

Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1883.

A GREAT MAN GONE.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, Governor of Georgia, died at 8 1/2 o'clock, Sunday morning last. He was about 70 years old. He was in public life for a great while, and has gone out without a stain upon his character. His death is a great loss to the people of Georgia, and to the country at large. The news of his death created a profound sensation throughout Georgia. His remains are lying in state at the capitol, in Atlanta, many thousands thronging to view them. The Augusta Chronicle says: "All denominations and classes, irrespective of party, are profoundly moved by the death of this statesman, patriot and philanthropist."

Lost It!—Nat Atkinson, of Buncombe who was spouting "liberal" last fall, and whose lusty voice waked the echoes among his native hills but changed no votes, through the influence of the Mott combination, got the appointment of Postmaster of Asheville as a reward for his valuable and disinterested labors as a stump-er. He has held it two or three months and when at last it came up in the Senate for confirmation, that body went back on Nat, and now—he is disgraced, mopeish and melancholy, and no doubt feels like the fellow the calf run over.

The passage of a tariff bill by the late Congress was not only a general surprise to the country, but also to the members of Congress themselves. It was not thought possible that it would pass either branch, but especially the Senate. The announcement of its passage was greeted by the Republicans of the House by the joyous clapping of hands, in which the Democrats are said to had small part. It is well known that the republicans were afraid to go home to their constituents without passing some bill, and it may yet appear that their action will fail to satisfy the people.

The act of the Legislature in releasing the R. & D. R. R., company from the performance of a part of their contract with the State has elicited considerable interest, and needs to be more perfectly understood by the people generally to warrant their approval. It is fair to suppose however, that the people's representatives did not sacrifice the interest of the State in this matter.

The Raleigh News-Observer says: "The act does not make it obligatory on the company to build any branch road either to Maryville or through Rabun Gap. It does require work to be begun in sixty days, and pushed on the Murphy extension."

"The chief change is that if the syndicate pays the \$600,000 for its bonds owned by the State, and builds the road to the mouth of Nantahala, it may step its operations at that point, and then the Murphy extension, if not finished, reverts to the State.

"In regard to the liability of the State for the annual interest on the \$250,000 first mortgage bonds, we think, come what may, the State is protected there."

A new edition of the Postoffice Directory is just out and Assistant Postmaster J. B. Gill draws our attention to the following ruling which it contains and which is of general public interest: "Hereafter no matter can be forwarded in the mails after it reaches its original address without payment of postage except letters which have one full rate paid thereon, namely, three cents, and newspapers and other periodicals which are to be forwarded to subscribers from one postoffice to another which are in the same county where the paper to be forwarded is published and in whole or in part printed."

The failure of the River and Harbor bill will probably arrest the improvement in the Yadkin River. Considerable expense was incurred in preparations for the work, which went bravely on while the weather and water was favorable last year. We learn that there are means enough on hand to carry forward the work to Swicegood's mill, some 23 or 25 miles from here, at which point there will probably be a suspension of operations.

Mr. Whitford of the Senate presented last week thirteen petitions signed by 640 persons, asking the Legislature to amend the constitution so as to require every voter to show his tax receipt before being allowed to vote. The signers were mostly prosperous and intelligent colored men of Craven, Carteret, Jones and Green counties.

The N. Y. Sun, relates the circumstances of the suicide of Major Samuel T. Wright, of Tarboro, N. C., in that city on Friday last. Maj. Wright was a brave soldier in the Confederate army. He could brave the dangers of battle, but could not bear the disappointment of friends in business matters. He left an estimable family in Tarboro.

Congress passed a tax bill in the last hours of its existence and the President signed it; but it is not yet known how it will affect the revenues. The tax on matches and bank drafts was repealed, and all the regular appropriation bills, except the River and Harbor, were passed.

THE FIRST COMET OF THE YEAR.—A little before 7 o'clock on Friday evening last, while Prof. Lewis Swift, Director of the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., was scanning the western sky, he discovered a brilliant located in the constellation of Pegasus near the star Beta. The new comet is moving eastward and is very bright. This is the first comet discovered by means of the new telescope of the Warner Observatory, which is the largest private telescope in the world.

Death of Gov. Stephens.

ATLANTA, GA., March 4.—Governor Stephens died peacefully at half-past 3 o'clock this morning.

A telegram dated Raleigh, March 7th, announces the death of George W. Swepson, in that city.

The people of Georgia are burying their dead Governor to-day, for which impressive ceremony extensive preparations were made.

The Philadelphia Record says the vote of the Pennsylvania delegation on the tariff bill proves once more that the Democratic politicians of this State are better tariff men than their Republican opponents.

Charlotte Journal: This country is rapidly assuming the lead of all others as the land of suicides. There is not a day that passes without leaving its record of from one to half a dozen. It really appears to be true, as some insist, that suicide like all other evils to which flesh is heir, takes an epidemic form and moves in cycles.

Tax and Tariff Bill Signed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The President reached the capitol about 9 o'clock last night and occupied the Presidential room near the Senate chamber, for the purpose of promptly examining and signing bills. At 2:35 o'clock this morning the tax and tariff bill was signed by the presiding officer of both houses, and a few minutes later was signed by the President, and is now a law.

Advice to the South.

Hogs and Homin' First—The Surplus in Cotton.

The cotton factors of St. Louis have united in the following circular in the hope of influencing the growth of food products in the South the coming season: ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 24, 1883.—To the Merchants, Farmers, and Tenants of the Cotton Belt: The South is new on the eve of planting another crop, and after an experience of seventeen years it seems advisable that some change should be made in her manner of farming, and we call your careful attention to the following facts, which are offered with the sincere hope that the people will give them proper consideration. Your section possesses the finest farming lands and the most salubrious climate in the world, and should be to-day financially independent; instead of having to borrow a crop before it is made, should have her corn-bins and larders filled before commencing a crop.

Compare the situation with the farmers of the North and West. They by systematic labor are growing richer each year, while you with patient toil and close economy are neither so thriving nor prosperous as you should be.

There is a cause for these troubles, and we, as cotton men, whose interests are closely identified with yours, believe we are in a position to note many of the evils that exist, and offer, without presuming, the following suggestions:

1. The credit system, as at present in vogue throughout the South, is disastrous to the planters and tenants, forcing them to pay extravagant prices for supplies, and causing their crops to be forced into market with such rapidity and in such quantities as to break prices almost invariably below cost of production.

2. After noting for years the effect of large crops of cotton, we find that the over-production of this staple is the keynote to the situation and we strongly advise all parties interested in the prosperity of the South to discourage the planting of a large acreage this year, and devote their labors first to the raising of grain, cattle and hogs, and give the balance of their time to the culture of cotton.

This policy will bring good results in many ways; for instance many small farmers, and large ones also, are so heavily in debt when their cotton is ready for sale that they are compelled to let it go, even though the price is below its intrinsic worth; while, if they had supplies at home, produced, and not bought on credit, they could afford to hold their cotton until they felt justified in selling.

The price of cotton to-day is fully 15 per cent below the average of the past five years, while on the other hand, corn is 33 per cent, and provisions 50 per cent above the average. Thus are you loser both ways.

With the production of enough provisions on each farm, cotton would become a surplus, and soon the incubus of debt would be lifted from your people, and each year would record rapid strides in wealth.

Decreased production of cotton, and increased production of bread, meat and other necessities will bring about a more prosperous condition of affairs for the South, and instead of Sheriff sales to satisfy the mortgages that the poor laborers must now give, we would see grinding poverty banished forever and plenty would pour in upon you.

We ask that the merchants and planters of each State, by calling a convention, or in some practicable manner, agitate this question until the influence is felt throughout the entire cotton belt.

Signed by the following cotton factors: Gilkeson & Sloss, Com. Co., Senter & Co., Allen, West & Co., Humphrey, Malone & Blake, Taylor & Bush, S. M. McCallum & Co., Chas. G. Peper & Co., Alder, Goldman & Co., Wolf Bros. & Co., Bath, Meyer & Aronson, Wilson & Co., Hill, Fontaine & Co., Thos. H. Allen & Co., W. F. Obear, L. M. Wiener & Co., H. W. Brooks & Co., Sayle, Staggall & Co., Warren, Love & Co., Fisher Bros. & Co., A. K. Bonham & Co.

News and Observ.

The Legislature.

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY. TUESDAY, March 6, 1883. SENATE.—Bill to allow Vance county to levy a special tax passed its third reading, ayes 36, nays 3.

The following bills passed their third reading:

To authorize Swain county to levy a special tax; to incorporate the town of Smithfield; to establish graded schools at Halifax; to incorporate Harrelsville, in Hertford county; to authorize the commissioners of Halifax to fund and pay its debt; to amend the charter of the town of Rockingham; to authorize Person county to subscribe to the Roxboro railroad; to authorize the commissioners of Rockingham county to levy a special tax; to authorize Lenoir county to levy a special tax; to establish a graded school at Rocky Mount; to amend the pharmacy law of 1881; to incorporate the town of Mebane; to incorporate the town of Palmyra; to incorporate the town of Rich Square; to allow the commissioners of Buncombe to complete the Spartanburg and Asheville Railroad; to punish the offence of breaking or tearing down bridges.

Bill in regard to elections was informally passed over.

The following were elected trustees of the University, for the class whose term will expire in 1891: W. J. Hawkins, K. P. Battle, P. C. Cameron, Hayne Davis, B. F. Grady, W. N. Mebane, A. H. Merritt, Z. B. Vance, C. H. Wiley, C. W. Broadfoot, John D. Cameron, H. R. Bryan, Jas. S. Battle, Jas. T. Morehead, R. S. Beall, S. Kenan.

Whose time will expire in 1891: W. L. Saunders, F. H. Duabec, C. Craige. New additional trustees: D. L. Russell, I. R. Strayhorn, W. H. H. Burgwyn, W. W. Lenoir, T. M. Holt, E. R. Page, J. Edwin Moore, T. J. Jarvis (in place of J. D. Cameron, resigned).

Bill prohibiting fishing on Sunday, making it a penalty of \$100, passed its third reading.

Bill to punish forgery of names to petitions, &c., passed its third reading.

Bill to amend the law providing for a State Geologist, leaving the amount of pay discretionary with the Board of Agriculture, passed its third reading.

HOUSE.—The House spent nearly all the morning on Mr. Forbie's bill creating a railroad commission. (This bill, which has been published, is almost precisely similar to that introduced by Mr. Finix in the Senate, which failed to pass that body.) The bill came up in the House on its third reading and passed.

How the Tariff Plunders.

Prof. Sumner, of Yale College, has been giving some attention to tariff figures to show what protection actually costs the American people. He finds that in 1880 the capital invested in manufacturing in the United States was \$2,790,000,000. The number of hands employed was 2,700,000 and the wages paid amounted to \$948,000,000 or an average of \$1.17 per day for each hand employed. The materials used amounted in value to \$3,400,000,000, and the manufactured products to \$5,300,000,000. The manufacturers, therefore, increased the raw materials \$1,900,000,000 in value. The products of the manufacturing industry in this country were worth in the world's market \$3,700,000,000—the tariff made these products cost us \$1,600,000,000 more. Such being the case, Prof. Sumner concludes that all the workers in our manufacturing industries could have been paid their regular wages to have stood idle, and that ten per cent. on all the capital invested in manufactures could have been paid, provided that we were allowed to buy all we wanted in a free market, with a net gain to this country of \$373,000,000. A similar calculation applied to the production of pig iron shows that the wages of all the workers in iron and ten per cent. on capital invested in this industry could have been at a net saving to this country of \$2,800,000.

Millions upon tens of millions the American people have annually paid these false wards of protective legislation, and now they howl as loudly for protection for their "infant industries" as they did when they first asked for a protective tariff. They are even more exorbitant in their demands now than they were then, for protection has made them rich and success has made them bold.—Char. Observer.

It may not be generally known, but is nevertheless a fact, that both buffalo and elk once abounded in the valley of the Yadkin in Caldwell and Wilkes. Daniel Boone and the hunters who succeeded him, soon exterminated the buffalo herds, which, it appears, were never very abundant, but the elk took refuge in the mountain gorges and was for many years the pride of the chase to the valley hunters; the last elk being killed by Col. Wm. Davenport, on the waters of Elk creek, and its broad antlers, if we mistake not, are now in the University Museum at Chapel Hill.—Topic.

Greensboro Patriot (Raleigh March 2.—Judge Phillips announced this morning the appointment of John Gattling as receiver of the Atlantic and North Carolina R. R. The appointment has been hanging fire for several days awaiting an amicable adjustment of matters. The controversy has caused considerable feeling, and now that the end has been reached speculation is rife as to where Best will next turn up.

EGGS FROM FULL BLOOD Plymouth Rock Chickens for sale at 75 cents per dozen. Apply to O. W. ATWELL, 213-1/2-1/2 Salisbury, N. C.

Administrator's Notice!

All persons having claims against the estate of Sarah Wright, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 8th day of March, 1884, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt settlement. D. B. MURPHY, Adm'r of Sarah Wright dec'd.

2s:6w—pd

BANK NOTICE.

Books will be opened in the town of Salisbury at the Store of J. D. GASKILL, for subscriptions to the capital stock of "THE BANK OF SALISBURY," from the 31st to sunset on the 23rd day of March, 1883. Shares, \$50 each. STEPHEN COLE, MOSES L. HOLMES, JOHN D. GASKILL, THEO. F. KLUTTZ, JOHN M. KNOX, LUKE BLACKBURN, HENRY J. HOLMES, FRANK PATTERSON, KERR CRAIG, PAUL N. HELLIG, Corporatey, &c. Salisbury, March 1st, 1883.

It will be seen that many of our business men as well as those proverbial for prudence, frugality and financial skill, are interested in this Bank, and we believe it will be a success. One thing is certain, the Charter offers a better guarantee both to shareholders and depositors than any Bank in the State, National Banks not excepted.

TAXES!

This is to notify those who have not yet paid their taxes for the year 1882, that I will be at my office with the books until the 10th of March instant. After that day they will be placed in the hands of collectors and will have costs added. Feb. 28, 1883. C. C. KRIDER, SH'F. 21:2t

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as the Administrator of R. W. SWAN, dec'd, this is to notify all persons having claims against his estate to exhibit the same to me on or before the 1st day of March, 1884, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Those indebted to his estate are requested to make payment without delay. P. P. MERONEY, Adm'r. 20:2t

Notice-Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Cannon & Fetzer, of Concord, N. C., and M. S. Brown, of Salisbury, N. C., in the business of Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Fishing Goods, &c., conducted under the firm name of M. S. Brown, at Salisbury, N. C., is hereby dissolved. M. S. Brown having bought the entire interest of Cannon & Fetzer in the business, assumes all the liabilities of the concern. CANNON & FETZER, M. S. BROWN.

Having bought the entire interest of Cannon & Fetzer in the business conducted by me, I respectfully announce to my friends and customers that I will continue the business at the old stand, and with increased energy and capital will strive to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed in the past. M. S. BROWN.

Having sold our entire interest in Salisbury to M. S. Brown, we return sincere thanks to the public for patronage while connected with the business, and solicit for Mr. Brown a continuance of favors so richly merited by him. CANNON & FETZER. 20:2t

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

On Monday, the 2d day of April next, at the Court House in Salisbury, I will sell the following land belonging to the estate of David Leutz, dec'd.:

One tract of 190 acres, more or less, adjoining the lands of Jacob Miller's heirs, Peter Miller's heirs and others.

One tract of 24 acres, more or less, adjoining the lands of Mrs. M. A. Leutz, John Morgan, John Earnhardt and others.

TERMS OF SALE: The purchaser will be required to pay one-third of the purchase money as soon as the sale is confirmed, and he will be allowed a credit of six and twelve months for the other two-thirds, with interest at 8 per cent. from day of sale.

By order of Court. JOHN W. MAUNEY, Commissioner. Feb. 22, 1883. 20:2t

BRING YOUR TOBACCO

TO KLUTTZ'S

WAREHOUSE.

JOHN SHEPPARD, (Late of PILOT WAREHOUSE, Winston, N. C.) Business Manager and AUCTIONEER. SALES EVERY DAY. SPECIAL Sales every WEDNESDAY. Good Prices Assured. BEST ACCOMMODATIONS FOR MAN AND BEAST. NO SALE, NO CHARGE! Liberal Cash Advancements made on Tobacco held by us for future sale. KLUTTZ, GASKILL & CO. 16:1t

ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.

The Original and still the Best!

INSIST ON HAVING ALLOCOCK'S, THE ONLY GENUINE POROUS PLASTER.

One of the most remarkable inventions of the present age is ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. They are the result of years of chemical study, and only time and experience has brought them to their present perfection. Testimonials are received every day of the wonderful cures of Sprains, Weak Back, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Paralysis and hosts of other diseases. Of course the vast sales and great success of ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS have caused numerous plasters to be brought before the public which, being called porous, would give the world to understand that they were a similar article to the genuine. We would most particularly caution the public against these humbugs. They contain none of the healing gums that are used in ALLOCOCK'S, but are simply a combination of lead, red pepper and amber, and are wanted in long winded advertisements as an improvement on ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. Beware of the hazy and untrue statements and never use any of these so-called porous frauds.

Alcock's Porous Plasters

Relieve Debility and Nervousness.

ALLOCOCK'S PLASTERS worn on the region of the kidneys warms the spinal marrow which is a continuation of the brain, imparting new vitality and power to the spine they strengthen that mighty organ and fill it full of foreign electricity or nervous fluid. Thus they will restore to the busy active brain of man or woman, the energy and ability which has been lost by disease, worry or overwork. They restore vitality where there has been debility and nervousness, and prevent loss of memory and paralysis. Physicians highly recommend them for nervous debility, whether arising from dissipation or overwork. They are now known to be the great regenerators of the nervous system and are invaluable in all cases of hysteria.

Weak Kidneys Cured.

CONTOUCK, N. H., March 3, 1880.

I have been greatly troubled with Rheumatism and Weak Kidneys. I was advised to try ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS (had used two other kinds of so-called Porous Plasters which gave me no relief), but one of yours has worked like a charm, giving me complete relief, and I have not been troubled with Rheumatism and Kidney Complaint since using them, and I consider myself cured. EDWARD D. BURNHAM.

Bronchial Troubles.

122 C ST., WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7, 1882.

I take great pleasure in recommending ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. I was afflicted by them by Mrs. Samuel J. Randall, and I found them everything desired. I used four other so-called Porous Plasters before procuring ALLOCOCK'S; they were perfectly useless. But immediately upon applying two of ALLOCOCK'S to my chest my cold and cough were at once relieved. I want you to send me one dozen forthwith. JOHN T. INGRAM.

Spinal Disease Cured.

HAMMEL'S HOTEL, ROCKAWAY BEACH, N. Y., May 19, '82.

ALLOCOCK'S PLASTERS have been of such great service to me and mine that I feel it a duty to state the facts, as briefly as possible, to induce others to use them. My wife for many years was confined to her bed, suffering from spinal disease. After spending a thousand dollars in vain effort to get cured, she applied three ALLOCOCK'S PLASTERS to the spinal column, one above the other. In a few days all pain left her. She applied fresh plasters every two weeks and in the course of two months she completely recovered her health. At first she could hardly walk across the room; each day she walked a little further, and now she is able to walk five miles without fatigue. She still occasionally applies the plasters to her back, but she has been perfectly well for upward of a year. LEWIS L. HAMMEL.

CURE OF SPRAIN.

554 MAIN ST., HARTFORD, CONN., April 26, 1879.

Will you please send me an ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER, 20 inches long by 7 inches wide, to use on my back for weakness of kidneys. I have worn them with the best curative effect, for a weak side, near the heart, many years—for injury caused by strain in the army. I use one about every month. I have on a Belladonna Plaster and don't like it at all, for it has not the power or strength of ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. B. WELLS SPERRY.

"A Blessing in Disguise."

484 ADELPHI ST., BROOKLYN, March 29, 1881.

No family should be without ALLOCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS; their healing powers are wonderful and their efficacy far-reaching and lasting. For years past I have seen and known them to cure and relieve the most obstinate and distressing cases of rheumatism, kidney complaint, bronchitis, neuralgia, lumbago, inflammation of the lungs and throat, paralysis, asthma, spinal weakness, and coughs and colds. In my own case they afforded me almost instant and permanent relief. My friends consider them an invaluable and speedy remedy for all kinds of aches and pains. They are a blessing in disguise; and no wife or mother should be without them if she values her peace and comfort and freedom from nervous exhaustion and other ailments. As a strengthening plaster, also for backaches and weakness, they have no equal. I have never yet found a plaster so efficacious and stimulating, or to give so much general satisfaction. Used in connection with BRADRETT'S universal life-giving and life-healing PILLS, no one need despair of a speedy restoration to good and sound health. MRS. E. TOMPKINS.

A SURE CURE FOR BRUISES, CUTS, BRUISES AND LAMENESS.

WEST BECKET, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS., Jan. 23, 1882.

We could not keep house without ALLOCOCK'S PLASTERS, for 20 years we have used them and found them most effective for Bruises, Cuts, Bruises and all kind of Lameness. JULIA E. SHAW.

Relief for Neuralgia.

HASTINGS MINN., Jan. 3, 1883.

I am troubled with neuralgia in the back of my head, neck and spine, but I find by applying one of your POROUS PLASTERS to the back of my neck and one across the small of my back I have almost instant relief. I take pleasure in recommending them to the afflicted for they have helped me so much. J. F. BEEBEE. Pastor M. E. Church Hastings.

A FRESH LOT OF SPRING PRINTS.

And other Goods just received at

JONES, McCUBBINS & Co.'s.

SPECIAL NOTICES: NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE!

All persons having claims against the estate of John L. Morrison, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to me on or before the 7th day of February, 1884, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are advised to make immediate payment. DANIEL PENNINGER, EX'R. Feb. 7, 1883.—17:6t—pd

Tobacco Hands Wanted!

Three or four hands to work on a Tobacco Plantation 7 miles from Asheville, N. C. Two married men with working hands preferred. One of them must be a good manager of horses and able to take care of stock. Both should know something about tobacco farming. Apply to J. D. McNEELY, Salisbury, N. C. Jan. 11, 1883.

Notice to CREDITORS!

All persons having claims against the estate of R. Sloan, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 27th day of January, A. D. 1884, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. W. F. LACKEY, Adm'r of R. J. Sloan, dec'd. This 24th January, 1883. 15:6m

Administrators' Notice!

Having qualified as administrators upon the estate of D. A. Miller, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of the decedent to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 9th day of February, 1884. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. J. P. TREXLER, Adm'r of D. A. Miller. C. W. STEWART, D. A. Miller. Jan. 30th, 1883. 16:1m

LANDS FOR SALE OR RENT.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan County, I will set at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Salisbury, on Monday the 2d day of April, 1883, a tract of land situate in Rowan County, lying on the "Miller's Ferry Road," adjoining the lands of Dr. L. W. Jones, Mrs. Hackett, Thomas M. Kerns and others, containing about Three Hundred Acres, and being the tract of land which was devised to J. N. B. Johnson by John I. Shaver, as the "Pope Place."

Terms of Sale: One-third cash, one third in three months, and balance in six months. Title retained until the purchase money is paid. CHARLES PRICE, Comm'r.

NORTH CAROLINA IN THE SUPREME COURT. CREDITORS OF R. C. KEMMERLY'S ESTATE.

George H. Brown, Executor of R. C. Kemmerly having filed in the Superior Court of Rowan County, his petition against the parties interested in the due administration of the Estate of the said R. C. Kemmerly, praying for an account and settlement of the Estate committed to his charge. All persons having claims against the estate of the said R. C. Kemmerly are hereby notified to appear before me at the Court House in Salisbury on or before the 9th day of April 1883 and file the evidence of their claims. J. M. HORAH, Clerk Sup'r Court Rowan County. 19:6t.

NORTH CAROLINA IN THE SUPREME COURT. THEO. BURBAUM & W. T. LINTON, PARTNERS UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF THEO. BURBAUM & CO. PLAINTIFFS, AGAINST HENRY S. HOTTER & C. W. WRIGHTINGTON, PARTNERS UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF POTTER & WRIGHTINGTON, DEFENDANTS.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Henry S. Potter and C. W. Wrightington, partners under the name and style of Potter & Wrightington are non-residents of this State. It is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six successive weeks in the "CAROLINA WATCHMAN," a newspaper published in said County, notifying the said defendants to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court at a Court to be held for the County of Rowan at the Court House in Salisbury on the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday in March 1883, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County within the first three days of said Term, and that if they fail to answer said complaint during the term the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

The said defendants are further notified that a Warrant of Attachment against their property in this State has been issued to the County of New Hanover, and made returnable at the same time and place as the summons, to-wit: on the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday in March 1883 at the Court House in Salisbury. J. M. HORAH, Clerk Sup'r Court Rowan County. 19:6t.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!

Having determined to make our home in Winston, N. C., we have concluded to sell our House and Lot in the great West Ward of Salisbury, N. C. House has 8 rooms, a good kitchen with 3 rooms; well of good water in the yard. A good garden and stable on the lot. In the best neighborhood in the city, on the corner of Monroe and Church streets, adjoining J. M. Horah's others. For further particulars see D. A. Goodman, S. W. Cole or B. F. R. F. & M. C. GRAY. 10:3m.

SALE of LAND For Partition.

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court of Rowan county, I will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Salisbury, on 1st Monday in April, 1883, bidding to begin with \$75, a valuable tract of land, known as the Old May Place, in Providence Township, Rowan County, adjoining the lands of Sam'l Eller, Tobias Kester and others, containing about 110 ACRES, with comfortable dwelling and necessary outbuildings. There is a good orchard on the premises, and good indications of gold. TERMS:—One-third cash, and the balance in equal installments at six and twelve months, with interest from date of sale, at eight per cent. Title reserved until purchase money is all paid. J. SAM'L McCUBBINS, Com'r. Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 14, 1883.—18:6w

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LAND!

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court of Rowan county, in favor of J. D. Trexler, to the use of A. H. Newsom and wife Ingold, and A. A. Hodge to the use of A. H. Newsom and wife Ingold, against J. B. Trexler and wife F. S. Trexler, in my hands for collection, I will sell at public auction, at the Court House door in the town of Salisbury, on the 5th day of March, 1883, all the right, title, interest and estate which the said F. S. Trexler has in and to the following land, viz: A tract of land consisting of 63 acres, more or less, situated in Providence Township, Rowan County, adjoining the lands of Tobias Kester, J. B. Trexler and others. Terms cash. Dated at Salisbury, the 29th Jan. 1883. C. C. KRIDER, Sheriff. By M. A.