

Subscription Rates: The subscription rates of the Carolina Watchman are as follows: 1 year, paid in advance, \$1.50...

The Episcopal Convention of the North Carolina Diocese, is in session in Charlotte.

Judge Graves will preside here next week during the sitting of our Superior Court.

Eventful and strange happenings are apparently sprinkled in our community at present.

Maj. P. N. Smith has closed out his stock of family groceries, and will retire from merchandising.

Last Saturday had the appearance of being a busy day here. The streets were filled with trading people.

Dr. J. H. Keen has an order for sixty-five thousand feet of North Carolina yellow pine, from Omaha, Nebraska.

At the McNeely House last Friday night, the young men of the town gave a splendid hop. It was well attended and a decidedly pleasant affair.

The new excitement will be the colored people's day, May 30th—excursions from every where will be run to this point. Look out for a large crowd.

We are pleased to state that Crawford's Photograph Gallery will be opened about the 1st of June, by an artist who expects to make it a permanent institution.

The physicians have returned from the medical convention at Tarboro, very much pleased with the trip. They pronounce Tarboro one of the prettiest towns in eastern Carolina.

The post master at Concord should be more careful in weighing letters and making them "due 3." Several received at this office and collected did not weigh half an ounce. Something wrong with the scales perhaps.

The "Regulators" were busy last week, lifting gates, tying ropes across the pavements, breaking palings of the fences, taking vehicles apart &c. This species of night fun is probably the least dignified and less enduring than fun ought to be.

PERSONAL.—Miss Annie Brown has gone to Asheville for the Summer.

Miss Mollie Murphy has gone to Walnut Cove, Stokes county.

Miss Maggie Davis of Statesville is the guest of Mrs. Chas. Price.

Tobacco sales continue from day to day at our warehouses. Gray & Beall are receiving heavy consignments from up the Western railroad. Remember that this tobacco comes to us from Asheville, where there are two warehouses, and that it passes Hickory and Statesville each of which have warehouses. This fact should be noticed by our farmers.

Mr. Wm. Owens, one of the employees at the Meroney machine shops, had his right arm badly lacerated there on Tuesday. He was finishing some repairs on the cylinder of a threshing machine when his sleeve was caught, the machine being in motion, dragging in his right arm and cutting it in a very fearful manner. No bones were broken.

GYPSEUM IN PLACE OF LIMB.—Maxwell's prepared gypsum is a superior cheap coating for plaster or wood walls. In the McNeely House, a room, 25x50 feet was covered two coats, with a little more than a gallon of this preparation. It is a thick paste and is sold by the gallon and in any desired tint. Messrs. J. A. Boyden and Theo. Buerbaum are the agents.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Mr. Caleb Lipe made a narrow escape at a barn raising a few days ago. He was getting down off the wall to go to dinner, when by some mishap he fell about 10 feet on very hard ground, and the top log he had been leaning on, fell upon him. How he escaped without broken bones, or even with his life, can never be satisfactorily explained.

MR. MACMURDO ACCEPTS.—We understand that Mr. John R. Macmurdo, who has been connected for so long a time with the Richmond & Danville Railroad and located at Salisbury, has accepted the position recently offered him of general freight agent of the Richmond & Alleghany Railroad, and will take charge of the office, the Richmond State says, on the 1st of June. Mr. B. S. Barbour, the present agent and efficient freight and passenger agent of the Richmond & Alleghany, becomes the general passenger and express agent of the same road. The express business of the Richmond & Alleghany is steadily increasing.—Journal-Observer.

MR. MACMURDO WILL BE A LOSS TO THIS community as well as to the Western N. C. R. R. Co. He has made warm friends here personally, and as a business man has given great satisfaction. He will carry hence the good will and high esteem of all who have known

HEART OF THE ALLEGANIES by Western North Carolina, comprising its topography, history, resources, people, narratives, incidents and pictures of travel, adventures in hunting and fishing, and of its wildernesses, by Ziegler and Grosscup—with map and 22 illustrations. A work so comprehensive cannot but prove a favorite with the general reader. In the introductory chapter we have "the culmination of the Alleghanies" followed by a topographical word picture of the whole mountain system of the State. The reader is led from the contemplation of the most ancient mountains in the world to the people who inhabited them; their superstitions and mode of life, and by them to the haunts of the bear; through "the valley of the mountain stream," with rod and line, and so on, chapter after chapter of interesting and beautiful word pictures of the flora, fauna, mineral and other resources of Western North Carolina. The book is invaluable to all classes of traveling people—the fisherman, hunter, artist, health and pleasure seeker—all find in "Heart of the Alleghanies" a pleasant companion and guide. This new work may be had at Buerbaum's book store.

"SHOW BALLS."—The finest Irish potatoes exhibited in this market, and "show balls" were sold to Messrs. H. H. Ritchie and R. M. Ritchie, of Staunton county, by Mr. Ritchie from seed of his own production, and were the result of 23 years selection. They were not only larger than any ever seen in this market before, but possessed all the qualities desirable in a potato. We make this notice of their put of respect to the man whose carefulness and perseverance through years has demonstrated the folly of paying high prices for northern seed. And this kind of folly is not limited to seed potatoes, but of late years has run into seeds of all kinds. It is probably not known to many of our people who depend on buying seed every year, that a large proportion of the seeds annually sold are produced on Southern farms, shipped to northern houses where they are put up in papers, labeled, and sent back to the South to be retailed to people who suppose they are buying northern seeds. Mr. Ritchie is a stranger to us—don't know that we ever saw him; but those who want to excel in raising Irish potatoes ought to hunt him up and learn the art.

RELICS OF 1776. Messrs. Editors: Thomas D. Fraley, Esq., of Franklin township, Rowan county, has a Bible printed in Edinburgh, Scotland, "by Alexander Kincaid, his majesty's printer." A Revolutionary Song of 40 verses, on the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, in October, 1781, (102 years ago); \$9 of continental money bearing date of 1778; a grant of land to Moses Linster, from the mother country, during the reign of King George the Third, in A. D. 1745; a closely woven three-ply flat basket, owned and used as a bread tray by Mr. Linster while in his service as a soldier in the American army which gained our independence, and a chair used by the same person one hundred years ago. These articles are in good condition, only the basket is patched on the corners with buckskin tanned a century or more ago. Mr. Fraley has also a sword, worn at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, by his grand father, Capt. Joseph Hall, of Rowan county. He has also a printed ticket with the names of Andrew Jackson, for President; John C. Calhoun, for Vice President; John Giles, Montford Stokes, Robert Love, Walter F. Leak, Peter Forney, Archibald Phillips, Jno. M. Morehead, Willie P. Mangum, Josiah Crudup, John Hall, Jos. J. Williams, Kedar Ballard, Louis D. Wilson, Richard D. Spruit, Edward B. Dudley.

Mr. Moses Linster, the former owner of most of these relics, was present when Gen. Davidson fell at Cowan's Ford; and both he and Capt. Joseph Hall witnessed the surrender of Cornwallis. These memories of revolutionary days are kept and prized very highly by Mr. Fraley, and were looked upon by the writer with great interest while on a recent visit to friends in the neighborhood. JNO. F. FOARD. Olin, N. C., May 21, 1883.

Rowan County Teachers' Association. SALISBURY, May 12th, 1883. The Association met in the Graded School building and was called to order by the President. The following order of regular exercises for the next meeting was reported: 1. A recitation in Grammar, to be conducted by J. F. Moore, (assistant); 2. A recitation in English, to be conducted by J. W. Smith, (assistant); 3. A recitation in Latin, to be conducted by J. Mitchell, of Charlotte. How to make the Institute a success. The Association then proceeded with the election of officers, which resulted as follows: President, Rev. F. J. Murdoch; Vice President, G. R. McNeill; and Secretary, J. W. Smith; Treasurer, J. M. Hill; Critic, J. F. Moore. The second Monday in August was appointed the time and the Graded School building in Salisbury the place for the opening of the Teachers' Institute. Messrs. McNeill, Hill and Owen were appointed a committee to confer with the County Superintendent in making arrangements for holding the Institute. The Secretary was authorized to invite Prof. Mitchell, of Charlotte to address the Association at its next meeting. Next in order came regular exercises. The first subject, Spelling, was dispensed with. Supper, Rothrock delivered an address on "School room work in the county during the past winter." On motion, Messrs. Wilborn, McNeill and Farr were appointed a committee to attend the next meeting of the County Board of Education and try to induce the Board to rescind their order reducing the salary of First Grade Teachers. The Association then adjourned to meet at the same place on the second Saturday in June. J. M. HILL, Sec. F. J. MURDOCH, Pres.

P. S.—Prof. Mitchell has consented to deliver the address. We want all the teachers to be present.

MINING.

T. K. BRUNER, MANAGER.

The mill at Gold Knob is going. Work is progressing fairly at the New Discovery mine.

Business in mining circles is not excitingly brisk just now.

At the Crowell mine in Staunty county, they are going to work—sinking the Brandreth shaft.

Mr. Theo. F. Klutz returned Sunday, from Cleveland Ohio, where he has been during the past week closing up the sale of the Barringer mine.

At the Danu's Mountain mine, the stamp mill is going—working ore from the office shaft. They have a force breaking ore from the stopes in the office shaft.

The designolle Process for the treatment of sulphuretted gold ores is pronounced a success. Should this prove true, mining as it now exists (largely speculative) would give place to legitimate fair work, with reasonable returns.

Mr. T. H. Hulbert, the original lessee of the Barringer mine is here to begin the exploration and opening of three other tracts in Staunty county. Two of which are adjacent to the Barringer. The third tract being elsewhere. The work will probably be in charge of Mr. Higgins.

At GOLD HILL.—They have a good lode in bottom of deep shaft, which has been cleared of water. They have begun to sink in whole ground. Prospects at "Randolph" and "Old Field" are encouraging. The mill is running—stamping ore from the 500 foot level. They are working a force of about 150 hands.

RICH KNOB COPPER MINE, GAP CREEK, ASHE CO., N. C.—They are preparing to push operations with some vigor. Machinery is being forwarded and put in place, and the Company hope to have everything in working order in sixty days. The intention seems to be to stamp, and concentrate the ores (which are vitreous and carbonated ores of copper, carrying, also, quite a per cent of free gold) and ship for reduction.

Elk Knob Copper Co. This Company, incorporated under the laws of New York, own one hundred acres on Elk Knob Mountain, in Watauga county, N. C. They have cut the vein by means of an open cut, and driving in a tunnel. The vein is reported a true fissure, of from 16 to 20 feet in width. The vein matter is mostly copper pyrite, with grey copper, chalcopryite, variegated copper, carbonates and iron pyrites are frequently met with. The ore assay from 5 to 25 per cent of copper. They propose to build reduction works with a capacity of working 15 tons per day. They have already some buildings up; offices and houses for miners, &c.

The mine has an advantageous situation, affording every convenience, with an abundant supply of water, and with a sober, fair management, should yield returns for the investment.

The State Medical Society. Correspondence of the News-Observer. TARBORO, N. C., May 17. The editor of the News and Observer is well known to be the friend of professional improvements as well as of general progress. Hence he will take pleasure in publishing that the annual meeting of the State Medical Society here was a great success. The people of Tarboro opened their hearts and doors with proverbial hospitality. The society adjourned the afternoon after a hard working session of three days. I have just returned from a magnificent banquet and a splendid ball given to the society after adjournment by the Tarboro Medical Society. I have dropped in daily upon the proceedings and observed with pleasure that harmony and devotion to science and the good of the profession prevailed. The State board of examiners is in session. I learn that about thirty applicants have passed and will receive their license to practice according to the laws of the State. It seems to me to be a wise and necessary law of the State that requires a medical man to obtain a license from the board before he can collect his fees by law. Not only are the young physicians of the State here in large number, but quite a large number of the older ones are present and engaged in the work of medical improvement and progress. The older and well known members, Drs. Hines of Raleigh, Pearce of Weldon, Paison of Duplin, Sumner of Salisbury, Foote of Warrenton, McDuffie of Fayetteville, Satchell of Rocky Point, Hall of Greenville, Wood of Wilmington, Dillard of Edenton, O'Hagan of Greenville, are among those hard workers here who diversify the proceedings and add interest to the occasion. Much has been done to advance the profession and to interest the public, and outsiders here have given much attention to what was going on. They think very favorably of a movement brought forward by Dr. Foote, of Warrenton, and sustained with his usual eloquence and marked influence, that seeks to arrest and suppress the danger of fatal results from the administration of poisonous prescriptions from drug stores. Terrible mistakes of this kind are becoming too common and it is the duty of the State Medical Society to take hold of the evil and danger. It is well known that morphine and other narcotics in poisonous doses are not infrequently of late used under a terrible error. That indefatigable secretary of the State Board of Health and hard worker in the society, Dr. Wood, of Wilmington, came forward to the support of Dr. Foote. Upon his motion the State society and the Pharmaceutical Association of the State were

requested to co-operate in measures looking to the suppression of this evil and danger to health and life. The State board of health met in joint session with the society. The president of the latter, Dr. Hall, of Greenville, in conjunction with the ex-president of the health board, Dr. Satchell, in the absence of the president, Dr. Whithead, of Salisbury, both presided. I listened to an interesting discussion. The society and board resolved to move forward in the work of sanitary improvement in spite of the lack of interest shown by the last Legislature in refusing to grant an appropriation to the board. Dr. John McDonald, of Washington, and Dr. J. M. Jones, now of Wake Forest, were elected to fill vacancies in the board occasioned by the expiration of the terms of Dr. Foote and one other member, Dr. Charles G. O'Hagan. A large number of valuable papers have been read on health and disease and medical discussions of much importance have taken place. The retiring address of the president, Dr. Hall, on typhoid fever was well received. The annual oration, by Dr. Wilson, of Vance county, was delivered to a crowded house of ladies and gentlemen as well as of doctors. It was on "Preventive Medicine and Hygiene." The society asked for a copy of publication to be distributed all over the State. Dr. C. Duffy, of Newbern, Dr. McDuffie, of Fayetteville, Dr. Carr, of Durham, Dr. B. L. Payne, of Lexington, Dr. Ferguson and several other excellent papers were read, more able or excited more interest than any long one by Dr. Satchell, on what is called anti-epitopic medicine and surgery. It places him fully up in the advanced line of thought and progress in the profession. It will read well too when published, as he evidently bestowed labor upon it. Our people are delighted with the State Medical Society and hope another meeting will be held here before many years. Delegates from Virginia and Georgia were here and they were of course well treated. I have been unable as yet to obtain a list of the new officers elected, except that Dr. Pearce, of Weldon, was elected president. The society adjourned to meet in Raleigh the third Tuesday of May of the coming year. The physicians were delighted with their visit to our beautiful town. Some left this evening for home and nearly all will follow to-morrow. X.

Planting and Cultivating Forests. The Legislature of Minnesota has evinced very timely wisdom by the passage of two bills which provide for the foresting of lands, with the following conditions pertaining to each bill: First, an appropriation of \$5,000 that shall be paid to the Minnesota State Forestry Association, which they will use to promote and encourage tree-planting, through publishing and distributing a manual instructive of the best means for planting and cultivating forests; securing skillful persons to lecture upon the science of forestry, and circulating the addresses through the medium of the press; gathering all information regarding the question, in its practical bearing, from those who have experimented successfully, and expending in whatever other manner they deem advisable to induce favorable results. The preservation of the forests already growing in the State will also receive a share of benefit, through the dissemination of printed information touching the prevention of fires, methods for thinning and replanting, &c.

The remaining bill provides that prairie land planted with any other species excepting black locust, and maintained in a flourishing condition by any person for six years shall entitle the planter to receive from the State \$3 per year for each acre of grove. Those who plant along the public roads with success shall receive \$2 for each half mile. It is required that 2,700 trees shall be planted to each acre; 1,800 must be kept in a thriving, healthy state for the first two years after planting, while 900 must survive the entire period of six years. Those planted along the public highway shall not be more than eight feet apart, and remain for four years in a condition of healthy growth. The use of cuttings and tree seeds for planting are included in this legislative act; no person, however, receiving remuneration during the time consumed in planting or sowing. The act is not applicable to railroad companies planting within two hundred feet of their track, nor to those possessing land under the timber land act of Congress.

A Faithful Engineer. The editor of the Richmond "Christian Advocate" gives the following account of the jumping of an engine into New River when he was aboard of the train "last week." At 4 o'clock in the morning, when near Quinnimont, in West Virginia, the train struck a land slide. The road bed at that point is under high cliffs and above the New river, clinging on to the side of the mountains, and above the strong, swift stream. The engineer saw the great bank of mud, shrubs and rocks, which had fallen from above across the track only a few years ahead. He put on the air-brakes and reversed the machine, but the locomotive plowed through "the obstruction, left the rails, plunged down the precipice, turned three summersaults and went to the bottom of the river. The fireman, after several revolutions with the engine, found himself in the water unhurt. The engineer was bruised severely in the back, and in much pain, was removed to the train. The "traveling apothecary shop," as Dr. Edwards calls my collection of medicine, was opened, and, with the aid of a bottle of whiskey, shamelessly reported to have been furnished by a delegation, of Baptists on their way to Waco, Texas, to attend the Southern Convention, the poor man was relieved for a while. His name was Tom Bullock, a stout manly looking fellow. They laid him prone on the floor of the car. None of us knew the extent of injuries. He was in great pain. He breathed hard and

the blood was oozing about his mouth. The passengers crowded around him. After a sinner, he lifted his chin from the floor, and in a sort of broken soliloquy, muttered: "I saw it only fifteen yards ahead. It was down grade. With one hand I brought the lever back, and with the other I clapped the brakes on. She bounced the track, but I had checked the train. I saw the men and women were safe. I had done my duty by them, and was ready to go down with the engine." His head dropped with deep breathing and groaning. Presently, looking up, he said to a bystander (I supposed a friend and brother in the Church): "You knew me at home. I was not afraid to die there."

"Conquered, but not convinced," is the attitude in which they have stood and still stand. They gave up the war in the field, but have never given it up in their hearts. They are to-day as firmly fixed in their belief in the righteousness of their cause as they ever were, and their children, having been trained up in the same belief, will perpetuate the faith of their fathers. It is no great task for a powerful nation to overcome a weak one. That is indeed a comparatively easy undertaking; but the difficulty is to conquer the native impulses, and win the love and devotion of that conquered people. England has often conquered Ireland in war, slaughtering or exiling her people, Poland was wiped out from the map of Europe, Italy was dismembered and divided out. Ireland does not love its Norman conquerors, nor does England, nor does the South, on this side of the ocean, take kindly to those who made a war of conquest against and divided out its property among the victors. There has been the appearance of peace between us for the past eighteen years; but there has been really no peace. The Washington Government, in the hands of the man who hate the South because the South rejects them, has never ceased to contrive methods for our punishment, and never will so long as it holds the power to oppress and degrade us.—Richmond (Va.) State, Dem.

MOSCOW, May 22.—The weather this morning for the State entry into Moscow of the czar was splendid and the whole route of the imperial procession from Petrofka Palace to the Kremlin, a distance of four and a half miles, was crowded with people at every point. The Imperial standard was displayed and balconies hung with gaily colored materials and Russian colors. The only foreign flags allowed to be displayed are those over the various embassies from which float the colors of the respective countries. Along the road which the procession traversed there are hundreds of Venetian masts from which banners are flying. All the domes and spires in the city are decked with flags. Thousands of persons passed the night out of doors so that they might secure good places to witness the procession. Multitudes of others thronged the churches praying for the safety of the Emperor. Diplomats and other dignitaries who did not take part in the procession occupied seats in tribunes along the route.

Southern Presbyterian Assembly. Reports on Fraternal relation and Overtures. LEXINGTON, KY., May 21.—The Presbyterian General Assembly South, met at 9 a. m. The committee on bills and overtures reported the overtures considered. The overture regarding fraternal relations was made the order for Tuesday. The committee reported in favor of the overture that all correspondence with religious bodies be carried on by letter and it was made the second order of the day for Tuesday.

The committee reported on the overture to change the confession of faith and the catechism that no changes shall be made in the confession of faith unless proposed by two-thirds of the Assembly, approved by three-fourths of the Presbyteries and adopted again by two-thirds of the Assembly. The discussion was made the order of the day for Wednesday. The committee reported unfavorably on the overture proposing a change in the section teaching the education of ministers, the minority report advocating a change. Dr. Lane, of Georgia, offered a substitute referring the question back to the Presbytery. The question was discussed. A telegram was read from the delegates to the Northern Assembly stating they had been enthusiastically received. The assembly then took a recess until 3 p. m.

Sound Sense. The Philadelphia Times gives expression to some eminently wise sentiments in regard to popular education: "There is very much talk about the higher education," it says, "but it is the lower education that is really important to most of us, and there is no more gratifying evidence of progress than the gradually developed recognition, among those who have charge of our public educational system, of the essential importance of the primary schools. The work of the primary schools is the foundation and the main structure of all public education. Many children never go beyond this, and in every case it is the first bending of the twig that determines the inclination of the tree. We have been giving attention in Philadelphia to high schools and grammar schools, which are for the few; the primary and secondary schools, which are for the many, have been left too much to chance and to the ignorant blundering of imperfectly educated teachers. It is at the bottom, therefore, not

MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS JOHN WILKES, PROPRIETOR. CHARLOTTE, N. C. Mining Machinery a Specialty. We invite the investigation of Mine owners and Mill-Men seeking MACHINERY. We can furnish on board at our Works, or set up at the mines anywhere in the southern gold region, on short notice.— STEAM PUMPS, STAMP MILLS, REVERBERATORY FURNACES, REVOLVING ROASTING FURNACES, CONCENTRATING MACHINERY, ROLLS, CRUSHERS, CONVEYORS AND ELEVATORS, HOISTING ENGINES, BELT AND FRICTION HOISTERS, WIRE ROPE, RETORTS, BULLION AND INGOT MOULDS, &c., &c. Estimates furnished and prices quoted on application. 25:6m

at the top, that our public school system needs reforming." There is as much truth packed in these sentences as in any essay on the same subject we have ever read, and if the Legislature of North Carolina will only act on the theory embraced in the last sentence quoted, viz: that it is at the bottom not at the top, that our public school system needs reformation, there will be no just grounds for adverse criticism so far as they are concerned. And the part of the bottom where the reformation should begin is the teachers. If they are incompetent, education is necessarily out of the question, and competent teachers cannot be procured for incompetent salaries. A cheap schoolmaster is a very bad luxury. "Poor pay, poor teach," and poor teach is educational paralysis and death.

THE OLDEST ENGINEER AND MOVER OF THE TRACHE OFF DUTY.—Capt. Lowery, who had lately been running the construction train on the Richmond & Danville Railroad, has resigned his position and retired to private life. It is well known by the people living along the railroad between Charlotte and Goldsboro, and is distinguished as being the oldest engineer on the road. He was the first to move an engine on the old North Carolina road, and many of our citizens still remember the scenes and incidents of that great occasion in the history of our State. The engine was called the Trache. The veteran Engineer thinks that he is afflicted with dropsy of the heart, hence his resignation.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The stock market opened generally strong and 1/4 to 1/2 per cent higher than at yesterday's close, the latter for Delaware and Hudson. Immediately after the opening there was a further slight improvement in the general list, after which the market became weak and recorded a decline of 3/8 per cent, led by Northwestern and Denver and Rio Grande. At 11 o'clock prices rallied to the extent of 1/4 per cent, the latter for Central Pacific.

MARRIED.

At the old domicile of the officiating minister, near China Grove, Mr. F. M. Yost and Mrs. Jennie Grubb, both of Rowan county.

SALISBURY MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Bacon, HAMS, BUTTER, CHICKENS, EGGS, COTTON, CORN, FLOUR, FEATHERS, HAY, MEAL, OATS, WHEAT, WOOL.

Salisbury Tobacco Market.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Lugs, common to med., Lugs, med. to good, Lugs, good to fine, Lugs, fine to fancy, Leaf, common to med., Leaf, med. to good, Leaf, good to fine, Wrappers, com. to med., Wrappers, med. to good, Wrappers, good to fine, Wrappers, fine, Wrappers, fancy—none offered.

Concord Market

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Bacon, Hog round, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Feathers, Fodder, per 100 lbs., Hay, Meal, Oats, Wheat, Wool.

NEW GOODS, CHEAPER than EVER!

We have received our new Spring and Summer Goods. Our stock is Large and Complete, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS AND STRAW GOODS, Boots & Shoes, Drugs and Medicines, NOTIONS, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING, AND everything kept in a First Class Store— all of which we offer as CHEAP as the cheapest for Cash. Good Produce, or First Class Chattel Mortgage. If you would SAVE MONEY, do not buy until you examine our stock.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS AND STRAW GOODS, Boots & Shoes, Drugs and Medicines, NOTIONS, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING,

FERTILIZERS

We keep constantly on hand THE VERY BEST BRANDS OF COTTON and TOBACCO Fertilizers. We have a special preparation for Tobacco that we warrant to give entire satisfaction. Don't fail to get it. Last but not least, is the large brick Tobacco Warehouse in rear of our Store, conducted by Messrs. Gray & Bell, where you can get the highest prices for your tobacco, and good accommodations for man and beast. Give them a call. No. 1, Murphy's Granite Row. J. S. McCUBBINS, Sr. Salisbury, N. C., April, 1883.

EVAPORATING FRUIT

AMERICAN FRUIT CO. All letters should be addressed to W. Perry Gossett, Thomasville, Davidson Co., N. C., sole Agent for the United States.

SALE OF Real Estate!

In pursuance of an order or decree of the Superior Court of Rowan County, the undersigned commissioner, appointed by the Court, will sell at public sale, at the Court House in Salisbury, on Monday the 28th day of May 1883, the following described real estate to wit: A tract of twenty-five acres of land in Providence Township adjoining the lands of Miss Brown, Jane Brown, and the Lot belonging to Brown's School House, being a part of the Moss-Brown tract, on which there is supposed to be a valuable Gold Mine. Terms, one third cash, and the remainder on a credit of six months with interest from date of sale, at 8 per cent. JOHN M. HORAH, Commissioner.

Executors' Notice!

All persons having claims against the estate of Daniel Corrier, dec'd, are hereby notified that they must present them to the undersigned on or before the 28th day of March, 1884, or this notice will be plead in favor of their recovery. All persons indebted to the same are requested to make immediate payment. J. C. CORRIER, Ex'r. Blackmer & Henderson, Att'ys for the estate. March 17, 1883.—6w