

# THE ALAMANCE GLEANER.

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GRAHAM, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1921

NO. 49

## THE UNIVERSITY DISGRACE TO STATE.

So Says a Visitor, Speaking of the University Plant—Teachers Praised.

Chapel Hill, Jan. 11.—Paul C. Whitlock, of Charlotte, former law partner and personal friend of Governor-elect Cameron Morrison, recently spent a few days at the University of North Carolina at the request of Mr. Morrison to get a first-hand glimpse of conditions at the institution of which the new Governor will be chairman of the board of trustees.

Mr. Whitlock made a personal inspection of many of the university buildings, went into students' rooms, saw them eat, watched them line up to get at the shower baths, walked through class rooms, visited professors in their offices and talked with President Chase.

As a result of his visit he wrote:—"The university as it is today is a disgrace to the State of North Carolina." He was speaking only of the physical condition of the university plant. He thought well of the teaching, of the calibre of the professors and of the spirit which kept them at work when many of them could get more money at other institutions.

"Although I was familiar with what was being said about overcrowding and lack of facilities of all sorts," wrote Mr. Whitlock, "I give my word I was absolutely astonished at what I saw. The people of North Carolina do not realize the conditions at Chapel Hill and no one can without going and seeing for himself. \* \* I visited the old rooms where I used to stay. It made me sick. \* \* \*

He told of a room where he estimated as nine by twelve feet in size with three students living in it, with beds piled on top of each other, with trunks crowded into corners, with all living facilities jammed together as they necessarily had to be in such a room, and he concluded thus:—"I assert that it is a crime to take a boy, fired with ambition to acquire an education, whose young mind has visualized the university as a great and noble institution, able to satisfy his aspirations for higher things, and stick him in a hole like that. \* \* \*

Mr. Whitlock mentioned a visit to the law building. "They have taken the old library building and by board partitions cut its one big room into two class rooms and a law library. At one end is a little oblong caddy hole used by Professor McGehee as his office. We found the good professor in the far end, next to the dingy window, for all the world like a big rat crouched back under the eaves of the barn. There was never a one-horse lawyer who had a more uninviting office than the corner provided by the State for this great teacher. There is not a high school in any town in North Carolina that is not very much better equipped to do what it is intended to do than the University to carry on its work. \* \* \*

"The boys don't need to be surrounded by luxuries, but they do need to be comfortably and safely provided for. Their physical needs must be taken care of. Then the equipment and teaching force should be provided to afford them the educational advantages that the name university implies in this modern day."

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, Etc.

The league may be making progress in inducing members to "speak softly", but it has not yet persuaded even one to lay aside its "big stick".

Bluelaws make white men see red.

Everything seems to be coming down. Even the peak of Mount Blanc has fallen.

## Worthy of His Hire.

Upon the convening of the General Assembly, Gov. Bickett, in the last message to the legislators, spoke sanely in regard to the pay of State's servants, as follows:

"I think you will all agree that North Carolina is too big and too rich to ask or allow men to work for the State for less than a living wage. The standard salary paid State officers is \$3,500. We will assume that such an officer has a wife and three children. Certainly it would be against public policy to encourage him to have fewer.

"Such an officer would be fortunate if he could find a comfortable home in the city of Raleigh for a rental of \$1,000 a year. His bills for fuel, water, lights and telephone will easily amount to \$25 a month. He ought to be allowed one servant and the minimum sum for which a servant can be employed is \$7.50 a week. The head of a State department is called on to pay at least \$300 a year for the support of religion and charity. He cannot look his neighbor or himself in the face and pay less. His fire and life insurance will cost him \$300 a year. To maintain the health of himself and family he ought to be allowed a two weeks vacation and this will cost at least \$200.

"He is a lucky man if his political expenses, inherent in the office, are not more than \$100 a year. The expenses above enumerated amount to \$2,590 a year. This leaves to a State officer \$910 a year with which to pay for food, clothing, furniture, doctors bills, and the education of his children. Such a policy is as unwise as it is unjust.

"A State officer cannot do constructive thinking, he cannot give to the people the most and the best there is in him when every morning he is tormented with the problem of how to make buckle and tongue meet. I respectfully submit that the salaries of the heads of State departments should be increased to \$5,000 a year."

## Southwest Alamance.

Cor. of The Gleaner.  
A cold wave has reached us with snow and rain, and the worst roads that can be found anywhere in the county. We have some community work, but not enough to keep the roads passable, so many loaded trucks and a number of automobiles keep the road in bad shape all the time. It is the opinion of some of the best citizens, if we could use our auto tax with the community work we get, Patterson township would have fairly good roads, at least better than they are at present. The road system we are having has proved no good; the rural roads are getting worse, so a change is now necessary, or everybody stay at home or walk by-paths.

## REPORT OF CONDITION OF The Bank of Haw River,

At Haw River, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, Dec. 31st, 1920.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$88,345.19
Demand loans	200.00
Overdrafts secured, unused	1,123.49
U. S. Bonds and Liberty Bonds	900.11
Furniture and Fixtures	1,243.60
Cash in vault and net amounts due from Banks, Bankers and Trust Companies	7,674.11
Cash items held over 24 hours	130.79
Checks for clearing	607.39
Total	\$100,270.57

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	\$10,000.00
Surplus fund	2,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	2,847.38
Deposits subject to check	8,291.25
Time Certificates of Deposit	7,569.00
Savings Deposits	49,436.94
Cashier's Checks outstanding	722.72
Accrued interest due depositors	614.68
Total	\$100,270.57

State of North Carolina, County of Alamance, Haw River, N. C., Jan. 8, 1921.  
I, S. A. VEST, Pres. of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. A. VEST, Pres.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of Jan., 1921.  
J. Archie Long, Notary Public.  
My commission expires Dec. 3, 1921.

Correct—Attest:  
W. M. MYRICK,  
J. A. ALDRIDGE,  
R. E. LASKY,  
Directors.

## COUNTY TEACHERS PASS RESOLUTIONS.

Commend Board of Education and Superintendent—Want Old Members Board Reappointed.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the teachers of Alamance county at teachers' meeting Saturday, January 8, 1921:

Whereas, We, the teachers of Alamance county, desiring to be grateful to those who have worked untiringly and unselfishly for the schools of our county during the past year, and also desiring to be helpful and sympathetic to those who are striving for better schools in the county and throughout the State, offer the following resolutions:

1st. That we express to the Board of Education of Alamance county our gratitude for the work of the past year and offer our support in the problems which lie before it. We also urge the Legislature of North Carolina to reappoint the members whose terms expire next July.

2nd. That we thank Mr. Terrell, our most able and efficient Superintendent, for the progress he has made in making better teachers and better schools. With seventy-six per cent of our teachers holding first grade certificates, we believe that the efficiency of our schools has increased one hundred per cent. To Mr. Terrell we give it credit.

3rd. That we most heartily endorse the State's educational program to be presented to the present session of the Legislature and that we urge our representative stand by it.

4th. That we send copies of these resolutions to our county papers and to our largest dailies; also place copies in the hands of our State Superintendent, our Representative and Senator.

MARGARET McGEACHY,  
President,  
JESSIE PHILLIPS,  
Secretary,  
Local Units State Teachers' Assembly.

## DO YOU CATCH COLD EASILY?

Your Vitality is Low—Resistance Weak

YOU NEED PEPTO-MANGAN

Rich, Red Blood Will Strengthen You and Put You on Your Feet—Able to Resist Colds

Your system normally healthy should never catch cold. Your body is adjusted to take care of sudden changes in the weather.

It is when you are run down and your vitality is low that your body cannot adjust itself. Then you take cold.

If you keep your blood in good condition, with plenty of red corpuscles, you will be strong and your body will easily adjust itself to sudden changes. You will throw off the cold germs that go flying into the air when someone with a cold sneezes.

Red-blooded men, women and children eat well. They have plenty of energy. They go along with a smile because they feel right.

Try Pepto-Mangan the successful tonic. It is a wonderful blood builder. Take it for awhile and you feel right.

Pepto-Mangan is widely and heartily endorsed by physicians. It is effective and easy to take. It is prepared in both liquid and tablet form. The medicinal properties are the same.

Sold at any drug store. But be sure you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan—"Gude's." Ask for it by name, and be sure the full name, "Gude's Pepto-Mangan," is on the package.—Adv't.

TOWN TAXES.—The tax books for 1920 are in my hands. Prompt payment requested.  
B. R. TROLINGER,  
Tax Collector.

We suppose when money talks it coins phrases.

## DO MOST WORK ON THURSDAY

Statistics Show That British Factory Employees Are at Their Best About Midweek.

What is the best workday in America? In England it is Thursday.

That is the finding of industrial research board investigators of that country. The London Chronicle reports that over a period of twenty weeks the output was registered and "graphs" were made.

The workers gave their best on Wednesdays and Thursdays, but the output on Saturday was invariably low. When doubled (to equalize time) it is often less than 75 per cent of that on other days.

Another important conclusion was that the skilled workman is much more regular in his output than the worker not so well qualified. He does not get the "tired Saturday feeling" so soon.

In some factories the output arises until Friday, but among the less skilled workmen it was found that Thursday was the best working day.

An important consideration which the investigators kept in mind was that of the atmospheric condition in which work is done. Records of the air conditions have been taken with the output records.

In various plants the Saturday output was so low that employers found it unprofitable to operate, so they closed down. From this it would appear that on a half day the worker does not give the average of a half day of production.—Richard Spillane in the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

## BOMBAY A CITY OF BEGGARS

Government is Planning Severe Measures to Repress Nuisance That is Becoming Intolerable.

Some time ago the government of Bombay appointed a committee to consider and formulate proposals for the purpose of suggesting practical measures whereby the ever-growing nuisance of professional beggary might be abolished. The committee has now completed its investigation and has issued a report.

The report shows that there are in Bombay city alone 5,000 professional beggars, and the beggars in other parts bring the total for the presidency to over 80,000. The general conclusions of the committee are that there must be introduced at the earliest opportunity an act for the prevention of professional beggary, which will be applicable to the whole of the presidency.

Sadhus and fakirs, it is suggested, should be exempt from the operations of the act, which it is proposed should make begging a cognizable offense.

Those who have visited India will doubtless recall with feelings of horror the terrible sights they have witnessed of beggars, many of them physical wrecks and suffering from loathsome diseases, seated about the roads soliciting alms from passersby.—From the Times of India.

## War Maps for Envelopes.

From the Red Cross Bulletin of the Baltic states, published at Riga:

"The shortage of paper has resulted in many novel makeshifts. One of these is the use of German and Russian official war maps as material for envelopes.

"Large quantities of war maps of the Russian, the German Imperial army and the German Imperial navy were captured by the Letts since their independence in November, 1918. They were sold to private interests, who made many varieties of envelopes from them. The paper is of excellent quality.

"No attempt was made to remove the map proper. The maps were simply folded and cut to size and glued. It is very convenient to open a letter and find that the inside of the envelope is a map of the district of which the letter treats."

## Houses Few—Less Divorce.

France is finding one comfort in the housing shortage. Divorces are decreasing in Paris and other French cities "because of the lack of houses and apartments."

Unable to find suitable places in which to live apart, disgruntled couples in many places are composing their differences and continuing to live under the same roof. During the first three months of this year, 8,000 decrees were pronounced in Paris alone, but since April the shortage of houses has been making itself felt, with the result that the number of divorce actions has been falling steadily. Last month the number of applications fell below one thousand, and this month it is believed the number will not reach the seven hundred mark. It is an ill wind, etc.

## Prehistoric Graveyard Unearthed.

A prehistoric graveyard believed to be at least 2,000 years old has been unearthed near Stargard West Prussia, by German investigators under the direction of Professor Zakrewski. In one of the graves the excavators

found six black urns and one red urn with white stripes filled with clay and ashes. Among the remains were some glittering substances which the investigators believe once had been adornments of prehistoric men and women.

## Electricity in White House.

The White House is probably more intricately equipped electrically than any other residence in the world. There are in the house more than 170 miles of wires, providing for 3,000 incandescent lights, a bell system and a private telephone system for the president and his family, exclusively.

## HONORED NAME IN MEDICINE

Henry Detwiler, Native of Switzerland, the First to Practice Homeopathy in America.

Among the first, if not the first, to successfully practice homeopathy in America was Henry Detwiler, who was born in Langenbruck, Switzerland, December 18, 1795.

He studied medicine a number of years before he came to this country on a vessel containing 400 French refugees who left their country after the defeat of Napoleon Bonaparte. He was appointed ship physician, and successfully treated an epidemic of dysentery which had broken out during the passage.

Coming to Pennsylvania, he settled in the Lehigh Valley, and gained prominence by treating a large number of people who were attacked with a mysterious disease which he finally diagnosed as bilious colic, resulting from eating apple butter.

He early made a study of the system of medicine founded by Hahnemann, and in 1828 dispensed the first remedy in Pennsylvania, in accordance with the law of similars, and during the remainder of his life was a devoted homeopathist.

Doctor Detwiler formed an intimate acquaintance with Hahnemann, who gave him a wonderful reception in Paris, where he met other noted physicians and scientists. He gave many natural history specimens to various colleges, founded an iron industry and finally died at the advanced age of ninety-two.—Chicago Journal.

## Pueblo-Type Cottages Are Cement.

All the quaint charm of the old pueblo style of architecture is preserved in concrete in a series of little cottages now under construction in Monrovia, Cal. The one-story buildings are most remarkable for their complete use of cement, woodwork being practically eliminated. Even the roofs are concrete, and the doors are made of magnesite, according to an illustrated article in the January Popular Mechanics Magazine. The poured walls, five inches thick, inclose a web of waterproofing material, while the cement floors are stained in Spanish-leather effect, waxed and polished. The little structures are wholly fireproof, and easy cleaning is assured by the absence of moldings, casing and baseboards. Inclosed courts off the kitchen and sleeping chambers, partly roofed and partly screened, provide outdoor protection and privacy.

## Not Absolutely Washed.

Fycherley is a hard-hearted man. The spirit of Christmas never enters his body; and, indeed, if he has any particularly unpleasant intelligence to convey, he generally manages to save it up for Christmas time.

His wife, however, is different, and last Christmas entered the dining room with a troubled look.

"Oh, John," she said, "Mary just swallowed a shilling! What shall we do?"

Mary, let it be said, occupies the position of maid-of-all-work in the Fycherley household.

"Do!" repeated the master of the house. "Well, I suppose we'd better let her keep it. She would have expected a Christmas box, anyhow."—London Tit-Bits.

## A WISH

When the world to thee is new,  
When its dazzling dreams deceive thee,  
Ere they pass like morning dew—  
Faith retrieve thee!

When the glory fades away,  
When of light the clouds bereave thee,  
When the shadows mar the day—  
Hope relieve thee!

When despair's destroying breath  
Comes at eventide to grieve thee  
With the bitterness of death—  
Love relieve thee!

When the bells at Curfew toll,  
When the lingering sunbeams leave thee,  
When the night o'erwhelms thy soul—  
God receive thee!

## PRESENTS MANY AND VARIED

Gifts to British Bride Include Furs, Diamonds and Other Articles of Immense Value.

In England when a daughter of the nobility is married her wedding presents are costly as well as varied. The following list of gifts is clipped from the London Times notice of the approaching marriage of Mr. Cecil Brassey and Hon. Ivy Spencer.

A beaver fur coat from the Viscount Churchill to his daughter and a diamond and pearl pendant from the bridegroom; a gold cigarette case from her sister, Hon. Ursula Spencer; a diamond tiara from Lady Violet Brassey; an old antique bowl and spoon from the duke and duchess of Baccleuch; a feather fan from Viscountess Northcliffe; a diamond brooch from the duchess of Marlborough; a glass-top table from the speaker and Mrs. James Lowther; a pair of silver candlesticks from Hon. Lancelot and Mrs. Lowther; a pair of silver entree dishes from Hon. Victor Spencer; a Chinese bag from Lady Sarah Wilson; a large silver tray from the earl of Lonsdale; a ruby and diamond brooch from the maharajah of Cooh Behar; a feather from the duke of Marlborough; a pearl and diamond brooch from Sir Ernest Cassel; a set of dessert knives and forks from Mrs. Victor Spencer; two silver baskets from Lord and Lady Ludlow; a dessert-service from Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Brassey; and a pair of silver salvers from Mr. Edwin Brassey.

A number of wedding presents received by the bridegroom include a silver kettle from the duke and duchess of Northumberland and a silver inkstand from the employees at Apsalorpe hall.

## FREED FROM TURKISH YOKE

Chaldeans Promised a Measure of Independence Under the Guiding Hand of France.

The American army officer, chosen by the Chaldeans to present their appeal for independence to the council of allied premiers, reports that he has been unable to get a hearing for that ancient people. They made some attempt during the peace conference to obtain consideration, having heard that "self determination" was to be a guiding principle in the settlement of the world's affairs. Those at Versailles who had some familiarity with Biblical history may have recalled the Chaldeans, of course, but they failed to make an impression on minds saturated with acute problems of twentieth-century statesmanship.

The Chaldeans, or Babylonians, however, may count on being better off than has been their lot for many centuries. They will get some benefit from the new era. Residing in northern Mesopotamia, which France now will control—the southern region being confided to Great Britain—they will be freed from their old oppressors, the Turks, and the French government has indicated a purpose to give them a measure of autonomy. The Chaldeans were once a warlike people, capable of demanding what they desired. More than 1,000,000 of them are now said to be dwelling in the region that will be redeemed from Turkey.

## Whence Comes Turpentine.

Most people know that turpentine is a product of the pine tree, but are not acquainted with the means by which it is obtained.

Beneath the bark of the tree are resin-secreting cells, whose output is meant by nature for healing wounds.

If the skin of the tree be wounded severely, many more of these cells, much larger in size, develop and pour out great quantities of resin.

Hence, to procure the resin, the bark is well scarred with cuts (preferably made in a series of parallel V's), and a receptacle is placed beneath to catch the fluid as it exudes.

The fluid is then distilled and the volatile part of it, which passes over, is turpentine. The residue is what we call "rosin" and is used for many purposes, one of its employments being in the manufacture of explosives.—Kansas City Star.

## What the Public Wants.

Theatrical Manager—Well! What do you want?

Playwright—Sir, I've written a play.

"Everybody's doing that. Get out!" "It has a bathtub in it—"

"Yes! Have a chair."

"And a bedroom—"

"Here's a cigar."

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GRAHAM HARDEN, M. D.

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Office in Simmons Building

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law  
GRAHAM, N. C.

## PATENTS

OBTAINED. If you have an invention to patent please send us a model or sketch with a letter of brief explanation for preliminary examination and advice. You, disclosure and all business is strictly confidential, and will receive our prompt and personal attention.

D. SWIFT & CO.,  
PATENT LAWYERS,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

## "Dandruff was killing my hair"



"My head itched unbearably and my hair was coming out by the handful. A few applications of Wildroot Shampoo Soap, used in connection with Wildroot Hair Tonic, will hasten the treatment."

Wildroot Liquid Shampoo or Wildroot Shampoo Soap, used in connection with Wildroot Hair Tonic, will hasten the treatment.

## WILDROOT

THE GUARANTEED HAIR TONIC

For sale here under a money-back guarantee

Graham Drug Co.

Hayes Drug Co.

## Sale Under Deed of Trust.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of trust executed the 1st day of December, 1917, by Zora Zachary (widow), to the undersigned Graham Loan & Trust Company, trustee, for the purpose of securing certain bonds of even date therewith and the interest thereon, which deed of trust is duly probated and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance county in Book of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust No. 77, at page No. 39, default having been made in the payment of said bonds according to their tenor, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, JAN. 24, 1921,

at 12 o'clock, noon at the court house door of Alamance county, at Graham, N. C., offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain lot or parcel of land described as follows, to-wit:

Tract No. 1, of a sub-division of the Peter Foust land in Alamance county, as developed for the Graham Land Company by Lewis H. Holt, a map of which is on record in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance county, State of North Carolina, in Book of plats No. 1, at page 1, to which reference is expressly made for a more particular description. Tract No. 1 contains 14.5 acres, more or less, and on it is situate a new frame dwelling.

This Dec. 18th, 1920.

GRAHAM LOAN & TRUST CO.,

Trustee.

Wm. I. Ward, Att'y.