

Sunday School Lesson

International Sunday School Lesson for July 27
DEBORAH—A LEADER IN A NATIONAL EMERGENCY

Judges 4:1-10
Rev. Samuel D. Price, D.D.

Early mistakes can cause many calamities in later years. It was just this way in the history of the Israelites during their conquest of the Promised Land. When Joshua was commissioned to cross the Jordan and possess the land he was told to drive out all the natives, who were gross in their idolatries. All too soon the Hebrews were content with the limited area they had allotted to the various tribes, whereas the promise was that they would be victors wherever their feet would tread as they went forward in conquest. Because they stopped short of the command of God almost continuous problems resulted.

Soon the various peoples that were permitted to remain in the land sought to intermarry and then to interest the Jehovahites in taking up the forms of licentious worship which were indigenous. These made a strong appeal to the flesh and this made them attractive. Further, tribute was levied for the sake of non-attack, or marauding took place after the crops had been garnered. Only when the new inhabitants were all but re-enslaved did they remember from whence God had delivered them in freeing them from the burdens they had to bear in the land of Egypt. Then, though late, they would turn to the Lord and cry out for His divine help. God's way was to raise up some deliverer who is called a judge. There are at least a dozen of these judges, beginning with Othniel and reaching to the time of Samson and Samel.

Though there were many good men in Israel, this time God will act through Deborah. She was a woman worthy in her own home. Sober her influence extended to the community and the people sought her advice as she held a kind of court under the conveniently located palm tree. Being attentive to the voice of God she understood that through her leadership Israel would be delivered from the oppression of Jabin, who often terrorized the colonists by his display of those one thousand chariots of iron. A good leader assigns work to others and Barak was commissioned to assemble ten thousand from the tribes of Israel at Mount Tabor.

When the enemy came forward for attack a God-sent storm broke in their midst and the one thousand chariots of iron at once became a great liability and the dead were piled up in utmost confusion at the crossing of the swollen Kishon river. It remained for another woman to destroy the enemy's general. Jael drove a tent pin through the temples of Sisera while he slept after a hearty meal. Thus Israel was again freed from the oppression of a neighboring people.

This is designated as the Quarterly Temperance Lesson and a significant application comes from the habits of the Israelites during this period of the Judges. They seemed to forget that the facts of the past must be taught to each new generation. The children in every age are the men and women of each to-morrow. These growing youth should have been instructed in the commands of God and further reminded that disobedience would bring oppression from the surrounding peoples. Experience is too costly when each age learns matters anew. There has been unbelievable progress in freeing the nation from the curse of the organized liquor traffic. To-day the law that relates to the Eighteenth Amendment is being sixty per cent enforced. Prohibition is about the liveliest news in the daily press. One of the greatest needs to-day is that there shall be more teaching to youth that alcohol is a poison and its use as a beverage is detrimental to life, society and morals.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER

By M. L. Shipman

Raleigh, July 31.—The heat wave of unusual duration and intensity here and elsewhere in the State gave way during the week to a falling mercury following the approach of clouds accompanied by refreshing showers. The very welcome showers appear to have been general over a wide expanse and farmers are greatly heartened over crop prospects. Border counties along the Virginia line had been reported dry for several weeks, a condition which prevailed in other sections, and growing crops were menaced by the absence of moisture. "A million-dollar rain" is the estimate placed upon the showers experienced in the "dry sections" on Thursday, and Governor Gardner's live-at-home program advanced another step forward.

To a conference of teachers of vocational agriculture at State College the Governor spoke encouragingly of the part they are playing in carrying out the program and urged them to cooperate with all organized agencies and groups of the county and community by taking the lead in the movement for a full utilization of foods being produced through their leadership. Other addresses to the conference were by Roger D. Maltby, agent of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, and Roy H. Thomas, State Supervisor of Vocational Education, who were in complete agreement with the suggestions advanced in the address of the Governor. During the last year, according to the speakers, vocational agricultural departments were in operation in 128 white schools, located in 70 counties of the State, and nearly 9,000 persons were enrolled in the agricultural classes in these departments.

Commenting on the 1930 census, which gives North Carolina a population of 3,165,146, Governor Gardner says he considers the 23 per cent increase made by the State during the last decade as "a complete vindication of the progress started by Morrison and sustained by McLean," and congratulates the people on "living at home and boarding at the same place." The increase in the population of the State is six per cent more than the average for the Country as a whole which, the Governor considers, rather remarkable in view of the fact that from 1860 to 1890 rather small increases were reported from one ten-year period to another.

The Governor appointed a long list of delegates recently to represent the State at the Fourth Session of the Institute of Public Affairs to be held at the University of Virginia, Charlottesville, August 3 to 16. He has himself accepted an invitation to be present at the meeting and deliver an address in the round table discussions on "Reorganization of State Government. Number of governors and ex-governors of various states are to participate at the meeting over which former Governor Harry Flood Byrd, of Virginia, will preside.

During the week representations were made to Governor Gardner by C. W. Bolick, organizer for the United Textile Workers Union, and Earl R. Massey, Leaksville attorney, that men had been discharged from the Cone mills, at Greensboro, for no other reason than that they had joined the union and requested that some action be taken relative thereto. No illegality was charged, but the situation described as "very strained and imminent of almost anything," because of ejections of discharged employees from their mill-owned homes. The "complainants" were advised by His Excellency that there was nothing he could do about it, in the absence of sufficient reason for State action. Mill authorities refuse to treat with representatives of the union and there is apprehension that the Gastonia-Marion troubles between the mills and employees may be enacted in Greensboro.

At a meeting of State Prison directors recently held here a resolution in respect to the memory of the late chairman, Walter D. LaRoque was adopted and routine matters transacted. A proposal for the removal of the plant of the Carolina Culvert Company from Salisbury to Raleigh in order that State convicts might be utilized in the manufacture of corrugated culvert pipes, which are used to a great extent in road building, was seriously considered. And Chairman J. Wilbur Bunn, appointed by the Governor as the temporary successor of Mr. LaRoque announced that he wants to see the day when instead of a 9,000-acre prison farm in Caledonia the State will work its prisoners on a 25,000-acre farm somewhere in Eastern North Carolina but that none of it will be planted in cotton. The Caledonia prison farm in Halifax county, it was pointed out, produced 16,500 bushels of wheat this year, an average of about twenty bushels to the acre. He would grow tobacco, corn, and truck crops, together with the raising of hogs, cattle, sheep and goats would, it is suggested, go a long way toward solving the prison problem of the future. Expressing gratification with the wheat production, Governor Gardner said some of the wheat will be used to feed prisoners of the State and some of it is to be tested for germination, sacked and sold to farmers of the State at reasonable prices in furtherance of his program of using State-owned farms to further agricultural progress, all of the wheat offered to the farmers to be "pure bred seed." The idea advanced is to do away with the "scrub" seed that has been planted from year to year and develop the cereal from pure-bred seed. The Prison farms last year produced around 1,700 bales of cotton. According to authorities, a million pounds of meat should be produced every year.

Although his batting average is said to be good, when it comes to answering Senate roll calls, Senator Lee S.

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The late John Wanamaker, a patron of this Company, who started with a thousand-dollar policy while working on a small salary and at death was insured for \$1,500,000, once said:

"I would take a journey to San Francisco just to shake hands with the man who started me in life insurance if he were living. . . . My five reasons for the 62 life insurance policies I have taken are these:

1. Afraid I might become uninsurable;
2. Best form of investment;
3. A savings fund;
4. From the standpoint of fixed determination, more profitable than any other investment I could make;
5. Enables a man to give away all he wishes, and still make such an estate as he cares to leave."

His son, the late Rodman Wanamaker, was also a patron of this Company, and not only followed his father's example, but went far beyond it, building up his total life insurance protection to over \$5,000,000, making him one of the most heavily insured men in the world.

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Overman may have a fight on his hands for re-nomination two years hence. It is a "foregone conclusion" that the Senator will fight to stay where he has been "batting" for the past twenty-eight years. It is also practically certain that Robert R. Reynolds, "Our Bob", will be pitted against him again. The State-wide campaign he made against Senator Overman in 1926 extended his circle of acquaintances to every section of the State and "netted" him over 90,000 votes. Former Governor Morrison is also expected to get into the race and ex-congressman Clyde R. Hoey may finally yield to the solicitations of friends and make it a "quadruplicate" affair. Senator Overman is seventy-six years old and has served as the junior Senator from North Carolina since 1903.

On Wednesday evening of this week, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, there will be a meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee, called for the purpose of electing a chairman, a vice-chairman and a secretary to direct the fall campaign. No opposition to the reelection of Chairman Mull has developed and it is said that Miss Mary Henderson, who has served as vice-chairman for some years, has indicated the wish to retire. Secretary Thos. L. Johnson has been promoted to the Superior Court bench and the Committee will be called upon to select a new one for this position, or authorize Chairman Mull to pick the man he wants. The State campaign is expected to get started around the first of September.

On the basis of the present population of the State, according to the Associated Press, the counties of Guilford, Mecklenburg, and Buncombe will each gain a representative in the lower house of the General Assembly, while New Hanover, Rockingham and Nash will each lose one. However, this is not to take place until the meeting of the General Assembly of 1933. The next session of

This Woman in 4 Weeks lost 19 Pounds of Fat

Here's a letter written October 21, 1929, by Mrs. Fred Barringer of Lewiston, Montana, that ought to be read by every overweight woman in America.

"Gentlemen: I first saw your advertisement in a Billings, Montana, paper and decided to try Kruschen Salts.

I started taking them every morning as directed as I was much overweight and wanted to reduce.

I had tried going on a diet but would get so hungry that my diet would not last long, so I decided to give "Kruschen Salts" a fair trial. The day I started to take them I weighed 256 lbs. and at present, which has been just four weeks, I

weigh 239 lbs. And I must say, I feel better in every way, besides looking much better. Kruschen Salts had a decided effect upon the quantity of food I took and stimulated my desire to greater activity.

I have recommended Kruschen Salts to many of my friends, in fact, have a number of them taking Kruschen Salts.

May all large people, both men and women, who want to reduce in an easy way, give Kruschen Salts a fair trial. I am sure it will convince any one."

A bottle of Kruschen Salts that lasts four weeks costs but 85c at Rodde's Drug Store or any drugstore in America.—Adv.

the Assembly will be called upon to re-arrange the State senatorial districts. The State will also be entitled to another congressman, making eleven Representatives and two Senators. In the re-apportionment of members of the State General Assembly Mecklenburg and Guilford will have four each and Buncombe three. New Hanover, Rockingham and Nash, which have two each at present will have only one under the re-arrangement. There may also be changes in the congressional districts so that the population could be more equitably distributed. The Fifth District now has a population of 557,275, or double the number of people found in either the First, Second, Third, Sixth or Eighth districts and this is considered "excessive."

The 1930 census will not only cause changes in the membership of the North Carolina General Assembly and give the state an additional congressman. It will also increase the share of the State Highway road funds going to the piedmont section which is to have greater representation in the

Legislature, the sum of highway funds being allocated in proportion to the districts on the basis of their area, mileage and population of the State as a whole. Inter-district division is handled pretty much the same way. The central part of the State has been receiving the "lion's share" of highway funds, it is said, because of greater mileage, the fact that it is more thickly populated and correspondingly more traffic. The mountains in the west and bridges required in the east makes the cost of road construction heavier than through the Piedmont section, but the Highway equalization fund of \$500,000, set up by the General Assembly of 1928 enables the Commission to supply the needs of the two "extremes."

Six or eight prisoners were either pardoned or paroled by Governor Gardner during the week, one of those liberated being Wash Bryant, at one time a well-to-do farmer of Harnett county, who has been serving a

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Dangerous Business

Our stomach and digestive systems are lined with membranes which are delicate, sensitive and easily injured. It is dangerous business, then, to use medicines containing harsh drugs, salts or minerals, when we are constipated. In addition to the possibility of injuring the linings of our digestive system, these medicines give only temporary relief and may prove habit forming. The safe way to relieve constipation is with Herbine, the cathartic that is made from herbs, and acts in the way nature intended. You can get Herbine at F. R. Pleasants, Druggist.—Adv.

NOTICE

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Lonnie W. Marks, deceased late of Franklin County, N. C., notice is hereby given all parties holding claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of July, 1931, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons will please come forward and make immediate settlement.

This July 17th, 1930.
D. E. CONE, Adm'r.

A. G. Spaulding—

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CENSUS BY COUNTIES

Franklin	29,464	26,667	2,797
Granville	28,721	26,846	1,875
Warren	23,364	21,593	1,771
Vance	27,294	22,799	4,495
Totals	108,843	97,905	10,938

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