

# The Carolina Watchman.

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SALISBURY, N. C. THURSDAY JUNE 7 1894.

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To Business Men.

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### Washington Letter.

Correspondent of the Watchman.

Washington, D. C., June 4, 1894.

The positive and emphatic denial of Senators Voorhees, Jones, Vesi, Harris and McPherson, Democratic members of the Senate finance committee, of each and all of the sensational stories which have been printed concerning the sugar trust and its alleged influence in the making of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, has convinced all fair-minded people that the alleged sugar trust scandal had no firmer foundation than the idle gossip of irresponsible persons, based entirely upon conjecture; and there is little room for doubt that the investigating committee will so report at the close of the taking of testimony, and that the report will be signed by every member of the committee. Present indications are that the Scotch verdict, "not proven," will be rendered on the charge that certain Senators speculated in sugar stock while the character of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill was in doubt, on account of the difficulty of obtaining convincing evidence on that subject. It is generally regretted, outside of the Senate, that the committee should have raised the old question of the right of the Senate to compel newspaper men to give the source of information received by them, in connection with this investigation. No good can come out of it, and, as Senator Hill aptly said, much harm may.

The last concerted effort of the Republican Senators against the tariff bill is now being made against the sugar schedule. This is not because they are so much opposed to the sugar schedule—as a matter of fact a number of them are known to favor it—but because they believe that if they can put sugar on the free list enough Democrats will refuse to vote for the entire bill to enable them to defeat it. But the scheme will not work. It is now as certain as anything not yet done can be that Democrats enough to make a majority cannot be drawn into this trap, although there are a number of Democratic Senators who would like to see sugar on the free list. As soon as the sugar schedule is adopted it is believed that the Republicans will agree to set a day to vote upon the bill, as they admit that if they cannot beat the sugar schedule they cannot beat the bill.

The southern Democrats in the house are making a determined fight to secure the repeal of the tax on State bank notes. The debate had been going on all last week and will probably continue for a week or ten days longer, the unacted upon appropriation bills having been temporarily laid aside. The result is in doubt, depending, many believe, on the attendance when the vote is taken. If the attendance exceeds 280 the probabilities are that repeal will be defeated, as the largest claim made by the friends of repeal is 140 votes. But inasmuch as those who favor the repeal of the tax are more interested in securing it than those who oppose it in preventing it, the chances are in favor of the repealers mustering their full strength on the floor of the house when the time comes to vote and winning, if they can get the 140 votes claimed. Some very interesting and instructive speeches have been made by Democrats both for and against repeal. The Republicans have not up to this time taken a conspicuous part in the debate, although they are solidly opposed to repeal. Representative Black, of Georgia, made a strong and bold speech in favor of repeal, in which he took the ground that the general government had no right under the constitution to impose such a tax, and stated his belief that the United States Supreme court had no more right to bind the action of the house than the house had to bind the Supreme court.

The investigation of the alleged armor plate frauds by the House committee on Naval Affairs has so far brought out nothing startling. The committee will visit Homestead to see if anything more than was found out by Secretary Herbert's naval experts can be learned.

Postmaster General Bissell doesn't endorse the idea of the government running the telegraph lines, of the country in connection with the Post Office department, and he has written a letter to Chairman Wise, of the House Commerce committee, giving his reasons. He thinks the Post Office department has all that it can do justice to in extending and per-

fecting the mail facilities of the country, and that the expense of a telegraph system would be out of all proportion to the benefit that would be derived therefrom by the people.

President Cleveland and Secretaries Gresham, Carlisle, Smith and Morton attended the Memorial Day exercises at Arlington as guests of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Senator Patrick Walsh of Georgia on the Tariff.

"The course of the Senators on the other side in debating every item of this bill deserves nobody. Their purpose is plain, and cannot be veiled behind protestations of sympathy for the various interests affected by the amendments which have been debated. With few exceptions these interests have been trifling compared with the tremendous interests affected by the delay in the passing of the bill, and the people everywhere who are clamoring for the settlement of this question in order that the business of the country may proceed, know full well that the Republican party is to blame for the delay in its enactment. The object of the Republicans is known of all men.

"The Republican Senators know that the passage of the Wilson bill will inaugurate an era of prosperity and growth in this country and a revival of business throughout the land that will be disastrous to Republican hopes. To escape this they wish to postpone the passage of the bill until after the approaching elections, or until a date so close to that time as to make it impossible for the improved conditions to be felt before the elections.

"The people are not theorizing. They are hungry in the midst of plenty; they are unemployed in the home of progress and development. They are the victims of a condition which is the natural result of a policy that the Republican party is responsible for, and the reform of which they are now opposing by artifice and every method of delay known to the parliamentary tactician. By the theory that shutting out competition from other countries will protect our home market for our home people, the McKinley tariff has excluded millions of dollars' worth of goods, for which our own products would have been exported in payment; and just in proportion as others have been crowded out our own goods have been shut in, and we find millions of bushels of wheat being fed to hogs, which, under a freer tariff, would have found a profitable market abroad."

### North Carolina in the War.

Hon. Walter Clark, Associate of the Supreme Court of North Carolina State Treasurer Tate, Hon. John C. Scarborough, Superintendent of Education, and several other gentlemen of prominence from the Old North State, are at the Metropolitan, en route to the battlefield of Antietam. They are a delegation appointed by Gov. Carr, to locate the positions of the North Carolina regiments that took part in that sanguinary conflict, and will leave this morning for the scene of the battle. In speaking of the battle, Judge Clark, who is chairman of the delegation, said:

"The battle of Antietam or Sharpsburg, as the Southern people call it, was one of the bloodiest of the entire war. It was fought on September 17, 1862, the day after the capture of Harper's Ferry by the Confederates. Engaged in it were thirty-two regiments of North Carolina soldiers, and about one-half of them were killed or wounded. Two of our gallant generals, Anderson and Branch, the latter the father of Congressman Branch, lost their lives in that encounter. According to the official records there were about 90,000 Federal troops and 30,000 Confederates. Gen. McClellan commanding the Northern and Gen. Lee the Southern armies. The fight took place on Wednesday, and Thursday night Gen. Lee moved his troops across the Potomac. Friday the Federals crossed the river at Shepherdstown and attacked with vigor, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

"North Carolina's devotion to the Southern cause can not well be overstated. She furnished more than one-fourth of all the men in Gen. Lee's army of Northern Virginia, and at least one-third of the total losses sustained by that army fell upon North Carolina troops, which is, I think, the best tribute to the fighting qualities of the 'Tarheel' soldiers. I think it a conservative estimate to say that 120,000 North Carolinians went to the front, a greater number than was furnished by any other seceding State."

Washington Post, May 30.

### General News.

Whistling in the streets of Berlin is an offense punishable by a fine.

The Iowa Populist have nominated Gen. James B. Weaver for Congress in the seventh district.

Senator Garman is said to be a very sick man. Overwork is the cause of his illness.

Queen Victoria celebrated her 75th birth day last Thursday. She has been on the British throne 57 years.

Gov. Robert E. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, has been nominated for President by some local conventions in the above State.

The needle was unknown in its present form until 1410, Tourangeau a wire maker of Paris gave it the modern form. Anne Boleyn first brought them to England from France.

The Pollard-Breckenridge case comes to an end because Col. Breckinridge failed to carry up his appeal in the time allowed by the law.

Chas. H. J. Taylor, colored, has been confirmed by the Senate to be recorder of deeds in the District of Columbia.

A lawyer and a newspaper man fought a duel with swords in Boston recently. The lawyer came out worsted with some ugly but not serious wounds. The editor escaped with a few marks.

A solid foundation has been found on the coast of Cape Hatteras for the erection of another light house. An appropriation of \$500,000 has been made for that purpose.

The Washington Post says it cost \$1,500,000 to destroy the contagious disease of pleuro-pneumonia from the cattle of this country.

Coxey's cavalcade of war steeds has got back to Massillon; which would seem to indicate that the cruel war is nearly over.

It is said that Senator Jarvis is making many friends in the Capital and displaying the great quantity of brains he possesses.

Gov. McKinley has had to order out the state troops to suppress an armed body of miners who were on a strike.

At Halt's near Macon Georgia, happened a wreck on the division of the Central Railroad. Number of people injured about forty only a few fatally injured.

At Stickle Hollow mines Uniontown Pa., a bloody fight occurred between an armed body of miners and seventy-five armed deputies. Five miners were killed and others wounded and three deputies were wounded.

Chauncey M. Depew is a declared candidate for President of the United States. He is a rich railroad Republican.

The Populists of the Eighteenth Ohio district have nominated Jacob S. Coxey, the Commonweal leader, for Congress. This is Gov. McKinley's old district.

A Democratic club in Springfield, O., has passed a resolution to turn Senator Hill's picture to the wall. And the probabilities many more will be turned to wall.

A Wyoming woman aids the cause of woman suffrage by producing statistics showing that in her State, where it prevails, the marriage and the birth rates have increased, crime has diminished, and drunkenness has been minimized.

Clause Spckels is going to Europe, and says that he has retired from active life and is not interested in sugar. The world observes that he has certainly raised enough cane to make his old age comfortable.

John L. Sullivan and Paddy Ryan boxed three very short rounds at the latter's benefit in Boston on Monday night. There were about 3000 persons present. Sullivan stated from the stage that he would give 25 per cent. of the receipts to the sufferers by the late fire in that city.

Pueblo, Col.—Governor Waite, in an address, classed Congressman Bland, whom he claims sold out silver in 1868, with Voorhees and Carlisle, in their surrender to the foes of silver. He advocated coining Mexican dollars, to be used as legal tender in Colorado.

Sunday School Teacher—"Have you made anyone happy this week?" Little Girl—"Yes'm. Mrs. Highupp has a baby, and it's a awful squally, red-faced little brat; but when I met Mrs. Highupp yesterday I told her she had the sweetest, prettiest baby I ever saw."—Nood News.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

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### A Very Mean Trick.

The Wilkesboro Chronicle tells of a sharp trick a citizen of Wilkes played on his neighbors some days ago. He was digging a well and when he went to his work on the morning in question found the well had caved in. He hung up his hat and coat and hid near by. Pretty soon a neighbor stepped by to see how he was getting along and finding the well caved in and the hat and coat hanging by, naturally concluded his friend was at the bottom of the well.

He gave the alarm and everybody in the neighborhood came in and went to work to get the man's body out.

When the dirt had all been taken out, the cheeky well-digger crawled out from his place of concealment and coolly thanked them. The man that can play the game of the above is a success.

### Coleridge's Visions.

Coleridge once read to his friend Cottle, the publisher, from his pocketbook a list of 18 different works, not one of which he ever wrote. For many years he meditated a heroic poem on the siege of Jerusalem by Titus, and among other projected works were a "Treatise on the Corn Laws," a "History of German Belles Lettres," a "Book of Morals," in answer to Godwin, an "Essay on the Writings of Johnson and Gibbon," a poetical pantomime, and a "kind of comedy." I should not think of devoting less than 20 years to an epic poem," he writes—"ten years to collect my materials and warm my mind with universal science." Five were to be spent in its composition and five with its correction. His tastes and inclinations were undoubtedly catholic, but persistent effort in any one direction was ill suited to the genius of Coleridge, and he was content with his books and his opium and consequent glorious dreaming.—Chambers' Journal.

A Deficit of \$78,000,000 for the Year.

Washington, May 31.—The official Treasury statement to be issued June 1st will show that the expenditures of the government for the eleven months of the current fiscal year have exceeded the receipts by \$72,000,000, the aggregate standing in round figures: receipts, \$268,000,000; expenditures, \$340,000,000. These figures indicate a total deficit for the twelve months of the fiscal year of about \$78,000,000.

The rail roads have gone into a rate cutting fight to the finish. A few roads had reduced their rates secretly and when found out it brought on a general fight and reduction of freight and passenger rates.

Furnish your boy with good wholesome reading matter. Have him read to and with you. Discuss with him what you read, and draw out his opinions and thoughts on the subject. Help him to think for himself.

Don't act as though your boy amounted to nothing, nor be continually making comparisons between him and some neighbor's son to his disadvantage; nothing will dishearten him quicker.

Don't think that anything is good enough for the boys, and that they don't care for nice things; have their rooms fixed up nicely as possible; let them understand that they are to be kept in order, and the results will justify your pains.

Make home a pleasant place; see to it that the boys don't have to go somewhere else to secure proper freedom and companionship.

Take time to make them feel comfortable and contented, and they will not want to spend their evenings away from home.

Pick your son's associates. See to it that he has no friends you know nothing about. Take an interest in all his troubles and pleasures, and have him to feel perfectly free to tell his friends to the house. Take a little pains to make him and his friends comfortable and happy. He will not be slow to appreciate it.—Evangelist.

A Lady.

A writer in the New York Press undertakes to answer the question, "What is a lady?" This is the result:

"A lady is a woman who is honorable, truthful and refined; who regards the comfort of others first;

who never forgets how important are little courtesies to the happiness of life; who is loyal to friends and betrays not a trust; who scorns to think a mean word or perform a mean act; who reverences age, protects weakness and maintains her own womanly self respect.

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