

A LETTER FOR WOMEN

From a Woman Whose Serious Illness Was Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Garnett, Kas.—"I first took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a complete nervous breakdown following the birth of my oldest child. I got up too soon which caused serious female trouble. I was so weak that I was not able to be on my feet but very little and could not do my housework at all. I had a bad pain in my left side and it would pain terribly if I stepped off a curb-stone. One day one of your booklets was thrown in the yard and I read every word in it. There were so many who had been helped by your medicine that I wanted to try it and my husband went to town and got me a bottle. It seemed as though I felt relief after the second dose, so I kept on until I had taken five bottles and by that time I was as well as I could wish. About a year later I gave birth to a ten pound boy, and have had two more children since and my health has been fine. If I ever have trouble of any kind I am going to take your medicine for I give it all the praise for my good health. I always recommend your medicine whenever I can."—Mrs. EVA E. SHAY, Garnett, Kansas.

Don't think a floating debt is necessarily a light one.

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion. Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Mental exertion is as distasteful to some as physical.

It comes hard, but the nomadic city dweller in time acquires the habit of owning nothing and escaping the terrors of moving day.

What this country needs is an economist who can show how prices can be kept up on what we sell and put down on what we buy.

Of the 240 Reds deported from this country to Russia, 239 wish to return to the United States, and the other one probably has a government job as food distributor.

Events indicate with desperate clearness that the high price of food, like the coon, will not come down unless somebody shoots at it.

The Englishwoman who advertised for a maid "without matrimonial prospects" should have known no woman would confess such a lack.

A chap over in Turkey says he has evidence to prove that he is 145 years of age. The old folks of the community, it is said, remember distinctly when he was born.

OUCH! ANOTHER RHEUMATIC TWINGE

Get busy and relieve those pains with this handy bottle of Sloan's Liniment

WHAT Sloan's does, it does thoroughly—penetrates without rubbing to the afflicted part and promptly relieves most kinds of external pains and aches. You'll find it clean and non-staining. Keep it handy for sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia, over-exerted muscles, stiff joints, backache, pains, bruises, strains, sprains, bad weather after-effects.

For 39 years Sloan's Liniment has helped thousands of the world over. You aren't likely to be an exception. It certainly does produce results.

Sloan's Liniment

IS IT SPIRITUALISM OR TRICKERY?

There is life after death! Can we converse with the spirits of the dead? The mystery and fascination of a spiritual seance presents a boundless field for pleasure and profit. Mind reading, table lifting, spirit raps, etc., spirit communications, spirit photography, spirit materialization, spirit messages and all the marvelous psychic phenomena revealed with simple directions so you can perform them in your own home. Earn large money giving exhibitions at clubs, parties, lodges, etc. Become a shining star in your community. Will send full instructions complete for \$1.00. Write to: S. W. BARKER, 927 W. 25th St., New York City.

Holly Hill Groves

Located at Davenport, Florida on the hills of Polk County, the county that produces more oranges and grapefruit than any other county in Florida and has over three hundred miles country, asphalt roads and six hundred beautiful homes. Holly Hill Groves can be bought on easy terms. When in Florida you should see them. Address Holly Hill Groves, P. O. Box 100, Davenport, Fla.

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

ABABET That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

W. H. U. CHARLOTTE, NO. 10-1200

HEARING ON PHONE MATTER POSTPONED

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY IS PETITIONING FOR A RAISE OF TWENTY PERCENT.

AUDIT OF BOOKS CALLED FOR

It is understood that no Further Request for a Postponement Will be Made or Entertained if Made.

Continuance of the hearing before the State Corporation of the Southern Bell Telephone company's petition for an increase of 20 per cent in its telephone rates throughout North Carolina was allowed by the commission upon a motion made by E. T. Cansler, of Charlotte, counsel for the cities, towns, and commercial and civic organizations opposing the increase.

With the request was coupled another, calling for an audit of the telephone company's books, this to be done by an expert named and employed by the commission, and the expense to be borne by the petitioner. The date of the hearing was fixed for January 27.

Following two hours of argument between Mr. Cansler and James H. Pou, of Raleigh, and Hunt Chiplery of Atlanta, who spoke for the telephone company, an agreement was reached which was summarized as follows: "No further request for postponement will be made, it being understood that the question must be settled on January 27th and what increase, if any, that is granted will be retroactive to January 1, 1921.

Kitchen Preparing for War. Washington, (Special).—Representative Claude Kitchen of North Carolina, ranking minority member of the ways and means committee, and who is scheduled for democratic floor leader in the next congress, is gathering data for a war on public utilities in the District of Columbia.

Kitchen, it is understood, became incensed when an announcement was made recently that the Washington Railway and Electric company intended to ask for a further increase in car fare rates, and determined to make a personal investigation.

Another Solicitor Jones. Gilmer A. Jones succeeds his brother, Garland L. Jones, as solicitor of the 20th district, Governor Bickett appointing Gilmer Jones within half a minute following notice of Garland Jones' resignation to take effect December 15.

Attorneys, knowing that Garland Jones was to resign, sent Governor Bickett word to name Gilmer, who will not be a candidate to succeed himself after serving that short term. Garland Jones was assistant attorney general under a portion of Attorney General Bickett's administration.

Many Want to Work. More men have applied to the United States Employment Service here for work within the past month than in the entire preceding six months, according to Mr. W. F. Beasley, assistant director of the service in this state, who declared that there is a well defined movement of the unemployed into North Carolina from both the North and the South. To meet this situation, as well as to provide employment for home folks who are seeking jobs, Mr. Beasley is making an appeal to employers to notify him of vacancies and of their needs in the way of men.

Greatest Service Station. Plans have been drawn and material assembled for the erection of the largest automobile repair shop in North Carolina, if not the entire south on the State Prison farm west of Raleigh on the Cary Highway. Frank Page, chairman of the State Highway Commission, is going to move his great "truck patch" from East Raleigh to the farm. The shop will be the home service station for some three million dollars worth of motor equipment allotted for road building in North Carolina by the War Department.

Pritchard for Supreme Bench. Washington, (Special).—Friends of Judge Jeter C. Pritchard of Asheville, will urge his nomination of the supreme court when the first vacancy after President-elect Harding is in occurs. An argument in his favor is that he is the senior presiding judge of the fourth circuit, which includes North and South Carolina, Virginia, Maryland and West Virginia. The south will lose the position of internal revenue commissioner when the republicans get control.

Board Aide University. As a temporary emergency gift to relieve the present critical situation in professors' salaries at the university of North Carolina, the general education board of New York has given the university a sum sufficient to raise all salaries approximately 25 per cent for the current year only, and not as a permanent appropriation, according to an announcement made here by President Chase.

The gift is retroactive and with cover the year from July 1, 1920, to July 1, 1921.

Recent Vote for Congressmen. The state board of canvassers has released the congressional vote for the 10 districts in the state. The vote by districts follows: First—Hallet S. Ward, democrat, 21,414; Wheeler Martin, republican, 7,459; majority 13,915. Second—Claude Kitchen, democrat, 20,890; W. O. Dixon, republican, 3,367; majority 17,523. Third—S. M. Brinston, democrat, 21,457; R. L. Herring, republican, 16,347; majority, 4,886. Fourth—E. W. Pou, democrat, 26,479; Parker, republican, 14,080; majority, 11,386. Fifth—Charles M. Steadman, democrat, 45,301; W. D. Merritt, republican, 38,484; majority, 6,317. Sixth—Homer L. Lyon, democrat, 24,174; R. S. White, republican, 11,040; majority, 13,134. Seventh—W. C. Hammer, democrat, 37,071; W. H. Cox, republican, 32,784; majority, 4,287. Eighth—R. L. Doughton, democrat, 32,984; J. I. Campbell, republican, 31,556; majority, 1,428. Ninth—A. L. Bulwinkle, democrat, 40,195; Jake Newell, republican, 35,686; majority, 4,509. Tenth—Zeb Weaver, democrat, 36,923; L. L. Jenkins, republican, 34,393; majority, 2,530.

The total vote cast in the state this year is nearly double that of the last campaign. Incomplete figures show that a total of nearly 500,000 votes have already been accounted for.

Firemen to Reduce Speed. Realizing that excessive speed in responding to fire alarms by motor fire apparatus is both tempting and dangerous, Insurance Commissioner Young has proposed to Captains J. H. Wood, of Asheville, president of the North Carolina Firemen's association, that he take the matter up with the chiefs of all fire departments for the purpose of concrete action.

While assenting that fire departments should not be held to the same traffic restrictions as the public, Commissioner Young suggests to President Wood, that the chiefs should lay out the routes for their apparatus to various parts of the towns and cities, choosing the nearest and least used way and see that excessive speed is not used—only such speed as gives the driver complete control of his machine.

National Guard for Thirtieth. North Carolina and its sister states of Tennessee and South Carolina, which furnished the machinery for breaking the Hindenburg line some two years back, is to have that same organization, the Immortal Thirtieth Division, reorganized in the National Guard of the three states, and ready for another emergency whenever it may come, according to an announcement from the office of Adjutant General John Van B. Metts.

Kitchen Again Taken Ill. Washington, (Special).—Congressman Claude Kitchen, of North Carolina, who suffered an attack of indigestion soon after leaving the post office department where he had been in conference with Postmaster General Burleson, is resting easily and there is no cause for alarm, according to Dr. Lewis Battle, also a Tar Heel.

In conversation with The correspondent at his home, Dr. Battle said there was not the slightest sign of another paralytic stroke.

A Meeting of Committee. The joint legislative committee appointed by the last general assembly to recommend a bill providing for workmen's compensation will hold a special session in the office of the state Insurance Commissioner Tuesday December 14, beginning promptly at eleven o'clock, when the committee hopes that those who have suggestions or views on the proposed legislation will present them.

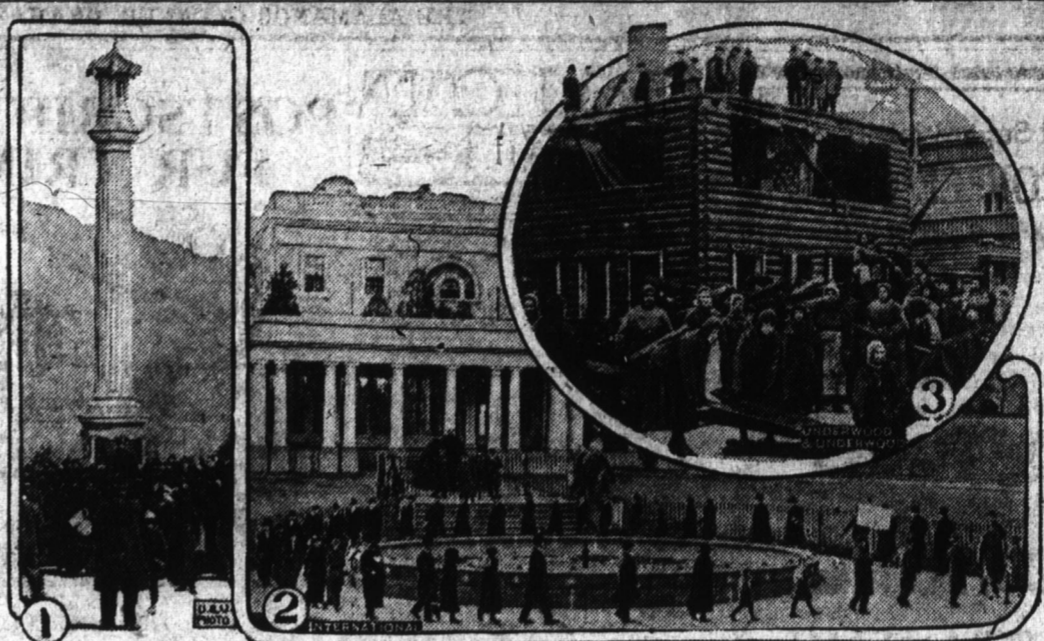
Appointment of Col Williams. The secretary of war has appointed Colonel Alexander E. Williams, quartermaster corps, to be assistant to the quartermaster general of the army with the rank of brigadier general.

Rapid Progress With Guard. The North Carolina national guard is making satisfactory progress in re-organization and three companies of infantry have been inspected by an officer of the regular army this month for federal recognition.

Gates at Road Crossings. Legislation seeking to force the railroads to install gates or watchmen at every railroad crossing in North Carolina will be urged at the regular session of the general assembly which meets January 5, according to Walter Murphy, of Salisbury, representative-elect from Rowan county, who spent the day here.

The statement was made incidentally by Mr. Murphy in an address before the corporation commission when he spoke for citizens of Spencer and East Spencer.

President N. C. Society. Washington, (Special).—Edwards Elms Britton, private secretary to the Secretary of the Navy, was elected president of the North Carolina Society at the annual business meeting preceding the ball at Rauscher's. Capt. Terry A. Lyon, brother of Congressman-elect Homer Lyon, of Fayetteville, was elected as a vice-president of the society and Eugene F. Hartley, chief clerk in the Department of the Census, was re-elected secretary and treasurer for another year.



1—Dedication of memorial in Vancouver to 57 Japanese who fell with the Canadian expeditionary forces overseas. 2—Irish sympathizers in an "endless procession" around fountain in the White House grounds. 3—Tearing down houses in Petrograd to obtain fuel.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

League of Nations Assembly is Trying to Find Some Way to Save Armenia.

AMERICA ASKED TO MEDIATE

Balfour Suspects Plan to Recognize Kemal Pasha—Poles and Bolsheviks Resume Negotiations—Affairs in Greece—Murders and Reprisals in Dublin.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

What shall be done to save Armenia? That is the question that absorbed much of the attention of the League of Nations assembly last week, and it is not yet solved, nor, apparently, in the way of being solved. The Armenian problem was forced on the attention of the assembly by the repeated questions of members of delegations whose countries would not be involved, and the representatives of the greater powers were compelled to take it up. The net result, so far, is the appointment of a commission which will examine the Armenian situation. Sir Robert Cecil, South Africa, is its chairman, and the other members are: Senator Henri La Fontaine, Belgium; Doctor Fridtjof Nansen, Norway; Honorio Pueyrredon, Argentina; Signor Schan-zi, Italy, and Rene Viviani, France.

In the course of the debate Viviani proposed that the league council should seek some government which will mediate for Armenia with the Turkish nationalists and try to obtain a cessation of hostilities. The council thereupon cabled to President Wilson asking the United States to act as mediator in the case, pointing out that although the senate had rejected the mandate for Armenia, a new situation had arisen and a new solution was possible. The United States is not asked to send an expeditionary force and only a small outlay of money will be necessary, since we are asked merely to represent Armenia by entering negotiations toward ending warfare with Kemal Pasha.

It is believed in Geneva that the Nationalist leader would welcome America as mediator because the fixing of the boundaries of Armenia was left to President Wilson.

M. Viviani declared that the United States would be the most logical power to represent Armenia in the proposed negotiations, and that the fact that it was not a member of the league would not interfere. Some correspondents saw in all this talk an endeavor to "lure" the United States into the league. Mr. Balfour saw more than this in the French plan. He believed it was the beginning of an effort to tear up the treaty of Sevres with Turkey and to deprive Greece of the territory given her by that pact; also that it was designed first to recognize Mustafa Kemal Pasha. He demanded whether the Kemalists would be offered money or territory as a bribe to cease attacking the Armenians, and said Kemal was entirely indifferent about the league's opinion; furthermore, he did not believe a mandatory power for Armenia could be found anywhere in the world, and said the league could not send an expedition into Asia Minor unless it was under the control of some treaty signing power.

Various delegates asserted their belief that the United States would not accept the mandate and furnish the expeditionary force, which, according to "Doctor Nansen of Norway," would require 60,000 men and \$100,000,000. High French officials in Paris said on Wednesday that France would not send a man or spend a franc on an Armenian mandate, but intimated that the might ask Kemal Pasha what changes in the treaty would make it acceptable to him.

The league subcommittee on new members has decided not to admit states carved out of the former Russian empire—Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia and Ukraine; and undoubtedly this means that Azerbaijan, Georgia and other states in the Caucasus will

be refused admittance. This accords with the position taken by the United States administration some weeks ago.

The league council decided to limit the scope of policing operations to the Vilna region and to keep the league "army" down to 1,800 men. Of these Spain will supply 300, Sweden 100, France at least 1,000, and Great Britain and Belgium small detachments. Holland and Switzerland refused to participate.

Peace negotiations between Poland and soviet Russia were resumed after a lapse that threatened the renewal of active hostilities. The Poles, however, consented to withdraw their troops to the armistice line. Moscow notified Lithuania that the Red forces would have to occupy Vilna, which is still in the hands of General Zeigowski. The soviet government has now pretty nearly cleared Russia of all its active opponents. Petlura's troops have about all escaped from the Ukraine into Poland and have been disarmed there, and now it is announced that General Semenov's campaign in Siberia has collapsed entirely. His last base has been taken by the Reds, the corps that was defending it having mutinied, killed its officers and joined the Bolsheviks. Semenov himself has fled to Japan.

Unless the temper of the Greek people changes, they will vote, on December 5, for the return of Constantine to the throne. This will be the logical outcome of the victory of Gounaris and Rhalis in the election. However, the new government is placed in a somewhat uncomfortable position, for to restore the ex-king will be to alienate France and possibly Great Britain. The former has warned Greece that it will withdraw its material and moral support, but it is not known certainly what attitude Lloyd George will assume. The Greek newspapers, favorable to Constantine assert that Great Britain is willing to recognize the right of Greece to manage her own affairs and that King George is, in constant communication with Constantine and has assented to his return to the throne.

Of course, Rhalis and his conferees are most worried over the possible effect of the restoration on Greece's adventure in Asia Minor. They can hardly hope to maintain their army there against the Turkish nationalists and the Arabs without the active cooperation of the entente allies, and, too, they rely on the British to supply the money needed for the occupation. It is said by them that Venizelists left the treasury empty, destroyed quantities of documents and left Athens without informing their successors of the state of business in the various departments.

Queen Mother Olga, the regent, staged a triumphal return last week for two of Constantine's brothers, Prince Andreas and Prince Christopher. They were received by enthusiastic crowds and escorted to the palace. The same day the foreign newspaper correspondents made formal complaint that the press censorship was being continued and that their dispatches were suppressed or delayed. Rhalis and Gounaris made explanations and promised all restrictions should be removed.

Paris had press dispatches from Smyrna saying the Greek army in Asia Minor was split into two camps, one for and one against Constantine, and that fighting between them already had broken out. Some of the troops were said to be demobilizing themselves, declaring they were done with the war against the Turks.

Sunday, November 21, was a day of bloodshed and terror in Dublin. The Sinn Fein assassins early in the day put into execution a deliberate plan of murder, calling 14 British officers or former officers to their doors and shooting them dead. About sixty others were wounded in these attacks. The black and tans got into action at once, making many arrests. Then they forcibly entered Croke park, where 15,000 persons were watching a football game, and being hoisted and attacked, fired on the crowd. Several scores of persons were killed and many wounded before the wild combat ended. Of course more murders and more reprisals followed, and the military took possession of the city. Numerous ar-

rests were made by them and quantities of documents said to be incriminating seized.

Though attacked bitterly by the opposition press and members of parliament for its Irish policy generally, the government defended its position with extraordinary tenacity, and to support it made public-captured documents which were said to expose Sinn Fein plots for a campaign of terrorism in England, including assassinations and the destruction of property by dynamite and fire. In the house of commons Wednesday night Lloyd George scored a notable victory. Former Premier Asquith moved a resolution expressing abhorrence of the Dublin assassinations and condemning the reprisals and urging immediate steps to pacify Ireland. Col. John Ward by an amendment changed the motion into an expression of admiration for the courage of the crown forces in Ireland, and this was adopted by a vote of 303 to 83, amid the cheers of the government's supporters.

An echo of the Irish trouble was heard in New York Thanksgiving day, when an anti-English mob undertook to sack the Union club on Fifth avenue. On the club building was flying the American flag between British and French flags, and the manager was asked to remove the British emblem. He complied, but later the flag was replaced, and then the mob attacked the building, breaking all its windows and destroying most of its paintings and furnishings before the police could disperse it.

The American commission on conditions in Ireland is hearing many witnesses and has now decided to send a special committee to conduct a first-hand investigation. It is made up of Maj. Oliver P. Newman of Washington, Rev. Dr. Norman Thomas and Arthur Gleason of New York and J. H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor.

The row between the Western Union Telegraph company and the administration has reached the acute stage. It has to do with the laying of certain cables at Biscayne bay, Miami, Fla., permission for which was granted some time ago. Connected with it was the attempt to land a cable from Barbados, which the Navy department prevented. The company thereupon declined to carry further messages for the State department at reduced rates, and the Navy department threatened to destroy the bay cable if the construction work was not stopped. The company applied for an injunction to restrain Secretary Daniels from interfering with the work, and the next day Secretary of War Baker revoked the permit for the laying of the cables. The courts must now decide the entire matter.

President-elect Harding and his party landed at Cristobal on Tuesday for a five-day visit in the Canal Zone. Wednesday he made a trip on the canal to Panama City and called on President Porras. Later the president crossed into American territory to return the call. Thursday Mr. Harding had a game of golf, followed by dinner with President Porras, and Friday he returned to Cristobal, whence he sailed on Sunday for Norfolk.

A Thanksgiving day announcement was made to the effect that John D. Rockefeller had given to charities and public institutions the sum of \$63,763,357, in memory of his late wife. The fund is being administered by the Laura Spellman Rockefeller memorial, chartered in New York, and the beneficiaries are mostly organizations in the support of which Mrs. Rockefeller was especially interested in her lifetime. More than eight millions of the fund already has been appropriated to 22 institutions. It is estimated that this brings the total of Mr. Rockefeller's big gifts up to approximately \$475,000,000, making him the most munificent giver known to history.

Gaston Chevrolet, one of the best known of the automobile speed kings, was killed and Eddie O'Donnell, another race driver, fatally hurt when their cars collided during the 250-mile national championship race at Los Angeles on Thanksgiving day. The contest was won by Sater.

Sure Relief



A New Log Saw

Cuts Faster, Costs Less, Makes More Money for Users and Works While You Rest.

A new improved power log saw, now being offered, outdoes all other log saws in cutting wood quickly and at little cost. A new 4-cycle high power motor equipped with Oscillating Magneto—no batteries to fail you—makes the saw bite through logs faster than other log saws. It finishes its cut and is ready for another before the ordinary saw is well started. This log saw—the Ottawa—has a specially designed friction clutch, controlled by a lever, which starts and stops the saw without stopping the engine. Others have imitated, but no other power log saw has this improvement just like the Ottawa. The Ottawa Log Saw sells for less money than any power saw of anything like its size.



One man wheels this outfit from cut to cut and log to log like a barrow. Separate attachments cut down trees and cut up branches. Extra power lets the engine do heavy work of all kinds. Owners of the Ottawa Log Saw laugh at coal shortages and are making big money with ease, the machine doing the work. 35 to 50 cords cut any day, rainy or dry, by one man, are normal figures. And wood is approaching \$20 a cord! The Ottawa is compact, simple and durable. It sells for cash or easy payments and is guaranteed. If you have wood to cut the Ottawa Log Saw will be the most satisfactory machine you've ever owned. We suggest that you write the Ottawa Mfg. Co., 2724 Wood St., Ottawa, Kas., for their complete new illustrated book and prices, sent free to all readers of this paper.

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Get Sample and Order Direct Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
John M. Riddell, Johnstown, Pa.
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Born in 1884 and not a single complaint

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Cuticura Soap shaves without stinging. Everywhere.

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SOLD FOR 50 YEARS FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. At All Drug Stores. Arthur Peck & Co., Baltimore, Md.

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GOLD MEDAL HAZEL OIL

The national remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains resulting from kidney, liver and acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

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Who are ambitious, to make big money, to demonstrate and sell Laxated Iron. A chance to make from \$6.00 to \$25.00 per day. Ladies and cripples make us good agents. Part or spare time. UNITED LABORATORIES, HIGH POINT, N. C.

Agents for FORD Permanent Non-Skid Chain-Like Tires. Send for price list of big bargains. CLAUDE W. BARNETT, 1100 PANTY, 2319 Waterloo St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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