

**Valuable Books at Auction.**

On Tuesday evening, the 20th day of February next, (being the week of Brown county) at the store of Ezra A. Chambers, there will be sold, without reserve, the following Books, to wit:  
History of the French Revolution, Duguesne's Domestic Medicine, Baynal's History of the East and West Indies, 4 vol. Baywood's Justice, Baywood's Moral, Divine Lectures, Rollin's Ancient History, Potts' Virgil, 4 vol. Pines General, 3 vol. 1 Philosophical Grammar, Watts' Logic, Francis's Grammar, 3 vol. Pope's Homer, 3 vol. Homer's Dramatic Works, 1 vol. Boston's four-fold State, Baywood's Tour, British Housewife's Spectator, Knaplock's Monthly, Gardner's American Way, Edwards on Free Will, Baywood's Apology, Burns Justice of the Peace and Parish Officer, Green's Circuit Companion, Forsyth on Education, Green's Book-keeping Law, Thomas's Poems, Johnson's Dictionary, Nathan on Poverty, Carter's Reports, Malloch's History of Scotland, Rapson's History, 4 vol. Burr's Trial, 1 vol. Evergreen's Crown Law, Curry on Yellow Fever, Surgical Operations, Description West India, E. and S. Sermon, Pope's Literary Correspondence, Marshall's Life of Washington. With a considerable number of other rare and scarce Books, being old volumes, and Greek and Latin school books; belonging to the estate of Maxwell Chambers, sen. dec'd.  
Sale to commence at early candle light. If not all sold on that evening, the sale will be continued from day to day until all is sold. Credit of six months, will be given; note and approved security will be required.  
**THOMAS CHAMBERS.**  
Salisbury, N. C. Jan. 26, 1827. 450

**Tailoring Business.**

**SILAS TEMPLETON**, grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from a generous public, respectfully informs them, that, having all contingencies, he has permanently located his business in the shop recently occupied by Havel and Templeton, on Main street, in the town of Salisbury. He has just received the latest *FASHIONS* from Philadelphia, and will continue regularly to receive them at standard prices. He has a large and well selected assortment of gentlemen with dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c. made after the newest and most approved style in vogue at the north, and on more reasonable terms than such clothes have heretofore been made in Salisbury. He will warrant his work to be substantially and elegantly made; and, what is equally important with most persons, it shall fit well before he will receive pay. Country cloth will be made up on the very lowest terms that any regular tailor can make a saving business in doing it for. The greatest possible pains will be taken that no one shall be disappointed in the work they wish to get done at his shop, either as to the fitness of their garments, durability of workmanship, or promptness of execution. All those, then, wishing any description of Tailoring done, may reasonably be asked to  
Come and try me; in fitting you, I'll not lack a hair.—If I do, I'll take the garment back.  
Salisbury, Feb 3, 1827. 48  
N. B. One or two Boys, from 12 to 15 years of age, who can come well recommended, will be taken as apprentices to the above business.  
**SILAS TEMPLETON.**

**Taken up and Committed**

**T**he Jail of Rowan county, N. C. on the 16th of August, 1826, a negro man, who says his name is J. H. E., 22 years old, 5 feet 1 inch high; says he left his master about 6 weeks since, in the state of Georgia; was bought by one Johnson, last spring, of Matthew Williamson, at Charlotte Court-house, Virginia. The owner is required to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.  
**FIELDING SLATER, Jailor.**  
Salisbury, N. C. Aug. 17, 1826. 24

**State of North-Carolina, Davidson county:**

**C**OURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December term 1826. Charles Levering vs. Alexander Rea. Original attachment, issued in the hands of Gary Mackland and Henry Eckles, and they summoned as Garnishees. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant, Alexander Rea, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by the court that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that unless the said Alexander Rea appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Davidson, at the court house in Lexington, on the 3d Monday in March next, and reply and make himself a party, judgment final will be entered against him, and the amount in garnishee's hands applied in discharge of said judgment.  
631 Attest: **DAVID MOCK, c. c.**

**State of North-Carolina, Iredell county:**

**C**OURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Nov. Term, 1826. John Watts' Executors vs. Joseph Watts. Motion to admit the Will to probate. In this case it is ordered by the court, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, that Andrew Watts, James Watts, William Watts and his wife Rebecca, who are inhabitants of other states, appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Iredell county, on the 3d Monday of February next, then and there to shew cause, if any they have, why the paper in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of John Watts, should not be admitted to probate. Witness, Abner K. Simonton, Clerk of said court, at Statesville, the 3d Monday of November, A. D. 1826, and in the 51st year of our Independence.  
**A. K. SIMONTON, Ck.**  
Price adv. 63. 6150

**State of North-Carolina, Lincoln county:**

**S**UPERIOR Court of Law October term, 1826: David Blalock vs. Nancy Blalock; petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Nancy Blalock, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made three months in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to her that she make her personal appearance before the Judge of our Superior Court of Law, at the next Court to be held for said county of Lincoln, at the court-house in Lincoln, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, then and there to answer or demur to the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and heard *ex parte*, and adjudged accordingly.  
Witness Lawson Henderson, Clerk of said Court, at Lincoln, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, A. D. 1826, and in the 51st year of our Independence.  
**LAWSON HENDERSON, Ck.**  
Price adv. 24. 3m62

**Contract for a Church.**

**T**HE members and friends of the Episcopal Church having determined to erect a Church in the town of Salisbury, and having appointed the undersigned a Committee for the purpose of constructing and superintending the building of the same, they hereby give notice to all persons disposed to undertake, that they are ready to receive proposals and to enter into a contract for the whole or any part of the work. The walls are to be of brick; other particulars will be made known on application to either of the committee.  
**JOHN McCLELLAND,**  
**STEPHEN L. FERRAND,**  
**JOHN BEARD, Jr.,**  
**EDWARD CREEK,**  
**THOMAS CHAMBERS,**  
Committee.  
December 26, 1826.

**Drugs, Medicines, Paints.**

**HAYLAND and ASHFIELD,** offer at 204 King street, Charleston, S. C. an extensive assortment of genuine  
**Drugs, Medicines, & Perfumery.**  
Nos. 129 kept White Lead, warranted pure  
430 do. do. good  
15 Venetian, pure  
95 Yellow Ochre  
20 lbs. Whiting, English  
26 Linseed Oil, Philadelphia  
6 lbs. Lamp Black  
210 boxes Spanish Brown  
77 Venetian Red  
1200 No. Puffy, in bladders  
8 do. Spts. Turpentine  
475 boxes Window-Glass of all sizes, from 8 by 10 to 22 by 28  
Log-wood, in sticks and chipped, Camwood, Nicaragua, Fustic, Red wood, Indigo, Spanish and Carolina; Aqua Fortis, Shell Lark, Alcohol, and every article for Dyer's or Hatter's use.  
H. & A. can inform Merchants, Manufacturers and other dealers, that they are daily receiving additions to their stock from their House in New-York; and fancy that inducements are offered for purchasers to call as above.  
Charleston, Dec. 29, 1825. 3m59

**STEAM BOAT**

**NORTH CAROLINA.**

**T**HIS boat has been purchased to ply between Cheraw and Georgetown; the boat is in complete order, having lately undergone a thorough repair—she is well calculated for the navigation of the river, she only draws about three and a half feet water, with a cargo equal to four hundred bales of Cotton; the agents at Cheraw pledge themselves, that every attention shall be paid to shipments by this boat, and that all cottons intended to be shipped by her, shall be taken in charge and securely placed under good sheds or warehouses, free of storage; and for all goods received, and put in store, a moderate storage will be charged; from the certainty of this boat being able to run at all times and seasons, country merchants will find it to their interest to order their shipments and consignments through this place. Mr. Henry W. Conner, of Charleston, will be the agent of the boat at that place, and will take charge of any and all consignments to go by this boat, (as it is probable the will sometimes go direct to Charleston.) Mr. Francis King, an experienced and well qualified agent at Georgetown, will attend to all consignments, both from Cheraw and Charleston, and forward them to either place without delay. Our charges will be customary and reasonable, and we hope to merit public patronage. The agents have large and commodious warehouses, and will secure every kind of goods or cottons, forward the former and ship the latter, with every possible despatch. Money or goods advanced on cottons wished to be shipped.  
**J. & J. H. TOWNS.**  
Cheraw, Jan. 24, 1827. 4151.

**Sales of Land for Taxes.**

**O**n the 3d Monday in March next, will be sold, at the Court-house door in Lexington, Davidson county, the following tracts of Land, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy the Taxes for the years 1822, 1823, 1824, and 1825, with costs, to wit:  
400 acres, near Clemmonsville, the lands of Jones Mitchell, of Virginia;  
320 acres, given in by Wm. Wadsworth, adjoining the lands of David Kopley, and others; this tract will be sold for the taxes of 1824 and 1825.  
**JAMES WISEMAN, Sheriff.**  
January 15, 1827. 4152

**Land for Sale.**

**T**HE subscriber offers for sale a small tract of land in the neighborhood of Mocksville, in the Forks of the Yadkin, containing upwards of two hundred acres. The soil is of a good quality; and on which is a good piece of unimproved meadow ground conveniently watered. Also good springs of water, and in a healthy situation. As Mocksville is becoming a place of importance, it might be an advantageous situation for an industrious farmer. A further description is thought unnecessary, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will view the land.  
For terms apply to the subscriber, two miles from Henry Fraley's, south Yadkin, Rowan county.  
**ISAAC LINSTER.**  
Jan'y. 29, 1827. 5152

**Notice.**

**W**HEREAS, by a deed of trust to me executed by A. D. Kerr, of the county of Iredell, to secure James H. Houston, dec'd., and George L. Davidson; I will, on Friday, the 2d day of March, at the present residence of the said Kerr, on the great road between Mrs. Torrence's and Beatie's Ford, proceed to sell the following property, viz:  
Three or four tracts of LAND, of as good a quality as any in this section of country.  
Also, fifteen likely young NEGROES, fit for business.  
Terms will be made known on the day of sale. Attendance will be given, by  
**WILLIAM L. DAVIDSON, Trustee.**  
Jan'y. 25, 1827. 3150

**David D. Weaver,**

**BARBER and HAIR DRESSER.**  
I have taken a pleasant and commodious shop on the main street, opposite W. H. Slaughter's Tavern, where he may be found at all times and will pay strict attention to his business. He flatters himself that he will be able, as he always has been, to give entire satisfaction to all who may employ him.  
N. B. Gentlemen shaved by the year, month, or single time.  
With razors sharp and brushes used on hand,  
He'll make your face as smooth as that of any dandy.  
February, 5 1827. 41

**ORIGINAL POETRY.**

**A PEEP AT THE NIGHT,**

*After a Thunder Storm.*  
The conflict of the elements is over; the moon is hid obscured by the skirt of the retreating thunder-cloud; the vault of heaven is serene, and studded with stars, except in the direction of the retreating storm; Emma's upper lip is unclouded, but pale, resembling fresh departed beauty in her mortal robes—majestically indeed, but so pleasing to the eye, that the mourning guests almost wish to die, provided they were to become the objects of so much awful reverence and silent admiration.  
Reader! hast thou ever contemplated the full orbed moon, emerging from the retreating, impetuous but that eve beheld all that was noble, lovely, and awful, hid prematurely on the last carriage which beauty requires? The suddenly striking it future and in thought—Look out of thy chamber again. The train of the cloud retreats slowly, descending to the eastern horizon, distilling refreshing and gentle showers in its course, after the subsiding conflict of the elements. Reader! hast thou ever felt or witnessed the moderated grief of friends and relatives, expressing itself in mellow tears for departed beauty and worth, after the first tempest of intense feeling and regret has subsided? The similarity of the scene before me, is impressive! striking and synonymous.  
I generally find it difficult to express in prose, the ideas and reflections produced by sublime views of nature—but whether I may be more happy in conveying them in poetry to others, is a point which is not for me to decide.

**ADDRESS to the MOON.**

For Queen of night and muse of thought,  
What dost thou bring to destruction brought?  
Shalt thou who shiv'rt, and I who think,  
At last a dark perdition sink?  
O'fall all the stars, which gaily train,  
To non-existence fall again?

The Word declares that all your light  
Must vanish & perpetual night;  
And that the Sun's enlivening fire  
Shall with the common wreck expire;  
But that thy self-existent flame,  
Which from celestial mansions came,  
Shall to its author re-ascend.  
When thorn's tenements descend,—  
But on conditions!!!—Man, beware!  
Proceed with caution, and prepare  
To meet thy Judge,—for meet thou must,—  
The soul survives its mortal dust.  
O! ye stupendous orbs of light,  
Which shine by day, adorn the night,  
Whose distances, dimensions vast,  
The faculties of man exhaust,  
Your end and laws to comprehend.  
What'er Astronomers pretend,  
Within the solar system, we  
Your thoughts and motions see;  
But far beyond the solar bound  
Superior suns and worlds are found;—  
What are they?—seek not, Man, to know,—  
Thy reason, there, becomes thy foe.  
On heav'n's high majesty depend,  
For there resides thy only friend.  
TIRO.

**DOMESTIC BLISS.**

From "RACES BY NOIS," a New Poem.  
The camp may last for years, the court its glory,  
The theatre its wit, the host its mirth;  
But there's a bliss, a quiet heaven, which  
Shall last for ever—the domestic bliss!  
It is the consolation, if this be true,  
To find that happiness is not so rare;  
Elsewhere we may be careless, gay, careless—  
But here, actually here, we can be true!  
O! anxious, restless, woe that both were here,  
Who, slighting all the heart should heed with care,  
Could waste his nights in love's misery,  
And leave his home's partner to sigh  
The anxious wishes that the love and care  
Themselves devoted, and their hearts destroyed!  
From dancing, from play, who takes his sport,  
And struggles at a smile when he appears!  
MISCELLANEOUS.

**FROM HENRY'S REGISTER.**

**NEWSPAPERS.**

Newspapers are things that can be dispensed with, as costing money that might be saved. So is the schooling of our children; so, indeed, are nine tenths of what it costs us to live. Almost any man might lay up money every year if he would live on bread and water, and clothe himself in the cheapest manner he could. But what of that? who would live like a brute and die like a beggar, for the mere pleasure of saving money, which he cannot carry hence with him, though like a dead weight, it may hang upon his soul at the last moment of his mortal existence! there are few such—five or ten in a million, and what wretched creatures are they? Most men, sensible that they must die, are disposed to enjoy a little of the fruits of their toils; and nothing is perhaps more necessary to the enjoyment of society, or self-satisfaction in retirement, than a well informed and virtuous mind; it gives a zeal to all things in prosperity, and is the best resource in adversity. Newspapers, though not always conducted with talents and respectability, are the best possible channels for obtaining an acquaintance with the affairs of the world, and to implant deaires in the hearts of youth for more solid reading, as he goes on to maturity.

In truth they are the great engine that moves the moral and political world, and are infinitely powerful to establish the character of a people as well as to preserve their liberties.

A tourist in Germany gives the following description of the Saxon ladies:—"The ladies are models of industry: whether at home or abroad, knitting and needle-work know no interruption. A lady going to a route would think little of forgetting her fan, but could not spend half an hour without her implements of industry. A man would be quite pardonable for doubting, on entering such a drawing room, whether he had not strayed into a school of industry; and whether he was not expected to chespen stockings, instead of dealing in small talk. At Dresden it is carried so far, that even the theatres are not protected against stocking wires. I have seen a lady gravely lay down her work, wipe away the tears which the sorrows of Thekla, in Wallentin's death, had brought into her eyes, and immediately resume her knitting."

At the cattle show at Concord, (N. H.) premiums were awarded for the best farms. In relation to one of them, the viewing committee in their report, made the following remarks:

"This farm appears to be cultivated with great care, and much good judgment in agriculture; but the committee are of opinion, that the owner is in fault in one essential particular, and they hope that an indirect allusion to it will be sufficient for him to correct the error. There is no commodity on a farm so useful and so pleasing to the farmer—nothing in his life, on which he can so safely rest his hopes of comfort in future years—as a company of healthy, robust and promising boys. A farmer rarely succeeds well without a wife! A solitary journey is always a tiresome and cheerless one."

To Mothers.—The painful operation of drawing milk from the breast, in the absence of infantine action, may be obviated, by the following process. Take a thick and heavy pint decanter, fill it with hot water, as soon as the glass becomes hot, pour off the water, and apply the mouth of the decanter, as warm as it can be borne, close to the nipple, exposing the body of the decanter to the atmosphere. As it cools, the air within becomes condensed, and the milk is extracted to fill up the vacuum, with facility.

A good Bread.—A mixture of two parts of flour, and one of potato, makes an agreeable bread, which cannot be distinguished from wheat bread. It is said that not less than 300 tons of potatoes are consumed for this purpose in London every week.

WASHING COTTONS and LINA.—Never wash muds, or any kind of white cotton goods, with linen; for the latter deposits or discharges a gum and colouring matter every time it is washed, which discolors and dyes the cotton. Wash them by themselves.

**HORSES AND OXEN.**

Mr. Dupetite, in a late agricultural work, examines the advantages of cultivating land by the labor of horses, and by that of oxen. He concludes that the food of horses, costs twice as much as that of Oxen, to perform the same work; that horses have 261 kinds of diseases, and oxen 47; and that the manure produced by a horse will enrich only half as much land as that furnished by an ox.

Oranges.—Mr. White, the delegate to congress from Florida, states that there are annually gathered at St. Augustine and in the vicinity, 1,500,000 oranges. There are some trees supposed to be 120 years old, which bear at this time 4000 oranges each. Mr. W. says, oranges, limes, lemons, citrons, and olives may be cultivated in Florida, in quantities sufficient to supply the whole U. States.

Orchards.—It has become proverbial, that "where an old orchard has stood a young one will not thrive." A Pennsylvanian says the reason of this is, that the land is impoverished. Make the soil good and bestow proper care and attention on the trees, and there will be no difficulty in making a good orchard on old land.

**DEATH.**

Cure of the miser's wish and coward's fear: Death only shows us what we knew was near: With courage, therefore, view the pointed hour, Dread not Death's anger, but expect its power; Nor Nature's laws with fruitless sorrow mourn, But die, O mortal man; for thou wast born.

**BENEFITS of LOOSE STABLES.**

I have known horses, in trifling lamenesses receive much benefit from being turned into a loose stable; and all valuable horses should be kept in loose stables. I am certain, if you track the oats for horses, in a machine made for that purpose, that three feeds will do a horse nearly as much good as four.

A horse has a very sweet tooth, when he is unwell and won't drink, mix molasses or coarse brown sugar in the water: he will then drink freely. The best stopping I know to make horses' feet grow, or to supple hard feet, which are subject to crack, is linseed boiled, and, moderately cool, applied to the feet.

I have been informed by an agriculturist who has written on agriculture, and the feeding of cattle, that the following cheap food will do for all horses, which work in the stables, and draft horses; not for mail-coach horses, nor post-chaise horses; they must be full fed with oats. Half a peck of split beans per day; oats in the straw, one third; two thirds barley or wheat straw; to be cut in the straw, and the straw to be cut in a cutting machine, as short as possible, above a quarter of an inch long. Particularly no hay whatever with this is necessary.  
*(Southern paper.)*

It is said that the Tobacco of which Cigars are manufactured in Havana, can be cultivated to great advantage in Florida. The quantity of Cigars and Tobacco imported into the United States is supposed to amount to about four millions of dollars annually.

**BOXES used as MANURE.**

The Chevalier Masselet has addressed a letter to M. Maheu de Dombasle on this subject. In a late tour in Scotland, he found them equally effective on sandy and clayey soils, and that their benefit was felt for thirty years. On humid and calcareous soils, they are of little use; but on grass lands they are very beneficial.

Three steam mills and a horse mill have lately been erected in the neighbourhood of Lincoln, Eng. for grinding bones for agricultural purposes.—The ground bones are used at the rate of from ten to twenty bushels the acre, the most on poor soils.

The Royal Society of Sciences at Copenhagen, have offered a prize of 1000 crowns for the best essay of applying bones as a manure.

A young man, who had attended more to the cultivation of his head than his feet, finding that by teaching the dexterous use of the former, he could obtain much more money than one who attempted to teach the best use of the latter, issued the following proposal for obtaining signers to encourage him to open a dancing school.

**DAW SING SKULL.**

Miss stir Lightfoot purposes to open a dan sing skull, in which that bellegant hart will be tort, in the new west fashion. Lad dies and gentle mun, hoo ma sea fight toe pat run eyes him in his under take in, will pleas toe sin thare naims to this paper. Skull toe bee open ass sune ass twen tea sin nors shall sin.

Bearing up against temptations and prevailing over them is the very thing wherein the whole life of religion consists. It is the trial which God puts upon us in this world, by which we are to make evidence of our love and obedience to him, and of our fitness to be made members of his kingdom.

Credit, is like a looking glass, which when only sullied by an unwholesome breath, may be wiped clean again, but if once it is cracked it is never to be repaired.  
Credit once lost is never to be retrieved: How few will trust the man who once deceived!

**DROPSY.**

A late Paris paper states, that a woman was cured of a compound dropsy of long standing by drinking a glass of liquor three times a day thus prepared:—three handful of white cresses, and four white onions, boiled in three quarts of water, and reduced to one-third.

At a late duel in M——, the parties discharged their pistols without taking effect; whereupon one of the seconds interfered, and proposed that the combatants should shake hands. To this the other second objected, as unnecessary; "for," said he, "their hands have been shaking this half hour."