

Governor Returns to Raleigh Next Week

N. C. Farmers' and N. C. Farm Women's Convention in Session in Raleigh-- Many Demonstrations and Displays of Machinery--A Big Array of Noted and Prominent Speakers.

REPORT ON FEDERAL INCOMES MADE PUBLIC

North Carolina Second in Average Net Incomes and Sixth in Average Amount of Tax--N. C. History Being Put in Movies--Live Stock to be Big Feature of Fair.

(By Maxwell Gorman.)

Raleigh, Aug. 30.—Raleigh and the State are interested in the restoration of the capital to Raleigh from Buncombe suburbs, where the "summer capital" has been functioning for the past several weeks. Governor Morrison and his family will be back at the "Mansion" bright and early the coming week, and the usual order will be restored.

The Governor's friends hope that his vacation (if it be called such where a man works every day, but under different surroundings), has benefited him personally and that the rest and quiet which were so necessary for his restoration to robust health have performed this mission.

State Farmers' Convention.

Beginning Tuesday of this week and lasting three days, the chief event in Raleigh is the North Carolina Farmers' Convention and the North Carolina Farm Women's Convention at the State College of Agriculture and Engineering. There are separate sessions of the two organizations and joint sessions.

B. B. Miller, Mt. Ulla, is president of the Farmers' Convention; J. F. Diggs, Rockingham, and W. C. Crosby, Raleigh, vice-presidents, and W. F. Pate, Raleigh, is secretary.

Mrs. W. B. Lamb, Garland, is president of the Farm Women's Convention, and Miss Maude E. Wallace of Raleigh, is secretary.

The conventions were opened in joint session with addresses of welcome by Dr. W. A. Withers, vice-president N. C. State College, and Maj. W. A. Graham, Commissioner of Agriculture. Both Mr. Miller and Mrs. Lamb delivered their presidential addresses. R. W. Scott of Haw River delivered a memorial address in honor of the late A. L. French, and Dr. E. C. Brooks, superintendent of education, will speak on "The Forces That Educate."

There were several joint sessions of the two conventions in Pullen Hall, when, after a band concert of the First N. C. Infantry Band, Dr. Carl C. Taylor, of State College, spoke on the subject of "Financing Co-Operative Marketing Organizations." Hon. A. W. McLean, Director War Finance Corporation, was among the speakers billed to deliver an address.

Wednesday morning's joint session was addressed by Miss Helen Louise Johnson of New York City, who spoke on "The Farmer and His Wife Homemaking," and Charles Gillette of Richmond, Va.,

who spoke on "How to Beautify the Home at Least Expense."

Demonstrations.

Along with the conventions, there were demonstrations, displays of farm machinery and equipment, and a barbecue of the North Carolina Sheep Breeders' Association.

Speakers before the two conventions will include Dr. W. A. Withers, of State College; W. A. Graham, Commissioner of Agriculture; B. B. Miller, Mt. Ulla; Mrs. W. B. Lamb, Garland; R. W. Scott, Haw River; Dr. E. C. Brooks, Superintendent Public Instruction; Dr. H. G. Webber, Hartsville, S. C.; Dr. R. Y. Winters, N. C. Experiment Station; Dr. Carl C. Taylor, N. C. State College; A. W. McLean, Director War Finance Corporation; E. J. Eckert, N. C. State College; Dean C. B. Williams, N. C. State College; W. W. Shay, N. C. Extension Service; R. S. Curtis, N. C. Experiment Station; R. H. Ruffner, N. C. State College; Miss Helen Louise Johnson, New York City; Charles Gillette, Richmond, Va.; Dr. E. V. McCollum, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.; J. M. Workman, specialist in Warehouse Construction; A. J. Fletcher, Raleigh, secretary Nations Farm Loan Association, Raleigh; Dr. W. S. Rankin, Secretary State Board of Health; L. S. Tomlinson, Wilson; Mrs. Jane S. McKimmon, Home Demonstration.

State Seed-Breeders.

A meeting will be held at State College in connection with the Farmers' Convention to organize a State Seed-Breeders' Association, the object of which will be to cultivate an interest in the improvement and growth of good seed. The organization will consist of all farmers in the State who are selecting good seed each year from approved strains of field crops.

The meeting will be addressed by Dr. H. J. Webber, formerly plant breeder for the United States Department of Agriculture and later in charge of the plant breeding department at Cornell University. All farmers who are interested in good seed are urged to come to the convention prepared to join this association.

In recent years seeds have been offered to the public that did not have careful selection behind them and such practices have made it difficult for the purchaser to be sure of securing good seed. In many cases undesirable seed have been offered for sale with the most extravagant claims. It will be the object of the proposed association to protect farmers as much as may prove practical from getting the wrong seed.

Tar Heels Report on Incomes.

One-third of the 37,185 persons who filed Federal income tax returns for the year ending December 31, 1919, reported incomes

ranging from \$2,000 to \$3,000, while eleven among the other two-thirds reported net incomes totaling \$4,470,670, according to figures made public by J. W. Bailey, Collector of Internal Revenue.

Federal personal income tax returns filed in North Carolina in 1919 reached a total of 37,185, which was .70 per cent of the entire number filed in the United States. The total net income reported by these returns was \$161,613,467, while the tax paid on them was \$10,010,348, which was .79 per cent of the total personal income tax paid in the entire country.

In the nation at large 5.03 per cent of the people filed personal income tax returns, while in North Carolina, 1.45 per cent filed them. The average net income per return for the United States was \$3,724.05, and in North Carolina it was \$4,346.20. The personal income tax per capita for the United States amounted to \$11.98, and in North Carolina it was \$3.91. The average amount of the personal income tax per return in the United States was \$238.08, and in North Carolina it was \$269.20.

North Carolina's position in the order of magnitude as to all the States and territories in the Union, in the per cent of population filing returns was fiftieth, and second in the average net income per return. Its position as to per capita income tax was thirtieth and sixth in the average amount of tax per return.

The number of personal income tax returns filed for the years 1916, 1917, 1918, and 1919 in North Carolina, as well as the amounts of net income and tax are shown in the following table:

1916—2,207 returns; \$24,825,326 net income; \$560,970 total tax.
1917—22,977 returns \$34,220,131 net income; \$2,747,673 total tax.
1918—21,738 returns; \$89,748,811 net income; \$5,375,001 total tax.
1919—37,185 returns; \$161,613,467 net income; 10,010,348 total tax.

Live Stock Feature State Fair.

Livestock promises to be the feature of the State Fair which opens here October 17th and every effort is being made by the State Fair secretary, Colonel Joseph E. Pogue, to supply means for the comfort and well-being of the horned and hoofed royalty that will appear before the rabble on their festive days.

A six-inch water main has been laid to the cattle barns to take care of the water supply that failed last year. In addition, every arrangement will be made for the royal baths. A new dairy barn is being erected at the extreme south end of the present line of livestock buildings. The old cattle barn is being transformed into a judging pavilion. To facilitate the unloading of cattle and other shipments to the State Fair, a new spur track sufficient to accommodate five or six freight cars is being built.

In addition, a new entrance is being put in, with six turnstiles and six box offices to relieve the congestion at the entrance.

N. C. History in the Movies.

Actual work of preparation for the reproduction in moving pictures of the early chapters of North Carolina history is now well under way.

Director W. C. Crosby, of the Division of School Extension of the State Department of Education, has gone to Manteo to take personal charge of the work. With him were J. B. Williamson, in charge of the mechanical work of the division, and E. C. Brooks, State Superintendent of public instruction. Miss Grimbail will follow later. She is expected to arrive in Elizabeth City the last of this week or the first of next; and after going to Manteo to establish her headquarters she will return here to begin the work of training the cast that will present the coming of Amadas and Barlowe to Carolina's shores. She will also go to Edenton to train the cast there. Both casts will be trained at home but the actual filming of the reproduction of the landing and other episodes of the expedition will take place somewhere on the coast, probably at Kitty Hawk Bay.

Director Crosby is encouraged

at the moving pictures of the early chapter of North Carolina history is now well under way.

MORE THAN \$8,000,000

North Carolina's Mineral Production in 1920—Larger than Ever Before—Other Years—Kinds of Mineral.

North Carolina's production of minerals during the year 1920 was valued at more than \$8,000,000, according to information given out at publicity headquarters in Charlotte of the Made in Carolinas Exposition, based on compilations furnished by Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, director of the North Carolina Geological and Economic Survey. Dr. Pratt, who is organizing with notable success a great exhibit showing the diversity and value of the natural resources of the State, plans to make possible a broad study of the State's mineral resources by exposition visitors.

The production in mineral wealth for 1920 shows a tremendous increase over 1900, when the total value of such products was only \$1,604,078. The figures exceeded the \$2,000,000 mark for the first time in 1902 by just \$3,000, but dropped back in 1903 and 1904 to \$1,900,000. In 1905, an increase of \$500,000 was shown, and the total for 1906 showed another increase of \$600,000, the \$3,000,000 mark being exceeded by \$7,000. A slight increase was shown in 1907, but the following year a reduction of about \$50,000 was shown, and the total fluctuated around the \$2,850,000 total during the next five years, the total of 1912 falling to \$2,514,000. An increase of \$1,300,000 was shown by the total of \$3,879,000 for 1913 with slight decreases being shown for 1914 and 1915. The total of \$4,746,000 for 1916 represented an increase of \$1,200,000; the total for 1917 was \$5,411,000; 1918, \$5,192,000; 1919, \$6,457,000. With some figures yet lacking, the 1920 total stands at \$8,051,000, and Dr. Pratt expects the final total to be about \$8,250,000.

The figures given represent the production of granite, sandstone, marble and other forms of limestone; brick, tile, pottery, pottery clay and kaolin; sheet and scrap mica; sand and gravel; gold, silver, copper, lead-zinc, iron, manganese, feldspar, talc, soapstone, mineral waters, corundum, emery, mill-stones, chromite, barytes, quartz, graphite, coal, peat, tin ore, monazite, zircon; rare earth minerals, including samarskite, uranite and columbite; precious stones, including amethysts, garnets, rubies, sapphires, aquamarine, beryls, emerald beryls, emerald matrix, rhodolite, smoky quartz, rutulated quartz, and moonstones.

Does it Pay to Raise Runts—Query Put to Many Farmers.

A questionnaire survey conducted among 1,000 leading farmers and breeders by the United States Department of Agriculture indicates that about 7 per cent of the annual production of farm live stock in the United States consists of runts and undersized specimens of the various breeds and classes. Farmers report that their annual incomes from live stock would be increased an average of 13 per cent if runts could be eliminated. Better methods of feeding and breeding better stock, the use of purebred registered sires, good care and systematic attention; better housing and sanitation, proper care of the dam before the birth of young, practical control of such objectionable parasites as worms and lice, the control of disease, and the culling from the farm of all stunted stock which indicates no possibilities of successful reformation and rehabilitation are the control methods recommended by these experienced farmers. About three-quarters of them say that it does not pay to raise runts, while the balance maintain that the Tom Thumbs of the live-stock world can be raised successfully only when well bred and when plenty of cheap feed is available and dependable markets are readily accessible.

Campaign is Founded on Business and Common Sense

Combined With Systematic Co-operation and Judgment Will Be Power

Ten reasons why persons living in Graham's trade district should buy in Graham:

First. "The buy in Graham movement" is founded on a logical business basis, being reasoned out by the laws of common sense and business science.

Second. "In union there is strength" and combined with systematic co-operation and the display of good judgment becomes a titanic power for good.

Third. "The buy in Graham movement" in other words "patronize home industry." That is the community of interest spirit which forms the basic principle of "the buy in Graham movement," has for its object the betterment of all the people, the allied industries and business interests, which brings together the whole people under two general classes, viz: The producer and the consumer.

Fourth. The producer and consumers are brought closer together and in closer touch with this movement, which has for its aim the general betterment of the combined interests of the whole people.

Fifth. "The buy in Graham movement," if carried out in spirit, gives us a community of broad-minded people, which means better government, better and more improved industries of every kind.

Sixth. When you can secure the concerted efforts of the whole people of a certain trade district, along lines looking to their mutual welfare and protection, you can accomplish wonderful results along progressive lines.

Seventh. "The buy in Graham movement" implies the betterment of the home, which is most beautiful and commendable, and when studied and considered from every viewpoint, must appeal to every true man who loves his home.

Eighth. The combined efforts of the citizens of the trade district, by boosting "the buy in Graham movement," will secure the most beneficial social and financial results.

Ninth. Hence it behooves each and every one of us to enter into the movement with the spirit and understanding, and the success of "the buy in Graham movement" is assured.

Tenth. Then a great combined movement by great people will secure a phenomenal boost for Graham.

COUNTY AGENT

Gives Out Interesting Farm News.

We will watch with a great deal of interest the contest of different communities for the community exhibit prize at the Mebane Fair. Be their and pull for your community.

There appears a great deal of interest in the establishment of cream routes in the county. If the pastures will only improve so that the cows will give milk, we can secure enough cream to start two or more routes.

Be sure to attend the sale of purebred livestock at the Mebane Fair on September 9th.

We have received notice that the government is offering picric acid to the farmers at the cost of transportation. This is valuable for blasting purposes, for digging ditches or perhaps subsoiling places that have hard pans. This is salvaged war material from the war department. Enquire for further information.

Eight lime demonstrations will be started this fall.
W. KERR SCOTT
Co. Agent.

Give a mean man a little authority and his meanness will rise to the surface like scum on a frog-pond.

BACK GIVES OUT

Plenty of Graham Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys—overwork them— They can't keep up the continual strain.

The back may give out—it may ache and pain; Urinary troubles may set in. Don't wait longer—take Doan's Kidney Pills.

Graham people tell you how they act.

Mrs. J. B. Farrell, N. Maple St., Graham, says, "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly, as they certainly are a fine kidney medicine. I was troubled with severe pains across the small of my back and my kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Pills gave me wonderful relief from the backache and regulated my kidneys. I tell my friends who are troubled with kidney complaint to use Doan's." Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the kind Mrs. Farrell had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

New Professors at State College For Coming Year.

J. A. Wiley, formerly assistant professor of school administration in the University of North Dakota, has accepted an associate professorship in the Department of Vocational Education at State College.

Prof. Wiley is a graduate of the University of Missouri, receiving the B.S. and A.M. degrees in 1916 and 1918. He is widely experienced as a teacher and comes to the College highly recommended by the Board of Recommendations of the University of Chicago where he has pursued advanced studies leading to the Ph. D. degree.

L. O. Armstrong, a 1921 graduate of the College, will be connected with the same department as instructor. During the summer Mr. Armstrong attended the summer session of the University of Missouri, specializing in vocational education.

Harry A. Martin succeeds J. R. Thrower, resigned, as instructor in drawing in the Mechanical Engineering Department. Mr. Martin, a native of Asheville, is a 1920 graduate of the University of Virginia. Last year he was in charge of the work in drawing in the Asheville High School, and was also associated with Chas. E. Waddill, consulting engineer.

M. F. Trice, B. S. 1920 State College, returns as instructor in the Department of Chemistry. Since graduation Mr. Trice has been connected with the Ems-Foster Company, manufacturer, N. J., as Chemist.

This question is asked: "What would you do if unexpectedly offered the opportunity to live your life over again, and have a 'Second Chance'?"

Our answer is that we have no desire to live our lives over again.

We doubt whether any of us would make a better job even given a second chance. Some of us might make worse fools of ourselves than ever. Did you ever notice how seldom divorced couples improve themselves when they marry the second time?

Doing those things which we should do and refraining from doing those things which we should not do, is an assertion of the will by which we demonstrate our fitness to live long and prosper.

Children are seen and not heard—in the movies.

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Summons by Publication.

NORTH CAROLINA,
Alamance County.

In the Superior Court.

Cornelia Nicholson

vs

Harold Nicholson

The defendant will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, to secure an absolute divorce from said defendant; and said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the term of the Superior Court of said County to be held on the 26th day of Sept. 1921, at the court house of said county in Graham, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the complaint will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 17th day of Aug. 1921.

D. J. WALKER,
Clerk Superior Court.

Long & Allen, Att'ys. 19aug.4t

PATENTS

OBTAINED. If you have an invention to patent please send us a model or sketch with a letter of brief explanation for preliminary examination and advice. Your disclosure and all business is strictly confidential, and will receive our prompt and personal attention.

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