

The Carolina Watchman.

A Home Newspaper Published in the Interest of the People and for Honesty in Governmental Affairs.

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

VOL. V. No. 26.

SALISBURY, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 22ND, 1909.

WM. H. STEWART, EDITOR.

ALBEMARLE AND STANLY COUNTY.

Good Report as to Condition of Wheat and Oats. Mr. Sanders to Locate in Oklahoma.

Stanly Enterprise, June 17th.

Good reports come from all parts of the county regarding the crop of wheat and oats. The yield will perhaps surpass that of any season in several years previous.

Calvin Yow escaped Tuesday afternoon from the city chain gang. He is a young white man, and had only twenty days of service to finish his term. He was seen yesterday morning near Locust, and officers are seeking to recapture him. The lash and thirty days extra sentence may await his return. He had been a "trustee" for several days, and was serving as cook when he took his departure, taking with him a full outfit of citizen's clothes.

Z. B. Sanders, attorney at law, will leave in a few days for Ada, Oklahoma, where he has entered into co-partnership with Attorney Reuben M. Roddie, of that place, who is also a State Senator. Mr. Sanders is leaving an established and lucrative practice in Albemarle, but the opportunity of going to Oklahoma holds considerations which he could not ignore.

Why not make the best of things as they come to us? There are certain ones in this town who have been complaining of hard times ever since we knew them. They could not enjoy the last few weeks of a warm winter for fear the fruit buds would start and then be killed. They know that crops will be a failure this year. There is always something disastrous going to happen. It is just as cheap and you are worth more to your family and the town if you will look on the sunny side of life.

The Recorder at Wilmington is giving road sentences to blind tigers instead of imposing fines. And it is bearing results. So long as profits from illegal sales exceed court costs, the law is not much of a menace to retailers. Put them on the roads, and let them work out their salvation. In this way our highways may get service from a class of lawbreakers that are a curse to any community, to themselves and to their families.

C. M. Miller, of Salisbury, who has the contract for the new Stanly county map and who has had two surveying parties at work on it all spring and summer, reports that the southern half of the county is about complete.

As soon as this is completed a map will be drawn and Mr. Miller himself will take this and go carefully over the territory and correct any errors or note anything that might have been left out by his assistants. This careful attention to accuracy has given him a reputation all over the south.

In addition to his present forces Mr. Miller has recently employed a young man with experience in this line of work, and a graduate of Trinity College, who will join the forces in a few days.

The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred on Editor J. P. Caldwell, of the Charlotte Observer, by the trustees of Eakin College. The "Old Man" is entitled to all the honor that can accompany this degree, and we are glad he has it. But he was just as big before he received it, and we daresay that "Doctor" will never supplant plain "Joe" among those who most intimately know this genius of the quill and hero of giant intellect.

The announcement that William Jennings Bryan will enter the race for the United States Senate from Nebraska naturally creates some interest. Bryan's presence in that august chamber would give life to the body, and the power and influence of the Peerless would have occasion to assert itself. This is hoping that it will be Senator Bryan and that as such he will prove a greater strength to his party and give bigger service to his country than he has been able to do as a losing candidate for the Presidency.

CONCORD AND CABARRUS COUNTY.

Crops Seems to be in the Grass. The Street Car Matter Still Unsettled.

Concord Times, June 14th.

The Cabarrus Driving Club, of Concord, was incorporated this week to engage in the athletic sports and other past-time amusements, and has a total authorized capital stock of \$25,000.

Allen Heglar, one of the oldest citizens of the county, died at his home in No. 2 township last Tuesday. Mr. Heglar was 98 years of age, and his death occurred rather suddenly. He had not been well, however, for some time.

On account of almost constant rains for weeks, the crops in this county are in a serious condition. The grass is about to take everything, and in some sections it will amount to almost a total loss. The wheat and oats that have been cut are being damaged. On the whole, the crops prospects in this county are about as gloomy as we have ever known at this time of the year.

The street car matter came up Tuesday evening before a special meeting of the board of city aldermen. W. F. Snider, of Salisbury, asked that a franchise be given himself and associates to build a line here. Mr. Snider proposed to begin building the line within 60 days, and to forfeit \$1,000 if he failed to do so. Messrs. W. G. Means and J. F. Newell, representing the Barry interests, asked that the franchise be not granted, as they already held a charter for a street car line here. The matter was thoroughly gone over, but no action was taken. Another meeting will be held next Tuesday night.

Good Words for Grass.

Grass is the forgiveness of nature—her constant benediction. Fields trampled with battle, saturated with blood, torn with the ruts of cannon grow green again with grass, and carnage is forgotten. Streets abandoned by traffic, become grass-grown like rural lanes, and are obliterated. Forest decay, harvest perishes, flowers vanish, but grass is immortal. It invades the solitude of deserts, climbs the inaccessible slopes and forbidding pinnacles of mountains, modifies climates and determines the history, character and destiny of nations. Unobtrusive and patient it has immortal vigor and aggression. Banned from the thoroughfare and the field, it bides its time to return and when vigilance is relaxed or the dynasty has perished, it silently resumes the throne from which it has been expelled, but which it never abdicates. It bears no blazony of blood to charm the senses with fragrance or splendor, but its homely hue is more enchanting than the lily or the rose. It yields no fruit in earth or air, and yet, should its harvest fail for a single year, famine would depopulate the world.—John J. Ingalls.

Heavy Rain.

Chester, S. C., June 15.—The Mount Prospect section of the county was visited by a heavy rain and hail storm Saturday afternoon between the hours of 5 and 6, and much damage resulted to the crops. Messrs. S. H. Ferguson, W. W. Gibson, John C. Backstrom and M. E. McFadden were the principal sufferers, and their loss will be heavy. The crops of others in the vicinity were damaged, but the gentlemen named will be the heaviest losers.—Special to Charlotte Observer.

Tell some deserving Rheumatic sufferer that there is yet one simple way to certain relief. Get Dr. Shoop's book on Rheumatism and a free trial test. This book will make it clear how Rheumatic pains are quickly killed by Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy—liquid or tablets. Send no money. The test is free. Surprise some disheartened sufferer by first getting for him the book from Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Cornelison & Cook.

REPUBLICAN PARTY UNMASKED.

A Brief, but Expressive Review From a Western Source.

Referring to the Benedict interview and the North American editorial the Omaha World-Herald says: "It is strange what an unmasking of the Republican party has been brought about by the panic and a couple of years of business depression. No one any longer prates about Republican administration being a guaranty against hard times. No one any longer claims the Republican tariff is perfect, immaculate, flawless. No one any longer claims that the Republican party has a monopoly on the understanding of the financial question and of the courage, skill and business ability required to handle it. Out of the mouths of its own leaders, out of the mouths of American bankers, business men and financiers, the Republican party is arraigned and convicted. Two million idle workmen; thousands of mills and factories either closed or running on short time; business slow and dull and enterprise timid and backward in nearly every section of the country (with Nebraska and Omaha splendid exceptions) while at the same time crops have been abundant and the production of gold and other precious minerals unprecedented—these things prove the Republican party a quack, a false pretender. It boasted omniscience and omnipotence and infallibility are shown as mere glittering pretense. Now that the fetish is shattered and the myth demolished; now that people understand that the Republican party is both fallible and sinful, like the rest of us, perhaps we can hope to get a verdict on political issues hereafter based on merit, and a study of the question and not on idolatry and fear. For this much thanks."

License on "Near Beer."

There are many men of many minds; many towns of many kinds. In Wilmington the near-beer dealers get into business on payment of a license tax of \$40 a year. In some other towns, as for instance Salisbury, they are granted the privilege of doing business on the same basis as soda water dealers. In Greenville, the proposition to impose on them a tax of \$50 a year was defeated, because the city charter did not permit a tax on drinks of that character. On the other hand, Charlotte set the pace at \$1,000 and several towns have fixed the license at that figure. In Concord the near-beer people were lucky to get off with \$1,000 and their lives, there having been a sentiment in some quarters to soak them for \$5,000. The towns have put on the high tax are simply suspicious of the near-beer business.—Charlotte Chronicle.

Trouble With the Japs.

Honolulu, June 15.—Strong efforts are being made by the Japanese strikers to get the Japanese government to make an international incident of the forcible entry into the office of a local Japanese newspaper and the seizure of papers by the sheriff last Friday. Strike leaders appealed to Ambassador Takahira at Washington by cable to-day and demanded an immediate investigation.

The four editors of the Japanese newspaper and several others of the seventeen Japanese, arrested last Saturday and yesterday on indictments growing out of the strike of sugar plantation laborers, were released on bail to-day and their preliminary hearings set to begin on June 18.

The situation remained virtually unchanged to-day.

Mothers—Have you tried Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea? It's a great blessing to the little ones, keeps away summer troubles. Makes them sleep and grow. 85 cents, Tea or Tablets.—Cornelison & Cook.

THE PROTECTION THEORY.

Some Utterances on the Subject by a Well Known English Historian.

In view of the agitation upon the tariff question which has been going on in the Senate for some time, and which seems likely to continue, the following may be found of interest. The extract quoted is taken from the chapter "Free Trade and the League," in "A History of Our Own Times," by Justice McCarthy. THE WATCHMAN presents the extract and leaves its readers to make what comment upon it they desire. Attention is called to it more particularly, on account of the concise and logical definition given of protection.

"Few chapters of political history in modern times have given occasion for more controversy than that which contains the story of Sir Robert Peel's administration in its dealing with the corn laws. Told in briefest form, the story is that Peel came into office in 1841 to maintain the corn laws and that in 1846 he repealed them. The controversy as to the wisdom or unwisdom of repealing the corn laws has long since come to an end. They who were the uncompromising opponents of free trade at that time, are proud to call themselves its uncompromising zealots now. Indeed, there is no more chance of a reaction against free trade in England than there is of a reaction against the rule of three. But the controversy still exists and will probably always be in dispute, as to the conduct of Sir Robert Peel.

"The Melbourne ministry fell, and we have seen, in consequence of a direct vote of want of confidence moved by their leading opponent, and the return of a majority hostile to them at the general election that followed. The vote of confidence was given against their financial policy, especially against Lord John Russell's proposal to substitute a fixed duty of eight shillings for Peel's sliding scale. Sir Robert Peel came into office and he introduced a reorganized scheme of a sliding scale, reducing the duties and improving the system, but maintaining the principle. Lord John Russell proposed an amendment declaring that the House of Commons, 'considering the evils which have been caused by the present corn laws, and especially by the fluctuation of the graduated or sliding scale, is not prepared to adopt the measure of Her Majesty's government, which is founded on the same principles, and is likely to be attended by similar results.' The amendment was rejected by a large majority, no less than one hundred and twenty-three. But the question between free trade and protection was more distinctly raised. Mr. Villiers proposed another amendment declaring for the entire abolition of all duties on grain. Only ninety votes were given for the amendment, while three hundred and ninety-three were recorded against it. Sir Robert Peel's government, therefore, came into power distinctly pledged to uphold the principle of protection for home-grown grain. Four years after this Sir Robert Peel proposed the total abolition of the corn duties. For this he was denounced by some members of his party in language more fierce and unmeasured than ever since has been applied to any leading statesman. Mr. Gladstone was never assailed by the staunchest supporter of the Irish church in words so vituperative as those which rate Sir Robert Peel for his supposed apostasy. One eminent person, at least, made his first fame as a parliamentary orator by his denunciations of the great minister whom he had previously eulogized and supported.

"The history of agricultural distress, it has been well observed, 'is the history of agricultural abundance.' This looks at first sight a paradox, but nothing can in reality be more plain and less

(Concluded on last page.)

THE HOOK-WORM.

Learned Physician Discourses on the Ravages of this Dangerous Worm.

In conversation with a newspaper man this afternoon, Dr. C. W. Stiles, of Washington, discoverer of the "hook-worm" disease and connected with the United States marine hospital service, made the startling announcement that it would cost from \$2,000,000 to \$8,000,000 and require twenty years' time to eradicate the hook-worm disease from the United States; that there are now a million people in the Southern states suffering with the disease; that the state board of health of Georgia has estimated that in that state alone there are 200,000 cases of the disease and that the disease is causing the South an actual annual potential loss of from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 a year. This stupendous loss to which Dr. Stiles refers is in loss of life, sickness due to the disease, and the tendency of the disease to produce what is commonly termed "laziness" among the people.

Dr. Stiles says that in 90 per cent, of the cases the disease originates from ground itch; that the rural whites in the South fully 20 per cent, are suffering from hook-worm; that experts can easily recognize the disease and that in some localities from 50 to 80 per cent, of the entire population have this disease. In referring to hook-worm and cotton mill employees Dr. Stiles said that it was the common cause of anemia so prevalent among the operatives of the cotton lint. In the opinion of the physician the lint has nothing to do with it, but it was due to the hook-worm, contracted before the operative went to the mill village. He maintains that the hook-worm is the cause of a great amount of illness among the "poor whites" of the South and says that the present white labor scarcity in the South is due to the fact of the wide prevalence of the hook-worm.—Asheville, N. C., correspondence Charlotte Observer.

A large portion of which is mere rot.—ED. WATCHMAN.

Make Shoes in Four Minutes.

How long would it take you to make a pair of boots, do you think? You probably had better not begin it, especially if you need them soon. Even a cobbler in old days, working with an assistant would spend a day and a half making a pair of boots. And the cost would be about \$4. But now, of course shoes are made by machinery, and it is astonishing to hear how quickly they are made. It takes just four minutes to make a pair of boots. And the labor cost is about 35 cents. Of course, no one makes the whole boot nowadays. There are a hundred different men making different parts of it, and each one does the same thing over and over again, and each man learns to do his particular work especially well and quickly. And you should see the buttons sewed on! A boy takes the part of the shoe where the buttons are to go and fits it in a machine, throws in a handful of buttons quite carelessly, turns the machine, and in no time out comes the piece of leather with all the buttons on exactly in the right place. No wonder some factories turn out 10,000 pairs of shoes in a day.—Chicago News.

A Thrilling Rescue.

How Robert R. Lean, of Cheney, Wash., was saved from a frightful death is a story to thrill the world. "A hard cold," he writes, brought on a desperate lung trouble that baffled an expert doctor here. Then I paid \$10 to \$15 a visit to a lung specialist in Spokane, who did not help me. Then I went to California, but without benefit. At last I used Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me and now I am as well as ever." For Lung Trouble, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds, Asthma, Croup and Whooping Cough it is supreme. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists.

STATESVILLE AND IREDELL COUNTY.

Kincaid Bros. Open A Lumber Plant in Mocksville. Delegates Abroad.

Statesville Standard, June 18th.

Miss Marjie Johnson, of Salisbury, spent Wednesday with Miss Jo. Burke and went to Bethany township yesterday to visit at the home of her uncle, Thos. Gray.

The lumber plant of Kincaid Bros. is about ready to begin operations. Mr. Lee Kincaid, of Statesville, spends most of his time here looking after the business.—Mocksville Courier.

A squad of 13 convicts is engaged in rebuilding the bridge on the Wilkesboro road, two miles north of town, which was wrecked ten days ago. The convicts are quartered at jail at night.

A beautiful home marriage was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Vaughn Wednesday afternoon when their sister Miss Octa Brandon, plighted her troth to F. B. Porter, of Birmingham, Ala.

Between 40 and 50 Baracas and Philatheas and quite a number of outsiders will leave tomorrow for Asheville to represent their respective Sunday schools at the World-Wide Baraca-Philatheas Convention which convenes there tomorrow and will remain in session through Wednesday of next week.

Rev. J. H. Pressly left yesterday for New York city to attend the Pan-Presbyterian Council, a council of the 17 branches of the Presbyterian Church in the world, which will be in session there for several days. Delegates from all parts of the world will be in attendance at the council and the movement on foot to more closely unite the several branches of the Church will be discussed. This will be the first session of the council held in America.

Almost a Tragedy.

There was a little excitement at Rocky River Springs Hotel, in Stanly county Friday night, when Clarence E. Miller, son of the county surveyor of that county threatened to shoot his sweetheart and himself because she refused to marry him. The young lady in the case is Miss Blanche Fitzgerald, of Greensboro, and has visited the springs nearly every season for some years. She had, it seems, been with Miller on different occasions and led him to believe, so he claimed, that she would marry him. Thereupon, he secured license and in company with a minister, Rev. Mr. Brown, went to the springs Friday night, when he thought the happy event would be consummated. But the lady failed to play the part he had planned and the first act was a failure. Here the nature of the play suddenly changed, for while the young man was talking the matter over with the lady, he decided to make rash tragedy of what was really intended for pure comedy, and drawing his pistol, threatened, it is said, to shoot both himself and the girl. She screamed for help and the pistol was taken from Miller before he used it. He was requested to leave at once and next day the young lady's brother came after her. Here the curtain fell.—Wadesboro Ansonian.

In sickness, if a certain hidden nerve goes wrong, then the organ that this nerve controls will also surely fail. It may be a stomach nerve or it may have given strength and support to the Heart or Kidneys. It was Dr. Shoop that first pointed to this vital truth. Dr. Shoop's Restorative was not made to dose the Stomach nor to temporarily stimulate the Heart or Kidneys. That old-fashioned method is all wrong. Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes directly to these failing inside nerves. The remarkable success of this prescription demonstrates the wisdom of treating the actual cause of these failing organs. And it is indeed easy to prove. A simple five or ten days test will surely tell. Try it once and see! Sold by Cornelison & Cook.

LEXINGTON AND DAVIDSON COUNTY.

Gets \$4,000 for Leg. Crop prospects gloomy. Lightningstrikes Pipe Organ.

Lexington Dispatch, June 16th.

P. W. Hatcher, member of a gang of Western Union wire stringers, lost a leg at Linwood, this county, two years ago by being struck by a train; and brought suit in Guilford court. Last week after a prolonged trial he was awarded \$4,500.

Churchland High School has raised \$5 for a library fund, whereupon the county gives \$5 and the state the same, so that there will be \$15 to buy books. Why in the world don't the folks in other sections do something like this? If they raise \$10, the state and county make it even \$80, and a good school library is thus made possible for \$10; and a library is a great educational force.

Continued rains have made the farmer's prospects rather gloomy. Not more than one third of the wheat crop has been cut, and the grain is dead ripe everywhere. The crop, a good one to start with has already been damaged, and will be very greatly damaged unless dry weather prevails from now on. Visions of sprouting wheat have sprung up to fright. Corn and cotton in nearly all parts of the state are in bad shape. Crops along the Yadkin far up the valley have been almost, and in some places entirely, ruined.

Because the public road from the toll bridge on the Yadkin to the Cabarrus line constitutes a part of the proposed New York to Atlanta highway, the Rowan county commissioners have decided to put it and keep it in excellent repair, providing 20 miles of fine macadam road. Almost every county along both of the proposed routes, one through this section, the other through the Raleigh section, is doing something to get the line.

Tuesday afternoon of last week lightning cut queer capers around the Presbyterian church. A bolt entered the building somehow, and hit the big pipe organ, doing quite a lot of damage, how much is not known but not much to prevent the instrument from being used. Why it didn't tear the organ to finders is a mystery. An expert from the factory will arrive to investigate. The organ is fully protected by insurance.

The State Normal and Industrial College.

We desire to call attention to the advertisement of the State Normal and Industrial College which appears in this issue. Every year shows a steady growth in this institution devoted to the higher education of the women of North Carolina. There was some addition to the material equipment of the college which greatly increased the efficiency of the work. The college last year had a total enrollment of 979 students. Eighty-eight of the ninety-eight counties of the state had representatives in the student body. Nine-tenths of all the graduates of this institution have taught or are now teaching in the schools of North Carolina. The dormitories are now furnished by the state and board is provided at actual cost. Two hundred appointments to the dormitories, apportioned among the several counties according to school population, will be awarded to applicants about the middle of July. Students who wish to attend this institution next year should make application as early as possible, as the capacity of the dormitories is limited.

Trouble Makers Ousted.

When a sufferer from stomach trouble takes Dr. King's New Life Pills he's mighty glad to see his Dyspepsia and Indigestion fly, but more—he's tickled over his new, fine appetite, strong nerves healthy vigor, all because stomach, liver and kidneys now work right. 25c at all druggists.