

THE GLEANER

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

J. D. KERNODLE, Editor.

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GRAHAM, N. C., NOV. 29, 1928.

President and Mrs. Coolidge are scheduled to eat their Thanksgiving dinner in the Blue Ridge mountains of Virginia and view the Virginia-Carolina football classic. That Mr. Coolidge should attend an event of this kind is a notable relaxation on his part. If he had another term or two he might become a "fan."

Col. Clement Manly, aged 75 one of the State's foremost lawyers, died last Monday evening from an attack of pneumonia. He was sick only three days. Col. Manly began the practice of law in New Bern in 1878 as partner of Senator Simmons, and about that time took a turn as editor of a New Bern newspaper. In 1890 he located in Winston-Salem and was the law-partner of Gov. Glenn until the latter became Governor. In 1896 he was State Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee and elected for a second term. Though one of the State's ablest and foremost citizens, viewed from any angle, he never aspired to office. He was a devout Catholic. The burial was at New Bern Wednesday.

Feed For Profit.

Different cows have different capacities for converting feed into milk. No hard and fast rules and regulations for successful feeding can be laid down to fit the individual cow. It is only by keeping a careful record of each cow's daily feed and studying the production results that the dairyman can determine which cows in the herd will respond to an increased feed allowance and return a good profit on the additional feed given, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Some cows may have a natural capacity for producing large quantities of milk and may not receive feed enough for maximum production. On the other hand some cows have a limited capacity for milk production and are liable to be overfed. Study each cow and find the point beyond which any addition to her grain ration becomes unprofitable. Keeping records of production and feed consumed will aid in doing this.

Late August Rains

Rain Tobacco Field.

There are enough hazards in growing tobacco without having one's best field ruined by washing rains, stated D. E. Whitaker of Yadkinville, recently in applying for help in building a series of Maugum terraces to control erosion on his farm.

Mr. Whitaker had one field that he has farmed for ten years without being troubled by erosion or washing until the heavy rains of last August and September. Those riddled the field with gullies and nearly ruined it. The other day when County Agent L. B. Brumfield of Yadkin County announced that a terracing school would be held in the County, Mr. Whitaker was only too glad to permit the use of his field to demonstrate how to locate and build them.

The work was done by A. T. Holman, agricultural engineer at State College, and following the demonstration, Mr. Whitaker stated that he would terrace his entire farm as rapidly as possible. He has determined to enrich his soil and to build up his farm rather than have raw, red subsoil appear on his upland and deep gullies in his bottomland.

In discussing the matter with Mr. Holman, Mr. Whitaker said, "Hail, drought and rainstorms are hazards enough for any tobacco farmer without permitting his soil fertility to wash away thru a series of gullies which cut up a good field into small patches. I want to build wide terraces that I can cross with machinery and can plant both tobacco and grain without loss of time, labor and land."

Mr. Holman assisted the county agent in planning a series of terraces for the Whitaker farm.

Hotchpotch.

Mr. Hoover, as he knows of course, is being watched closely in his good-will tour to the South American countries. His experience fits him to be exceedingly cautious in every act and word. He knows that a single false step would be magnified and do harm that would not be retrieved during his administration. He needs to be more diplomatic than if he were an accredited diplomatic representative of his country. The results from his tour will depend wholly upon his avoidance of entanglements and the friendly impressions that he makes.

News and Views.

Congressman W. A. Oldfield of Arkansas, known as the Democratic 'whip,' died on the 19th, will be succeeded by his widow unopposed for the short or unexpired term.

Congressman Rufus A. Doughton of this State has been suggested for the leadership heretofore committed to Oldfield.

At Caledonia State farm on last Saturday convicts commandeered a laundry truck and fourteen escaped. Six of them were captured a few hours later. Rewards were offered for the others, and it is not known whether any of them have been recaptured.

King George of England has been ill since Armistice Day when he contracted cold from standing bareheaded during the exercises. His condition has caused his people much anxiety. He is holding his own and his physicians are hopeful of his early recovery.

Mr. Hoover has an uncle, Maj. Labin J. Miles of Pawhuska, Okla., who is looking forward to March 4th to see his nephew inaugurated as President of the United States.

The president and president-elect of Nicaragua made known to Mr. Hoover Tuesday at a luncheon that they would like to have a canal across their country. That's a revival of the Nicaragua canal that was under serious consideration before the Panama canal was built.

Make Fall Plantings

Of Trees and Shrubs.

While November is probably the best time to plant trees and shrubs in North Carolina, there is yet time to set the orchard or to prepare for beautifying the lawn by planting desirable trees and shrubs.

"Fall planting is desirable in this State because it gives the out a chance to heal and the roots an opportunity to start growing before hot weather begins," says Herbert L. Whitesell, landscape specialist at the State College. "Spring planting, especially when done late, does not permit this and is therefore undesirable. To have complete success in planting, one must realize that a plant is a living body and requires definite, favorable conditions for growth and development."

When plants have been dug care must be used to prevent the roots from drying. Where planting cannot be done at once, heeling-in is advised by Mr. Whitesell. This should be done in a protected place and each plant so placed that its roots will come into contact with the soil. Never heel-in great bundles.

Badly injured roots should be removed and all wounds made smooth so as to facilitate healing. No pruning should be done until the tree is planted. It is easier then to determine the foundation branches, says Mr. Whitesell. It is hardly ever necessary to add water but when this is done, the water should be poured into the hole before the plant is set. Pack the soil firmly about the roots. This is essential. Mulching the ground about the plant with well rotted manure is the best fertilizer. Mr. Whitesell advises, however, against allowing the manure to come into contact with the plant.

In all plantings he urges that the hole be sufficiently wide and deep that none of the roots is crowded.

Did You Ever Stop To Think

(Copyright 1928)

By Edson R. Waite, Shawnee, Okla

That newspaper advertising will impress a business on the buyer's mind.

That the only way a near-dead business can be revived or a live business kept alive is by newspaper advertising.

That non-advertising business concerns usually get a reputation of being Electric-Lighted Business Graveyards!

That in these days and times every business is facing the keenest sort of competition and the only business concerns that will get ahead in the race for business are those that bring to their help the mighty power of advertising.

That the infallible proof of good merchandise or service is the demand.

That there is absolutely no guesswork about advertised goods and service.

That the constant demand for advertised goods and service shows they have stood the test.

That ads give plain every day facts and that is what the people want.

Nothing approaches newspaper advertising in display, efficiency and real order-getting appeal.

Mr. Hoover before staring on his junket took time to express his gratitude for the support he got in the South.

Diversified Farming Is Safe Farming

-ONE-CROP FARMING-

OUT OF JOB MUCH OF YEAR
MUST BUY FOOD
SOIL FERTILITY DECLINES
LOW INCOME & HIGH EXPENSE

-DIVERSIFIED FARMING-

SEVERAL CROPS AND LIVESTOCK
NEED BUT ONE YEAR'S WORK
GROWS FOOD FOR THE FAMILY
SOIL FERTILITY MAINTAINED
HIGH INCOME AND LOW EXPENSE
SEARS ROEBUCK AGRICULTURAL FOUNDATION

One-crop farming in the long run will make both farmer and farm poor, says the Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation. To make farming safe, a variety of crops must be grown and part of the crops must be marketed in the form of live stock and livestock products.

Neither factories nor workmen can hope to prosper unless they are busy the year around. By growing a variety of crops, it becomes possible to arrange the farm operations so as to have field work from spring to fall, and feeding these crops will enable the farmer to turn his winter time into cash. Caring for live stock, including poultry, and for a garden provides useful work for the younger members of the family and gives them an opportunity to earn money and possess something of their own.

The farmer who raises only one crop is rushed part of the year and idle the rest. Usually this type of farmer does not grow his own living and, therefore, is in debt when harvest time arrives. He must rush his crop to market irrespective of price. With a variety of crops, it is unlikely that all of them will be failures or low in price at once. Diversified farming, including the growing of the family living in the form of a garden, poultry and eggs, milk and meat, leads to a bank account instead of a store account.

Live stock production leads directly to growing a variety of crops, the Foundation adds. These will include legumes which aid in maintaining fertility. Also, three-fourths of the fertility removed from the soil by the crop can be returned in the manure. For this reason, live stock farms almost invariably have higher yields per acre, which mean lower crop production costs. Live stock farming feeds the soil, while one-crop farming robs the soil.

If the one-crop farmers of the South, collectively, would grow their own food and feed, reducing to that extent the acreage and supply of cotton, the higher price which the staple would bring would go far toward compensating them for the smaller amount they would have for sale. They would receive nearly as much cash for cotton as they do under their present method and they would have much more cash left after taking care of necessary farm and family expenses. Thus, they could largely free themselves from fear of those twin disasters, an excessive total crop and ruinously low prices, or a crop failure with high prices and nothing to sell.

RICH PROFITS IN BEETS ON FARMS

Crop Made Into Sugar Nets Growers of United States \$55,000,000 Last Year.

Chicago. — One hundred thousand farmers in the United States are engaged regularly in growing sugar beets to satisfy the nation's sweet tooth, according to a bulletin issued here by the U. S. Beet Sugar association.

"More than \$55,000,000 was paid to farmers for their sugar beets in 1927," says the bulletin. "Approximately 800,000 acres of land were devoted to sugar-beet culture in 19 states, while there are 102 beet sugar factories in the United States in which \$290,000,000 in capital is invested. Production of beet sugar amounted to 1,070,000 tons for the year."

"Sugar beets are one of the most profitable of American crops and the farmers growing them are, in effect, partners in the beet sugar industry. The beet sugar industry must establish its plants in farming communities, since it is essentially an agricultural industry depending on the farm for its product and because sugar beets cannot be shipped great distances without deterioration. The factory not only furnishes a cash market close to the door of the farm, but gives employment to farmers, farm laborers and mechanics living near by. It increases the business of the railroads, and the small town banks and merchants."

"Raising sugar beets improves the soil and increases the yield of succeeding crops. The extensive root system of the plant opens and aerates the ground, enabling it to retain and

utilize a greater supply of air and water. The roots frequently descend into the soil to a depth of seven or eight feet. The small roots remain in the ground after the beet is pulled and contribute valuable fertility in the process of decay."

"Beets are an important factor in crop rotation. Results in scientific crop rotation with beets as the pivot have demonstrated that the productivity of the soil in yielding crops can be increased from 50 to 80 per cent."

"By-products, including beet tops, beet pulp and molasses, have developed an extensive sheep and cattle-fattening industry in the neighborhood of the beet sugar factories. In localities where beet pulp was used as a feed for steers in 1927, an investigation showed that while pulp made up 82 per cent of a combination ration, its actual price amounted to only 37 per cent of the total cost."

"Not every farming area in the United States may grow sugar beets. But the present sugar beet producing areas might be greatly expanded if farmers were assured adequate tariff protection, insuring them against the invasion of foreign sugar produced under cheap labor conditions and living standards with which they cannot compete."

Farmers of Avery County sold 28,091 pounds of cabbage cooperatively and received one-half cent a pound more than was offered before the pool was made.

Surplus dairy cattle in Fredell county have sold at a good profit this season, with the result that the herd owners are more interested in their cows.

Cotton growers who are members of the Cooperative Association may get pure bred seed of recommended varieties from the Association.

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS PLAN TO RAISE \$2,000,000 AS CHRISTMAS OFFERING

Proceeds Will Be Applied Toward Liquidation of the Indebtedness of Home and Foreign Mission Boards and Other Institutions—Sacrificial Giving Is Sought

In probably the largest single extra Christmas cash offering that has ever been sought by any denomination in America, the Southern Baptist Convention is asking the churches affiliated with it to provide a cash thank offering at the approaching Christmas season of \$2,000,000. The proceeds will be applied toward the retirement of heavy debts upon the Home and Foreign Mission Boards and several other agencies of the Convention.

Combined debts of approximately \$5,750,000 are now owed by the various Southern Baptist Convention boards and institutions, these debts having accumulated over a period of several years because the regular receipts from the churches have not been sufficient to maintain the work of the various institutions as expanded a few years ago when the churches were supporting missions and benevolences more generously than they are today. A portion of the total indebtedness is bonded



DR. GEORGE W. TRUETT
of Dallas
President Southern Baptist
Convention

and does not have to be paid this year, but \$2,000,000 represents immediate demands upon the boards and institutions, hence the call of the Convention to the churches to provide this large cash sum through a sacrificial Christmas Thank Offering. Over against these debts, however, are combined assets of \$24,000,000.

Heading the call for the large

Christmas gift are Dr. George W. Truett of Dallas, president of the Southern Baptist Convention, and members of the large Executive and Promotion Committees of that body.

Business Men Give Liberally. Indicating the manner in which the Baptist business men of the South are responding to the call for the Thank Offering, a layman in one state has agreed to add \$100,000 to the fund if the Baptists of the South generally respond to the effort, while another business man in another state has announced an unconditional gift of \$50,000. Under the leadership of Dr. J. T. Henderson of Knoxville, secretary of the Southern Baptist Brotherhood, an effort is being made to enlist all the large Baptist business men of the South in making big gifts to this effort. From this source several hundred thousand dollars is expected.

In its appeal for the success of this cash offering, the Executive Committee of the Southern Baptist Convention is asking individual Baptists throughout the South to join in giving sacrificially to this purpose through the elimination of unnecessary giving to one another and making their Christmas gifts to Christ and his cause instead.

The proceeds of the offering will be distributed among the several Convention objects upon the following basis:

Foreign Missions	50 %
Home Missions	25 %
Relief and Annuity Board	5 %
Education Board	2 %
Southern Baptist Theological Seminary	5 %
Southern Baptist Bible Institute	4 %
Baptist Bible Institute	3 %
New Orleans Hospital	1 %
W. M. U. Training School	1 %
American Baptist Theol. Seminary	1 %
TOTAL	100 %

Will Wipe Out Foreign Board Debt

The raising of the full \$2,000,000 objective, it will be seen, will provide \$1,000,000 for the Foreign Mission Board. This, according to Secretary Ray, will make it possible for that board to pay its entire indebtedness, reinforce its American missionary staff to its former standard, restore the 600 native missionaries who were dismissed a few years ago for lack of funds, re-open two hospitals and 235 mission schools, rebuild the Christian literature program and send out 150 trained young people who are anxiously awaiting an opportunity to engage in mission service.

Similar advances will be made in every other department of Southern Baptist work in the event the full amount of the offering is raised.

Don't Fail To See MADAM PRESELLA

World's Greatest Scientific American Palmist

Tells past, present and future; gives advice on business and love affairs. In fact, anything pertaining to one's welfare in life. If you are discouraged, or in trouble, don't fail to see Madam Presella.

Each Reading Strictly Confidential and Positively Guaranteed.

Office at Glen Raven, Highway No. 10, one mile west of Burlington city limits.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Private Room for Colored.

GOAL OF RED CROSS ANNUAL ROLL CALL 5,000,000 MEMBERS

Disaster Relief and Work for Veterans Cause Heavy Drain on Resources.

In order to enable the American Red Cross to carry on its broad activities, ranging from service to the world war veteran to instant response in time of disaster, a membership of 5,000,000 should be enrolled, and in this year of 1928-1929 that is the goal set for the twelfth annual roll call, to be held from November 11 to 29, Armistice to Thanksgiving Day.

John Barton Payne, chairman of the American Red Cross at Washington, in calling upon the nation for 5,000,000 adult members, directs attention to the great expenditures required of the Red Cross for disaster and veteran relief work, and for its many other activities devoted to health preservation and improvement and to cutting down the number of accidental deaths, through life saving and first aid courses.

"The Red Cross should at all times have a large reserve fund," Judge Payne stated, "because when disaster strikes, and this organization is called into instant action, there is no time to stop and raise funds. Dollars may melt like snow, so we should have at all times a good reserve. We have been forced each year to draw upon our reserves, and we find that the demands are increasing annually."

Judge Payne pointed out that in the fiscal year of 1927-28, the Red Cross had expended aid in 66 major catastrophes in the United States and its insular possessions, and in 22 nations abroad. This does not include the West Indies hurricane disaster in Porto Rico and Florida, which occurred after the close of the Red Cross fiscal year, June 30, 1928.

The Red Cross expenditures for disaster in that period were \$16,544,258.87, of which approximately \$13,000,000 was expended in the Mississippi Valley for the flood relief work, which came from a fund contributed by the public. More than \$1,000,000 was expended in the St. Louis tornado damage, and more than \$1,000,000 in New England. In both cases public relief funds were raised, although in New England the Red Cross contributed in excess of \$500,000 from its own funds for the relief work. In the majority of the other 66 disasters, and in all of the 22 foreign catastrophes in which the Red Cross extended aid, the money came from its own resources.

The largest item in the annual budget of the Red Cross is for its veteran relief and work for disabled ex-service and service men, upon which it expended in this year \$1,169,795.

Every man and woman is asked by Judge Payne to join the Red Cross during the roll call period, to aid in these humanitarian enterprises.

Ten years after the Armistice, the American Red Cross still carries on for the world war veteran, providing comfort and entertainment for him in hospital, aiding his family where necessary, preparing and following through his claims for insurance, compensation or disability.

America holds the Red Cross emblem sacred because it represents a universal helpfulness—a service to all citizens—without regard to race, color or creed.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Martin F. Tate and her husband, Thos. E. Tate, this is to notify all persons having claims against either of said estates to present them, duly verified, on or before December 1, 1928, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estates will please make immediate settlement.

This November 29, 1928.

DR. J. C. WILKINS, New River, N. C.

J. Dolph Long, Atty'y.

Receiver's Re-Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain Mortgage Deed of trust from Sam Troxler and wife, Rebecca Troxler, to Piedmont Trust Co., Trustee, dated September 2, 1920, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, North Carolina, in Deed of Trust Book 87, page 176, and securing the bond of the said Sam Troxler and wife in the sum of \$125.00, default having been made in the payment of said bond as in said deed of trust provided, and further pursuant to the authority of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County in the action therein pending numbered 3682, upon the civil issue docket, the undersigned Receiver of Piedmont Trust Co. will, on

MONDAY, DEC. 3, 1928

at 12:00 o'clock M., at the court house door in Alamance County, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real

property, to-wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land in the County of Alamance, State of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Joel Tickle, John Cummings, Eliza Sumner and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone on Joel Tickle's line; running thence S 14 deg W 15.28 chs to a post oak near the railroad; thence N 86 deg W 3.93 chns to a stake; thence N 14 deg E 15.28 chs to a stone; thence S 76 deg E 3.93 chns to the beginning, containing six acres, but to be the same be there more or less.

Situate on the above described property is a five room cottage.

Terms of Sale will be cash upon date of sale, and the purchaser will be furnished with a certificate by said Receiver certifying the amount of his bid, upon receipt of the purchase price, and the sale will be left open ten days thereafter for placing of advance bids as required by law.

This is a re-sale and bidding will start at \$55.00.

Done this 15th day of November, 1928.

THOS. D. COOPER, Receiver, Piedmont Trust Company.

Receiver's Re-Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage deed from Dan Isley and wife, Nancy Isley, to Piedmont Trust Co., Trustee, dated October 31st, 1919, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Alamance County, in Deed of Trust Book 84, page 84, securing the bonds of the said Dan Isley and wife in the sum of \$800.00, default having been made in the payment of said bonds as in said deed of trust provided, and further pursuant to the authority of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County in the action therein pending, numbered 3682, upon the civil issue docket, the undersigned Receiver of Piedmont Trust Company will, on

MONDAY, DEC. 3, 1928

at 12 o'clock, noon, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

Two certain tracts or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Albright Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, described and defined as follows:

Lot 1. Adjoining lands of Dan Isley, Henry Capps and others, beginning at a white flint rock, corner with Dan Isley in Henry Capps' line; running thence N 3 deg. 15' E 8 chs to an iron bolt in the said Capps line in the old Mt. Hermon road; thence 3.46 deg W 10.35 chs to an iron pipe, corner with said Isley on North side of said road; thence 3.85 deg E 7.07 chs to the beginning, containing 3.04 acres, more or less.

Lot No. 2. Adjoining Dan Isley, Sallie Foust, Henry Capps, Mike and Jerry Foust and Clay Holmes, beginning at a rock, corner with Mike Foust in said Capps' line; running thence N 82 deg. W 14 chs. 87 lks to a rock, corner, with said Mike Foust in Mike Foust's line; thence N 84 deg E 8.75 chs to a rock, corner said Holmes in said Jerry Foust's line; thence S 86 deg E 14.92 chs to a rock, corner with said Holmes in said Sallie Foust's line; thence S 34 deg W 10 chs to the beginning, containing 13.8 acres more or less.

Terms of sale will be cash upon date of sale, and the purchaser will be furnished with a certificate by said Receiver certifying the amount of his bid, upon receipt of the purchase price, and the sale will be left open ten days thereafter for placing of advance bids as required by law.

This is a re-sale and bidding will start at \$275.00.

Done this 15th day of November, 1928.

THOS. D. COOPER, Receiver Piedmont Trust Company