

# The Carolina Watchman.

VOL XIII.—THIRD SERIES

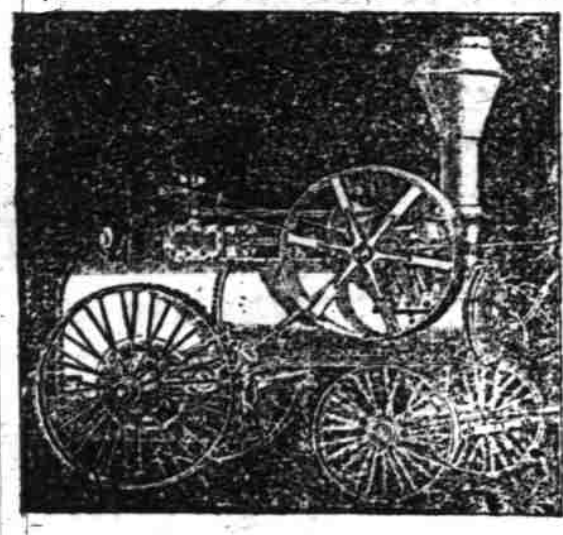
SALISBURY, N. C., NOVEMBER 24, 1881.

NO 6

The Carolina Watchman,  
ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1832.  
PRICE, \$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

**CONTRACT ADVERTISING RATES.**  
FEBRUARY 20, 1880.

1 month 2 m's 3 m's 6 m's 12 m's	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$3.50	\$5.00	\$6.00
Quarter	3.00	4.50	5.25	7.50	12.00
Half year	4.50	6.50	7.50	11.00	15.00
Year	6.00	8.50	9.50	13.00	18.00
1 column for 1 week	7.50	9.75	11.25	16.25	20.00
1 do. do.	11.25	15.75	18.50	25.25	30.00
1 do. do.	18.75	26.25	32.75	46.25	55.00



**R. R. CRAWFORD & CO.**  
ARE SELLING  
PORTABLE  
FARM AND FACTORY  
STEAM ENGINES.  
—ALSO—  
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The Finest RIFLE POWDER m'de.  
Wagons, Wagons Wagons.  
of our own and foreign make—and  
**BUGGIES.**  
From the Finest to the Cheapest  
Rubber Belting, Champion Mowers,  
Horse Rakes, &c.  
Salisbury, Jan. 6, 1881.

**NOTICE!**  
**JOHN F. EAQLE,**  
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BOOT  
SHOE  
MAKER.  
Invites your attention to his shop, opposite  
Mayor's Office. Repairing neatly and promptly  
done. All grades of goods made to order.

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Table Showing Actual Cost to Members  
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Year (March 1, 1879, to  
March 1, 1880).

First Class, aged 18 to 20 years	\$.87 00
Second "	1.00 00
Third "	1.25 00
Fourth "	1.50 00
Fifth "	1.75 00
Sixth "	2.00 00

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**Harness, &c.**  
I am prepared to furnish  
**WAGON AND EUGGY HARNESS,**  
made of the best Northern Tanned Leather,  
work and leather good, call and see me.  
Opposite Aitchison's, Main Street, Salisbury, N. C.  
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**CRAIGE & CLEMENT,**  
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Salisbury, N. C.  
1881.

**Blackmer and Henderson,**  
Attorneys, Counselors  
and Solicitors.  
SALISBURY, N. C.  
January 22 1879—tt.

**OVER 1500 ACRES UNDER CULTIVATION IN  
SEEDS  
MAILED  
TO DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, PHILA.**

## POETRY. A Gem for Every Month.

We copy from the Boston Transcript the following graceful rymes concerning the gems devoted by tradition to the respective months of the year:

**JANUARY.**  
By her who in this month is born  
No gem save Garnets should be worn;  
They will insure her constancy,  
True friendship, and fidelity.

**FEBRUARY.**  
The February born will find  
Sincerity and peace of mind,  
Freedom from passion and from care,  
If they the Amethyst will wear.

**MARCH.**  
Who on this world of ours their eyes  
In March first open shall be wise,  
In day of peril firm and brave,  
And wear a Bloodstone to their grave.

**APRIL.**  
She who from April dates her years  
Diamonds should wear, lest bitter tears  
For vain repentance flow; this stone  
Emblem of innocence is known.

**MAY.**  
Who first beholds the light of day  
In spring's sweet flowery month of May,  
And wears an Emerald all her life,  
Shall be a loved and happy wife.

**JUNE.**  
Who comes with summer to this earth  
And owes to June her day of birth,  
With ring of Agate on her hand,  
Can health, wealth and long life command.

**JULY.**  
The glowing Ruby should adorn  
Those who in warm July are born;  
'Tis then will they be exempt and free  
From love's doubt and anxiety.

**AUGUST.**  
Wear a Sardonyx, or for thee  
No conjugal felicity;  
The August born, without this stone,  
'Tis said, must have unloved and lone.

**SEPTEMBER.**  
A maiden born when autumn leaves  
Are rustling in September's breeze,  
A Sapphire on her brow should bind—  
'Twill cure disease of the mind.

**OCTOBER.**  
October's child is born for woe,  
And life's vicissitudes must know;  
But lay an Opal on her breast,  
And hope will hush those woes to rest.

**NOVEMBER.**  
Who first comes to this world below  
With drear November's frost and snow  
Should prize the Topaz amber hue—  
Emblem of friends and lovers true.

**DECEMBER.**  
If cold December gave you birth—  
The month of snow and ice and mirth—  
Place on your hand a Turquoise blue:  
'Twill guard you from what'er you do.

**Salisbury.**  
Concord Register.

We spent last Saturday at Salisbury, attending the meeting of the North Carolina Synod of the Presbyterian church.

It was our privilege to meet there a friend whom we had not seen in nearly fourteen years, the Rev. Dr. Hazen, of Richmond, Va. Fourteen years ago we spent eight months at Prattville, Autauga county, Alabama, when Dr. Hazen was the pastor of the Presbyterian church at that place. The meeting called to mind an interesting epoch of our life, and was to us both, a meeting of intense interest. We met with many warm friends at Synod, and felt ourself amply repaid for our visit.

We visited the salerooms of Messrs. M. S. Brown and John F. Ross. At the former place we were greeted by our friends, M. S. Brown, Jas. Hellig and Charlie Graham. They were happy in the midst of a magnificent stock of goods, piled in mounds on counters, tables and shelves throughout their capacious store rooms, and busy as bees waiting on customers. They are doing a splendid business and well deserve the patronage they receive from the citizens of Salisbury, and Rowan, and adjoining counties.

At Mr. Ross' we greeted the happy face of our friend, Ed Overman, late from the cash desk of Cannon's & Fetzer, of this town. He says that they are having a fine trade. They have a splendid stock, and all hands were busy. We stopped with that prince of hoteliers, Col. Brown, of the Boyden House. Everyone who goes to Salisbury on business or pleasure should put up at the Boyden House, and try the luxuries of that popular hotel.

We met Mr. John F. Moser, he is adjunct Professor at the High School. They have erected a capacious and handsome building for the school, and have an enrolled attendance of 194 students. Prof. Welborn is the principal, with three assistants. This is the kind of an institution we should have in Concord. Why don't we have it?

We called on Brother Bruner, of the Watchman, and Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin, of the North Carolina Home Magazine, and found them deeply engaged in their editorial duties.

If Salisbury has ever been Rip Van Winking, she now is shaking off her lethargy, and is making long strides to the front in business and prosperity.

It is worth remembering that no body enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever tried. See adv. Oct 12-Nov 12.

## CALENDAR OF CASES

FOR TRIAL AT FALL TERM, 1881, OF  
ROWAN SUPERIOR COURT, COMMENCING  
MONDAY THE 28TH OF NOVEMBER,  
1881—His HONOR, JUDGE M. L. ECKE  
PRESIDING.

**Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of 1st Week, Trials on State Docket.**

- THURSDAY, Dec. 1, 1881.**
- No. 6 R A Caldwell vs J V & Thos Seymour.
  - 8 E Mauney vs T J Crowell.
  - 12 Joseph Tolson vs S M D Tate.
  - 14 Jas Krider vs R A Ramsay.
  - 15 E H Marsh vs T J Meroney.
  - 18 M L Holmes vs W L Kistler & others.
  - 21 C B Hotchkiss vs W G McNeely and wife Anne.

- FRIDAY, Dec. 2d.**
- 25 State ex rel W J Deal and others vs Charles Miller and others.
  - 27 F D Koope vs Jennina Pinkston.
  - 29 Meroney & Rogers vs Mrs. M L Chunn.
  - 30 J J Mott vs J A Ramsay.
  - 31 W A Hanna vs R & D Railroad Co.
  - 32 Alfred Spaffenfeld vs R & D R R Co.
  - 34 T P & S E Earnhart vs John Lingle and others.
  - 35 R A Caldwell adm'r vs W N C R R Co.
  - 38 John P Park vs Elizabeth Park.
  - 39 Franklin Davis & Co. vs J A L Miller.

- SATURDAY, Dec. 3d.**
- 43 Julius Wilson vs Lucinda Wilson.
  - 44 J W Mauney vs J B Lanier and L G Gaither.
  - 45 John Holbrooks vs David Roseman.
  - 46 John R Keene vs J A L Miller.
  - 47 R A Shimpock vs Mary Earnhart.
  - 49 Tobias Kesler vs R P Roseman.
  - 50 A H Newsum and wife vs J B Trexler and F S Trexler.
  - 51 A H Newsum and wife vs J B Trexler and F S Trexler.
  - 52 David Earnhart vs G W Long.

- MONDAY, 5th—TUESDAY, 6th and WEDNESDAY, 7th, December, Trials on State Docket.**
- THURSDAY, Dec. 8th.**
- 53 J C Chunn vs J D Gaskill.
  - 54 Martha Adlington vs David Bealer.
  - 55 A H Newsum vs Stephen H Earnhart.
  - 56 Mary Jack vs S H Wiley, adm'r.
  - 57 Margaret Keeterick vs Tobias Kesler.
  - 59 Moses L Bean vs Mary A. Allison and others.
  - 60 James H Ennis and wife vs J K Burke and others.

- FRIDAY, Dec. 9th.**
- 61 S Youngs & Son vs Andy Bailey.
  - 62 D D Alexander vs Addison Rice.
  - 63 W J Best vs W P C yde and others.
  - 64 Fannie Clement vs James Clement.
  - 67 T D Roseman vs Tobias Kesler.
  - 70 J N B Johnson and wife vs Tobias Kesler.
  - 71 John A Christy vs W M Neal & others.
  - 73 Rachael E Brady vs Joseph E Brady.

- SATURDAY, Dec. 10th.**
- 74 A H Boyden vs T M Kerns.
  - 75 A T Powe vs Jack Eler.
  - 77 Edward Shaver vs Commissioners of Salisbury.
  - 78 John C Bringle and others vs Sallie Hill.
  - 79 John D Johnson vs Com's of Rowan County.
  - 80 W A Lingle vs J K Graham.
  - 82 Mary C Earnhart vs J A F Earnhart.

## MOTION DOCKET.

- No. 1 Charissa Julian and others, ex parte.
- 2 J H Newman and others, ex parte.
- 3 John Hughes, adm'r vs J G & D Fleming, ex'rs.
- 4 W H Horah, adm'r vs J M Horah and others.
- 5 N C Gold Amalgamating Co. vs N C Ore Dressing Co.
- 6 H Boyden vs George Achenbach.
- 7 E Mauney & Son vs Joseph Marshall.
- 10 Luke Blackmer, adm'r ex parte, Myers & Co.
- 11 M L Holmes vs R A Caldwell.
- 13 T C Houser vs S M D Tate.
- 14 John C. Clark & Co. vs C H Bernheim.
- 17 Tobias Kesler vs I S Linker.
- 19 W A Poston vs John Rose.
- 20 Com's of Guilford County vs W B March and others.
- 22 W M Campbell vs W A Poston.
- 23 John Graham and others vs Com's of Rowan County and others.
- 24 D A Goodman and wife vs J C Miller and others.
- 26 Hess, Rogers & Co. vs R F Graham & others.
- 28 State ex rel F H Mauney vs Isaac Earnhart and others.
- 33 Potter & Hoffman vs The N C G A Co.
- 36 T J & P P Meroney vs M L Bean.
- 37 Columbia Boyden vs N A Boyden and others.
- 40 J N B Johnson vs Tobias Kesler.
- 41 L V Brown vs Wms Brown.
- 42 Jones, Gaskill & Co. vs Com's Rowan County.
- 48 I W Jones vs Henry McCoy.
- 58 M L Holmes vs R A Caldwell & others.
- 61 Hix Crowell vs J A Snyder & others.
- 66 State ex rel Almond Patterson and wife vs J W Walsworth.
- 68 D L Bringle vs C C Kridler.
- 69 Mingo Jones vs N C Railroad.
- 72 R R Crawford vs The Geiser Manufacturing Co.
- 82 A M Trexler vs J H Robertson.

In the call of the Calendar any cases not reached and disposed of on the appointed day, will be called on next day in precedence of cases set for that day. Witnesses will not be required to attend until the day appointed for the case in which they are subpoenaed. Non Jury Cases will be heard according to the convenience of the Court.

**A BIT OF WAR GOSSIP.**—The Douglassville (Ga.) Star states that in that county near Harris postoffice, lives a man who was first to drive a Confederate ordinance wagon north of Mason and Dixon's line during the late war. His name is Balias Richardson, and he was then in A. P. Hill's division of Jackson's corps. It was during the memorable Gettysburg campaign when Lee invaded Pennsylvania. Mr. Richardson's wagon was the first to cross the Potomac, and when he drove out on the northern side his appearance was greeted by a shout from all the army present. Mr. Richardson says that that was the proudest moment of his life.

## Precious Stones in Southern States.

The report that emeralds have been found in North Carolina awaits confirmation. It is possible that the beautiful green crystal spodumene or Hiddenite may have been mistaken for the more precious stone. The former has undoubtedly been discovered in Alexander county, North Carolina. Though its composition is different from that of the emerald—being made of alumina, silica and lithia instead of alumina alone—the external resemblances of the two are very close. They crystallize in nearly the same prismatic forms. In color they are almost identical—a deep emerald green. The spodumene, when cut and polished to a gem, reveals an inward play of color, or "fire," it is called, by which it may be distinguished from the true steady green emerald. By its intrinsic beauty it may yet take rank among the most valued gems. The specimens found in North Carolina are the finest known. Some of them are from three to six inches long and an inch thick. The largest are by no means the best, the rich green weakening to watery tint toward the centre. They are also pitted with slight depressions and scored with parallel lines. These are defects impairing the appearance of the cut stones. The choicest specimens have been taken from the earth at a depth of sixteen feet, and it is believed that deeper excavations will yield still better results.

It is not impossible that the true emerald may be associated with this beautiful mineral, since alumina is a component material of the spodumene. Such a discovery, if verified, would be interesting and important. It would strengthen the opinion entertained by mineralogists that some of the precious stones may yet be obtained in quantity at the South, thus adding to the variety and value of our national sources of wealth. Claims of such discoveries are apt to be received with undue suspicion. Since certain capitalists of New York were deceived into the purchase of a "salted" ruby and emerald mine in California it has been next to impossible to obtain a credulous listener here for such stories as now come from North Carolina. We caution North Carolinians not to wait for help from New York but to do their own digging for emeralds, and they may be sure that the genuine article will always command a good price in New York or any other city market. The lovely spodumene, if sold as such and not palmed off as emerald, may on its own merits win the approval of fashion and be admitted to the select family of precious stones.

And let North Carolina not despair of finding diamonds. Some months ago we received from a North Carolina subscriber a thin slab of stone, the name of which he desired to know. We at once recognized it as itaicolomite, a species of sandstone, with the strange property of flexibility. It can be slightly bent or stretched or compressed in any of its dimensions. This remarkable stone is almost invariably found in association with diamonds. The geological reason of the connection is not known, but the fact is unquestioned. The searcher after treasure in North Carolina should be encouraged by a "find" of itaicolomite, for he is not without hope of discovering diamonds also. The presence of gold in several parts of the State increases the chances of the diamond hunter. Small diamonds of the first water have been taken from the Georgia gold fields, and if specially sought there, might be obtained in larger quantity and of greater size. There is an actual probability that a specific and thorough search for diamonds in Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia would not be unrewarded.

Years ago a diamond weighing twenty-two carats in the rough was reported to have been picked up in Manchester on the river bank opposite Richmond, Va. It was brought to this city and remained for some time in the custody of Tiffany & Co. Finally it was sent to Amsterdam for cutting and was reduced to eleven carats. The stone was fairly white throughout except at the centre, where a few black specks (microcrystallized carbon) were visible. There is no sufficient reason to question the story that this diamond was found on the site described. Accepting it provisionally as true, the fact would warrant a search for diamonds up the James River toward the Blue Ridge as the more probable source from which this extraordinary isolated specimen had drifted.

We reproduce the above from the Journal of Commerce, because of its calm and confident assertions and surmises. If the Journal only knew a little more of our resources it would be more positive in its assertions.

**THE PANAMA CANAL.**—Work on the canal has been commenced. The company now have 200 cars, 12 locomotives, 2 pontons, 2 steam cranes, 18 flatboats, 20 dredges with change pieces, ribbon saws, rails, etc., a part of which is already at Colon and the remainder is on the way. The storehouses at Colon cover an area of 1,400 meters, and are full. Five barges and two steamboats are plying upon the Chagres River. Another steamboat at Panama is used for hydrographic surveys of the bay.

## The Result of the Elections.

In New York State, the Democrats carried the Legislature for the first time since the election of Gov. Hoffman, and gained one Democratic Congressman. We elected Maxwell State Treasurer, although the Republicans elected all the balance of the State ticket. We made large gains in the Legislature of Connecticut, and also in Minnesota and Wisconsin. We carried Mississippi, and generally held our own everywhere. The election in Virginia was carried by one wing of the Democratic party, who split off on the local issue of readjusting the State debt. Last year we carried the State for Hancock, and as soon as the local issue of readjustment is out of the way, the State will again wheel into line as one of the most pronounced Democratic States. Cameron, the new Governor, and all those elected, claim to be Democrats.

The Republicans had no State ticket in the field. In the Legislature only a few Republicans were elected. A correspondent wants to know if Tammany is withdrawn. We do not think so, as Tammany's vote, either alone or together with Irving Hall's, was near as great as that of the county Democracy, and in some districts of New York city largely dominates.

Under these circumstances, Tammany remains a power, but its hold on the city government is loosened and doubtless the Tammany leaders will, before the next election, come to a better arrangement with the county Democracy. The result, while not disastrous to Tammany, will probably lead to a rearrangement of the party in New York city, Tammany is shown to be in the minority and incapable of anything but harm under the present arrangement.—News & Observer.

## The Midland N. C. Railway.

We yesterday met J. W. Andrews, of the North Carolina Railroad. He was on his return from Pittsboro, where on Monday he was present at a large meeting of the people of Chatham. Mr. Andrews informs us that all sections of the county were represented in the meeting, and that a deep interest was manifested. He also stated that speeches were made by Mr. H. A. London, and several other gentlemen, as well as by himself. He explained the scheme of the Midland road and called upon the people to subscribe in aid of it if they considered it a benefit. The result was that before the people left the hall \$10,000 was subscribed. Committees were appointed to wait upon the people in all parts of the county. Mr. Andrews says that assurances were given that \$40,000 would be subscribed in Chatham. It appears that recently a surveying party in that county disbanded and that this gave rise to rumors that work on the road was discontinued, but he says that his presence and action at the meeting showed the people that there was not the least foundation for the rumors.

We also learn from him that the people of Lillington, Harnett county, held a meeting on Monday, with a view to induce the authorities to run the road through that town and through Harnett, expressing a willingness to subscribe liberally in aid of the enterprise.

At a meeting held at Smithfield, Johnston county, on Saturday, the subscriptions heretofore made were increased to \$50,000, fully secured. The people of Ashboro will hold a meeting on Monday. Another to be held at Pittsboro on the 16th. At both these last mentioned meetings Mr. Best is expected to be present. In response to general inquiries as to the progress of the road, Mr. Andrews informs us that the grading is done to a point eight miles from Goldsboro, and that some laborers are "chopping" twelve miles out. There are now 1,000 laborers on the road, of which number 700 respond to the paymaster's call with regularity. One dollar a day is paid for labor and a large supply of new hands has been secured in Chatham.—News and Observer.

In looking through the Congressional Library, a few days ago says a North Carolinian to the Editor of the Wilmington Star, I found a report of the census of North Carolina for the year 1860. He publishes in that paper a record of the population of the different towns in the State at that time: Concord had a population of 33, Asheville 38, Greensboro 92, Lincoln 92, Salisbury 645, Morgan 130, Salem 226, Statesville 98, Charlotte 122, Raleigh 569, Wilmington 1,656, Newbern was the most populous town in the State, having a population of 2,367.

## Southern Coal.

The Atlanta correspondent of the Nashville American, speaking of the railroad exhibits at the exposition, says that the exhibit of coal throughout the railroad building is immense and improving. The largest block was contributed to the Alabama Great Southern by the Pratt mine of Alabama. This block weighed over 12,000 pounds. The next size is from the New Castle mines, and is with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad exhibit. The Sewanee mines are fully represented in a large display of coke and coals, which are with the Nashville and Chattanooga Railway exhibits. The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Road has also on exhibition the largest collection of timber collected mostly in West Tennessee. The two roads, Nashville and Chattanooga and Louisville and Nashville have in their collection coals from nearly every considerable coal mine in Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky and Illinois; and one hundred and twenty varieties of wood, arranged with reference to their uses, their distribution, and their economic value, with their common and botanical names. The heavy black coals from Kentucky and Alabama are very attractive to visitors, while the coals from Tracy City are studied with interest on account of their disturbed lamination and their excellence for making coke.

## A Pleasant Event.

A correspondent of the Charlotte Observer writes: "A quiet, but very enjoyable event on yesterday at half-past 11 o'clock brought together, at the residence of our esteemed townsman, Mr. John Abernathy, a small, orderly company to witness the marriage of his handsome, accomplished, and amiable daughter, Miss Sarah, to Mr. E. M. Peterson, of Union Springs, Ala. After a short, impressive and beautifully appropriate ceremony, performed by the Rev. Theo. Whitfield, D. D., pastor of the Baptist church here, the company were invited to partake of a choice lot of refreshments tendered and arranged by the skillful hand of Mrs. Abernathy. Mr. Peterson, a nephew of Dr. J. J. Sumnerell, of Salisbury, is known to be a gentleman of ability, culture and character, and has shown his taste and appreciation of true worth in the choice of his young wife, for whom we bespeak a kind and appreciative reception in her new home. The happy couple left yesterday on the one o'clock train for Union Springs, Ala."

## History of the Tomato.

A good many years ago a man who had recently arrived from the Bermuda Islands was sent to York county, Pa., jail for some offense committed against the laws of the commonwealth. He had with him a few seeds which he planted in the rich soil of the jail yard. Before the plants which sprang from the seed reached maturity he was discharged, and no one knew the name or nature of them. They grew luxuriantly, bearing fruit of a large size and unusual appearance. As this strange fruit ripened its color changed from green to a brilliant red, and became an object of wonder and admiration to all the inmates of the jail. Mrs. Klingfelter, the lady-keeper, cautioned all the prisoners against eating any of the fruit, as she was sure it was poisonous, and besides she had promised the man who had planted the seed that she would endeavor to preserve specimens of it for him should he return in time.

Just when the fruit was fully matured the Bermuda prisoner revisited the jail and asked to see the plant. The request granted, he next called for pepper, salt and vinegar, and to his horror of the good lady, commenced to eat the supposed poisonous fruit with a relish that astonished the beholders. After enjoying the strange repast, he informed Mrs. K. that the fruit or vegetable was the tomato or love apple, and it would be found wholesome and nutritious. The seeds of the remaining tomatoes were carefully preserved and distributed among the friends and neighbors of the lady and thus this now popular esculent was introduced into the ancient and godly borough of York. For many years afterward it was cultivated as an ornament rather than for table use, but by degrees its merits began to be more fully understood and appreciated, and there as elsewhere, it grew into general public favor.

## We are informed by a gentleman of

undoubted veracity that the yield of gold at the Hoover Hill mine in this county is immense. The ore now being taken out yields from \$3,000 to \$8,000 to the ton. It is so valuable that the Company operating the mine has to keep a guard employed to protect it from the aggressions of those voraciously inclined. There is an abundance of gold, copper and iron in this county.—Greensboro Tribune.

Good friend, you have the gold fever, or you are excited. Newspapers should be very careful in writing about mines. A great deal depends upon strictly true statements. Men who are looking for investments, are frequently misled by wild statements, and then damn the whole section. Be careful.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Potatoes planted must have their eyes about them if they are to come up. No man is born a bore, because a bore is one thing in this world that cannot be borne.

Greensboro Tribune: We are informed by a gentleman connected with revenue service that at least 16 whisky distilleries will soon resume operations in this district.

The Raleigh Farmer and Mechanic of to-day says: Ere another week, no doubt, the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R. will have passed into the hands of capitalists who will make a "North Carolina steam," with more vitality than the dream of our grand-dad.

The Russians have strengthened their army by the novel addition to each company of a pack of powerful and carefully trained dogs. These watchful animals are sent out with the sentinels on picket duty where their sharp ears and still keener scent will prove impregnable barriers to the lurking spies of the enemy. The dogs used are a species of blood-hound from the Ural mountains. This dog is selected because of its habitual silence. It growls but never barks—a matter of the first importance to soldiers near an enemy's camp.

Reidsville Times: It was a North Carolinian at last who weeded the row at Yorktown. There he stood as sentry in buttoned clothing with orders to let no one pass without giving the countersign. One fellow approached and sought to pass, but the tar heel came down with his bayonet and demanded the countersign. The fellow handed out two or three countersigns, but they would not do, and then he showed fight, and said to the tar heel he was darned if he didn't pass any way. Then showed the grit in the old tar State. The sentinel threw down his gun and began to snuck his coat, saying as he did so, "I won't shoot you, nor I won't stick you; but you ainter passing' here without me to whip!" and at him he went, with his fists clenched and in his shirt sleeves, and the stranger retired in good order. Who was he?

**THE SANSFIELD GUARD'S PROBLEM.**—The Sansfield Guard, of Gold Hill, is the author of an arithmetical puzzle which has so far baffled all the experts who have attempted its solution. At a recent meeting of the company it was resolved to appropriate \$200 from the treasury, to be divided into 30 prizes for the company's annual target match, the highest to be \$25 and the lowest \$2.50. The problem is to apportion the prizes from the highest to the lowest in regular gradation, so that each prize winner will get his just proportion of the \$200.

## Pearls of Thought.

Time is a wave which never murmurs, because there is no obstacle to its flow. The worth of a State, in the long run, is the worth of the individuals composing it. Evil often stops short at itself, and dies with the doer of it, but good, never. Truth is the most powerful thing in the world, since fiction can only please us by its resemblance to it. It is extraordinary how long a man may look among the crowd without discovering the face of a friend. If temperance prevails, then education can prevail; if temperance fails then education must fail. Man himself is the crowning wonder of creation; the study of his nature the noblest study the world affords. Words are often everywhere as the minute hands of the soul, more important than even the hour hands of action. A man has no more right to say an unkind thing than to act one; no more right to say a rude thing to another than to knock him down. Feelings come and go like light troops following the victory of the present; but principles, like troops of the line, are undisturbed and stand fast.