

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXXIII.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1892.

NO. 5



Syrup of Figs... ONE ENJOYS Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY.

China Tea AND TEA TRADE.

Extract from consular report of U. S. Consul Hedloe at Amoy, China: Beware of green tea! It is an abomination and a fraud. In the first place it is the unripe leaf and bears the same relation to the real article that the green does to the ripe peach.

HE-NO,

Pure. Unadulterated. Uncolored.

HE-NO.

No Pain. No Poison.

HE-NO

Has no Equal for Iced Tea.

HE-NO

Surpasses all other Tea for Purity and Flavor.

HE-NO,

A Delicious Liver Regulator.

ICED HE-NO TEA

-AND-

Martinique Lime Fruit Juice.

HE-NO,

3, 4, 8 and 1 pound Foil Packages. Cases Contain 20 to 21 lbs.

Trade Supplied at Importers' Prices.

RETAIL PRICE 75c. POUND.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH, GROCERS,

Bakers and Candy Manufacturers.

TRY OUR NEW BLEND

Mocha, Maracchino, Java and Rio Coffee, 25c pound.

Panacea Springs Hotel (THE OLD HARRIS PLACE.)

Has been renovated and newly furnished and made ready for a nice, quiet, summer home.

Water, the Best in the Country.

PRICES MODERATE.

COME AND BE CURED.

A. J. JONES, Proprietor.

TROUBLE IN IDAHO.

Miners Blow up a Mill With Powder-- A Number Killed. BOISE CITY, Idaho, July 12.—The following message was sent by Governor Willey to President Harrison last night:

This morning there was riot and bloodshed by the miners in Couer D'Alene District. The mill was blown up by dynamite and many men killed and injured. Inspector General Curtis, I. N. G., informs me that four or five hundred armed men constitute the mob. The Legislature is not in session and can't be promptly convened. The civil authorities of the county and State is wholly inadequate to maintain peace. The immediate available military force of the Idaho National Guards numbers 196 men, which is in my opinion far too few to successfully cope with the mob, though I will order it at once into the field. In this emergency I deem it necessary to call for the assistance of Federal troops. I request that a sufficient force be detailed from Fort Sherman or elsewhere, to act in concert with the State authorities in maintaining public order.

The following are the additional details concerning the strike:

WALLACE, Idaho, July 12.—At four o'clock yesterday afternoon about 300 miners from Gem, 50 of whom were armed with rifles, marched down to Wallace. They brought with them their prisoners, consisting of about 110 non-union men and five dead bodies, another dead man; James Hennessey and lately of Butte Mount, being in the house at Gem shot through the breast.

Upon arrival here the scabs were turned loose and the union men began a search for A. W. Esler, the manager of the Frisco mine, against whom the union men have a special grudge. The terms on which the Gem miners and guards surrendered were that twenty-seven Winchester and a number of revolvers and 2,000 rounds of ammunition should be placed in the hands of disinterested parties, two citizens and two conservative union men, and that the scabs should be shipped out of the country tomorrow.

An hour after the agreement about arms was entered into, the union men got possession of all the rifles and ammunition, and last evening large bodies of armed miners went down to Gardner, 12 miles distant, in wagons and by rail. The mines employing non-union men there are the Sierra Nevada and the Bunker Hill and Sullivan. Bunker Hill and Sullivan have a force of 260 men, and about 100 can be armed with Winchesters. Sierra Nevada is exposed. Their county commissioners district attorney and Sheriff have telegraphed to Gov. Willey for troops, and Gov. Willey wired back that the Sheriff must first exhaust the civil power. The Sheriff immediately commenced the work of subpoenaing citizens to act as a committee of citizens.

Instead of there being 750 pounds of giant powder used in blowing up the Frisco mill there were only 250 pounds.

The car attempt did not work. The miners got on to the flume, shut off the water and sent the powder in packages down the water pipes into the mill. The fuse was put in the last package and sent down. In an instant a terrible explosion occurred, which shook the canyon for miles. The non-union men then surrendered.

The People's Party. Special to the News and Observer. ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 12.—The People's party, "so called," attempted to have a ratification meeting here last night. It was a sorry affair. Col. T. B. Long and Maj. W. H. Wallace, both ex-Republicans, made speeches. The audience consisted of about twenty persons, all but two or three of whom attended out of mere curiosity.

Asheville gala week opened this morning. Nearly all the business buildings are beautifully decorated with mottoes and bunting. Crowds throng the streets. The programme for the week is an attractive one.

Ratification Meeting at Asheville. Special to the News and Observer.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 12.—The ratification meeting of the People's party at Asheville endorses W. H. Worthington, of Guilford, now of Wake, for Governor.

Troops to go to Idaho. By Telegraph to News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—By direction of the President General Schofield, Acting Secretary of War, has directed General Ruger and General Merritt to send troops to the scene of the miners' troubles in Idaho.

The True Laxative Principle. Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well-informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

ALL IS LOVELY NOW.

NO HOSTILITY ABOUT THE MILITARY INVASION OF HOMESTEAD.

The Troops Occupy the Entire Town Without Opposition and Good Nature Prevails on all Sides--The Carnegie Mills Again in the Hands of its Owners.

By Telegraph to News and Observer.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 12.—Everybody expected that the troops would invade the city by day break, but 7 o'clock, 8 o'clock, and 9 o'clock passed without any news from them: At a few minutes past 9 o'clock a cry suddenly went up: "The troops are coming, the troops are coming," and instantly the greatest excitement prevailed. The militia came in by rail from above town, and at once surrounded the Carnegie mills. They were received with a few cheers from the surrounding bystanders as the train rolled in, and most respectful consideration was accorded them on every side.

The first detachment of troops numbered at least 3,000 men, and was in command of Gen. Snowden. They composed the second and third brigades, first division. The 14th and 15th regiments from Pittsburg are here, and battery "D" of the 1st brigade has shown up with two Gatling guns and three field pieces.

Portions of the 5th, 10th and 15th regiments are on the field, and companies A, C, E and H of the 18th regiment are also recognized among the blue coats. The troops came from a point of rendezvous two miles this side of Greensburg, and it is stated that the first brigade is now at Mount Gretna, where it will remain till further orders. Immediately on the arrival of the trains there was a great bustle and excitement, but the militia themselves preserved perfect order and responded silently and promptly to every order of their superiors. Rapidly descending from the train the troops formed in column at the switch yards just beyond the station. One company was at once detached on picket duty and a line was immediately thrown out among the mill yards. Then the main body of troops marched down the street headed by the regiment band, and along what is known as "Seab Hill."

This is an eminence overlooking the mills and the scene of last week's hostilities, and its bluff was covered with spectators, mostly women. There was not the slightest manifestation of hostility, and although the troops had arrived so suddenly that all the leaders of the strikers were absent, it did not excite their presence and there was proper respect shown the rank and file. Once or twice there was even a little hand-clapping from the younger element as jauntily the militiamen hove in sight and the band was the object of much interest. The carefully prepared reception of course was frustrated by the sudden arrival of the militia, and it was manifest that the officers in command did not desire to be made the objects of any ceremonial reception from the people whose lawlessness they had been summoned to suppress. In twenty minutes the works were entirely surrounded, and the Carnegie mills were once more in the hands of their owners. All the surrounding streets were patrolled by pickets and a guard at every street intersection kept the crowd at a respectful distance and prevented the assembling of groups of strikers. It is due to the workmen, however, to say that no militiaman was called to exercise his authority.

The strikers were uniformly good natured and peaceful. The programme of their leaders was observed to the letter. There was much speculation as to whether the troops would occupy the town or merely confine themselves to the mills, but doubt on this point was not of long duration. Immediately after the troops had surrounded the works and picket lines had been established, several companies suddenly formed at the command of their officers and marched directly to the heart of the little town of Homestead. One company halted near to the strikers head quarters and then marched to the vicinity of the depot and there occupied a slight eminence overlooking and commanding the commercial center of the town.

Homestead was in the hands of the militia and martial law had succeeded the arbitrary reign of the advisory committee. The greatest order was maintained by the troops in all their movements, young militiamen showing the benefits of careful training. The citizens of Homestead were deeply disappointed that the militia should have deemed it necessary to occupy the whole town instead of merely confining themselves to the mills. But there was not a hoot or cry, or a single manifestation of disrespect to show their disappointment. It was a complete acquiescence to the power of the State and as gracefully as they

could, the strikers philosophically accepted the inevitable.

The 15th, 18th, 5th, and 16th regiments were the corps that pushed into Homestead, the 14th and 10th had half hour previously taken possession on the opposite bank of the Monongahela, just across from the Carnegie mill. There too, batteries were planted commanding the whole town. Had there been any resistance to the entrance of the troops, cannon on the other side of the river could by themselves have made the strikers' position untenable.

THE THIRD PARTY.

A Mixed Up Convention Yesterday at Fayetteville.

Special to the News and Observer.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., July 12.—An adjourned meeting of the congressional convention of the People's Party for this district was held here today, and after a heated and somewhat cross firing contest over striking out all St. Louis demands which make it obligatory on Alliance and People's Party men to vote for none other than those candidates who swallow without reservation the St. Louis platform, the convention adjourned to meet here August 23rd, and postponed the nomination of a candidate for congress and a Presidential elector to that date. Subsequently nine whites and two negroes reassembled in the Court House and nominated Frank Koonce, of Onslow, for Congress and J. W. Perry, of Bladen, Presidential elector. Those delegates who carried the motion for adjournment to August 23rd make no concealment on the streets here this afternoon of their open repudiation of the ticket as nominated, and are emphatic in their avowal that the counties they represent will sustain them in the course they are pursuing. Koonce the congressional nominee, approaches nearer having been everything and nothing at the same time than any man in the country, while his colleague Perry is an ex-Republican with but little if any following in his county or the district.

Congressional.

By Telegraph to News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—SENATE.—Mr. Allison called up the sundry civil appropriation bill, the pending question being Mr. Quay's amendment requiring the Columbian Exposition at Chicago to be closed on Sundays. The debate was temporarily interrupted to allow the presentation of the conference report on the District of Columbia bill and it was agreed to. The consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was proceeded with.

Mr. Quay's Sunday-closing amendment was discussed till after five o'clock. Unanimous consent was then given to have the debate tomorrow on the exposition section, under the five-minute rule. Several amendments to the exposition section were presented and ordered printed and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

On motion of Mr. Catchings (from the committee on rules) a resolution was adopted setting apart today for the consideration of bills called up by the committee on the election of President, Vice President and members of Congress.

On motion of Mr. Stout, the Senate bill was passed granting to the Mexican Gulf, Pacific and Puget Sound railroad the right of way through the public lands in Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

Mr. Dockery submitted a conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill. The report as agreed to appropriates \$90,000 to meet the expenses of the G. A. R. encampment in Washington, appropriation to be paid entirely out of the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Chipman, demanding the regular order, called up under the direction of the committee on election of President, etc., the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the popular vote.

Death of Reuben McBrayer, Esq. Special to the News and Observer.

SHELBYVILLE, N. C., July 12.—Hon. Reuben McBrayer, one of the most prominent attorneys of Western Carolina, died at the residence of his brother, Dr. T. E. McBrayer, this morning, after six months' illness. Mr. McBrayer was forty-one years of age and leaves a widow and six children. He was admitted to the bar soon after obtaining majority and rapidly made his way to the front. In 1876 he represented Cleveland county in the legislature. In 1884 he was presidential elector in the eighth district and made a brilliant campaign in every county of the district. In 1889 he moved to Asheville where he built up a large practice. He was chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the ninth district in the campaign of 1890, which resulted in the election of Mr. Crawford. He was a member of the board of trustees of Wake Forest College; also a Mason and member of the Asheville Commandery Knights Templar. The funeral will be tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

A NEGRO OUTRAGE.

WHITE PEOPLE FIRED UPON AT PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

A Negro Uprising Caused by a Recent Lynching--A Mob of Armed Negroes Attempt to Attack the Jail to Release One of Their Race--A White Man Fatally Shot--Great Excitement.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer

CINCINNATI, July 12.—A Commercial Gazette Paducah, Ky., special says: Shortly after 9 o'clock last night, while the city council was in session, the chief of police threw a bomb in their midst by announcing that a report had just reached him that two or three hundred negroes, armed with Winchester rifles, had congregated in the vicinity of the jail, prepared for an attack. The council at once adjourned. The mayor at once sent a dispatch to the Governor asking him to order out Company "C" of the State Guard located here. Every able bodied man is now on the streets, and every one that can obtain arms of any kind is doing so.

The Sheriff has charge of the posse, composed of 50 or 75 men, armed with shot guns and revolvers, procured from various hardware stores. The underlying cause of the uprising is the hanging of Charles Hill, negro, who made an assault upon Lyda Starr some weeks ago. They have been secretly obtaining arms for some time, and something of this kind was looked for almost any time. The immediate cause of the outbreak, as stated by a negro last night, was the arrest of a colored man named Thomas Burgess. At 11:30 o'clock the marshal and mayor returned to the jail from a talk with squads of negroes who, when the mayor and marshal promised that no violence should be done to the prisoner in jail, promised to disperse, and began at once to do so. The marshal addressed the crowd of white people and told them to go to their homes, as the negroes were dispersing and no violence need now be feared. This the people began to do, and in a few minutes the crowd was reduced to the militia and about forty armed citizens.

At exactly 12 o'clock a band of seventy-five negroes suddenly appeared, marching down Sixth street, and opened fire upon the men collected at the jail. At the first fire Elmer Edward, a young man twenty years of age fell, shot through the abdomen. He is dying. He was a member of the militia company and a harness maker by trade. The fire was returned by the militia and armed citizens, and the negroes beat a precipitous retreat. The militia also retreated in disorder back of the court house where they kept up the firing until the negroes had disappeared down the street. It is thought some of the negroes are wounded, although it is impossible as yet to learn the particulars. The jail and court room are now filled with the militia and armed citizens. The negroes retreated back to the Odd Fellows lodge, which place has been their chief headquarters during the night. The police have arrested over fifty negroes found carrying arms, and they are guarded to prevent any attempt to release them.

The mortally wounding of young Edwards has aroused a storm of indignation that is kept from breaking out with difficulty, and an attempt to avenge his untimely death is almost certain to be made. Excitement runs high, and at 1 o'clock this morning the street is still filled with people.

Henderson Notes.

COR. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. HENDERSON, N. C., July 12. The last Confederate mail to reach Henderson was found in a garret yesterday by a little girl, seeking old postage stamps. Among other letters were found addressed to Lieut. M. A. Cotten, General Hospital, Salisbury, N. C.; Sergeant T. H. Odell, 53d Va. Reg't, Co. E, Pickett's Division, Petersburg, Va.; W. A. Clements, Henderson Depot, Thomas' Legion, Co. T, Tenn.

A full list of the letters will appear in this week's Gold Leaf. They are in the possession of W. H. Allen, Esq., who will take much pleasure in delivering them to the proper persons.

Astor Not Dead. By Telegraph to News and Observer.

LONDON, July 12.—In response to numerous telegrams from the United States saying that it is reported that William Waldorf Astor died in London yesterday, a representative of the Associated Press called at the Lansdowne House, Astor's summer residence, and learned that Astor was not dead. He was informed that Astor passed a good night and intended to rise from his bed during the day.

What Shall I Take.

Why Simmons Liver Regulator, of course. It can't be beat in any attack of Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, or Constipation. It gives quick relief, and if continued for a while will completely cure these ailments. The Regulator comes in liquid and powder form. The powder is wonderfully convenient for the vest pocket. A pinch of the powder and a swallow of water leaves no taste and works effectually.

Cyrus W. Field Dead.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. NEW YORK, July 12.—Cyrus W. Field died at 9:30 this morning.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We would not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at John Y. MacRae's drug store. Large size 50c., and \$1.00.

Yours truly, J. C. ROWE.

The inmates of the Soldiers' Home. The following correspondence explains itself:

NASHVILLE, N. C., July 10, '92. W. C. Stronach, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: Mr. P. S. Pender, who is editor of the Rattler, the organ of the People's party in this county, and who is also secretary of the Nash County Confederate Veterans' Association, while addressing the People's Party Convention, which met here on yesterday, stated: "That the Stronachs had informed the inmates of the Soldiers' Home that if they failed to vote the straightout Democratic ticket, in the coming election, they would have no further use for them. That one of the old veterans whose name he had in his possession had said so."

Now I think men who resort to such monstrous falsehoods in order to poison the minds of our people and thereby array them against the Democratic party, ought to be held up before the public in their proper light. I hope, therefore, that you will deny this infamous charge through the press. If you wish to use my name in connection you are at liberty to do so. If you want more witnesses I can furnish them.

Yours respectfully, J. P. ARBUTHNOT.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 12, '92.

J. P. ARBUTHNOT, Esq., Nashville, N. C.:

My Dear Sir: Your favor of the 10th to hand. In reply I have to say that Mr. Pender's statement is utterly and entirely false.

I have never asked an applicant as to his political faith, nor have I ever talked politics to the inmates of "The Home." I have been told that we have some R-publicans, and, for aught I know, there may be some People's party men here.

I have not tried, nor shall I try to influence the political action of the inmates. I do not think it would be proper for me to do so in view of the fact that the whole legislature (Democrats and Republicans) so promptly responded when called on for an appropriation for this much needed charity.

Yours truly, W. C. STRONACH.

A FRENCH DISASTER.

A Terrible Torrent Sweeps Away 130 People.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

PARIS, July 12.—The baths of St. Germain were in the separate buildings, joined by a stone wall, erected in a narrow gorge. They were situated about 2,000 feet above the sea, on the road from Geneva to Chamonix. A glacier became detached from Mt. Blanc and fell into a mountain torrent carrying away the hamlet of Blonay and filling the torrent with ice. Masses of ice and wreckage of the village formed a dam which effectually restrained the water for some time. Finally the dam broke and the waters burst like a cataract into the stream of Bonaric, which passes through St. Germain. The inmates of the bath houses were awakened about 2:25 a. m. by the sound of rushing waters and a loud crashing noise. Before they were able to escape three of the buildings were entirely destroyed and another one partly, while the fifth building sustained no damage. The torrent continued into its course. The village of Lafayette lying in the valley was almost entirely demolished. It is believed that 75 persons perished at the baths. The latest estimate of the number of the dead is 130.

Astor Not Dead.

By Telegraph to News and Observer.

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CHILDREN CRY FOR



A cream of tartar Baking Powder, Highest of all in leavening strength. Latest U. S. Government Food Report. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.



The lamented Grady said of Germetor: "It is the ultima thule of medicines."

I was troubled with indigestion and blood poison in the form of pimples on my face. I took two bottles of King's Royal Germetor and it cured me entirely. THOMAS G. HILL, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1881.

Mr. A. W. Jackson, of Sandersville, Ga., after trying various physicians for fifteen years, was cured of a violent case of rheumatism by Royal Germetor.

Mr. N. T. Johnson, of Atlanta, was cured of a long continued and severe case of Catarrh, which was sapping his life away.

We are endorsed by thousands of our best known people, and are authorized in saying that Germetor will permanently cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Indigestion, Bowel and Liver Troubles, Female Diseases, Catarrh, Asthma, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Skin diseases, such as Scrofula, Eczema, etc., Paralysis, Emiplegy, erysipelas, insomnia and General Debility.

For sale by all Druggists at 81 per bottle.

WE HAVE REDUCED THE PRICE ON ALL OUR SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

And we have a large assortment to select from.

We are receiving daily new shapes in Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Hats.

200 Cloth Bound Books, all good, 25c. each, sold elsewhere 50c. each.

Our Stock of Shoes is about the best in the city, and we can save you money by buying of us.

Our Ribbon Stock is still complete.

We have the best Unlaundered Shirt sold anywhere for 35c or 50c. each.

All our goods are marked in plain figures and one price to all.

Woolcott & Sons, 14 E. PARK AVENUE.

Fruit Jars

Ice Cream Freezers.

Porcelain Lined Preserving Kettles.

Granite Iron Kettles.

Baby Carriages.

Croquet Sets.

Beautiful Glassware.

PAINT IN SMALL CANS.

Now is the time to use these goods.

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons, RALEIGH, N. C.

PITCHER'S CASTORIA.