainian cavalry had occupied the latter important city. In the Grodno region the soviet government claimed to have defeated the Poles and to have taken a number of towns. But the Moscow war reports have been almost uniformly false since the collapse of the invasion of Poland.

Following the plan which was outlined last week, General Wrangel has been pushing his way northward along the Dnieper river and, at last reports, after several smashing victories, he had captured Alexandrovsk, together with about 10,000 prisoners, five armored trains, many guns and large stores of supplies.

Turkish nationalists in southern Asia Minor have been displaying renewed activity and dispatches from Constantinople say they are besieging the French in Adana, bombarding Tarsus and making frequent attacks on Mersina. These Turks are assisted by disaffected Arabs and also by German officers who have been stranded in the country since the armistice. These latter are handling the artillery. The French at Adana and Tarsus have got supplies in and are prepared for a winter's siege. The Armenian city of Haidjin has sent out word that it is facing starvation and massacre and must have help.

The immediate situation in Ireland has resolved itself into a guerrilla war of the most vicious description, which so far the British authorities have not been able to control. The Sinn Feiners ambush and slay the police, and the police in reprisal kill the Sinn Feiners like rats and ravage their towns. The most startling of these occurrences was the raid last week on Balbriggan, the center of the weaving industry of south Ireland. Inspector Burke of the British police in Ireland was shot down as he was leaving a restaurant, and his brother was badly wounded. When the news reached Germantown, where the police were

stationed, ten trucks full of them started for Balbriggan. There they first set fire to the public houses and a large number of private homes from which they drove the people, and then burned to the ground some of the largest hostelry mills in Ireland, belonging to an English firm. They wound up the raid by murdering a barber and a dairyman, both Sinn Feiners. Similar raids were made last week on other Irish towns where the police had been enraged by the killing or wounding of their comrades. In County Clare a military truck in which were a number of police was ambushed by armed men and in the ensuing fight four of the officers were killed. The police involved in the Balbriggan incident were not members of the Royal Irish constabulary, but recruits for that force who, from their uniforms, are known as "black and tans." In the last two weeks more than twenty policemen and soldiers and a score of Sinn Feiners have been killed in Ireland, and large numbers on both sides have been wounded.

Oswald Garrison Villard, who used to be notoriously pro-German and anti-British, has formed a committee of 100 Americans to investigate and report publicly on conditions in Ireland, with especial reference to atrocities. Public hearings will be held in Washington by a commission of the committee. Several senators and governors have agreed to serve on the committee, all the members of which are said to be prominent citizens.

So far as the public has been permitted to know, little progress has been made toward discovering and apprehending the perpetrators of the Wall street bomb outrage. It has been definitely established, however, that the blast was caused by the explosion of a huge TNT bomb with a time device, and there is no doubt the affair was arranged by Reds. Many arrests have been made, but it is not known that the guilty persons are in custody. Since the New York explosion a good many other cities have received warnings that certain public buildings were to be blown up. A good guess is that the outrage was the work of radical leaders who wished by this demonstration to keep up the revolutionary spirit of their recruits.

The five Socialists who were expelled from the New York legislature some time ago, and who were re-elected recently, attempted to take their seats. Three of them were again ousted, and the others resigned in protest. The action of the majority in the assembly was opposed by Theodore Roosevelt and is characterized by Charles E. Hughes "incredible folly and flagrant disregard of the fundamental principles of American institutions." Owing to certain complications this time, the case may be taken into the courts.

The Kenyon committee of the senate resumed in Washington its investigation of campaign funds, and subpoenaed several bureau chiefs in the endeavor to learn to what extent federal agencies are being employed to disseminate election propaganda for Cox. The Republicans assert the publications of the bureaus of education, war and navy have been used this way. James W. Genard, chairman of the Democratic finance committee, told the committee he had collected only \$128,000 to date and that he would be happy if he got a million; also that no limit was put on individual contributions. William Boyce Thompson, chairman of the Republican ways and means committee, told the committee the Cox charges were "all bunk," and aroused Senator Reed by asserting that Mr. Cox "is no stranger to Wall street." Pinned down, he said he implied nothing sinister.

Devotees of the national sport are wrought up over another inquiry that began last week. This is an investigation, by a grand jury at Chicago, into baseball gambling, and it gains added interest because it promises to uncover crooked work by players in the world's series last fall between the Chicago White Sox and the Cincinnati National league team. Comment, if any is needed, must be deferred since at this writing the inquiry is only getting fairly started.

CONDENSED NEWS FROM THE OLD NORTH STATE

SHORT NOTES OF INTEREST TO CAROLINIANS.

Washington.—For a baby county Aery is doing well. She has a population of 19,835.

Red Springs.—Red Springs is meeting the need of additional homes with an extensive building program.

Winston-Salem.—This city is to have a musical festival annually. This was decided at an enthusiastic meeting of representatives of local civic clubs.

Wilmington.—Mrs. W. F. Pepper and her 10-year-old daughter, Lillian, are in a hospital here as the result of painful injuries received during the storm.

Louisburg.—The Tax River Baptist Association will hold its meeting beginning Wednesday, October 6, at the Cedar Rock Baptist church in Franklin county.

Charlotte.—Robbers entered the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Stanley, eight miles from Gastonia, blew open the safe and escaped with ten thousand dollars in cash and Liberty bonds.

New Bern.—Official announcement is made from Washington that the proposed boat line between New Bern and Baltimore, for the transportation of freight, will be put into operation within the next two weeks.

Rocky Mount.—Charged with illicit distilling, Ben Wilkins, his three sons, John, Tom and Henry Wilkins, and Nelson Thorne, all negroes, who reside near Enfield, in Halifax county, were arrested by revenue officers and brought to this city.

Boone.—Frost was reported in this section on the 17 and 18, the first of the season, but it was so light that nothing was injured.

Raleigh.—Warrants for the arrest of thirty speeders were drawn by Justice J. E. Owens, the evidence against the defendants, who live in all sections of the State, having been secured.

Asheville.—Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy, will speak in Asheville on the night of Wednesday, September 29, in the Buncombe county courthouse.

Bessemer City.—The Farmers Ginning company have just completed a new cotton gin in Bessemer City at a cost of \$10,000 which comes in time for the new crop that is being picked here.

Durham.—The Durham tobacco market opened with record breaking prices for the season, an average of \$28.86 per 100 pounds or only \$3.84 less than last season, the season of unprecedented high prices.

Greensboro.—Mrs. Mary Smith Saunders, of Revolution mill village, on the outskirts of Greensboro, was denied the possession of her eight-year-old daughter at a habeas corpus hearing before Judge T. J. Shaw.

Fayetteville.—Miss Katherine McDiarmid Robinson, first woman lawyer to practice in Cumberland county, was sworn in as a member of the Cumberland bar before Judge A. H. Gulon in the superior court.

New Bern.—The annual gathering of the North Carolina division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy will be held in New Bern October 12 to 15. It is expected that not less than 500 visiting delegates will be present from every county and city in the state.

Wadesboro.—The jury in the Pea Dee mob case rendered a verdict of guilty with reference to Frontis Diggs Ben Robinson, Wat Robinson, Frank Robinson and Alex Dougless. Judge McElroy sentenced Frontis Diggs to 12 months on the roads and the other defendants to six months. Ben Pratt and Clarence Wade were acquitted.

Shelby.—The 30th annual session of the King's Mountain Baptist Association met at Ross Grove church, two miles north of Shelby, with a full attendance of visitors and delegates from the 37 churches in the association, which comprises Cleveland and Rutherford counties.

Durham.—Encouragement was offered tobacco growers of this section after three days of lowering prices when the markets strengthened and went back to approximately opening day prices for the better grades.

Fayetteville.—After being deadlocked for 48 hours the jury in the suit of Thomas B. Whitted, Charlotte engineer, against W. D. McNeill and wife for fees in connection with the building of a street railroad, reported that they were unable to agree and were discharged.

Wilson.—Official figures for the Wilson tobacco market for the week show practically no change in the price average for the week. The sales totaled 2,343,114, bringing \$511,094.87, an average per pound of 22.73 cents.

After Thorough Trial at Detroit, Mich., Man Endorses Pe-ru-na

The following letter written from Detroit, Michigan is no snap judgment expressed on the merits of Pe-ru-na, the well-known cathartic remedy, but rather a mature, sober opinion formed after a full year's trial. This is the way Mr. Michael Fako of 906 East Palmer Avenue, in the Michigan Metropolitan, writes: "After using PE-RU-NA for about one year I will say I have found it a very good medicine for catarrh. It has helped me a great deal and I am very well satisfied. I have gained in weight, eat and sleep well, my bowels are regular and better color in my face."

"PE-RU-NA has done wonders and to me is worth its weight in gold. I shall continue to use PE-RU-NA as long as I live and recommend to my friends who are troubled with catarrh." Nothing can be more convincing than an endorsement of this nature from an actual user. There are many people in every community who experience relief in using Pe-ru-na, has been identical with Mr. Fako's. It is the standby for coughs, colds, catarrh, stomach and bowel disorders and all catarrhal conditions. Put up in both tablet and liquid form. SOLD EVERYWHERE.



He who does not mix with the crowd knows nothing.—Spanish Proverb.

GOOD GROCER GOOD MEDICINE

An East Nashville Grocer Says He Has Used Black-Draught for Years, Whenever Troubled With Torpid Liver.

East Nashville, Tenn.—"You ask me about Black-Draught. It is without doubt the best liver medicine made, and I don't believe I could get along without it," declared Mr. W. N. Parsons, recently.

Mr. Parsons, who is a prominent grocer at 248 North First street, says further: "I take it (Black-Draught) for sour stomach, headache, bad liver, indigestion, and all other troubles that are the result of a torpid liver. I have known and used it for years, and can and do highly recommend it to every one. I won't go to bed without it in the house. It will do all it claims to do. I can't say enough for it."

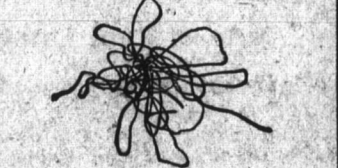
Thedford's Black-Draught, which has been in successful use for more than 70 years, is a medicine especially adapted to the treatment of many liver troubles. It has proved helpful to thousands and thousands of persons suffering from stomach and liver complaints, and should be helpful to you.

Black-Draught is easy to take and has not the bad after-effects, so common with many mineral drugs.

Most good druggists sell it.—Adv.

CASCARETS

"They Work while you Sleep"



Do you feel all tangled up—bilious, constipated, headachy, nervous, full of cold? Take Cascarets tonight for your liver and bowels to straighten you out by morning. Wake up with head clear, stomach right, breath sweet and feeling fine. No griping, no inconvenience. Children love Cascarets too. 10, 25, 50 cents.—Adv.

Virtue and riches seldom settle on one man.—Machiavelli.

HOW TO GET RID OF CONSTIPATION

It's needless and dangerous to suffer from a clogged up system because it often lays the foundation for a lifetime of misery had ill-health.

Dr. TUTT'S Liver Pills

This Large Bottle of YAGER'S LINIMENT contains twice as much as the usual 50 cent bottle of liniment and lasts the average family for months. It quickly alleviates pain caused from rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, sprains, etc. Sold by all dealers. Price 35c.

YAGER'S LINIMENT RELIEVES PAIN

GILBERT BROS. & CO., Baltimore, Md.

I am well! your chickens and stock well?

If not—Give them Bee Dee Stock & Poultry Medicine

The old reliable BLACK-DRAUGHT for Stock and poultry! Ask your merchant!

Merchants: ask your jobbers salesmen about Bee Dee!

And women NEED not suffer from the ills peculiar to the sex. STELLA VITAE is an eminent doctor's prescription that for three generations has been RELIEVING suffering women and keeping young girls from BECOMING suffering women.

Sold by your druggist; upon the distinct agreement that if the FIRST BOTTLE gives no benefit, he will refund the money. STELLA VITAE can do no HARM, even if it does no good. Why not TRY it—instead of suffering?

Mrs. Susie Swift, of Danmore, Ky. says: "I couldn't stand on my feet an hour without lying down. I used one bottle of STELLA VITAE and now I can be on my feet all day."

THACHER MEDICINE CO. Chattanooga, Tenn., U. S. A.

IT'S WRONG FOR WOMEN TO SUFFER

STELLA VITAE RIGHTS THE WRONG