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McADOO CANDIDACY INTERWOVEN WITH CONVENTION CONTESTS

Murphy and Brennan Are Against Him

Either New York or Chicago Will Suit The Element Against McAdoo—Frisco's Offer Is Big—\$200,000 Certified Check From California City Takes First Place, With New York's \$100,000 and Expenses Second.

Washington, Jan. 14.—A. W. McLean the North Carolina member of the Democratic national committee, has been busy since early morning, when word was brought to him in a formal way that San Francisco would produce a purse of \$200,000 if given the convention.

Mr. McLean is a member of the executive committee of the national organization, and this committee, smaller and easier to handle, takes the lead in determining such matters as the time and place of holding the national convention. The committee likewise arranges the details for the meeting of the full committee, which will be held tomorrow.

A few hours after the San Francisco offer had been made known it was asserted about the lobby of the Shoreham hotel, where many of the members are staying, that St. Louis would go just as far and as strong as the other city, but representatives of St. Louis newspapers were inclined to count such reports. New York's offer of \$100,000 and expenses will probably stand as the second best money offer, but the impression prevails widely that the committee will find it possible to "resist" the well nigh irresistible offer of San Francisco and send the convention either to St. Louis or Chicago.

California, some of the members asserted, had raised a huge advertising fund, and would simply charge the \$200,000 up to advertising, and it was also argued that the committee cannot afford to put the thing wholly on a dollar and cents basis, that some of the cities will stop extending invitations to the two great parties.

Most for McAdoo Of the 106 members of the committee, men and women, a very decided majority favor the nomination of McAdoo. The McAdoo people insisted, however, that they were taking little more than academic interest in the time and place for holding the convention, that they could win with equal ease in the east or west.

Mr. McLean says the indications tonight are that the choice will lie between San Francisco and New York. Homer Cummings, former head of the national committee, yesterday declared the nomination of McAdoo to be logical, desirable and inevitable. Today he called it a matter of "instinct," just as he said, the Republicans would instinctively support Coolidge. Very many see it this way.

Nevertheless, George Brennan, the Chicago boss, and Charles Murphy, the Tammany chieftain, still believe, with a number of others, that McAdoo cannot be nominated. The committee will not lay violent hands on the revered two-thirds rule, it is felt, and they aver that the California man will never get the requisite two-thirds of the delegates. Brennan told friends today that some of the candidates, who looked so strong at the present writing, might look differently in six months from now. T. Taggart—never Thomas, if one respects his signature—is a member of the triumvirate of bosses who could not be here for the meeting, on account of sickness.

Persons having a fondness for figures, and who have been engaged in making a poll of the committee, state that 98 members of the committee will answer present when the committee is called to order tomorrow, and that of this number 68 are for McAdoo.

Happy Over Tax Issue

Committeemen and visitors were in a rather pleased frame of mind today because of the belief that the administration has met its Marne in the tax war. They say the wealth of the country will support the Republican party, because of the Mellon plan, as it never supported that party before. This is one argument for going after that San Francisco check, which in its certified form, can be seen by any one who cares to take a look at it, but Democrats think their party, together with the LaFollette group, will be able to amend the tax bill until it will scarcely resemble its former self, and then if President Coolidge vetoes the measure, the Democratic spellbinders will be in position to view with alarm the fact that taxes are not to be reduced because a Republican President at the behest of "Big Business" would not permit it. The Democrats are entertaining the lively hope that the President can be maneuvered into a position where he will feel constrained to disapprove of the tax bill. The Garner plan, say the Democrats, is bound to make a more popular appeal because it saves money to more people and it is numbers that count on election day. In this connection Democrats noted what happened in Chicago yesterday, where the names of Coolidge and Mellon were hissed at a mass meeting of veterans.

Defeat Becomes Victory The Democrats are feeling particu-

MRS. PLEASANTS MADE CHAIRMAN

Mrs. M. C. Pleasants of Louisburg, has been appointed chairman for Franklin county of the Near East Relief for the current year and will put on an intensive drive for funds for this great humanitarian cause in the spring. Other appointments announced by Col. Bellamy are M. S. Clifton, Louisburg, County treasurer; Rev. J. A. McIver, chairman for Louisburg; Rev. C. L. Dowell, chairman for Franklin; Rev. Mack Stamps, chairman for Bunn; and Chas. Howard, chairman for Youngsville.

This announcement was made following receipt of information from Col. George H. Bellamy, state chairman, at Charlotte. Mrs. Pleasants and other members of her committee, when appointed, will receive funds for this cause and forward them to John M. Scott, state treasurer at Charlotte, at all times.

However, in order to assure the seventy-three children assigned to Franklin county from North Carolina's quota of their lives during the next fiscal year, Mrs. Pleasants will find it necessary to put on an intensive drive sometime this winter or spring. Franklin county is asked to provide \$2,280 to feed, clothe, shelter and educate seventy-three of the state's quota of 3,334. Sixty dollars is needed to keep each child for a year.

These children are now in North Carolina orphanages at Treblezond and are being given a Christian education and taught useful trades. As fast as they become old enough they are placed in self-supporting positions but children as young as three years, of which there are many in these five orphanages, cannot support themselves. Their parents were murdered by the Turks or killed during the War and the generous American people are salvaging an entire nation 3,000 miles away.

It had been planned to reduce all quotas this year, but the treaty of Lausanne which threw 1,150,000 adult refugees in from Anatolia on the hands of Near East Relief workers prevented this. Orphan food stocks were depleted on faith that the American public would replenish them to prevent wholesale starvation on the shores of the Black Sea.

Announcement of Mrs. Pleasants and Col. Bellamy's complete plans will be made later.

WINSTON-NORWOOD

Stovall, Jan. 11.—In the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends, Miss Ruth Norwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Norwood, was married to Mr. Herman Winston, formerly of Youngsville. The bride, a graduate of Chowan College, has for the last few years taught in the state. By her scholarship and charm, she has won an enviable popularity. The groom, a graduate of North Carolina State College, is now a successful tobaccoist of Enfield.

PEANUT STAND BURNS

The Purgerson peanut stand on the corner of Main and Nash streets furnished a little excitement for those of our citizens who were on the streets early Monday morning, when it caught fire, possibly from escaping gas. The peanut machine was moved while the oil cloth covering was burning. The damage was small. The stand has been rebuilt in wood.

Sixteen cars of sodatol have been bought by cooperating farmers in thirteen counties, reports Assistant Director J. M. Gray who handled this project for the State College and Department of Agriculture.

The early chicks make the laying pullets next fall. Use eggs for setting from birds of good performance. Recommend poultry experts of the State College and Department.

Early good because a few weeks ago it appeared that the Mellon plan would be forced through Congress promptly by public opinion, and in that case the election would have been handed to Coolidge on a gold platter. Now the situation appears to have been saved, say the Democrats. Victory has been snatched from defeat, so to speak. On the other hand, say Democratic leaders, if the President should decide to attach his signature to an amended bill, the Democrats and progressives will get credit for making the "much needed changes" so they are convinced the administration will stand to lose any way it is fixed.

Republicans on the other hand say the Democratic project, or effort to place the President "in a false position," is too transparent to be productive of good Democratic results. They say the people of the country have sense enough to know that Mr. Mellon as secretary of the treasury, must exercise some human intelligence and in doing this had in mind three things: To put more money into circulation, to put new life into legitimate business, and to provide ample funds to run the government. G. O. P. leaders say they do not understand why Garner did not make a gesture in the direction of wiping out all taxes, as he has no responsibility for running the treasury department, and does not have to think about anything except votes.

FOR FIRST CLASS JOB PRINTING PHONE 222.

MANY FARMERS ATTEND

Boll Weevil Meeting at Louisburg.

Messrs. G. M. Garrin, J. O. Taylor and W. B. Mabee Make Interesting Talks—Much Interest Shown on Part of All.

Quite a large number of Franklin County's cotton growers met in the court house Tuesday at 12 o'clock after Judge Grady had adjourned Court to accommodate the meeting to hear representatives of the Agricultural Department of the State College discuss the boll weevil and methods of controlling him.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. W. B. Mabee, of the Extension department, who introduced Mr. G. M. Garrin, of the same department, as the first speaker.

Mr. Garrin in prefacing his speech stated that in 1914 we produced seven million bales of cotton, and that in the last three years although more acres had been planted, we had made only about ten million each year. Pointing out that we have got to get busy if we expect to hold our own, or we will be in the middle of a bad fix. He referred to the fact that North Carolina was the second state in cotton manufacture and contrasted conditions should these factories have to shut down or move to other states. Stating that he had come to "talk the cultural methods of growing cotton under boll weevil conditions" he continued by going into detailed methods of cultivation. He said the first of importance was to select a field that would mature crops early, then prepare this land properly and as early as it can be well done. He advised putting the fertilizer in the drill at least ten days before planting time and that all should be put down before planting. He advised the increase of acid phosphate, making it about 12 per cent to get source of nitrogen from Nitrate of Soda and if soda could not be secured to use sulphate of ammonia. He advised against the use of cotton seed meal. He advised a heavier application of fertilizer than usual—no less than 600 pounds saying 800 pounds would be better. He advised against the use of soda as a late top dress, but if you insisted on using it that way do not put it down later than chopping time.

Mr. Garrin stated that the main thing to bear in mind and strive for was to get cotton up early, started off at once and grown rapidly. This will require, he said rapid and frequent cultivation, but shallow. In planting he advised three foot rows, the use of a fertilizer composed of three bags 16 per cent acid, and one bag soda to the acre, chop to a stand about 4 inches, if at all. One important detail he mentioned was the importance of getting a stand, and advised the use of at least one and a half bushels of seed to the acre in order to be sure of a stand at first as a late crop had best not be planted.

Mr. Mabee in introducing Mr. J. O. Taylor, a Louisiana cotton grower, and with the United States Department of Agriculture, stated that the boll weevil entered this country in 1892 since when it has been migrating northward at about 50 to 100 miles each year. This year, he said, is Franklin County's time. Mr. Mabee stated there were three classes of people. The first were wise men, only a few, who profited by others' experience. The second, a large number, who finally learned, after having their own experience and watching others. The third he said would never learn.

Mr. Taylor gave the history of the boll weevil, stating that he developed through four stages, the egg, the grub, the pupa, the adult weevil, and said they always preferred the square to feed upon, and told how the female ate holes in the square at the base of the boll and laid her egg and pushed the egg down in this hole. The only growth the weevil gets according to Mr. Taylor, is in the grub stage and it takes twenty-five days for one to pass from the egg to a full grown weevil.

To impress the importance of control he said that it was estimated that a female weevil would lay 100 eggs and they do not lay until the squares begin. "Now suppose," he said, "you have one female weevil on your acre of cotton and the squares begin about the middle of June, by July 10th you would have 100; then half of these would likely be females who in turn would produce by Aug. 5, 5000, half of which would produce by Aug. 31st, 250,000, and so on, so it is easily to imagine how much show cotton would have after August. This was used to illustrate the importance of early production, which he says is "the heart of the whole situation," stating that the man who could put on the most fruit at the bottom and mature it quickest would be the one to win.

In answer to questions Mr. Taylor stated that there would be no advantage in destroying the cotton stalks now, as it was too late. And that weevils would not leave one field to go to a field that was free of weevils, until they began to migrate, which he usually after he has eaten the fruit in the field where he is, or they become too numerous.

Mr. Mabee then told of the methods and experience in poisoning the weevils.

AMONG THE VISITORS

SOME YOU KNOW AND SOME YOU DO NOT KNOW.

Personal Items About Folks And Their Friends Who Travel Here And There.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Collier visited Richmond Monday.

Mr. A. W. Person and children returned the past week from a trip to Millikin, La.

Miss Louise Thomas, of Raleigh, spent Sunday with her brother, Mr. E. F. Thomas.

Miss Bevelia Pearce, of Nashville, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Pearce.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Thomas, of Raleigh, were visitors to Louisburg Sunday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Thomas.

Mrs. P. S. Allen, who has been critically ill at her home here for several days, was taken to a hospital at Richmond Monday.

Mr. T. L. Grier, of the Stonewall Jackson Manual Training School of Concord, was in Louisburg Monday in the interest of the school.

AMERICAN LEGION ELECTS OFFICERS.

The Jambes Post American Legion at their meeting held in the Register of Deeds office on December 21st, 1923, elected the following officers for this year:

C. K. Cooke, Jr., Commander. W. H. Ferrell, Vice-Commander. T. C. Alston, Adjutant and Finance Officer. J. E. Malone, Jr., Service Officer. E. F. Thomas, Historian. Joe E. Gill, Chaplain.

RECORDER'S COURT

The following cases were disposed of in Franklin Recorder's Court by Judge G. M. Beam on Monday, Jan. 7th, 1924:

State vs John Batton, cruelty to animals, not guilty, costs to be paid by witness Jake Neal.

State vs Nick Marshall, adw, guilty judgment suspended upon payment.

State vs Nick Marshall, adw, guilty fined \$10 and costs.

State vs Perry Wright, alias Jase Mann, R. O. continued.

State vs Perry Wright, alias Jase Mann, nuisance, continued.

State vs Perry Wright, alias Jase Mann, ccw, continued.

State vs Perry Wright, alias Jase Mann, nuisance continued.

State vs Perry Wright, alias Jose Mann and J. C. Tucker, sci fa, continued to Monday, January 28th.

State vs John W. Alston, false pretense continued.

State vs Lincoln Cousins, three cases again taken up and adjudged that defendant be confined in jail to be hired to G. T. Meade upon payment of costs.

State vs Matthew Davis assault on female, guilty, 4 months on roads.

No regular session of court was held on Monday on account of the Superior Court.

NO DAMAGE

The fire at the Murphy boarding house on Saturday morning turned out to be nothing serious and no damage. The fire department answered the alarm promptly and found no trouble.

He stated that by following proper cultural methods and properly poisoning the cotton, good crops could be made despite the weevil. In the control of the weevil he stated that 75 per cent of the effort should be expended in the proper cultivation and that only 25 per cent was necessary to use in protection. He stated that with the great experience of the department in testing out all kinds of remedies and machines they had found that there was only one of practical value to the farmer, and that was the dusting with calcium arsenate, with special machines, all of which he described. This he said would take a lot of hard work, but properly and carefully done it would prove profitable, as experience has shown that it would increase the yield by from 200 to 300 pounds seed cotton per acre. In explaining the dusting he said it would take about five pounds per acre and it should be put on at intervals of from four to five days, the atmosphere must be calm and the cotton plant moist, necessitating the most of the work to be done at night. He stated that some farmers had gotten good results by dusting immediately after rain.

The meeting was especially interesting to all present and the able address was pregnant with information that the cotton growers of Franklin county were so eager for and so much needed.

On account of the lateness of the hour the subject of the farm credits, was not taken up as announced, but will be discussed, so we learn, at the county meeting of the cooperative associations to be held in Louisburg on Saturday, January 26th, 1924.

Mr. Mabee then told of the methods and experience in poisoning the weevils.

OVER 4 MILLION PAID THE CO-OPS

Rejoiced Fifty Thousand Members Of Marketing Association At 40 Markets.

(S. D. Frisell) Close to fifty thousand farmers of the old belt of Virginia and North Carolina shared in the benefits of the third payment on the crop of 1922 made by the Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association last week, when the distribution of \$4,200,000 began in the association warehouses of forty market towns of Virginia and Western North Carolina.

General satisfaction over the size of the third payment by the association was expressed by its members, and bankers and merchants who have aided the farmers in their effort to organize enjoyed what looked like a sudden renewal of the holiday trade. Members of the marketing association did not fail to remind those who had told them that every payment made by the association would be its last, that last week's distribution to them brought their total receipts on the 1922 crop to a full hundred per cent of the bankers valuation on their tobacco.

Many members enjoyed payments on the same day from their 1922 crop and from that of 1923, upon which higher advances continue to be paid at the cooperative warehouses.

Large purchases of the association's 1922 redried tobacco, recently made by Liggett and Myers Tobacco Company, R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company and the Export Tobacco Company have now disposed of all but a very few million pounds of the 1922 crop held by the association, according to Richard R. Patterson its leaf manager. Mr. Patterson predicts that the small amount of the 1922 tobacco held by the association will be sold in the near future.

Very satisfactory amounts of the 1923 crop are being sold in the green state directly from the cooperative floors according to Mr. Patterson who states that the tobaccos of the association have now been placed in Canada, Australia, France, England, Japan, China, and Germany, good reports having been received on the grading and quality of the associations tobaccos from various customers.

REPORT OF STUDENT VOLUNTEER CONVENTION

The chapel hour at the college on last Friday morning proved most interesting when Misses Ora Holden and Sallie Mann of the student body and Miss Poy of the faculty, gave reports of the great Student Volunteer Convention which they attended December 28 to January 1 in Indianapolis, Indiana. This Quadrennial Convention is the ninth of its kind. The Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions having originated about the year 1885 when D. L. Moody, Robert F. Wilder, Robert Speer and others, themselves students in Princeton University and intensely interested in the promotion of Christianity throughout the world, met for the first student conference at Mt. Herman, Massachusetts.

Because of the efforts of that first group a missionary awakening of great significance arose and spread throughout the colleges of the United States and Canada. Since that time thousands have declared it their purpose "if God permit, to become a foreign missionary," and of those thousands, ten thousand have been accepted by the various missionary societies of North America and sent to the foreign mission field.

Those who join the movement must of necessity interest and familiarize themselves with national and international affairs. So it was that at the convention just held when more than six thousand students of every race and nationality discussed vital questions. It was proved that young people the world over are thinking in serious terms about questions which are disturbing the nations. Louisburg College was very proud to have three representatives in such a gathering, and from the reports given Friday morning, we would judge that these delegates consider it a rare privilege to have been present there.

SANDY CREEK ITEMS

Guess everybody thinks that Sandy Creek is frozen out to prove it isn't we will send in a few items.

Mr. Elmo Burnette, Mr. Norman Pleasants and Mr. Victor Joyner were pleasant callers at Mr. D. C. Gupton's Sunday night.

Miss Carrie Overton, Miss Alta West Mr. Togo Williams and Miss Cynthia Mearns motored to White Level Sunday night to attend preaching.

We are glad to have Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Osborne back at Sandy Creek. Mr. Victor Joyner, Miss Alta West and Miss Esther Kennedy visited Miss Eula Gupton Sunday afternoon.

We are glad to say that we have a good basketball team at Sandy Creek school.

We are sorry to say that Mr. John Evans has been very sick for the last week.

Miss Hallie Joyner spent last week end at Mr. Z. R. Allen's.

"Ect-in-saw."

HAVE YOU EVER NOTICED THAT THE MERCHANT WHO SENDS IN THE COPY FOR HIS AD EARLY ALWAYS HAS THE NEATEST AD!

JAMES ALLEN TRIED AGAIN

For Entering Home A. B. Allen Last Year

Judge Grady Making Fine Impression—Many Cases Disposed Of—Grand Jury Completed Work Wednesday.

James Allen, colored, who was given his second trial Wednesday for burglary, and who was sentenced to be electrocuted in his first trial which was held early last year, was submitted in the second degree, which was accepted by the State and Judge Grady sentenced him to life imprisonment in the State prison. It will be recalled that Allen broke into the home of Mr. A. B. Allen in January, 1923 and was caught in the room by Mr. Allen after he, the negro, had awakened Mrs. Allen.

Judge Henry A. Grady, of Clinton, is attracting most favorable comment in this his first visit to Louisburg, holding Franklin Superior Court—the regular January term of criminal court. So much had been said of him in print in connection with the Klu Klux, that many of our people followed his rulings with especial interest and were more than well pleased to find in him a Judge so fair and impartial and at the same time strictly business. In his charge to the grand jury he pointed especially to whiskey and to the driving of automobiles under the influence of whiskey and took much pains in telling the jurors their duty. He stated that in his twelve months experience as Judge he had found that fully ninety per cent of all the criminal cases that had come before him were either directly or indirectly traceable to whiskey; and told in many ways how it broke down and demoralized a community. He referred only slightly to the other violations taking the position that this was most important from his experience.

Solicitor W. F. Evans was present ably representing the State in the many prosecutions. The Grand Jury was composed as follows: E. A. Harris, Foreman; T. W. Wheelless, A. J. Frazier, J. M. Stallings, W. W. Nowell, C. R. Hudson, W. G. Ayescue, Callie Denton, Robt. B. Wheelless, Geo. P. Ball, J. C. Davis, G. W. Catelett, W. W. Cooke, A. A. Wilder, H. W. Burnette, J. W. Ellington, E. B. Moore, W. H. Foster. C. C. Johnson was appointed officer to the grand jury. After the charge was completed the docket was taken up and disposed of as follows:

State vs Frank Wall, l and r, alias capias and continued. State vs Coffield Richardson, murder, nol prois with leave. State vs Morris and Gaston Parrish, l and r, nol prois with leave. State vs Billy Davis, adw, nol prois with leave. State vs Will Brown, adw, nol prois with leave. State vs Will Brown hb and l, nol prois with leave. State vs Ed King, attempt to rape, defendant discharged. State vs Jeff Fuller hb and l, nol prois with leave. State vs James Davis, adw, nol prois with leave. State vs Hector Harris, vhl, guilty. State vs M. B. Jeffreys, trespass, continued.

State vs Jeff Webb, l and r, enters plea of nolo contendere. State vs Leonard Powell, l and r, pleads guilty, 12 months on roads. State vs Robert Jeffreys and Wiley Jeffreys, distilling, nol guilty. State vs Walter Suggs, larceny from person, John Bose witness failing to answer capias was issued and special deputy sent to Nash county to serve same. State vs Peter Myrick and Clarence Johnson, witness failing to answer capias was issued to Vance county. State vs John A. Harvey, val, pleads guilty, judgment suspended upon payment of costs. State vs Ed Wester, distilling, called and failed, judgment at sci acta capias instanta. State vs P. F. Hicks, distilling, guilty.

State vs Euster Branch, larceny, pleads guilty, 12 months in jail to be hired to D. B. Kearney upon payment of costs. State vs J. B. Davis, forgery. State vs James Allen, burglary. The Grand Jury completed its work Wednesday afternoon and were summoned to return again Tuesday of next week. The trial of the criminal docket continues.

ACQUITTED

Miss Powell, Principal of Mountain-Hayes school, who was tried before Squire J. L. Palmer Friday for whipping the son of Mr. Thomas Nelson, was completely exonerated and commended by the trial Judge, as having done nothing more than her duty.

COTTON REPORT

The tabulation of the card reports shows that there were 21,222 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned in Franklin County, from the crop of 1923 prior to January 1, 1924, as compared with 14,952 bales ginned in January 1, 1923.