

The Carolina Watchman.

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SALISBURY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23RD, 1907.

WM. H. STEWART, EDITOR.

CONCORD AND CABARRUS COUNTY.

The Yadkin Valley Fair Spoken Well Of. A Prisoner Escapes During Trial.

Concord Times, October 15-18.

The free delivery of mail in the city will begin November 1.

The Synod of the Potomac in session at Washington, on Tuesday elected the Rev. C. B. Haller, of Salisbury, N. C., president, succeeding the Rev. A. S. Weber, of Baltimore.

Ed Isenhour came near being the victim of a serious accident while on his way to see his father-in-law, E. C. Suther, of No. 5 township. While riding on East Depot street his horse suddenly fell and broke its neck. The horse was the property of M. L. Brown & Bro. and was valued at about \$175. The accident occurred last Sunday.

Yesterday evening Riley Swinsell's dog treed something under a clay root, and he ran his arm under it and something bit him, and today they dug under the root and found a large copperhead snake. Mr. Swinsell is not expected to live. Dr. Bowers has been with him all day.—Eastern Cabarrus correspondent.

E. E. Felker, who was working on the mill building at Kanapolis, on last Friday morning got his leg broken in two places and was also otherwise injured, by being caught under a load of lumber. He was helping to unload the car and as he cut one of the standards away the load of lumber fell on him.

Yesterday morning the cases of Paul Teeter and Frank Foster, two young men of the Dowell mill section who are charged with retreating around the mill, came up in the court house before Eq. W. J. Hill. Just before the case was concluded and while officer C. A. Robinson was giving his testimony, Teeter, unseen by any one, slipped out the door, went into the back lot and got a horse and went flying down Corbin street, going in the direction of Harriburg. He is still going, it is supposed, as nothing has been heard from him.

The Yadkin Valley Fair Association at Salisbury is making marvelous progress in the work of preparation for the fair there the last week in October. The sidewalk is ready and cars have been run into it. The race track is fast becoming the prettiest thing in the State and is the widest. The exhibit buildings are looming up and the electric light plant is being installed. The independent system of waterworks is about ready and Salisbury is going to have the best exposition of its life.

Negroes Apply But No Whites.

A Washington dispatch says that the officials of the postoffice department are deeply concerned because so few white men in the south seek civil service examination. A recent examination held at various points in the south developed the fact that seven-eighths of the applicants were colored. The reason given for the famine of white applicants is that negroes are employed in the mail service and white men will not work with them. In one city all the applicants were negroes. The officials regard the situation as grave, but are very cautious about commenting on the subject.

How to Cure Cold.

The question of how to cure a cold without unnecessary loss of time is one in which we are all more or less interested, for the quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger of pneumonia and other serious diseases. Mr. B. W. L. Hall, of Waverly, Va., has used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and says: "I firmly believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be absolutely the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to my friends and they all agree with me." For sale by James Plummer, Salisbury, and Spencer Pharmacy, Spencer, N. C.

LEXINGTON AND DAVIDSON COUNTY.

A Cotton Mill to be Built at Deaton. Boys-Drinking Whiskey.

Lexington Dispatch, October 15th.

A charter is granted to the American Automatic Switch Co., of Salisbury, to hold patents and build switches for railways. The capital stock is \$100,000. Harold Shemwell is the principal shareholder.

There are several boys in this town, boys with knee pants on, who have been ordering whiskey and beer from out-of-town liquor houses, and who, for all we know, have bought the stuff in town, and their parents ought to know about it. It is getting rather fierce when knee-pant boys are able to get liquors.

The excelsior factory, in which J. W. Crowell is interested, will probably be moved to Rockwell or Richfield. The reason given is that the wood market here is not satisfactory, and the plant will be moved to a place where the market is better.

At the meeting Friday night the board of aldermen took up the matter of macadamizing Center street. It had been previously ordered that this street be macadamized from curb to curb down to marble alley, and from there on to the railroad bridge the macadam was to be only 18 feet wide. Friday night the board decided to macadamize from curb to curb, and to put in the concrete gutters, which had been left out of the former order.

The Denton Cotton Mills Company, of Denton, is the latest acquisition in the way of manufacturing. The company is incorporated for \$50,000, with the privilege of increasing the capital to \$100,000, which will probably be done at no distant date. The incorporators are Berry Davidson, of Gibsonville; J. W. Noel, of Lexington, and J. A. Noel, of Roxboro. The new mill is to have 5,000 spindles and will manufacture cotton yarns. It will give employment to about 100 people. Work is to begin at once and the factory will be in operation by spring.

J. W. Neall, secretary and treasurer of the Eureka Trousers Company, and one of the leading business men in town, has purchased the stock of W. O. Burgin, S. W. Finch and W. H. Phillips in the Davidson Insurance & Trust Company, and has become president, with J. M. Vanhoy, late register of deeds of Stanly county, as secretary and treasurer of the company. This concern deals in real estate, buying and selling both farms and town lots, borrowing and lending money—lending being a specialty—and selling life, accident and fire insurance.

Will Salisbury Go Dry?

The election at Asheville on whiskey has set the whole State talking, and especially is there much interest in this central part of the State, territory tributary to Salisbury. In Lexington there is almost as much interest in the possibility of an election in Salisbury as if the matter was purely of local nature. There is a widespread belief that the town would go dry if a vigorous campaign was waged. There is evidence that such a campaign will be started up very soon. It is reported that one saloon man has already sold out and quit. Asked why he did, he said he had sense enough to get off the track when he heard a steam engine coming down the line.—Lexington Dispatch.

They Make You Feel Good.

The pleasant purgative effect experienced by all who use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and the healthy condition of the body and mind which they create makes one feel joyful. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at James Plummer's drug store, Salisbury, and Spencer Pharmacy, Spencer, N. C.

"UNHOY UNION."

Rev. L. Johnson on State Appropriation to Holiness Orphanage.

In a sermon on State Missions at the First Baptist church Sunday morning Rev. Livingston Johnson, corresponding secretary of the Baptist State convention, made an attack upon the action of the last Legislature in passing "an act to appropriate one thousand dollars for the support of the Elhanan Training Institute for Homeless Children," at Marion.

His sermon was a statement of things for which State Missions stands and was outlined as follows: First, Evangelization; second, Indocctrination; third, Expansion. Under the head in Indocctrination, he said among other things:

"The Baptists have always stood for the complete separation of Church and State. An act of the last Legislature shows that we need to emphasize this principle in our State today. A woman came to Raleigh during the last Legislature who could teach the old professionals a long time in the art of lobbying. She said she had founded an orphanage and was looking to the Lord alone for its support. She spent a good part of her time in the Capitol Square with a little child on either side. These children she said she had gotten in the East and was carrying to the orphanage. One morning The News and Observer published the fact that a bill had been introduced and passed both houses appropriating \$1,000 to the support of this orphanage.

"To say nothing of the woman's faith which seemed to drop suddenly from the Lord to the Legislature—quite a drop by the way—our law-makers, in the act, trampled under foot a most sacred principle for which the Baptists have ever stood. The orphanage is said to belong to the Holiness church, and at this hour a meeting is being conducted in its chapel by those who hold to the latest religious fad, namely "the girl of the unknown tongues." Some say the title of this property is vested in its manager, who holds it in trust for the so-called Holiness Church. But does that improve matters any? If she holds the property in trust the appropriation is to a church, and if it is her individual property the money has been appropriated to private interests. The last Legislature then, put its hand into the pockets of the citizens of the State and took therefrom \$1,000 and gave it to a so-called church, thus recognizing the unholy union of Church and State, for the dissolution of which our fathers went to jail one hundred years ago.

"A few years ago our convention sent a message of encouragement to our English brethren who in their protest against the iniquitous educational bill are making their last fight for the separation of Church and State. I say their last fight because the victory is certain. Is it not about time for our convention to register a deep and eternal protest against the act of the last Legislature?"

The act Mr. Johnson referred to is printed herewith as follows: "That the sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, five hundred for the year one thousand and nine hundred and seven, and five hundred for one thousand nine hundred and eight, out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Elhanan Training Institute, at Marion, North Carolina, and the same amount shall be paid to Miss Margaret Taylor, the owner and superintendent of said institution, in quarterly payments, commencing the first day of June, one thousand, nine hundred and seven."—News and Observer.

DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is good for little burns and big burns, small scratches or bruises and big ones. It is healing and soothing. Good for piles. Sold by James Plummer and all druggists.

STATE CAN'T AID IMMIGRANTS.

Payment of Passage and Promise of Employment a Violation of Law.

Those Southern States which have been making efforts to secure foreign immigration have received a setback in an opinion rendered by Attorney General Bonaparte. The case in point has been pending before the Department of Commerce and Labor since August 5th. On that date Geronimo Gracia arrived at New Orleans from Cuba. By the special board of inquiry at the former place he was denied admission to the United States. The investigation developed the facts that his passage money had been paid by Reginald Dykers, an agent of the Louisiana State Board of agriculture and immigration, out of funds regularly appropriated by the State Legislature. He was given assurance that employment as a farm laborer would be secured for him and he promised to return to the State the money advanced to him to pay his passage from Havana to New Orleans. No employer was selected for him, but he was left free to work for whom he pleased.

The case was brought by the State of Louisiana to test the immigration law. Several other Southern States were interested in the matter, because they had been engaged in soliciting immigration to points within their borders. The case was referred to the Department of Commerce and Labor, on appeal, and Secretary Straus submitted the facts to Attorney General Bonaparte for an opinion. The Attorney General has rendered an opinion in which he says:

"The assurance given to Gracia by the State agents constitute in my opinion, promises of employment within the inhibition of the statute. While it is provided that aliens coming to this country in consequence of inducements by a State of its inducements to immigration shall not be treated as coming under promise of employment, there is no exception in favor of a State in reference to specific promises of employment to individual immigrants such as were held out to Gracia by the representatives of the State board."

The Attorney General holds, therefore, that "on account of assurances of employment that were given to Gracia as an inducement to his immigration he should be excluded from admission."

It is expected that the State of Louisiana will carry the case into the courts in order to obtain a judicial determination of the question which means much, in the view of the authorities, to all of the South.

Afflicted with Sore Eyes for 33 Years.

I have been afflicted with sore eyes for thirty-three years. Thirteen years ago I became totally blind and was blind for six years. My eyes were badly inflamed. One of my neighbors insisted upon my trying Chamberlain's Salve and gave me half a box of it. To my surprise it healed my eyes and my sight came back.—P. C. Earls, Cynthiana, Ky. Chamberlain's Salve is for sale by James Plummer, Salisbury, and Spencer Pharmacy, Spencer, N. C.

Thomas A. Eddison, the great American inventor, says "Fully eighty per cent of the illness of mankind comes from eating improper food or to much food; people are inclined to over-indulge themselves." This is where indigestion finds its beginning in nearly every case. The stomach can do just so much work and no more, and when you overload it, or when you eat the wrong kind of food, the digestive organs can not possibly do the work demanded of them. It is at such times that the stomach needs help; it demands help, and warns you by headaches, belching, sour stomach, nausea and indigestion. You should attend to this at once by taking something that will actually do the work for the stomach. Kodol will do this. It is a combination of natural digestants and vegetable acids and contains the same juices found in a healthy stomach. It is pleasant to take. It digests what you eat. Sold by James Plummer and all druggists. Trial bottle free.

1907 GAME LAWS.

The Approach of the Hunting Season Arouses Interest in the New Game Laws.

Cold weather, fall and frost having come, the hunters naturally begin to think about the game, and since there are game laws and laws, it is well to remember what they are. From a sheet compiled by the United States department of agriculture, we find the following laws in regard to game in nearby counties: The season for quail is open in Davidson county November 15; for wild turkey, if there is such a variety, November 15; for dove, lark and robin, October 15, which was yesterday, although none of the birds ought to be hunted, for like a farmer recently said "about the quail, they are all the best friends the farmer has."

No pheasant can be hunted in Davidson, Forsyth, Guilford, Montgomery, Moore, Randolph, Rockingham, Stokes, Surry, Yadkin, Wilkes and several other counties until November 1st, 1910.

Non-game birds, which is to say, all wild birds, save doves, larks, robins, other game birds, English sparrow, crows black-birds, jacksaws, rice birds, hawks and owls are protected throughout the year.

The shipment of any game or non-game bird from the State is prohibited.

Non-resident hunters must take out a license costing \$10.25, which entitles each hunter to take out of the State 50 quail, 50 snipe, 12 grouse and two wild turkeys in a season.

Written permission must be had to hunt over lands in Davidson, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan and Yadkin and other counties.

A number of persons have been indicted in several counties this season for hunting possums, but no such laws exist in Davidson or surrounding counties, except in Guilford and Moore counties, where the law is already out, the open season being from October 1st to February 1st.

The season in Rowan opens December 1st and closes March 1st.

Another Instance Where the Poor are Made to Suffer.

It would no doubt make a good impression on a visitor from the moon to see a Lexington policeman beating the pine brush on a hunt for niggers shooting craps, but it would probably disgust the visitor to know that while the copper was hunting for niggers playing for five cents a crap, \$500 changed hands in a poker game in the heart of town. In every town in the state, in every court room in the state, the colored brother catches it hot and heavy from the strong arm of the law. He is yanked up if he gets drunk and made to do time until it takes about all he can make to pay for his drunks. Some white men get it the same way, but most of the pale faces get nothing. Poor white folks and negroes are given large doses of law and order everywhere, but those higher up hardly ever know what it is to answer for their misdeeds. All of which is true as gospel and every man knows it. We wish every judge in the land would echo what one judge said in Lexington once, to wit, that he was weary of having negroes brought before him for gambling when white men who made a profession out of it never smelled the inside of a courthouse.—Lexington Dispatch.

Hard Times in Kansas.

The old days of grasshoppers and drouth are almost forgotten in the prosperous Kansas of today; although a citizen of Codell, Earl Shamburg, has not yet forgotten a hard time he encountered. He says: "I was worn out and discouraged by coughing night and day, and could find no relief until I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. It took less than one bottle to completely cure me." The safest and most reliable cough and cold remedy and lung and throat-healer ever discovered. Guaranteed also by all druggists. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

ALBEMARLE AND STANLY COUNTY.

An Attempt at Suicide. Negro Killed Accidentally. The Bridge Matter.

Stanly Enterprise, October 15th.

Shellie Palmer, of Rockwell, has been operating his wood-saw outfit here a number of days. He returns home tomorrow for a brief stay.

Mrs. Mary B., wife of A. Jackson Crowell, of the vicinity three miles north of New London, died Monday night, after an illness covering many months. Aged 74 years.

Miss Annie Murph, of the Wiccassett Hill, who is said to have grown despondent over love matters, tried to commit suicide Tuesday afternoon by taking laudanum, emptying three-half ounces of the poison. It was only by the most heroic treatment from Drs. Hall and Anderson that the young woman's attempt to kill herself was foiled.

One of the most pleasant occasions that Albemarle has had for some time was the marriage on last Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock of Miss Maggie Lowder, the lovely daughter of Mrs. Ella Lowder, to DeBerry Almond, one of Albemarle's energetic young men.

Since last Friday the tank of the Albemarle Water Works Company has been empty, owing to a break in the pump. A temporary pump was rigged up by Messrs. Sibley and Winecoff, but failed to supply a sufficient volume of water, and the patrons of the company have been put to no little inconvenience since the accident. One of the Whitney mechanics, who has had wide experience with bored wells, began work Tuesday morning, and has succeeded in removing parts of the casing. A pump will be secured for temporary use, until the completion of the new 6-inch well being bored near the present one by the present local well-drilling company, Messrs. Palmer & Smith, when the old well will be fully repaired and a double water capacity guaranteed.

Amos Lilly, a well-respected young colored man, who formerly lived at Albemarle was accidentally killed at Palmerville on Sunday. Coroner D. F. Ramage held an inquest, the jury returning a verdict that the man died from a wound in the thigh caused by a pistol ball shot from a pistol that was being handled by Ed Hunt. The evidence stated that the pistol was dropped upon the floor and the discharge was accidental in nature. Amos was a son of Lewis Lilly, and was a quiet, good-natured fellow. His remains were taken in charge by the local Masonic lodge, and interred in the Kingville cemetery, under full honors.

Some are trying to explain away the blowing up of Mountain creek bridge by saying that the fuse was a fragment which had lodged there from explosions in the ford. But this theory will not hold when it is learned that the pieces found were unearthed from rocks in the abutment and the spot where found, gave undeniable trace of an explosion that had certainly taken place. Eye witnesses say that the fuse could not have reached the point except by the help of human hands. It is a hard thing to believe against anyone, but evidences are so conclusive that no pain should be spared to find the guilty party or parties, be they white or black.

His Dear Old Mother.

"My dear old mother, who is now eighty three years old, thrives on Electric Bitters," writes W. B. Brunson, of Dublin, Ga. "She has taken them for about two years and enjoys an excellent appetite, feels strong and sleeps well." That's the way Electric Bitters effect the aged, and the same happy results follow in all cases of female weakness and general debility. Weak, puny children too, are greatly strengthened by them. Guaranteed also for stomach, liver and kidney troubles by all druggists.

STATESVILLE AND IREDELL COUNTY.

The Independent Telephone Company Increases Its Rate, Yet Cheaper Than the Bell.

Statesville Landmark, Oct. 16-18th.

Federal court convenes here Monday. In addition to the usual amount of cases for violations of the internal revenue laws for trial, there will be a few other cases, of interest, though of no especial importance.

While the editor of The Landmark has had many close calls during the more than 15 years he has edited the paper, he had his first experience in a caning episode Tuesday afternoon. Fortunately it was not the case of angry citizens invading the office to take their grievances out of the newspaper man's hide, but a good delegation called and through L. C. Caldwell as spokesman presented the editor a handsome gold-headed cane, inscribed with his name and "From Citizens of Iredell County." The cane was donated by 87 individuals and business firms of the town and county "as a token of our appreciation for what The Landmark has done for the business men of Statesville and Iredell county by the stand it has taken on debt-paying and against Dead Beats."

The Iredell Telephone Co. has raised rates and it is now in order for Editor Clark, of The Landmark, to sit up and take notice. His objection to the Bell service was monopoly and the price of the service. It was this spirit that prompted Statesville to down the Bell and institute a home-made service.—Winston Republican.

The Greensboro Record and the Asheville Gazette-News (and possibly other papers) have referred to the increase in telephone rates by the home company; and while not saying so in so many words both the Record and the Gazette-News leave the impression that all the fight against the Bell has amounted to nothing; that the home company has duped the people by raising rates after promising not to do so, etc., and that Statesville had just as well have kept the Bell. Our contemporaries may not mean to be unfair, but the impression conveyed by their language is incorrect. If they want to be fair they will state the exact facts, which we recite briefly for their benefit:

The home company did not promise to give service for all time at \$1 and \$2 per month. It did propose to give it at that figure as long as possible, and it did promise not to exceed \$1.50 and \$2.50. The company put in a first-class modern system the equal of any the Bell has. Its business so far exceeded expectations that it found it necessary to increase and recently notified its patrons that beginning January 1st next it would charge the maximum amount agreed on—\$1.50 and \$2.50—at the same time making the concession of a service over certain country lines where toll has heretofore been charged.

It is also important to note in this connection that at the beginning of this 'phone fight in Statesville the opponents of the Bell offered to let the Bell have the field if it would agree not to exceed \$1.50 and \$2.50 and the number of 'phones exceed 600, after which it was to be allowed an increase. The Bell would not agree to begin on anything less than \$2 and \$3 or \$3.50 for spring only party line service, which was not wanted, at \$1.50 and \$2.50, these prices to be increased as the business increased. This was the line of cleavage, and this is the whole story.

To check a cold quickly, get from your druggist some Little Candy Cold Tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe, but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventics contain no Quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneezing stage" Preventics will prevent Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, etc. Hence the name, Preventics. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventics 25 cents. Trial boxes 5 cts. Sold by Grimes Drug Store.