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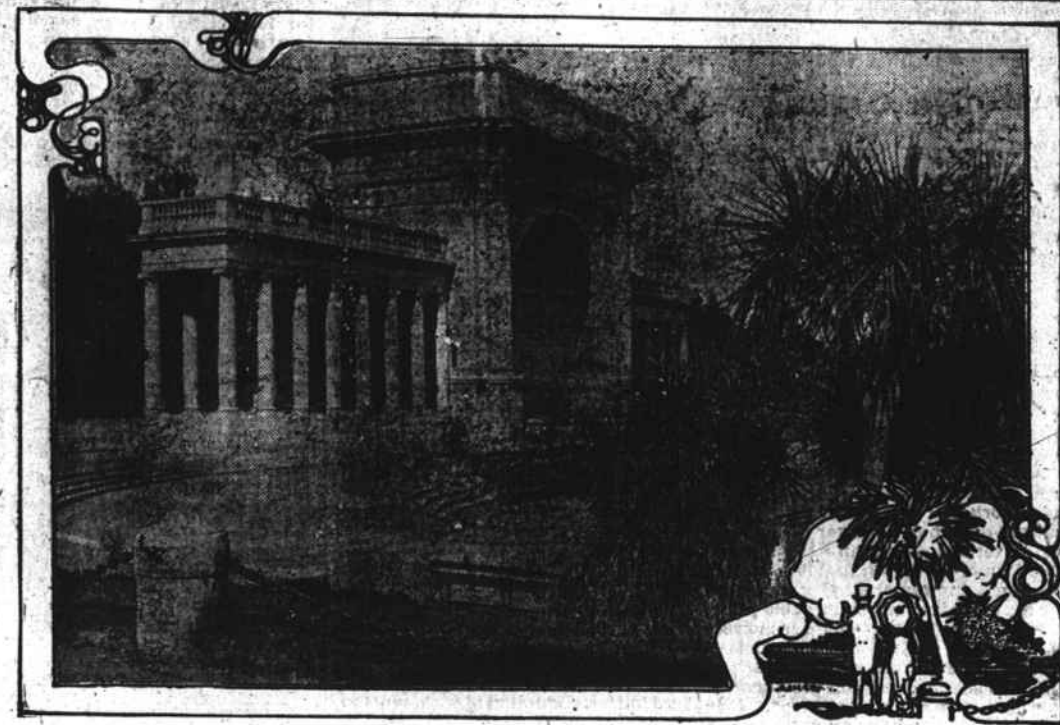
Woodrow Wilson Nominated President

The Whole World Is to Participate In the Great San Francisco Panama-Pacific Exposition In 1915

By HAMILTON M. WRIGHT.
THE whole world is interested in the opening of the Panama canal and in the great international fete at which the United States will celebrate the completion of the canal, the Panama-Pacific International exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915.

The proclamation of the president, issued by authority of congress, has been delivered through the instrumentality of the department of state to every quarter of the globe. Inquiries as to the exposition are pouring in upon the exposition management from all parts of the world. The nations of the world in recognition of America's great

bay are Messrs. McKim, Mead & White of New York, designers of Madison Square Garden, the Boston Public Library, the Agricultural building at the World's Columbian exposition; Thomas Hastings, president of Carrere & Hastings, architects in chief for the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo; Henry Bacon, designer of the Lincoln memorial; Willis Polk, associated with D. H. Burnham of the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago. These architects and their associates pronounce the site of the exposition as unsurpassed for a great maritime celebration. The exposition structures will be the largest and costliest ever erected for a world's exposition.



SCENE IN GOLDEN GATE PARK, SITE OF THE PERMANENT FEATURES OF THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION AT SAN FRANCISCO, 1915.

FARMERS' SERVICE DEPARTMENT

All inquiries and orders will be given careful and prompt attention.
Edited by J. E. WAGGONER
Address: I. H. C. SERVICE BUREAU
HARVESTER BUILDING CHICAGO

POTATO SCAB

A New Jersey Correspondent writes:

"I find that my potatoes are badly infested with what seems to me to be the description of potato scab."

In treating potatoes for scab it is best to use one pound of formalin to thirty gallons of water. This treatment should be given the seed before the potatoes are cut, and after treating they should be scattered out and allowed to dry unless you are ready to plant them immediately. After using the solution for two or three hours it should be replenished, because when left open it loses its strength very rapidly.

We can see no reason why the kerosene barrels would in any way hinder this treatment. We believe it will be all right to use them in treating your potatoes. As far as disinfecting the planter is concerned, we do not believe this will be necessary if you treat the seed properly.

The fungus disease called scab has been known to live for at least six years in the soil, even though no potatoes were grown in that field. Because of this, it is a good plan to rotate your crops and to plant your treated seed in fields where potatoes have not been grown for at least four or five years.

The soil that contains an acid is injurious to the growth of potato scab, hence the application of sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, kanit, or acid phosphate will tend to free the soil of the scab fungus. On the other hand, the presence of lime, wood ashes, or large quantities of stable manure, will aid or encourage the growth of potato scab.

LITTLE THINGS ABOUT THE HOUSE

By GRACE MARION SMITH of the I. H. C. Service Bureau

Time was when people who could not afford expensive jewelry and real lace, owned no jewelry and wore their garments untrimmed. Our ancestors, with a foolish pride supposed to indicate birth and breeding, eschewed imitations. This was a protest against pretense, but the medicine became worse than the disease. Gaudy, cheap, shoddy material is an offense against good taste, but inexpensive things need not be inartistic. Because you cannot take a trip to Europe is no reason for refusing a day's outing. You cannot afford the original Angelus, but you can have a good print of it, and most of us with untrained eyes will see quite as much in the print as we would in the original.

There is a difference between the inexpensive and cheap, so don't let us deride a thing simply because it didn't

cost a mint of money.

How many things are you going without that you could buy for a very modest sum? Suppose it is nothing more than a sharp knife for paring vegetables and you have wasted time, wasted vegetables, spoiled your own temper, and annoyed the men folks by trying to get an edge on a knife that was worn out years ago. Yet for ten cents—ten cents—you can buy a paring knife that will last at least a year.

You have spent hours beating up eggs with a fork. A Dover egg-beater costs a quarter, and a whip ten cents. You are short of pans, of crocks, of kettles, which can be purchased for from ten to thirty-five cents. You are going without spoons enough to set the table when there are guests, because you can't afford to pay eight dollars for them, but you can buy artistic spoons of white metal which no one unless accustomed to seeing them would distinguish from real silver. Sometimes it is china towels—you are using worn, lousy rags; you can get all the towels you need for ten cents apiece. Or, you are wearing an old dress, too heavy and warm. Instead of the cool, fresh-looking one you could buy ready-made for from sixty cents to one dollar.

No, I am not advising cheap, shoddy things. Always buy the best you can afford. If your means are limited buy the inexpensive yet most satisfactory articles that you can. Only don't make the mistake of complaining because these inexpensive things don't last as well as the more costly ones. "The first thing you forget about an article is what you paid for it." So if it is something you are going to keep, something really worth while, or something which is costing you almost as much as the better article, buy the best. But at the same time it is not a good policy to get along without something that will help you in your work just because you cannot buy the most expensive made.

Hay at the present market prices or even considerably lower, is a very good money crop. Farmers are now planning on feeding corn fodder and selling their hay. I believe this is a good plan. Don't you?

GRASSES

Reply to Inquiry received from R. T. Bostwick, Parshall, Colorado: "Will you be kind enough to furnish me with what information you have available on the subject of grasses suitable for this location; best methods of seedling; preparation of the soil, etc.?"

In the vicinity of Parshall, Colorado, the best grass for haying purposes is timothy. A much better combination is made by using timothy and alsike. About 15 pounds of timothy and 5 or 6 pounds of alsike make a very good

mixture.

Besides these two crops, brome grass, or *Bromis Inermis*, does well in your locality. Upon the farm of Louis Fick, situated within a short distance of your farm, brome grass has been doing wonderfully well. Meadow Rescue will do well also in your locality.

From our experience with the grasses and from an observance of the native vegetation, we would say that the timothy and brome grass are the two best members of the grass family for your locality. The brome grass will thrive with timothy and alsike under good conditions of irrigation which usually prevail on the developed farms of that community.

A disk grain drill with grass seeder attachment is as good a tool to be used as any. The soil should be prepared by deep plowing. The plowing should be followed with the disk and peg tooth harrow, if possible the same half day, in order to work the furrow slice down into a good, well-mellowed seed bed before it has time to dry out or lose its tilth. If seeded alone, about 20 pounds of brome grass should be used per acre. If seeded with the other combination, the amount varies with the proportion it is desired to obtain. A very good combination is brome grass 15 pounds and alsike 5 pounds. Another good combination is brome grass 12 pounds, timothy 10 to 12 pounds, and alsike 5 to 6 pounds. It is well to harrow lightly after the drill.

The land should be well irrigated but should not be kept flooded. There is a notion prevalent in the vicinity of Parshall that hay can only be grown where it is kept flooded. This view is erroneous. The land should be well irrigated, then the water should be withdrawn until the crop is needing moisture when it should be irrigated again. Although this is contrary to the views of many ranchmen, it is borne out by experience and experiment.

If you are a housewife you cannot reasonably hope to be healthy or beautiful by washing dishes, sweeping and doing housework all day and crawling into bed dead tired at night. You must get out into the open air and sunlight. If you do this every day and keep your stomach and bowels in good order by taking Chamberlain's Tablets when needed, you should become both healthy and beautiful. For sale by all dealers.

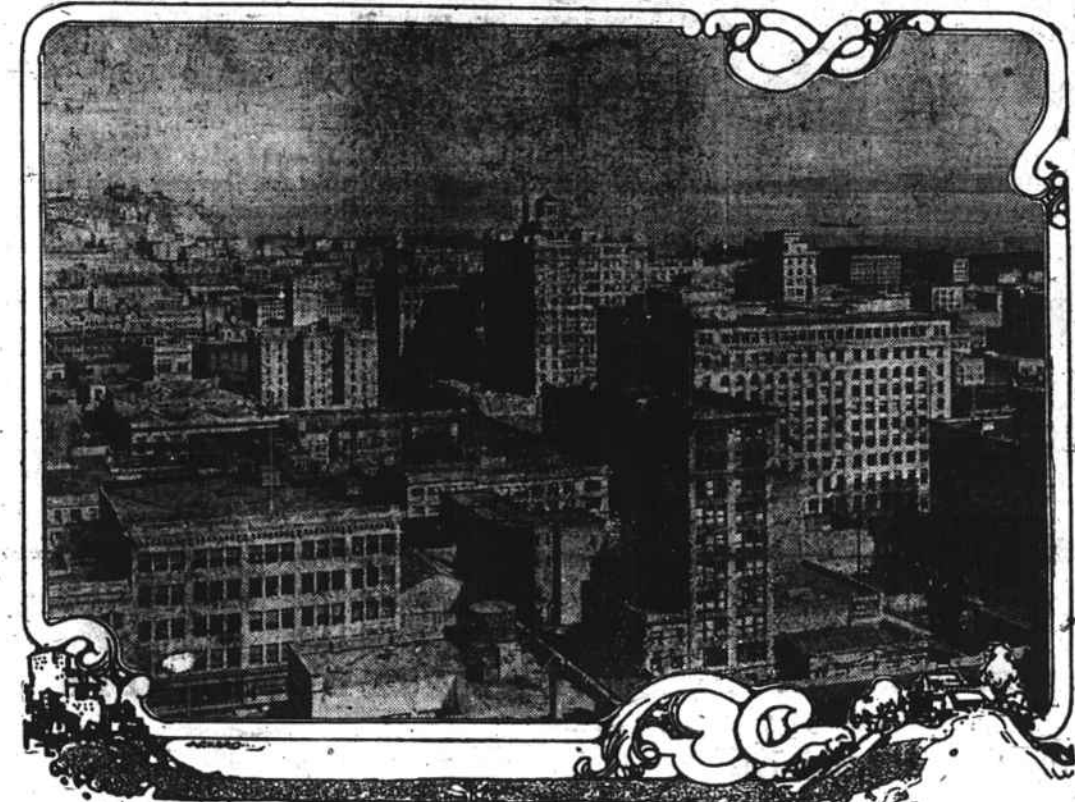
During the summer months mothers of young children should watch for any unnatural looseness of the bowels. When given prompt attention at this time serious trouble may be avoided. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers.

Buy it now. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. Buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency. For sale by all druggists.

Dysentery is always serious and often a dangerous disease, but it can be cured. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has cured it even when malignant and epidemic. For sale by all dealers.

The Choice of A Husband

is too important a matter for a woman to be handicapped by weakness, bad blood or foul breath. Avoid these ills by taking Dr. King's Life Pills. New strength, fine complexion, pure breath, cheerful spirits—things that win men—follow their use. Easy, safe, sure. 25c Aycock Drug Co.



THE NEW SAN FRANCISCO, LOOKING OVER THE CITY TO THE HARBOR, SCENE OF THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION IN 1915.

achievement at Panama are preparing for participation in the exposition upon a more comprehensive scale than at any of the greatest of former world's expositions.

The foreign nations will be represented by the finest assemblage of displays that the world has seen. The strange tribes and peoples of Pacific ocean countries will participate in a wonderful week's festival in which the nations of the orient will take part. The most marvelous parades ever witnessed will be seen on the streets of San Francisco.

The commonwealths of the United States, each of which as a member of the Union has taken its part in the building of the canal, will be represented by the most magnificent state displays ever assembled. California has dedicated more than \$20,000,000 to the nation's fair, and the city of San Francisco, the west and the nation are co-operating to render the exposition one that will express in every way the pride and patriotism of the American people.

The Panama-Pacific International exposition will be the greatest exposition in the history of the world. A notable commission of architects of national reputation is engaged upon the plans, and within a few weeks first construction work will begin, when grading of the site and the building of a sea wall, which will serve in part as the basis of a magnificent esplanade along San Francisco harbor, commences.

Among the noted architects who are designing the wonder city which will rise from the shores of San Francisco

and will be visible in detail to passengers on ships entering the Golden Gate.

The site of the exposition takes every advantage of the combination of harbor and hills that give San Francisco its chief charm. The main features of the exposition will be located at Harbor View, on San Francisco bay midway between the ferry building and the Golden Gate, and the permanent buildings to remain after the exposition is over will be erected in the west end of Golden Gate park, which fronts on the Pacific ocean. These sites and intermediate locations will be connected by a marine boulevard that sweeps from Harbor View through the Presidio to the Golden Gate and then turns south to Golden Gate park. A trackless trolley will take visitors over this magnificent scenic boulevard from Harbor View through the military reservation at the Presidio, where the government is planning a wonderful military display, to Golden Gate park, and one admission will include entrance to both features. The site expresses the maritime character of the great celebration. In harmony with the exposition San Francisco itself will be an exposition city in 1915. The parks and water front of the city will be improved at an expenditure of millions of dollars, and the ferry building, the main entrance to San Francisco, will be adorned with a grand court of honor. Market street and Van Ness avenue, the two main thoroughfares of San Francisco, each running from the bay and meeting in a V in the heart of the city, will be decorated with

days. Great assemblages in which the choral societies of foreign countries participate will be held upon the exposition grounds.

The Panama-Pacific International exposition will open with a pageant in San Francisco harbor of the battleships of the navies of the world. The foreign vessels will first assemble at Hampton Roads, where, joined by ships of the American navy, the entire fleet will be reviewed by the president of the United States and foreign dignitaries. This fleet, the largest ever assembled, will then proceed through the Panama canal to the harbor at San Francisco, where it will participate in the most spectacular naval demonstration ever witnessed. San Francisco in 1915 will see the flags of more nations than have ever been brought together in one place at any one time. From unofficial assurances now received it is anticipated that 100 foreign battleships in addition to those of the United States navy will be gathered in San Francisco harbor.

A huge commemorative edifice, in purport like Bartholdi's statue of Liberty, will welcome vessels from afar. The structure, to be known as the St. Francis Memorial tower, will be 850 feet in height, with a base 220 feet square. The shaft will be eighty-five feet square, with corners rounded, and of steel construction and terra cotta veneering. The approximate cost of the tower will be \$1,000,000. From its summit the sightseer will look almost straight down upon the waters of the Golden Gate, 1,300 feet below.

What Makes A Woman?

One hundred and twenty pounds, more or less, of bone and muscles don't make a woman. It's a good foundation. Put into it health and strength and she may rule a kingdom. But that's just what Electric Bitters give her. Thousands bless them for averting fainting and dizzy spells and for dispelling weakness, nervousness, backache and tired, listless, worn out feeling. "Electric Bitters have done me a world of good," writes Elise Pool, Depew, Okla., "and I thank you, with all my heart, for making such a good medicine." Only 50c. Guaranteed by Aycock Drug Co.

Mail Carriers Will Fly

This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It saved me of a dreadful cough," writes Sam J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Mo. "After doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." Excellent for coughs, colds or any bronchial affection. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Aycock Drug Co.

Insect Bite Costs Leg

A Boston man lost his leg from the bite of an insect two years before. To avert such calamities from stings and bites of insects use Bucklen's Arnica Salve promptly to kill the poison and prevent inflammation, swelling and pain. Heals burns, boils, ulcers, piles, eczema, cuts, bruises. Only 25 cents at Aycock Drug Co.

For soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, there is nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment also relieves rheumatic pain. For sale by all druggists.