

**THE GLEANER**

GRAHAM, N. C., AUG. 26, 1937

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

**J. D. KERNODLE, Editor**

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**Presidential Timber**

North Carolinians are a modest people, as a rule. Rather, they shun the limelight—not always trying to get on the front seat. Occasionally, however, the things they do put them in the forefront.

An outstanding instance is the part Senator Bailey took in the court reorganization debate a few days ago. What he did was not a bid for notoriety. It was a burst of patriotism, a divining of danger to his country and the ultimate welfare of the people in the coming years. He was fighting for the preservation of the foundations upon which the Government of the United States of America had grown to greatness in the past one hundred and fifty years.

Mr. Bailey, mature in years, mature in thought and learning, recognized the wisdom and inspiration that guided the founders of the American Republic. He was not playing for favor and popularity, but he dared to stand for that which would continue to assure to the American people the blessings of civil liberty—a Constitution as a guide post, not a thing, a tool, that can be used, shifted and changed for the promotion of personal designs and schemes.

The nation, regardless of partisan affiliation, has taken notice of Senator Bailey's stand; that he is a safe counsellor; notwithstanding the President in his speech at Manteo last week did not allude to him, unless he was included in the "Tories."

The President's speech on the occasion did not set well and made him no friends. Criticism, some of it quite caustic, constituted most that was said about it.

Mr. Bailey's attitude toward the court reorganization proposal has turned the eyes of the nation on him, regardless of partisan affiliation, as fit and safe presidential timber.

Alluding to Senator Bailey as a possible candidate for the presidency, in connection with the Roanoke Island episode, the Dunn Dispatch said:

"Senator Bailey is a conservative. One of the old-line democrats who see where the wild orgy of government spending, increasing taxes, multiplicity of government departments, and the higher cost of living is leading.

His right to be a candidate in 1940 is what makes America great, and it is the conservative counter balancing the radicals that keep America great.

The next President of the United States should be conservative, and Senator Bailey has shown a conservative foresight, sincerity and ability which will make him acceptable as a candidate.

North Carolina instead of turning her back on such a possibility should be proud that he is mentioned and lend a hand."

It looks like trouble is brewing on the part of the United States and Great Britain on account of the death of an American citizen and the serious injury of a British citizen due to disregard in the Sino-Japanese war of the rights of others than their citizens in the international zone.

**Sine Die--- And Again**

A long session, historically so, of Congress adjourned at 7:22 Saturday evening with the shadow of an extra session in October hanging over it.

The adjournment was no love feast, no singing songs of joy. The eight months' session had been one of sharp antagonisms, especially on the court reorganization schedule. The Democrats were not in full accord with the President—not enough so to fall in line with all the legislation he and his advisers had mapped out.

Even before the adjournment, it had been made known that there was other legislation in the hopper that must go through the mill.

That the Congress needed a rest, no one will gainsay. It had been a wearing, consuming grind. Mr. Roosevelt, for himself, felt it necessary to go away occasionally for a few days rest and relaxation. The Congress could not do so.

Even if the Congress gets together again by November, no one who has tried to keep track of the numerous blood-heating breaks, believes it will be greatly cooled, or in a humor to recede from the stubborn stands heretofore taken.

The Congress is divided into militant factions that threaten party harmony in the future.

If Democratic party supremacy is to prevail beyond the present administration, there will have to be much composing of differences, giving and taking. The Administration must recognize that the Congress is composed of red-blooded Americans, who love their country and are conscientiously striving to serve its best interests, present and future; that, when they have quit official life, would like to hear the plaudit: "Well done."

Another woman goes to the United States Senate—Mrs. Dixie Graves, wife of Gov. Bibb Graves of Alabama, and appointed by the Governor. She fills the vacancy caused by the resignation and appointment of Senator Hugh Black to the U. S. Supreme Court to succeed Justice Willis VanDevanter, retired. She was sworn in last Friday. A special election will be called to elect a successor to Black. Gov. Graves states she will not be a candidate for election to the seat and that he appointed her to prevent giving anyone of the probable candidates any advantage in the race. The election will take place on the 26th of next April.

Justin Miller, former dean of the law school of Duke University, was appointed last Friday by President Roosevelt an Associate Justice of the United States Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. He is a native of California and 47 years old. He was a member of the United States Board of Tax Appeals.

The employees, about 350, of a half dozen big railroads have been holding conferences over a demand for 20 percent advance in wages. The railroads have refused them, and say they could not stand an 8 percent advance and continue to operate.

The railroad brotherhoods have named September 6th as the date the employees will strike.

Halifax county farmers are becoming concerned over the high price for hogs and are seeking to improve the quality of present breeding stock.

**Miss Proctor for Young Democratic National Committee-woman**

At a recent meeting of the Young Democratic club of Robeson county, Miss Elizabeth Proctor of Lumberton was unanimously endorsed for the position of National Committee-woman of the Young Democratic clubs of North Carolina.

Speaking of the candidacy of Miss Proctor and the local club's unanimous endorsement, The Robesonian, referring to the resolution of endorsement, said:

"It pointed out that 'Miss Proctor is a member of this club and has been active in the work of the organization, is vice chairman of the Robeson county club, comes from a family of loyal and prominent Democrats, is a young lady of charm, personality and efficiency, with the ability to serve and would serve as national committee-woman with honor and distinction to the organization and to North Carolina.' Miss Proctor is a daughter of Mrs. James D. Proctor and the late Mr. Proctor, who was state senator-elect from Robeson county at the time of his death."

The resolution further points out that the movement in favor of Miss Proctor, "originated" with some of the leaders of the organization in North Carolina and has the approval and support of the chairman of the seventh district."

Miss Proctor is quite well known in Graham and other parts of Alamance county and her friends would be much pleased at her selection by the State convention of young Democratic clubs at Winston-Salem, in September, as the representative from North Carolina.

**Guossly Unjust**

Some party or parties, hoping to gain an advantage in the late Liquor Store election, circulated a report that Sheriff H. J. Stockard was part owner in a roadside inn where it is suspected or believed liquor is sold.

Sheriff Stockard is justly indignant. To say the least, it was "dirty" politics and could serve little purpose in the issue up for decision. Evidently it was intended to weaken the Sheriff's influence or create sentiment against him in the event he should again offer for office.

When there is a theft or any other infraction of the law in the county, day or night, if advised, he goes regardless of his personal comfort.

The charge is a gross injustice.

Minute animals, almost microscopic in size, are the chief food of the whale.

The female of the silkworm moth cannot fly, at all and the male can fly only downward.

**PACIFIC FIR GOES TO NEW YORK FAIR**

NEW YORK (Special).—"Good old Douglas fir" from the Pacific Northwest will provide the foundations for the most spectacular of wonders at the New York World's Fair of 1939.

This was learned when the Fair Corporation offices in the Empire State building announced the purchase of more than 100,000 worth of fir plings from the National Pole Treating Company. This particular lot of fir sticks will be driven into the ash fill of the 1216 1/2-acre exposition site to guarantee the support of the two unique structures forming the Theme Centre of the "Nation's Fair." These are the 200-foot Perisphere, a globe seemingly supported on the waters of fountains, and the Trylon, a 700-foot triangular needle or beacon and broadcasting tower.

Shipments of the 1280 sticks, 95 to 99 feet in length, are taking place this month, after creosote treatment has been accorded them either at the National Pole and Treating Company's plant at Hilliard, Washington, or at the Minneapolis yards.

This is the Fair's second purchase of fir from Northwest sources. An order for 770 sticks of similar length was filled early this year from Oregon cuttings. This earlier shipment of pling supports the Fair's \$800,000 Administration Building already erected on the grounds.

**BOUNDARY SQUABBLE AT LAST ADJUSTED**

**Vermont - New Hampshire Limits Clearly Defined.**

Washington, D. C.—In 1912 Vermont and New Hampshire decided to ask the United States Supreme court where one begins and the other ends. Now they know.

Finally approved a few weeks ago was Special Commissioner Samuel S. Gannett's report on the 238-mile boundary line which follows the meanderings of the Connecticut river between the two states. Actually, 206 disputed miles of line were surveyed, from which the whole boundary was marked beyond doubt or question.

"This," says the National Geographic society, "is the last word in a boundary squabble which has caused bloodshed, engendered a refusal to admit the free republic of Vermont to the United States until 1791, and inspired Vermont's flirtation with a Canadian union. It even involved efforts to split off a separate state between Vermont and New Hampshire."

"The newly approved boundary apparently changes no one's post office address, transfers not a single mile-square parcel of ground, and will necessitate no changes in maps on an ordinary scale. The Connecticut river's west bank has in recent years been the accepted boundary," and the new line merely marks off the west bank's original low water mark before dams were built to alter the river's flow.

**Bridges and Taxation.**

"The result has been to allot Vermont jurisdiction over a few more bucketsful of river in one spot, several tubfuls more to New Hampshire in another. It may now be definitely known at which ripple Vermont regulations govern trout fishing and where New Hampshire game laws apply.

"The true basis for a boundary dispute this late in history is the problem of bridges and taxation. It is a question of which state shall receive the taxes on riverside paper, lumber, and pulp mills, and the huge hydroelectric plants from whose dams on the Connecticut river power lines carry electricity throughout much of New England. Vermont is awarded a new island or so and some new exclusive tax clients. New Hampshire wins the expensive duty of maintaining most of the bridges.

"The upper Connecticut is a well-behaved little river, and would hardly have worn out the boundary line if left to itself. Except for several cut-offs, its rocky route, twisted and slow, has changed little since a lively logging industry filled it with rafts of timber from low wooded mountains on both sides. Now logs must come down to the pulp mills by truck or rail, for the river is blocked by ten power dams in its 200-mile career as a boundary. Because height of the river is now almost completely controlled by these dams, the natural low water mark was lost and had to be "fished" for. To establish it, a survey of the river had to be supplemented by old maps and blue prints.

**Rely on North Star.**

"Accuracy of this survey was guaranteed by starlight. Early American surveyors worked with the compass, which varies even during a day in the same place. This survey was checked every three or four miles by reference to the North star. With transit, surveying rods, and chains, a single commissioner and his small field party of engineers settled a boundary which had baffled three commissions before 1792 and had caused bitter fighting.

"As the actual line between Vermont and New Hampshire is usually submerged, it was not practical to mark it with monuments on the spot. The line is indicated by 91 reference markers, bronze plates on granite shafts planted five feet deep to defeat the New England frost.

"The Vermont-New Hampshire boundary is the longest, and possibly the longest-disputed, and is marked in recent years. Since 1920, six other state line disputes have been settled by the Supreme court and Commissioner Gannett. Arkansas had lines drawn for about 10 miles each along the boundaries which it shares with Tennessee and Mississippi. A Minnesota-Wisconsin limit was fixed for about 17 miles, surveyed in winter on the ice around Duluth. The capricious Mississippi necessitated a survey between Louisiana and Mississippi, confirming Louisiana's claim to about 12 square miles in dispute.

"Texas has required the most boundary doctoring. A new line between the Lone Star state and Oklahoma was run for 134 miles along the one-hundredth meridian. The result was one of the straightest and most accurately determined boundaries on record, and it pared off 45 square miles of Oklahoma to enlarge Texas. On the Texas-New Mexico boundary was run one of the crookedest lines possible, requiring five monuments per mile to keep it from getting lost in its own meanders. Part of the line between Colorado and New Mexico is still unmarked, and uncertainty exists over bits of the Texas-Arkansas and the Virginia-District of Columbia boundaries. Otherwise, state lines in the United States are pretty definite."

**Mebane Six Counties Fair Sept. 13---18**

**Special Days for Veterans Foreign Wars, American Legion, Firemen and Boy Scouts.**

Firemen, members of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Boy Scouts will be guests of the Mebane Six Counties Fair, which begins September 13 for six days and nights.

On Wednesday the firemen of the six counties will be invited; Thursday, members of the American Legion and Veterans of Foreign Wars; and on Friday, the Boy Scouts will be invited. They will be admitted into the grounds free of charge, on their nights, according to the management.

The Mebane Six Counties Fair is shaping up excellently. More space than ever before at this time has been sold in the Merchants & Manufacturers' building and the sale of the nine eating booths is going merrily along.

The premium list has been published since the first of July and distributed and prospects are for the largest exhibits ever.

On the midway will be the O. C. Buck Exposition, positively one of the largest carnivals ever to visit this fair. These shows have the reputation of being the cleanest shows in the north where they come from to Mebane.

Among the grandstand attractions are the most thrilling ever seen in the state, exhibits, the like of which have never been seen, will be here to fill the big buildings provided for them. Ample parking space for the immense crowds anticipated is arranged.

**91 Counties Share Old Age Aid in July; Children in 74 Counties**

**Aggregate Payments Amounted to \$41,513.80**

It has been announced by the State Board of Charities and Public Welfare from Raleigh, that for the month of July a total of \$41,513.80 was paid to approximately 4,968 persons in North Carolina in Old Age Assistance and Aid to Dependent Children benefits.

The announcement, made through J. A. Stewart, auditor for the welfare department, stated that 3,381 persons over 65 years of age, and 1,587 children under 16, at an average of three children to 529 families, were aided.

The amount of Old Age benefits was \$32,097.05, with the average check \$9.94, and the children received \$9,416.75, an average of \$17.80 per family and 5.93 per child.

The total number of checks was 3,910, and all were sent out by the State Board of Charities and Public Welfare. Ninety-one counties participated in Old Age Assistance, while 74 were included in the benefits to dependent children.

**NOTICE!**

**Summons by Publication**

NORTH CAROLINA ALAMANCE COUNTY In the General County Court Margaret Hight

E. Hight

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the General County Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, for divorce; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before E. H. Murray, Clerk of the General County Court, at his office in Graham, North Carolina, on the 12 day of September, 1937, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This the 5 day of August, 1937. E. H. MURRAY, Clerk General County Court of Alamance County. J. J. Henderson, Atty.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE**

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of Margaret Roberson, dec'd, late of Alamance county, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at his office No. 414 Security Building, Greensboro, North Carolina, on or before the 27th day of August, 1937, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This the 23rd day of August, 1937. T. C. HOYLE, Jr., Executor of Margaret Roberson, deceased. Hoyle & Hoyle, Attorneys.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE**

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Wm. H. Zachary, deceased late of Alamance county, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned, Graham N. C. R. L. on or before the 30th day of August, 1937, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This the 24th day of Aug., 1937. CHARLES F. ZACHARY, Adm'r. of Wm. H. Zachary.

**NOTICE!**

**Summons by Publication**

NORTH CAROLINA ALAMANCE COUNTY In the General County Court Mrs. Ruby S. Murray

Luther Murray

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the General County Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, for divorce; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before E. H. Murray, Clerk of the General County Court, at his office in Graham, North Carolina, on the 12 day of September, 1937, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This the 5 day of August, 1937. E. H. MURRAY, Clerk General County Court of Alamance County. J. J. Henderson, Atty.

**NOTICE!**

**Summons by Publication**

NORTH CAROLINA ALAMANCE COUNTY In the General County Court Mrs. Joybelle Myers

L. E. Myers

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the General County Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, for divorce; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before E. H. Murray, Clerk of the General County Court, at his office in Graham, North Carolina, on the 12 day of September, 1937, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

This the 10 day of August, 1937. E. H. MURRAY, Clerk General County Court of Alamance County. J. J. Henderson, Atty.

**Notice of Sale of Real Estate**

NORTH CAROLINA ALAMANCE COUNTY.

Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in that certain deed of trust executed by Jerry Hudson Ratliff, to the undersigned trustee, which deed of trust is dated the first day of December, 1935, and recorded in Book 125-D.T., at page 50-53, of the Alamance County Registry, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness thereby secured and in the conditions therein secured, the undersigned trustee will, on

Tuesday, September 7, 1937;

at or about twelve o'clock, M. at the Courthouse door at Graham, North Carolina, offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described property:

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land containing ninety (90) acres, to be the same, more or less, situate, lying and being on the Graham-Pittsboro road, about ten miles Southeast from the town of Graham, in Newlin's Township, Alamance County, State of North Carolina, having such shapes, metes; courses and distances as will more fully appear by reference to a plat thereof made by R. C. Thompson, surveyor, on the 16th day of September, 1926, and attached to the

abstract now on file with the Atlantic Joint Stock Land Bank of Raleigh the same being bounded on the North by the lands of Baalam Stafford; on the East by the lands of John Newlin and Baalam Stafford; on the South by the lands of John Pugh, Hiram Braxton (William Thompson); and on the West by the lands of Lewis Stafford, and described as follows:

Beginning at a black oak, John Pugh and Hiram Braxton's corner, in Lewis Stafford's line near the fork of the New-Salem and Raleigh road; thence along said Stafford's line North 15 degrees East 13 chains 59 links to a stake; thence North 89 degrees East 31 chains to the center of the Alamance road near a post oak, marked as corner for Baalam Stafford; thence along said road South 7 degrees East 16 chains 75 links to a stone near the Artis-Spring corner; thence North 87 degrees West 6 chains to a stone, John Newlin's corner on Southside of Graham-Pittsboro road; thence South 7 degrees East along said road 108 poles to where said road crosses the New Salem and Raleigh road; thence North 53 degrees West 188 poles to Hiram Braxton's corner (in William Thompson's line), and to the first station, containing ninety (90) acres, to be the same, more or less, this being the identical tracts of land as conveyed by J.W. Thompson and wife Jane Thompson, bearing date of February 20, 1909, as recorded in book of deeds 49, at page 278; also deed from the heirs of Sarah C. Emerson, bearing date of February 22, 1927, and recorded in deed book 85, at page 563, in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County.

Terms of sale cash and trustee will require deposit of 10 percent of the amount of the bid as his evidence of good faith.

This the seventh day of Aug., 1937. H. R. STACY, Trustee.

**Notice of Foreclosure Sale**

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage deed executed by B. F. Coleman and wife, Mary Ellen Coleman, to R. A. Coble, dated October 18, 1933, and recorded in the Registry of Alamance County, N. C., in Book 118 D. T., Page 573 et seq, the undersigned mortgagee will offer for sale at public auction at the Courthouse door in said county, in the City of Graham, N. C.,

at 12:00 o'clock, noon.

Monday, September 6, 1937; and will sell to the highest bidder for CASH the property described in said mortgage deed, as follows:

That certain tract or parcel of land in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Spring street, Mebane Real Estate and Trust Co., Jerry Sellars, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at an iron bolt on Spring street and corner with Mebane Real Estate & Trust Co., running thence with line of Mebane Real Estate & Trust Co. S. 21 deg. E. 147 ft. to an iron bolt, corner with Jerry Sellars; running thence with line of Jerry Sellars south 66 deg. W. 60 ft. to an iron bolt, corner with Mebane Real Estate & Trust Co.; running thence with line of Mebane Real Estate & Trust Co. N. 21 deg. W. 142 feet 2 in. to an iron bolt, corner with Spring street; running thence with line of Spring street N. 60 deg. 45 min. E. 60 feet to the beginning, and being Lot No. 28 of the A. C. Mitchell and Geo. H. Troxler property, as sub-divided by Lewis H. Holt, County Surveyor, May 15-17, 1917; plat of which is recorded in Book of Plats No. 2, Page 58.

The above described property will be sold subject to a prior deed of Trust from the parties of the first part securing a loan from Jefferson Standard Life Ins. Co., in the principal sum of \$2500.00, and the deed of trust securing said loan from the Jefferson Standard constitutes a first and prior lien on the above described real property.

This sale will be made subject to all outstanding and unpaid taxes and other assessments, if any.

This sale is to be made on account of default in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the aforesaid mortgage deed. R. A. COBLE, Mortgagee. Barmie P. Jones, Atty.