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WHOLE NUMBER 1039

At the dinner given the other evening by the Cleveland (Ohio) Hardware Jobbers' Association the menu card was a novelty. It was fastened with a miniature padlock, and it was necessary to use a key to ascertain what viands had been prepared for the feast.

In Cape Colony, South Africa, the natives are coming into citizenship so fast that the people have raised the property qualifications for votes from \$125 to \$375, and the voter must be able to write his name and address clearly.

That the Norsemen discovered America centuries before Columbus did receives emphasis from Professor Horsford, of Harvard, who says that they landed on the Charles River, at Cambridge. The professor petitions the municipal authorities to protect certain ridges of grass-covered earth, which he claims are the foundations of Leif Erickson's house and date from the year 1000.

"While farmers in the South are complaining that the last year's cotton crop of nearly 9,000,000 bales—the largest ever raised—will leave them scarcely a dollar of profit, and bring thousands of them in debt," exclaims the St. Louis Republic, "the Illinois State Board of Agriculture reports that seven of the ten corn crops of that State between 1882 and 1891 were raised at a loss of \$30,000,000."

The "Cleveland" is the name of a common-sense hat for boating purposes. It has a brim which answers all the purpose of a good sized parasol without the cumbersome of a handle. It has a sort of William Penn atmosphere when left in its original shape, but the milliners distort its outlines and turn and twist the wide-sweeping brim to give it the properly awry look of most of the picturesque hats of the season.

The last in England of the monastic life—the edifices in which the medieval abbots were accustomed to gather the tribute of those who owed them rent and service, is in process of demolition. It is the survivor of the two that were built at Petersborough, and dates back to 1307. It is a long and narrow structure with low walls and a massive oak frame supporting a singularly beautiful roof of gray stone slates. There is not a nail in the building, stout wooden pegs being used throughout. The historic edifice was bought by a builder for \$3500, and a vain endeavor was made by local antiquarians to have it preserved. But as Peterborough Cathedral had just expended \$45,000 for a new and very modern marble floor, there was no money left for sentiment of that sort, and commerce claims one more conquest of antiquity.

It has not been many years, muses the New Orleans Picayune, since the export grain trade was done chiefly, if not exclusively, through the port of New York. The Erie Canal created a waterway from Lake Erie to New York, and so grain shipped in vessels from Western lake ports was transferred at Buffalo to canal boats, and so brought to market to the advantage of New York. But the day came when Canada built a ship canal around Niagara Falls, and so vessels were able to carry cargoes of grain direct from the lakes through the St. Lawrence River to Europe without touching at New York at all. Then there came another day when grain was floated in great barges down the Mississippi River for shipment to Europe, and this was done so much more cheaply than can be done by any New York route as that the American metropolis is becoming sensible of the disadvantages its trade is suffering and is casting about for a remedy that will restore its ancient prestige. But the remedy bids fair to be a most costly one. It is nothing less than the proposed construction of locks around Niagara Falls on the American side, and a ship canal from Lake Ontario to the Hudson River. The matter has been brought before Congress, and engineers have made surveys and estimates of the work required, and they plaid the cost at \$100,000,000, which Congress will be asked to appropriate. The estimates call for a waterway for ships, of a depth of not less than twenty feet. That such a waterway will be constructed some day cannot be doubted, because it will become necessary. In case of a war with Canada all the through water routes would be in the hands of the enemy and out of our reach either for the purposes of defense or of commerce. But its consummation is not far off.

THREE STATES' BRIEFS.

Telegraphic Dispatches From Many Points of Interest.

The Fields of Virginia, North and South Carolina Carefully Gleaned For News.

VIRGINIA.

Miss Zoe Gayton, the famous pedestrian, stopped a day in Charlottesville, on her way from New York to San Francisco.

Spott Brown and Tom Dabney (colored) have been arrested in Cartersville for burning the tobacco house and horses of A. T. Moon. The case was worked up by a colored detective named Rowe from Richmond.

A debtor in Madison county turned over as his only property a gold watch bearing the name of "Extra Billy Smith" and the date 1830. Extra Billy, who died not long since, was once the manager of a stage line between Washington and points in Virginia, but later Governor of that State, Congressman, and Major General in the Confederate army. Extra Billy's watch, though it has run for at least sixty-two years, still keeps good time.

Colonel W. P. Smith, chief clerk of the Virginia Direct Tax Commission and commissioner for the City of Richmond and Henrico county has issued a circular letter to the several treasurers and commissioners distributing the district tax fund, informing them that the amount to be paid under the law is only the net tax paid and the amount noted as excess when any excess appears to have been collected. The amount noted as interest, penalties and costs are not to be paid out, as they have not yet been refunded to the State by the Federal Government.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Aunt Winnie Finley and aunt Nan Parks, both colored, of Wilkes county, are respectively 114 and 113 years old.

At the State Pharmaceutical Association meeting at Raleigh they decided to meet next year at Winston. H. R. Chears, of Plymouth, was elected President.

Auditor Sanderlin has appointed to succeed Mr. Boush as his chief clerk T. Palmer Jerman, Jr., now executive clerk to the Governor. Mr. Jerman will be succeeded in the Governor's office by W. W. Vass, Jr., of Raleigh.

The summary of the crop report for August is completed by the Department of Agriculture, and the showing made is a bad one. The per centage of condition of cotton is given as 70, and the per cent. of damage as compared with the report a month ago is given as 24 per cent.; corn, condition 86 1/2, per cent. of damage, 21 1/2; tobacco, condition 84 1/2; damage, 20 1/2. The condition of the other crops covered by the returns is as follows: Rice 85, turnips 93, peanuts 82 1/2, sweet potatoes 90, late cabbage 90, late Irish potatoes 87, grapes 82, peaches 46, apples 52. Last year at this date the condition of corn was 91 1/2, cotton 73, tobacco 87, rice 16, peanuts 90.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Tax returns from 25 counties show about the same amount of personal property as last year.

Philip Hicks, an escaped convict burglar from the penitentiary, was caught near Charleston Wednesday.

Green Rice, colored, 14 years old, was accidentally shot and killed in Union county by his cousin, while they were playing with a gun.

At Columbia, in the county court house Miss Addison, a niece of T. S. Cavender, created quite a scene by slapping severely in the face Lawyer Bausket, who was trying to get possession of a little colored boy. The parents of the boy had put him under the guardianship of Miss Addison, and then wanted him back.

The railroad commission in issuing its June report of the earnings of the roads of the State, as it marked the close of the railroad year, also gave a statement showing that the net decrease in the total earnings for the twelve months, ending June 30, 1892, as compared with the corresponding months of 1890 and 1891 to be the sum of \$667,173.76.

The Cotton Crop.

Those of the Southern cotton planters who a half year ago, were anxious to bring about a general reduction of the cotton product, in order to raise the price of the staple in the market, have seen their object gained in an unpleasant way through the destructive forces of nature. The extent of the reduction is shown in the reports of the Department of Agriculture containing the facts gathered in all the cotton-growing States. The product has been reduced by heavy floods in some parts of the South, by an excessive rainfall or weather otherwise unfavorable in many parts, and by other causes not under the control of the planters. There were fears last spring that cotton would be an unprofitable crop this year, but those fears have been dispelled by agencies that have brought grief to many planters.

Mr. Hicklin's Ghastly Find.

Richmond, S. C.—Friday afternoon Mr. James Hicklin was startled to find a human skull on the back of his fish pond, a few miles from town. He immediately began a search, and on draining the pond found human bones, which, coupled with certain facts, led him to believe a foul murder had been committed. He immediately telegraphed Coroner Evans. The result of the inquest is not yet known. However, it is believed that it is the remains of a negro boy who very suddenly disappeared some months ago.

POLITICAL PILLS.

Swallow and Assimilate Them Quickly.

The Republican State convention in session at Atlanta, Ga., refused to put out a State ticket.

Representative W. A. Branch was renominated by the Democrats at Edenton, N. C., from the first congressional district by acclamation.

William J. White, who has just been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Twentieth Ohio district, has made a million out of chewing gum.

An old colored man and former Republican, J. R. Ramey, of Winston, has announced himself an independent candidate for Congress in the Eighth N. C. district. He has already opened his campaign and is making interesting speeches. He says that he is a candidate regardless of conventions, race or color. "My first and principal plank," he says, "declares in favor of the Government paying all the ex-slaves who were twenty-one years old when Lincoln made his emancipation proclamation \$1,000 a year each for services rendered during the war." He declares that the Government justly owes this debt to the slaves and the South and that the demand is in accord with Lincoln's proclamation made in 1863. He insists that everybody should vote for him, as he would bring piles of money to the South. With great emphasis the old colored man says: "If you give the Democrats their part of the votes, the Republicans their part, and then give me all the men on the fence, I think I can be elected."

President Weihe, of the Amalgamated Association of Pittsburgh, will oppose Daizell for Congress. Hugh O'Donnell will run for the Legislature as a Democrat.

NASHVILLE, TENN.—Gov. Buchanan has at last announced himself an independent candidate for Governor. Monday afternoon he inscribed a long card in the papers placing himself before the people free from all classes. He says he loves the Democracy but the citizens have called on him to run and he will do so.

New Southern Enterprises.

A glance at the list of new enterprises organized or established in the South during the past week, shows continued activity. Among those mentioned in the Manufacturers' Record in its issue of August 12, the following are the more important: A \$500,000 sugar planting and manufacturing company at Plaquemine, La.; a \$10,000 lumber company at Arkansas City, Ark.; a \$30,000 spoke manufacturing company at Union City, Tenn.; a 300,000 bushel grain elevator at Southport, La.; a \$7,000 canning company at Memphis, Tenn.; a \$10,000 canning company at Sharon, Tenn.; a \$10,000 manufacturing company at Henderson, Ky.; a \$10,000 water works company at Newnan, Ga.; a \$5,000 canning company at Gardis, Miss.; a \$300,000 barbed wire and nail works company at Kanawha City, W. Va.; two \$2,000,000 coal companies at Beattville, Ky.; a \$50,000 refining company at Louisville, Ky.; a \$100,000 distilling company at Baltimore, Md.; a \$30,000 cottonseed oil company at Rockwall, Tex.; a \$30,000 canning company at Barstow, Texas; a \$30,000 steam laundry company at New Orleans, La.; a \$350,000 paper mill company at Louisville, Ky., and a \$300,000 publishing company at Baltimore, Md.

Clay King's Sentence Commuted.

MEMPHIS, TENN.—Governor Buchanan in Nashville commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence of Colonel H. Clay King, who was to have been hanged Friday for the murder of David H. Poston on March 15th last on a public street in this city.

Unusual pressure was brought to bear upon the Governor during the past few days. Petitions signed by thousands from Tennessee and Kentucky reached the Chief Executive. Delegations from military and civic societies besieged him and the wife and daughter of the condemned man, and the wives and daughters of other prominent citizens made personal appeals. Senator Harris and other leading politicians made several calls upon him and finally succeeded in securing the desired commutation. The prisoner heard the news with but little interest. He had been indulging in stimulants of late and seemed indifferent to what was transpiring. The people of Memphis are very indignant over the action of the Governor. A plan was formed to lynch Col. King, but he was spirited away to Nashville by the Sheriff. Gov. Buchanan was burned in effigy.

Centennial of Buncombe.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Buncombe is a hundred years old and people have been celebrating the centennial in great shape. The Legislature in 1792 established the county by cutting off from Burke and Rutherford the whole western section of the State, comprising what is now Macon, Yancey, Henderson, Madison, Jackson, Clay, Transylvania, Swain and Graham. The celebration was addressed by Attorney General Davidson, a native of Buncombe, Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Col. V. S. Lusk, Hon. R. B. Vance, Col. J. D. Cameron and Col. A. T. Davidson. There was a trades display in the afternoon, showing the resources of the county.

In the tournament J. E. Sevier, who rode at Charlotte, won first prize. Several hundred Confederate veterans went into camp for three days.

The summer exodus has left only one cabinet officer at Washington to represent the power and dignity of this great government.

ALLIANCE AUGURS.

The Present, Past and Future of the F. A. & I. U.

Sundry Happenings, An Alliance Poem and Other Matters of Interest.

President Loucks was called home in South Dakota Friday from Washington, D. C., by a telegram conveying the sad news of the death of his oldest son. It is needless to say that in this their hour of distress, Brother Loucks and family have the sincere sympathy of the fraternity everywhere.

POLK'S WORK JUST BEGUN.

BY T. B. SUMMERS, WEST VIRGINIA.

When sighs the wind of heaven,
When falls the evening dew,
When hope seems almost driven
And lost from human view;
Then stand we still and wonder,
Nor waiting, wonder long,
For in the echoing chamber
We'll hear the angel song.
That right again shall triumph,
That justice shall be done,
And then will sound the seraph,
The Polk's work just begun.

We'll listen long in silence
Enraptured, filled with joy,
With beat and hushed stillness,
As stands a proud boy.
We'll catch it to the echo,
As echoes will prolong.
Beyond the mighty shadow,
We'll cry aloud, "well done!"
And angels in the chorus
Of Polk's work just begun.

"The God that hides the vision
From mortal eyes so far,
And laughs at human wisdom
That thinks to know a star;
But He is not our Father,
And hears his children cry,
When they try to do their duty,
Why for the right they die?"
Though be the effort humble,
The reward be but a name,
Still grand will be the coming
Of Polk's work just begun.

Reporter (Kansas) sizes conditions up carefully in this way. Puck once had a picture of a king, a bishop, a soldier and a laborer. The king with outstretched sceptre, said: "I rule all;" the priest with his prayer book said: "I pray for all;" the soldier with his rifle said: "I fight for all;" and the laborer, in the midst of all the different kinds of tools and machinery, said: "I pay for all."

Goodland Republic (Kansas) lets on the light: Manager Frick of the Carnegie iron mills, has an income derived from that institution of \$2,000,000 annually. The entire pay roll of 3,800 workmen only amounts to \$2,400,000 annually. It would seem that this condition of affairs would justify a cut of wages. The average wages of the workmen are \$32 a month, while the manager makes \$166,666 2/3 in the same period.

Knights of Labor Journal (Pennsylvania) says: The 12,394 business failures in the United States last year—an increase of 1,700 over 1890—are not so much an indication of exceptional stringency in the money market as of the tendency toward concentration in commercial matters. The big capitalists are eating up the smaller ones, and, whether the times are good or bad, it is becoming increasingly difficult for the small trader or manufacturer to exist. Production and distribution are getting into fewer hands, and it is for those who suffer by the process to say whether they wish their lot and that of their children to be the condition of wage-slaves to a handful of plutocrats or partners in a national system of industrial organization. There is no alternative.

ATLANTA, GA.—The State Democratic convention was called to order at noon by W. Y. Atkinson, chairman of the State committee. Pleasant A. Stovall was unanimously elected temporary chairman. After completion of the temporary organization, W. Y. Atkinson was elected permanent chairman by virtue of which he continues ex-officio chairman of the State committee for the next two years.

The following State ticket was nominated: For Governor, W. J. Northern; for Secretary of State, Gen. Phil Cook; for Comptroller, Gen. W. A. Wright; for Treasurer, R. M. Hurdman; for Commissioner of Agriculture, R. T. Nesbitt, and for Attorney General, T. M. Terrell. An electoral ticket pledged to Cleveland and Stevenson was also placed in the field.

Ohio Extension of Norfolk & Western.

HUNTINGDON, W. VA.—It is announced that the great Norfolk & Western Ohio river extension will be completed October 1st, when through trains will be run from Norfolk Va., to Columbus O., and Chicago. The extension runs through the wildest part of the State for over 200 miles, and strikes the Ohio river at Kanawha, W. Va.

This country is richer in natural wealth than any other part of West Virginia, coal, iron and timber being found in abundance. There are 20 tunnels in this extension. This road passes through the homes of the Hatfields, the notorious outlaws.

N. C. State Alliance Meeting.

GREENSBORO, N. C.—At a late hour the State Alliance went into the election of officers. Marion Butler, president, T. B. Long, of Buncombe county, vice president and W. S. Barnes, State treasurer and secretary were re-elected. Dr. C. Tompson, of Onslow, was elected State lecturer instead of Mr. Bell. Doorkeeper, Mr. Henry, of Macon county; assistant doorkeeper, H. E. King, of Onslow; chaplain, Rev. John Ammond, of Madison county; sergeant-at-arms, J. S. Holt, of Albemarle.

People's Party in Georgia.

SAVANNAH, GA.—W. R. Kemp, of Emanuel county, was nominated for Congress by the People's party of the first congressional district. The Republicans are trying to form a coalition with the Third party. There was one negro delegate in the convention.

N. C. THIRD PARTY CONVENTION.

They Nominate For Governor Dr. Exum, of Wayne.

RALEIGH, N. C.—At 12:30 W. R. Lindsay, chairman of the Third Party State committee, called the convention to order in Metropolitan Hall. He called Marion Butler to the chair. J. W. Denmark was made temporary secretary. The committee on permanent organization was then raised, composed of one member of each district. The following were named: B. F. Scarborough, W. M. Smith, Y. B. Smith, R. A. Cobb, B. Stille, A. J. Gordon, S. B. Swain, J. W. Parks, G. E. Boggs.

The following were placed on the committee on platform: W. P. Exum, A. J. Dalby, Marion Butler, J. M. Bate-man, D. H. Hill, H. B. Collier, J. E. Kimmel, W. H. Malone, R. A. Cobb.

Col. Harry Skinner was nominated for Governor, but as there was some dissatisfaction the nomination was withdrawn and the following State ticket put up:

Dr. W. P. Exum, of Wayne, for Governor.

R. A. Cobb, of Burke, for Lieut. Governor.

W. H. Worth, for Treasurer of State.

Dr. L. N. Durham, of Cleveland, for Secretary.

Thomas B. Long, of Buncombe, for Auditor.

R. H. Lyon, of Bladen, for Attorney General.

Rev. W. J. Woody, of Guilford College, for Supt. of Public Instruction.

Marion Butler and Harry Skinner, for Electors at Large.

W. A. Guthrie, of Durham, for Associate Justice.

W. H. Malone, of Buncombe, for Judge of the 12th District.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

This Kind of News Is Very Interesting.

An Alabama woman is mentioned in "The Southern Stockman and Farmer" as having loaned her husband \$30 and \$40 at a time (butter money) to pay labor to make cotton.

The stockholders of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association held their first annual meeting at Wilmington, N. C., recently and elected E. Potter, president; W. A. Risch, vice-president, and Isaac Bates, secretary and treasurer. This association owns 1,000 acres of fine oyster ground, and has planted 59,522 bushels of oysters in the past year. It is proposed to plant many more next spring. Besides the oyster ground, 305 acres of fine upland are owned, and it is intended to start a small town there. All of the ground is paid for and the company has no debts.

Castor beans are being raised in some sections of the South, and they bring \$1.50 per bushel of 46 lbs. There is a market for all that is offered.

Insane—Cured—Acquitted—Insane Again.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Two years ago, in Madison county, Robert L. McPeeters and Zeb W. Cady quarrelled and McPeeters shot Cady, killing him instantly. A court of inquiry examined McPeeters with the result that he was sent to the asylum for the insane at Morganton. He remained there until Monday of last week when he was discharged as cured and sent back to Marshall for trial for murder. The trial began at once and closed Saturday. McPeeters made two pleas: self-defense and insanity. The jury returned a verdict "not guilty" and the man was released. Within two hours, however, of the time the verdict was rendered, McPeeters became raving mad and had to be confined in jail, where he now awaits re-commitment to the asylum.

Gen. Field and a Third Party Paper.

NASHVILLE, TENN.—It has been learned here that the Third parties have decided to start a morning newspaper in Memphis on or before the first of September. It is said that John H. McDowell will be editor-in-chief. It is understood that Gen. Jas. G. Field, People's party candidate for Vice-President, is now in Memphis looking over the field and aiding his followers in making the necessary arrangements to start the paper. Gov. Buchanan announced himself as independent candidate for Governor. Buchanan will be endorsed by the Third parties and the Memphis organ will support him. It is said that the new paper will be called the Gazette.

Too Many Convicts for Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, TENN.—The 350 convicts released at Tracy City Saturday night were brought here under guard on a special train and were marched to the penitentiary. Some of the convicts attempted to escape. Matt Wilson was killed and John Smith was fatally wounded; the other three were recaptured. The convicts released at Inman this morning are now on their way to Nashville and will arrive to night. The penitentiary is crowded with 1,400 convicts now and the governor says there is no place to put them.

Submarine Cable From Cape Charles.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Western Electric Light Company, of New York, was awarded the contract to lay a submarine telegraph cable twelve miles in length for the life saving service between Cape Charles and the lower end of Assateague Island on the Virginia coast. Price \$9-10 cents per foot.

ANOTHER BIG STRIKE.

Switchmen on the Lehigh Valley Road Go Out.

Fires! Follow the Strike and Cars Burned By the Down.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—The switchmen's strike here has assumed alarming proportions. At 2 o'clock Sunday morning the Lehigh Valley yards, in East Buffalo, were the scene of a series of incendiary fires, and the striking switchmen are suspected of being the incendiaries.

Three fires were discovered at various points half a mile apart. Eighteen freight cars loaded with cotton, wool, merchandise, and hay, two passenger coaches, and two watchmen's houses, were burned.

A train of ten coal cars, which were standing on the trestles, were turned loose and started down the track. They crashed into the water tank, smashing it and wrecking an engine which was taking water.

Monday morning an Erie train consisting of 43 cars lying on the main tracks, was set on fire at midnight and in an hour there were 15 or 20 cars burned. It is estimated that the loss will be \$10,000. At 1 o'clock the fire had broken out at the yards and indications were that serious damage would be done as the fire was burning fiercely. Nothing could be done by the engines attached to the train, as the crews were driven from their engines and threats were made if the men attempted to move them. The fire department was unable to do anything on account of the hydrants in the neighborhood. The Erie had two stock trains already to leave for the east at 6 o'clock but they were not moved, as the strikers threatened to kill the crew if they left the yards.

An official call was made upon the city and county by the Lehigh Valley for protection and the Erie followed. The strikers are applying the torch in all directions. Both the Sixty-fifth and Seventy-fourth regiments national guards, were ordered to go to the scene.

An Electric Bath-Cabinet.

An electric bath-cabinet made by a Western manufacturer is of the usual size of vapor baths, with a lid enclosing the body completely, except the head, which is exposed. Electric lamps are distributed around the body of the patient, being arranged in groups of fourteen and operated by a separate switch for each group. About sixty lamps of sixteen-candle power are used in the bath. The sides of the interior of the cabinet are backed by polished nickel to give reflective power. The effect of the strong light is to brown the skin as if it had been exposed to the sun. The combined effects of the electric and vapor bath are said to be without the usual depressing effects of the vapor bath alone, in fact, having an opposite effect.—New York Post.

Knife and Pistol.

MARION, S. C.—A fatal difficulty occurred in the fork section of this county in the night between M. R. Hays and Neal Hays, two young white men, aged about 20 years, and closely related. Neal Hays was instantly killed by a stab in the heart. The other was shot in the head, and is expected to die. Neal was a son of Alexander Hays, who fled the State some years ago for the killing of Deputy Sheriff Page.

Poisoned by Canned Corned Beef.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Ten persons suffered in agony and narrowly escaped death by reason of eating canned corned beef. In fact, in one case it is still uncertain that the termination will not be fatal. In all the cases the victims were attacked by convulsive cramps, nausea and pains of limbs and head, all symptoms being distinctly those of metallic poisoning. All had eaten canned corned beef of a packing company of Chicago, purchased at a near-by store.

The Sea Gives Up Its Dead.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—The body of Napoleon Laddon, one of the eight negroes who were drowned, was washed ashore on Sullivan's Island. The mouth and ears were partially destroyed by fishes, otherwise the body was in a good state of preservation. This is the fifth body recovered. Parties were out dragging the bottom of the harbor, but to no effect; all they obtained was a pair of pants with 96 cents in the pocket.

Stepped on a Match—Death.

RICHMOND, VA.—Sallie Taylor, colored, was burned to death Sunday. She stepped on a match, lighting it. The blaze caught her clothing and set her on fire. She died in a few hours in great agony.

Death of Congressman Warwick.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Representative John G. Warwick, Democrat, who succeeded William McKinley as Representative from the 16th Ohio district, died here at night after a protracted illness in his 62d year.

A Bridegroom's Grief.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.—Saturday Geo. McCallie, a young white boy, well connected, was married, and inside of ten hours after his marriage he was arrested for stealing the suit of clothes in which he was married. He protests innocence, although he was caught with the suit on.

First Lord of the Treasury.

London Cablegram: It is learned that Premier Gladstone has chosen for himself the office of First Lord of the Treasury, and Lord of the Privy Seal.