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News Review of Current Events the World Over

President Raps Tugwell for Budget Prediction—WPA Job Program Moves Rapidly—Farmers Indorse Corn-Hog Control for 1936.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

RUFORD G. TUGWELL, undersecretary of agriculture and once considered head man of the "brain trust," made a speech at Los Angeles the other day that called for a sharp rebuke from President Roosevelt. Addressing a Democratic gathering, Tugwell asserted that the administration could satisfy every humanitarian demand and still balance the budget in 1938.

Mr. Roosevelt, in a press conference, scolded the newspapers for printing what he called "crazy stories" and went on to declare that Tugwell's assertion was almost as unfounded as the predictions thrown out by many political observers that the budget probably would never be balanced again. Tugwell's statement wasn't quite as "wild" as the newspaper stories, he remarked, because Tugwell knew a little more about the budget than the newspaper men.

The President said he and his advisers were about to make a study of the financial situation, and that until the budget is finally drafted about the first of the year not even he knows what shape it will take. Every effort, he said, would be made to hold the regular government departments down to the figures of this fiscal year, but he would make no predictions as to emergency expenditures.

JOB for 3,500,000 needy persons by November 15, and an end of the dole by December 1. That was the forecast made by the New Dealers in Washington, and it appeared probable of accomplishment. Officials said states will receive no direct relief allotments from the government for December and that the November grants will be greatly reduced. The employment program is a month behind schedule, but is now being carried forward rapidly. Every state director of the WPA has been given a job goal by Administrator Harry L. Hopkins and was told by that gentleman: "The responsibility for carrying out these objectives, through providing work on approved projects, rests squarely on you."

NEW DEALERS have scored a major victory, and are correspondingly elated. By a majority of something like 10 to 1, the corn-hog producers have voted for a continuance of the crop adjustment through another year. Incomplete returns from the referendum showed that the program was favored by a majority in every one of the 33 states from which votes were received.

"It is only natural that we should be pleased with the apparent approval of adjustment given by corn and hog farmers," said Chester C. Davis, AAA administrator, as he watched the returns come in at Washington. "If the final results bear out present indications another voluntary contract will be offered for both corn and hogs."

In a formal statement Davis emphasized earlier assurances that the AAA would seek a 25 to 30 per cent increase in hog production next year, saying the "need for increasing the present pork supply of the nation... will be kept in mind in plans for the next adjustment contract."

CONTINUING the administration's policy of "enabling farmers to market their crop in a more orderly fashion," Secretary of Agriculture Wallace announced a corn loan of 45 cents a bushel on the 1935 crop, available from December 1 until next July 1. The Commodity Credit corporation had already approved this and asked a commitment from the R. F. C. to provide the necessary funds.

Wallace estimated that about \$150,000,000 would be advanced to corn growers under this program. Borrowers must sign the AAA corn-hog control contracts. The loans will be made on corn which, if shelled, would grade No. 3 or better. The grade requirement last year called for No. 4. The loan rate then was 55 cents a bushel.

PREMIER MUSSOLINI defies the League of Nations and its sanctions. In a speech at the inauguration of the

new university in Rome he said: "In the face of an economic siege toward which all civilized people of the world should feel supreme shame, in the face of an experiment which they wanted to test, for the first time, against the Italian people, let it be said:

"We will oppose it with our most implacable resistance, with our most firm decision and with our most supreme contempt."

However, it was announced in Geneva that the duke was willing to negotiate for peace with Ethiopia, and there was a possibility the league would delay for 15 days the application of further penalties.

King Victor Emmanuel issued a decree putting the entire Italian merchant marine on a war basis.

Prime Minister Baldwin's reply to Mussolini's defiance was a blunt assertion that Great Britain was prepared to resort to force, if necessary, to carry out the sanctions. Said he: "We mean nothing to the league if we are not prepared in the end, and after grave and careful trial, to take action to enforce its judgments."

WHILE the League of Nations was going forward with its plans for the imposition of sanctions against Italy, its officials asked the United States government to comment on this policy, for the attitude of this country is considered vital to the success of the program.

Secretary of State Hull replied promptly but with extreme caution, avoiding comment on the action taken by the league powers and inferentially declining to cooperate in the sanctions. The answer, whose tenor was dictated by President Roosevelt, was sent to Minister Hugh Wilson at Bern. It only set forth the moves made by the United States under the neutrality act and restated our government's hope for world peace. In press conferences Mr. Hull stressed the fact that this country will continue to move independently to keep free and untangled as President Roosevelt has promised.

AMERICAN citizens are not respecting the embargo on shipments to Italy and Ethiopia to an extent that satisfies the administration. Therefore the President issued this statement:

"In dealing with the conflict between Ethiopia and Italy I have carried into effect the will and intent of the neutrality resolution recently enacted by congress. We have prohibited all shipments of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to the belligerent governments. By my public statement of October 5, which was emphasized by the secretary of state on October 10, we have warned American citizens against transactions of any character with either of the belligerent nations except at their own risk.

"This government is determined not to become involved in the controversy and is anxious for the restoration and maintenance of peace.

"However, in the course of war, tempting trade opportunities may be offered to our people to supply materials which would prolong the war. I do not believe that the American people will wish for abnormally increased profits that temporarily might be secured by greatly extending our trade in such materials; nor would they wish the struggles on the battlefield to be prolonged because of profits accruing to a comparatively small number of American citizens.

"Accordingly, the American government is keeping informed as to all shipments consigned for export to both belligerents."

Secretary of State Hull issued another statement calling upon American citizens to desist from trading with either Italy or Ethiopia. Such trade, he declared, was conducted "at the expense of human lives and human misery."

EARTHQUAKE tremors that were felt in many localities all the way from Spokane and Calgary to New York and Boston were severest in Helena, where at least two persons were killed and many injured. Numerous buildings weakened by the former tremors in the Montana capital were thrown down and the property losses were considerable.

CONSTITUTIONALITY of the Guffey coal act, a highly controversial measure, is to be passed on by the Supreme court. The way was opened when Justice Jesse Adkins of the District of Columbia Supreme court granted to the Carter Coal company a temporary injunction restraining government enforcement of the act.

In allowing the issuance of a temporary injunction, Justice Adkins denied another order which would have restrained the government from collecting the penalty prescribed by the act for noncompliance. He directed that the coal company post a bond of \$1,500 a day for ten days to insure stockholders of the company against a loss through imposition of the penalty should the act be held constitutional.

LIBERTY League's committee of 58 more or less eminent lawyers got into trouble by offering free legal services in anti-New Deal litigation. Someone protested to the American Bar association and that body's grievance committee has been asked for an opinion on the ethics of the offer. It was reported that the members of the league's committee had been cited for unethical practices, but the bar association denied this had yet been done.

THERE is no lack of potential candidates for the Republican Presidential nomination. The latest boom to be informally launched is for Gov.

Alf M. Landon of Kansas, often mentioned as a possibility. The other day there was a gathering in Topeka of party leaders, including members of the state committee, state office holders, congressmen and Senator Arthur Capper, and after some oratory they unanimously and enthusiastically endorsed the governor for the nomination. Landon had not indicated whether he would be a candidate. If he will, the movement will probably be given formal status at the annual Kansas day dinner in Topeka on January 29, the seventy-fifth anniversary of the state's admission to the Union.

TWO tragic airplane accidents marked the week in the United States. The huge Boeing bombing plane built for the army, largest land plane in the country, was being tested near Dayton, Ohio, when it fell and burst into flames. Maj. P. P. Hall, chief testing pilot, was killed and four others were injured. Lieut. R. K. Giovannoli and L. F. Harman risked their lives to rescue those trapped in the wreck and were themselves painfully burned.

Another Boeing plane, re-built and undergoing tests by the United Air Lines, crashed against a small hill near Cheyenne and the four occupants were hurled to death.

HONDURAS suffered one of its worst floods in its history. Fully 115 deaths resulted, and the property damage is estimated at \$12,000,000, half of it sustained by the United Fruit company. Reports of the disaster reaching Tegucigalpa were meager and vague, and the mortality list may be greatly increased later.

WANG CHING-WEI, premier of China, and two other officials were wounded by an assassin in Nanking. Martial law was declared there immediately. The Renzo (Japanese) News agency, crediting Chinese sources, said the assassin was a member of the central executive committee of the Kuomintang (ruling Chinese party). Chinese sources asserted he was a citizen of a foreign power. The Reuters (British) News agency reported Wang's assailant was a Japanese newspaper man.

POLITICAL gossip in Washington is that Senator Vic Donahey of Ohio may be invited by the administration to be the Democratic candidate for Vice President next year. Mr. Garner, of course, can have a re-nomination if he really wants it, but there is some reason to believe that he would prefer to retire to private life after nearly forty years of public service. Donahey's impressive victory over Simeon Fess in 1932 and his well known vote-getting ability lead some prominent Democrats to think it would be wise to put him on the ticket as Mr. Roosevelt's running mate.

JIMMY WALKER, former mayor of New York, has ended his three years of self-imposed exile and returned to the metropolis. Tammany Hall, which "made" him politically, took no part in the welcome accorded him, but enough others joined in the affair to fill seven or eight boats that met the liner Manhattan at quarantine. These included delegations from the Friars club, the Lambs club and the Grand Street Boys' association of which Jimmy was vice president. At the docks there was a tremendous throng to greet Walker and his wife, the former Betty Compton.

"Jungle Traveler" Is Craft of New Type



ONE of the strangest amphibians ever seen was given its final tests recently on Manhasset bay, at King's Point, Long Island. It is called the "Jungle Traveler" and will be sent to South America for use in exploring. It weighs two tons and has a speed of 15 miles an hour on land and eight miles on water.

BEDTIME STORY FOR CHILDREN

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

HOW FADDY WARNED LIGHTFOOT

IT WAS a queer partnership, that partnership between Lightfoot and Paddy, but it was a good partnership. They had been the best of friends for a long time. Paddy had always been glad to have Lightfoot visit his pond. To tell the truth, he was rather fond of handsome Lightfoot. You know, Paddy is himself not at all handsome. On land he is a rather clumsy looking fellow and really homely. So he admired Lightfoot greatly. That is one reason why he proposed that they be partners.

Lightfoot himself thought the idea a splendid one. He spent that night browsing not far from Paddy's pond. With the coming of daylight he lay down under some thick growing hemlock trees near the upper end of Paddy's pond. It was a quiet, peaceful day. It was so quiet and peaceful and beautiful that it was hard to believe that hunters with terrible guns were searching the Green Forest for beautiful Lightfoot. But they were, and Lightfoot knew that sooner or later one of them would be sure to visit Paddy's pond. So, though he rested and took short naps all through that beautiful day, he was anxious. He couldn't help but be.

The next morning found Lightfoot back in the same place. But this morning he took no naps. He rested, but all the time he was watchful and

a dry stick snap. It was a very tiny snap but it was enough to warn Paddy. With only his head above the water he had watched in the direction from which that sound had come. Presently, stealing quietly along towards the pond, a hunter had come in view. Instantly Paddy had brought his broad tail down on the water with all his force. He knew that Lightfoot would know that that meant danger. Then Paddy had dived, and swimming under water, had sought the safety of his house. He had done his part and there was nothing more he could do.

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For Windy Days



This short hooded coat of ocelot is especially suitable for windy days or for motoring. It is lined with bright green woolen to match the one-piece dress. When the hood is worn down as a collar it reveals a tiny wool beret.

Mother's Cook Book

HOT BREADS FOR COLD DAYS

A FLAKY, tender, white and well browned baking powder biscuit is no mean accomplishment. To be successful, such hot breads should be made quickly and baked in a hot oven.

Quick Biscuit.

Sift two cups of flour, four teaspoons of baking powder, one teaspoon of salt, and when well blended add one-fourth cup of cooking oil and three-fourths of a cup of milk. Mix into a soft dough and pat out on a floured board. Cut into rounds and bake 12 minutes in a hot oven.

Oatmeal Bread.

Take one and one-half cups of whole wheat flour, one teaspoon of salt, five teaspoons of baking powder, one-fourth cup of brown sugar, two tablespoons of oil, one-fourth of a cupful of milk, one egg, one cup of cooked oatmeal and one-half package of dates. Mix as usual, sifting the dry ingredients together, then add the milk and beaten egg, then the oatmeal and dates; lastly add the oil and beat well. Bake in a loaf for one hour.

Hot smoked salmon sandwiches are particularly good if seasoned with horseradish and a little worcestershire sauce.

A grated potato and an apple added to sauerkraut makes it a different dish.

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DAVID

By ANNE CAMPBELL

HE WAS a happy boy who did not know One hour of disillusionment and strife. All unacquainted with our deepest woe, The bluest skies hung over his young life. For him there were no tears, but only joy. He never will be called upon to share The bitter loss that robbed us of our boy, And gave us such a troubled load to bear.

Youth's mirror was untarnished; he who gazed With such clear eyes to futures bright with bliss, Will never live to see the hopes he raised Come tumbling 'round his head. . . . And we who miss His boyish laughter ringing through the halls, His happy plans, so confident and gay, Approach more eagerly the crystal walls Of heaven, where we all will meet some day.

Dear boy, whose spirit lingers in the rooms Where you lived joyfully for fifteen years, Forgive us if we shadow your bright plumes By giving way to grief and hopeless tears. Only one ray of comfort shines for us. Our day is long, and heavy is the night, But your brave soul finds heaven glorious. And where you are is happiness and light!

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DADA KNOWS—



"Pop, what is pulp?" "Broker's bulletin."

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QUESTION BOX

by ED WYNN, The Perfect Fool

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I have a very dear friend, a Scotchman, who has just gone back to Scotland. I happen to know that he would never spend his own money to go back, yet he has gone. How do you think he got back?

Yours truly, TOM KATT.

Answer: Your friend most likely heard some one sing "The Blue-bells of Scotland" and it carried him back.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

My father says he washes his eyes out every night before going to bed. If this is true how does he get them back in again?

Sincerely, I. LIDD.

Answer: He probably wears glasses.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

Is it true that everything that goes up must come down?

Sincerely, D. POSITOR.

Answer: Everything that goes up does come down excepting a bank.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I know a lady who never got married and she is now 42 years old. I asked her why she hadn't married and she said: "Why should I get married

as long as I have a parrot and a monkey?" What did she mean by that?

Sincerely, OME E. OHE.

Answer: Probably her parrot swears and her monkey chews tobacco and she figures therefore she doesn't need a husband.

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GIRLIGAGS



"If the bride of today used her own head when preparing his meals," says catty Katie, "all he could expect would be plank steak."

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Date Bureau Adds Spice to Life



HE MUST be dark and handsome, have a smart roadster and know how to dance. These are some of the qualifications demanded of Occidental college men by co-eds who patronize the campus date bureau which is now in operation in Los Angeles. Lonely hearts, in strictest confidence, may obtain escorts for any occasion, according to a notice published in the college paper. The registration charge is 10 cents and if the bureau arranges a date with a specified individual, the price jumps to 20 cents.