

THE GLEANER

GRAHAM, N. C., JULY 11, 1946

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

J. D. KERNODLE, JR., Manager

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the Postoffice at Graham, N. C., as second-class matter.



Strike Out

This entire nation has to look to its big industrial plants for prosperity. If the big factories keep going, workers have jobs, farmers have markets for what they raise, and the rest of us get along well enough. When the factories start shutting down (for any reason at all) thoughtful people begin to worry and they have good reason for their uneasiness.

Work stoppages are always bad news. Farmers hate to read about strikes because farms can prosper only when industrial workers are happy with their jobs and setting good tables. Farmers take sides in labor squabbles less than most city people think. Without much prejudice they wish mainly that whoever is on the wrong side of the argument will get right so business can go ahead.

Strikes Don't Last

Not many weeks ago, when a world-famous strike ended, I overheard a stranger say, "Strikes just can't go on forever. Finally men have to go back to work, whether they get all they struck for or not." The only trouble with this philosophy is that it's not so. The fearful truth is that somebody might some day call a "third strike" . . . one that might be called a strike out.

Every big industrial concern is in league with two different kinds of people—both classes out for money, but in different ways. One group is its employees, the others its stockholders. Both alliances are necessary. There's no use wondering which is most important because it is not possible for an industrial organization to get along unless it has both. They are mutually essential.

Many Similarities

It is safe to consider these two groups about the same size. Numerically, the country over, one crowd is about as big as the other. Individual companies differ; some have more employees than stockholders, others have more investors than workers. In 1940, the General Motors Corp. had nearly twice as many investors as employees and several other big concerns were situated the same way.

There is some overlap. In certain corporations, quite a few employees are stockholders too. They call themselves employees however, because their wages usually amount to more than their dividends. Payrolls have been running 10 to 20 times dividends for years. Generally, a company's stockholders and its employees are two entirely different crowds, and the firm can't get along without either.

Both Independent

One point of most striking similarity between investors and employees is that they both are independent. Either crowd is free to walk right out and leave a company. Either bunch might strike a firm dead with that very weapon. Usually it is the workers who quit because they are organized. Likewise, being organized, they can arrange to return to their jobs before it is too late.

Investors are not organized and accordingly move more slowly. They won't strike; there's nobody to call a strike. But if strikes of employees kill the profit for investors and dividends quit coming entirely, investors will finally quit. They will quit at a time and nobody will tell them to return to work. The final strike of employees that drives stockholders to quit, that's the strike that will be called "out."

Overcrowding of Chicks

Costly in Poultry Raising

Overcrowding of growing chicks is one of the most common and most costly errors in the poultry business. It not only leads to waste of feed, poor growth, disease and cannibalism, but it may also be the indirect cause of weakened stock. Avoid loss from overcrowding by starting only as many chicks as your brooder house will accommodate and by providing room for expansion as the chicks grow.

A 10 by 12 foot brooder house will take care of from 250 to 300 chicks. If straight run chicks are brooded, the cockerels should be removed as soon as possible to provide more room for the pullets. If sexed pullets are brooded, another house should be provided for them when the pullets are six or eight weeks old.

A wire-floored sun porch, the size of the brooder house, is an excellent means of providing extra space for growing chicks. They may be fed on the sun porch where they will get the benefit of sunshine and fresh air.

Superior Food Is Yours by Following Rules for Quality Canning



—Photo Courtesy Ball Bros. Co.

Ask ten women why they put up fruits, vegetables, jams, preserves, etc., and you may get ten different answers but they all add up to economy and flavor.

At present, high living costs are forcing many persons, particularly members of the so-called white-collar class, to accept merchandise of inferior quality or do without, but almost everybody can have vegetables of superior quality and flavor for there can always be gardens, and fortunately, glass jars for home canning are pre-war quality at pre-war prices.

Canned foods should be seasoned, flavored, or sweetened to suit the taste of one's family. If you like corn and beans, corn and tomatoes, tomatoes and okra, cooked together, can them together—but keep in mind that a mixture must be processed the time needed for the vegetable requiring the longest time.

Own a Canning Book

"But," warns Gladys Kimbrough, Home Service Director for Ball Brothers Company, manufacturer of home canning jars, "whatever you do by way of seasoning, be sure to follow the rules when canning. Every homemaker should own a good canning and preserving book."

Buy whatever new jars, caps, lids, and rubbers needed. Use regular home canning jars and beware of any which haven't the name of a reliable manufacturer on them. Examine every jar, cap, and lid before it is used and use according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Be sure pressure cooker and water-bath canners are in perfect order. Use strictly fresh produce and use it the day it is mature enough to cook for immediate serving. Discard tough, withered, rusty, wormy vegetables. Wash all produce before breaking or cutting and wash only enough for one canner load at a time.

Don't Lose Time

Waste no time between steps in gathering, sorting, washing, preparing, and canning.

Cover prepared vegetables with boiling water and boil five minutes (some vegetables, for example beans and sweet potatoes, require longer). Pour hot vegetables into clean hot jars. Don't cram them

down. There must be room for water to circulate between the pieces and there should be from 1/2 to 1 inch space between the vegetables and the top of the jar.

Cover vegetables, after placing in jars, with water in which they were boiled or use fresh boiling water. Use clean salt, add it before or after the jars are filled, or leave it out. It is put in for seasoning only.

If air bubbles form, run a knife down between side of jar and food. Put the jars in a hot canner as soon as they are filled. Letting them stand around on the kitchen table invites spoilage.

Process all vegetables except tomatoes, which are really a fruit, in a steam pressure cooker for the time given in the recipe you are following. We recommend the use of a pressure cooker because, when in good working order and used according to instructions, it is by far the quickest and best way to can all low-acid vegetables such as beans, beets, peas, corn, etc. Boiling for a long time in a water-bath canner is the next best way and is the one commonly used in the North Central and Eastern states. Water-bath processed vegetables (does not mean tomatoes—they are acid and should be done in water bath) should never under any circumstances be tasted until after they have been boiled 15 minutes. The same is true of those processed in a steam pressure cooker when there is the slightest question as to whether the cooker was in good operating condition or was operated correctly. The purpose of boil-before-tasting is to destroy any toxin which may have developed. The toxin won't be there to destroy if fresh produce has been carefully washed, prepared, packed, and properly processed.

Uncle Sam Says



Millions of you await your newspaper boy every day. He is important to me and to you. He is the citizen of tomorrow. He may be your lawyer, doctor, business man, mechanic, engineer, manufacturer, and, perhaps, your President. 300,000 newspaper boys like Jimmy sold 179,323,938.50 in War Stamps and Bonds. Now that the war is over, Jimmy hasn't stopped buying savings stamps and bonds. I am proud of the way Jimmy backed the attack against our enemies—I am equally proud of Jimmy now for backing his future.

U. S. Treasury Department

Sweet Foods Burn Easily

Some sweet foods scorch easily—molasses and honey, for example. Molasses and honey cakes and cookies need to bake at a lower temperature than plain cakes and cookies. Chocolate has a tendency to scorch, so chocolate cake also should bake in a slightly lower oven. When cooking any of these scorchable foods on top of the stove, it is best to use a kettle with a heavy bottom that distributes heat evenly. Heavy aluminum is good for this purpose; enamelware and stainless steel poor. When cooking over burners that cannot be adjusted to very low heat, it is wise to protect against scorching by using an asbestos mat between pan and burner. Whenever food is to be "boiled down," as in making chili sauce or fruit butter, the cook must keep a close watch on the food, whatever kind of kettle is used. When vegetables are cooked in very little water, as nutritionists advise, care must be taken that the kettle does not boil dry before the vegetables are done.

Foul Brood

Entomologists from the Connecticut experiment station report that sulphathiazole mixed in sugar water cured foul brood in colonies of bees. Analysis of the honey made by the bees showed a trace of the drug present.

Non-flammable Fabric

A plastic-coated upholstery fabric that will char on contact with a flame but will not support combustion is expected to find wide usage in boats, office furniture and restaurant seats.

ARISTOCRACY CARRIES ON IN BRITAIN

Most of them broke, but Britain's undaunted peers wear the old school tie as if it were fresh from Bond Street. Read how aristocracy is carrying on after the war, one of many revealing stories in the July 21st issue of

THE AMERICAN WEEKLY
Nation's Favorite Magazine With The
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NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of D. H. Sutton, deceased, late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Burlington, North Carolina, on or before the 15th day of June, 1947, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This, the 10th day of June, 1946.

A. G. SUTTON,
Administrator of the Estate of
D. H. Sutton, deceased.
Louis C. Allen, Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as Administrator with the will annexed, of Thos. B. Byrd, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of July, 1947, or the claim will be barred.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This, the 8th day of July, 1946.

D. M. VINCENT,
Administrator, c. t. a., R.F.D.
No. 3, Mebane, N. C.
J. S. Cook, Atty.

Notice of Re-Sale

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County, Plaintiff vs. Ed Garner and wife, Viola Garner, et al. Defendants, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Wednesday, July 24th, 1946.

at 11 o'clock, a. m.,

at the Court House door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property:

A tract or parcel of land in Haw River Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, and being the same real property described in that Mortgage Deed from Ed Garner and wife, Viola Garner, to Mary Heath and husband, Claude Heath, which Mortgage Deed was filed for record July 16th, 1934, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, in Book of Mortgages No. 121, at page 194.

This is a re-sale, and bidding will begin at \$165.00.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation. This, the 8th day of July, 1946.

LOUIS C. ALLEN,
Commissioner.

NOTICE

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

NORTH CAROLINA
ALAMANCE COUNTY
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
Mary Price Buddy, Plaintiff,
- vs -
Gridley Buddy, Defendant.

The above named defendant, Gridley Buddy will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, by the plaintiff to secure an absolute divorce from the defendant upon the grounds that plaintiff and defendant have lived separate and apart for more than two years next preceding the bringing of this action; and the defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Alamance County, in the Court House in Graham, North Carolina, within thirty days after the 5th day of August, 1946, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This, the 2nd day of July, 1946.

F. L. WILLIAMSON

Clerk of the Superior Court of
Alamance County, North Carolina
A. M. Carroll, Atty.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County, plaintiff, vs. Edgar Isley, Arthur Isley and wife, Mrs. Arthur Isley; Alithia Isley Murphy and husband, John Doe Murphy, defendants, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Wednesday, July 24th, 1946.

at 11 o'clock, a. m.,

at the Courthouse door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Graham Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, adjoining Washington Street, and others, and being Lot No. 3, of the division of the Monroe Harden lands, as shown by Commissioner's Report as the tract allotted to Rosie Taylor, which report is filed in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, in Book of Deeds No. 97, at page 384.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation.

This, the 20th day of June, 1946.

LOUIS C. ALLEN,
Commissioner.

NOTICE

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

NORTH CAROLINA
ALAMANCE COUNTY
IN THE GENERAL COUNTY COURT
Jesse C. Vaughn, Plaintiff,
- vs -
Irene F. Vaughn, Defendant.

The defendant, Irene F. Vaughn, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the General County Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, for an absolute divorce on the grounds of two consecutive years separation; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the Office of the Clerk of the General County Court in the Courthouse in Graham, North Carolina, within twenty

320 ACRE DAIRY FARM 320

SUBDIVIDED INTO SMALL TRACTS

Located On 2 Hardsurface Highways

NEAR BETHLEHEM CHURCH, Highway 54

Between Chapel Hill and Burlington

12 Miles From Chapel Hill

AT AUCTION
MONDAY, JULY 15th, 2 P. M.

This is one of the best if not the best farm in Alamance County. Has 25 acres in Alfalfa. Practically all started in Lepsedez. Mostly Fenced, and good Pasture land. A number of Barns and Outbuildings, all in good repair. Land is well Watered. In excellent community.

Also about 40 head of Cattle, mostly of the Beef Type with a few Extra Good Milkers.

Partial List of Equipment for Sale----

- 1 McCormick-Deering Corn binder
- 2 Model A Farmall Tractors, with 1 mowing machine attachment, 2 cultivating attachments, and 1 corn planting attachment.
- 1 McCormick-Deering Corn Picker
- 1 Case Pick-up Hay Baler, with power unit
- 1 No. 22 Caterpillar Terracing Machine
- 2 International Manure Spreaders
- 1 Case Manure Spreader
- 2 20-Disc Harrows
- 1 McCormick-Deering Power Corn Sheller
- 1 4-Disc International Plow
- 1 Combination Hammer Mill and Feed Grinder
- 2 1-Ton Trailers
- 1 John Deere Drill
- 1 International Stalk Cutter
- 1 Case 2-Row Corn Planter
- 1 Dillinger Corn Husker
- 1 Dump Hay Rake
- 1 Riding Cultivator
- 1 Truck Equipped with Lime Spreader
- 2 Side Delivery Rakes
- 1 Hay Loader

- 2 2-Horse Wagons
- 1 Ensilage Cutter
- 1 Tractor Wood Saw
- 1 McCormick-Deering 12-Disc Drill
- 1 Blacksmith Forge
- 1 Allis-Chalmers 60 Combaine
- 1 John Deere Horse Drawn Mowing Machine
- 1 D 2 Caterpillar Tractor
- 1 Gasoline Air Compressor
- 1 Hay Fork
- 3 Cross Cut Saws
- 1 Pair 500 Lb. Scales
- 1 2-Ton Trailer
- 1 Standard No. 446 Seed Cleaner
- 20 Squares Asphalt Shingles
- 1 Lepsedez Seeder
- 1 Section Harrow
- 24 New Steel Gates
- 2 Block and Tackle
- 8 Rolls Woven Wire 48 In.
- 1 3 or 4-Disc Oliver Plow
- 12 Rolls Barb Wire
- Approximately 50 Tons Alfalfa Hay
- Walking Plows, Shovels, Hoes, Maddocks, Harness, Tools and Many Other Items Too Numerous To Mention.

All the above Real Estate will be sold on very easy terms which will be announced at sale.

We Will Also Give Away CASH PRIZES!
GOOD MUSIC FOR YOUR ENTERTAINMENT!

UNIVERSITY AUCTION CO., Selling Agents

GEDDIE FIELDS, Chapel Hill, N. C., Auctioneer

If You Have Property You Want Sold—Get In Touch With Us.

ty days after the 6th day of August, 1946, and answer or demur to the complaint in the said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said action. This, the 6th day of July, 1946.

F. L. WILLIAMSON

Clerk of the General County Court
of Alamance County.
Barnie P. Jones, Atty.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Having qualified as Administrators of the estate of Charlie E. Allen, deceased late of Alamance County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Route 3, Mebane, North Carolina, on or before the 32nd day of June, 1947, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This, the 12th day of June, 1946.

G. G. ALLEN,
CHARLIE H. ALLEN,
Administrators of estate
of Charlie E. Allen, deceased.
Louis C. Allen, Atty.

Notice of Re-Sale

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in an action in the Superior Court of Alamance County, North Carolina, entitled Alamance County, Plaintiff, vs. Bettie Fuller, widow, Robert Fuller, Lewis Fuller, Ernest Fuller, et al. Defendants, the undersigned Commissioner will, on

Wednesday, July 24th, 1946.

at 11:00 o'clock, a. m.,

at the Courthouse door in Graham, North Carolina, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described as follows:

A certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Burlington Town-

ship, Alamance County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Milton Turner, and others, and

Beginning at a rock, corner of Big Falls Road, and running thence S. 3 qrs. 90 lks. to a post, corner with Richard Duck; thence with the line of Richard Duck, E. 50 ft. to a rock, Big Falls Road; thence W. with said road, 50 ft. to the beginning, being the real property owned by Lewis Fuller at the time of his death and descended to the defendants, and all other real property in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, owned by the said Lewis Fuller at the time of his death and descended to the said defendants.

This is a re-sale, and bidding will begin at \$104.50.

The purchaser will be required to deposit ten per cent of his bid when the same is knocked down to him, and the balance upon confirmation.

This, the 1st day of July, 1946.

LOUIS C. ALLEN,
Commissioner.

Sale of
Valuable Tobacco Land

Under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the last will of Thos. B. Byrd, I will offer for public sale to the highest bidder on

Saturday, August 17, 1946,

at 11:00 o'clock, noon,

at the late residence of said Thos. B. Byrd, East of Cross Roads Church, the following real estate:

FIRST TRACT: Consisting of two lots as follows:

(a). Beginning at a rock, corner of C. L. Gilliam, T. B. Richmond and Leslie Garrison, thence in a northern direction 6 1/2 rods to a pine tree; thence 28 rods to point in a N. E. direction; thence 29 1/2 rods, thence S-W. direction to a rock, the beginning point and containing 9-100 acre more or less.

(b). Adjoining the above described lot and beginning at a rock, corner with Gilliam and Vincent in the middle of public road to Vincent Mill, thence N. 10 deg. E. 1.68 chs. to a rock, corner with R. W. Vincent; thence N. 6 deg. 30 min. E. 4.25 chs. to a rock in said Vincent's line, thence S. 51 deg. W. (B. S. 51 1/2 deg.) 12.65 chs. to a rock, corner with said Gilliam, Richmond and Garrison on the north side of said Road; thence N. 70 1/2 deg. E. into and with said Road 6.50 chs. to a bend N. of a B. Jack tree; thence S. 88 deg. E. 2.34 chs. to the beginning and containing 2.39 acres more or less, upon this tract is the home place.

SECOND TRACT: Lying across the Road from the above tract and beginning at a rock, corner with S. Y. Bakes lands (Now O. S. Sellers) and running thence N. 13 deg. W. 13.31 chs. to a rock, corner with lot of R. W. Vincent; thence S. 79 deg. E. (B. S. 80 1/2 deg.) 42.43 chs. to a rock on West bank of Stag Creek, corner with said Vincent, lot measured to center of Creek; thence down said Creek S. 13 deg. W. 4.60 chs.; S. 56 deg. W. 1.90 chs.; S. 28 deg. W. 7.55 chs. to the center of said Creek (Rock on the west bank of Creek), thence N. 78 1/2 deg. W. (B. S. 78 deg.) 33.7 chs. to the beginning and containing 47 acres more or less.

This property is good tobacco land with usual buildings.

Time of Sale: 12:00 o'clock noon, August 17, 1946.

Place of Sale: On the premises, a mile or more East from Cross Roads Church.

Terms of sale: Reasonable terms may be made or purchaser may pay cash.

This, the 10th day of July, 1946.

D. M. VINCENT,

Administrator, c. t. a.
Mebane, R.F.D. No. 3.

J. S. Cook, Atty.