

ESPIONAGE BILL IS PASSED BY SENATE

SIMILAR MEASURE HAD ALREADY BEEN PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

GOES TO CONFERENCE NOW

Prohibition and Press Censorship Sections Left Out by Senate.—Has Been a Long Bitter Fight.

Washington.—After nearly three weeks of debate, the senate, by a vote of 77 to 6, passed the administration espionage bill, pronounced one of the most drastic and all-inclusive measures in American congressional history.

A similar bill has passed the House and virtual redrafting of many of the most important provisions is expected in the forthcoming conference.

During the day's final consideration, the Senate stripped the measure of provisions for newspaper censorship and restriction upon manufacture of grain into intoxicating liquors, and rejected an amendment designed to curb speculation in food products, although sentiment obviously was overwhelming in favor of such legislation later.

As completed, the Senate bill's principal selections provide:

Authority for the president to embargo exports when he finds that "the public safety and welfare so require (not in the House measure);

Mail Censorship.

Authority for the postoffice department to censor mails and exclude mail matter deemed seditious, anarchistic or treasonable, and making its mailing punishable under heavy penalties (not in the House bill);

For punishment of espionage, defined in most detailed terms, including wrongful use of military information;

For the control of merchant vessels in American waters;

Punishment for conveyance of false reports to interfere with military operations, willful attempts to cause disaffection in the military or naval forces or obstructions of recruiting.

For the seizure of arms and munitions and prohibition of their exportation under certain conditions;

For penalizing conspiracies designed to harm American foreign delegations or for destruction of property within the United States;

For increased restrictions upon issuance of passports with penalties for their forgery or false procurement; and

For material extension of the power to issue search warrants for inspection of premises.

Export Embargo.

The clause giving the president power to embargo exports was retained in the bill virtually as drafted by administration officials.

It was modified once, but the unqualified provision was restored after its necessity had been explained last week in a day's session behind closed doors.

Vigorous efforts to retain provisions for the newspaper censorship and partial prohibition together with foodstuff conservation, during the war, culminated in final votes in which the Senate voted 48 to 34 to eliminate all provisions for press censorship. On behalf of the administration forces Senator Overman, in charge of the bill, had moved to reinstate a modified censorship clause. As the House bill contains a provision for determination by the jury of culpability for violation of censorship regulations to be promulgated by the President, the administration is expected to bring strong pressure for drafting in conference of a compromise censorship section.

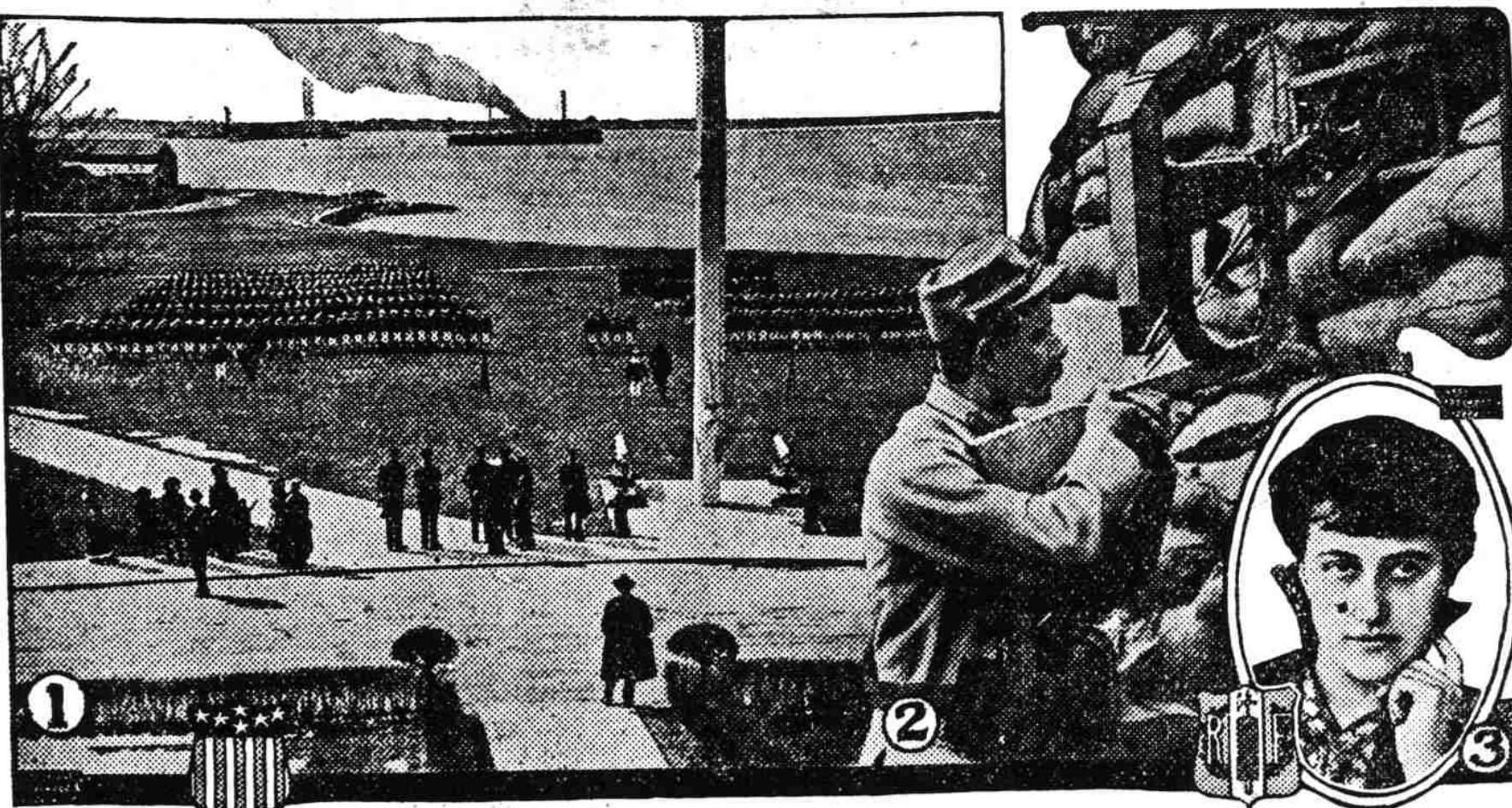
On the question of prohibition and foodstuff conservation, the Senate, by a vote of 46 to 37, reversed its action of Saturday in accepting Senator Cummins' amendment providing that, during the war, manufacture of cereals, grain, sugar and syrup into intoxicating liquors should be prohibited. By this vote it struck out the Cummins amendment offered as a food conservation step, but attacked as really a prohibition move.

ORDERS ARE ISSUED TO EXPAND REGULAR ARMY

Washington.—Orders to bring the regular army to its full war strength of 293,000 men were announced by the war department. Organization of 44 new regiments have begun with further efforts to stimulate recruiting and bring in the 116,455 men needed. Since April 1, 67,443 men have been accepted, and officials are confident that the full number will have been enrolled as wartime volunteers, before June 15.

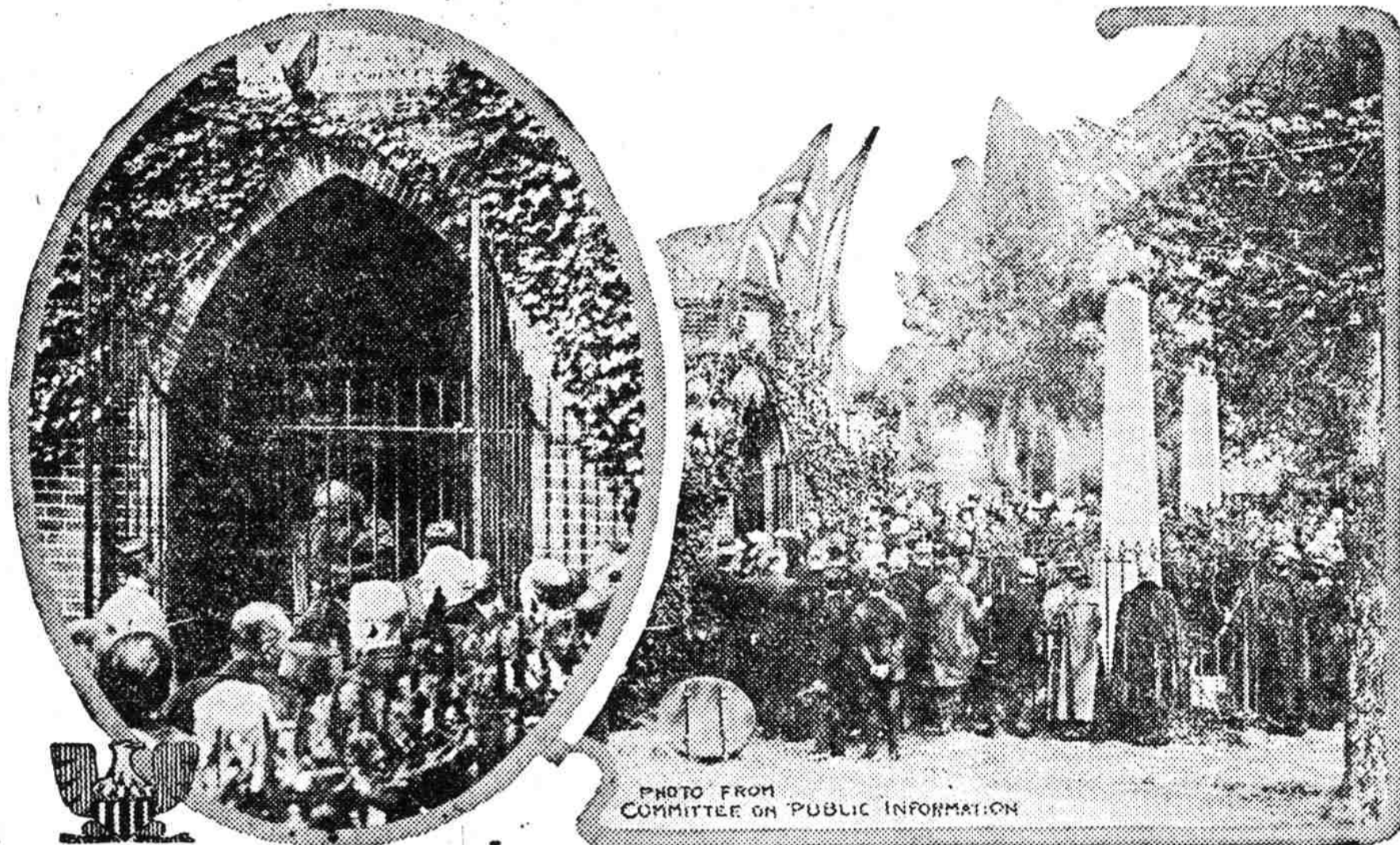
Expansion of the army will be accomplished by converting each existing battalion into a full regiment.

In the Southeastern Department the 51st, 52d, 53rd, 54th, 55th and 56th infantry will be raised at Chickamauga Park, Ga. The 17th infantry, now divided between Forts McPherson and Oglethorpe, Ga., will be one of the three to be expanded to form these new regiments. Guard duty at the Georgia war prison camps will be taken over by companies of war prison barrack guards now being formed. The 22nd and 23rd cavalry also will be raised at Chickamauga.



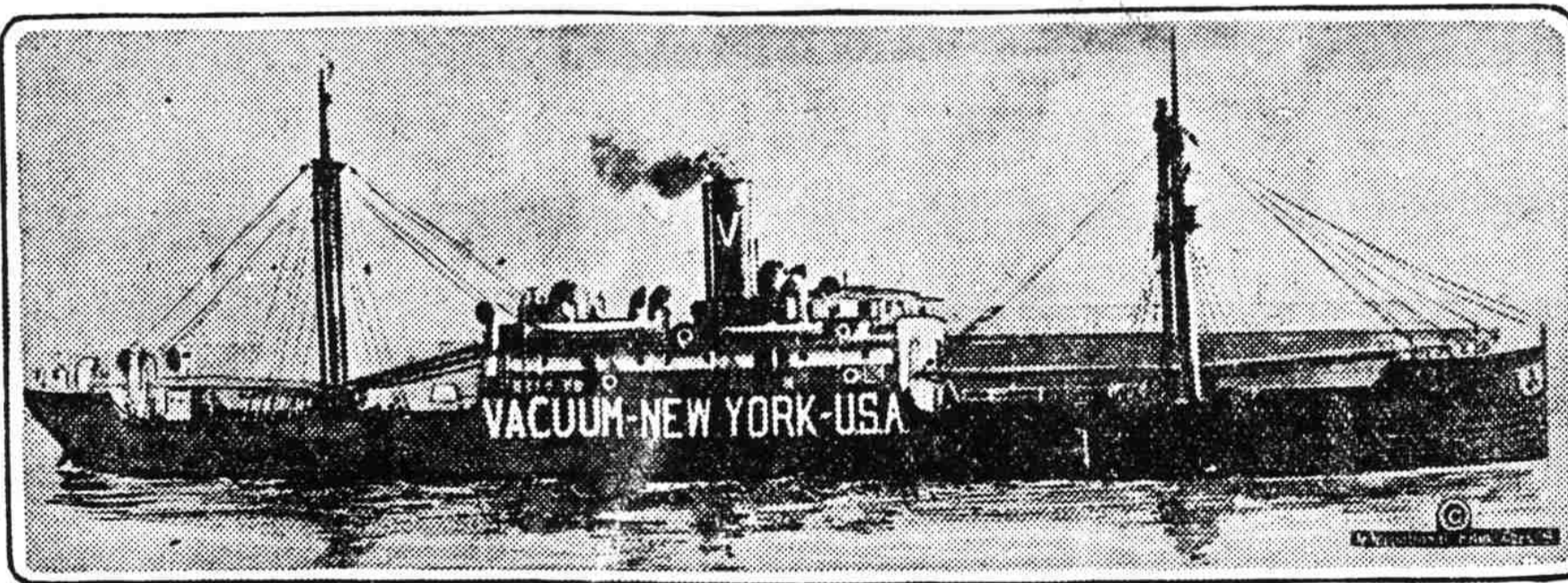
1. Naval recruits at the training station at Newport, R. I., lined up for inspection. 2. Periscope rifle now being used with great success by the French. 3. Mlle. Jeanne Tardy, the new attache of the French undersecretary of finance, the first woman to be so employed in France.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO WASHINGTON'S MEMORY



The British and French war commissioners, together with cabinet members and army and navy officers, visited the tomb of Washington at Mt. Vernon and paid tribute to the memory of the first president. The illustration shows the tomb decorated and surrounded by the crowd, and, at the left, Marshal Joffre within the gate saluting Washington's bier.

AMERICAN VESSEL SUNK BY GERMAN SUBMARINE



The American oil tank steamer Vacuum which was sunk by a German submarine while on her way to the United States. Part of the crew, a naval lieutenant and four gunners were lost.

HERO OF AN AIR BATTLE



Maj. L. W. B. Rees of the Royal Flying corps is the hero of the British party in Washington. Single-handed he fought ten German planes, bringing down seven of them and driving the rest away. His achievement was witnessed by his comrades, who reported the occurrence. He received the Victoria cross two months ago. He still limps from a wound in the knee sustained in the encounter.

FOR THE REJECTED VOLUNTEER

UNITED STATES NAVY RECRUITING STATION
34 EAST 23rd STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y.
OFFICES 402 AND 403 (ATL.)
TELEPHONE GRANVY 1259

J. J. Dowling

Dear Sir:—

I am sorry that the rigid physical requirements make it impossible for you to serve your country in the Navy in time of war. There is good reason for such rigid requirements, so you should not worry about not passing.

I feel that since you have been patriotic enough to volunteer, you should have something to show for it, so that no one will have the right to call you a "Slacker." Therefore, with this letter is a button for your coat. Wear it. It is an honor to have the right to.

If, as a result of wearing this button, and showing this letter, you influence some other man to come forward, you may, in that way, help your country, possibly as much as if you had actually "done your bit" in the Navy.

Now, just a word of caution. It would be highly dishonorable for you to permit any one else to wear this button. It would give him a chance to pretend to do what you have actually done. If you do not care to wear it, and treasure it, put it in an envelope and mail it to any Navy Recruiting Officer. But the right thing to do is to wear it and be proud of it. And if any one ever questions your patriotism, show him this letter. It shows that you have honestly tried to do your duty by your country.

Respectfully,
J. H. Taylor
U.S. Navy,
Recruiting Officer.

In order that those who volunteer for enlistment and are rejected may not be subjected to the charge of being "slackers," the recruiting service is giving them letters and buttons like those illustrated.

Empty Vessels, Etc.
Some men make a lot of noise during an altercation in the belief that they are putting up a sound argument.

The Difference.
A man will stand by the hour to watch the passing throng; a woman will sit by the window.

OLD NORTH STATE NEWS

Brief Notes Covering Happenings in This State That Are of Interest to All the People.

A cyclone swept a path 200 feet wide through Sampson county last week, playing many freakish tricks as it went, but occasioning no loss of human life.

An appropriation of \$8,100 to begin the establishment of a National military park at the battlefield of Guilford Courthouse, N. C., was recommended to Congress by the War Department.

Mrs. Shipman, wife of Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman, was called to Brevard last week on account of the death of her father, Mr. W. K. Osborne.

George Stevens, of Charlotte, protested to Representative Webb against the program to send interned Germans to Kanuga Lake near Hendersonville to work on farms.

Raleigh was selected as the next convention city for the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs, and Mrs. Clarence Johnson, of that city, was chosen as 1917-18 president of the organization.

Reports from Washington which have reached the newspapermen of North Carolina with regard to the proposed increase in postal rates on newspapers as a war tax are such as to give great concern to them.

At least three motor ambulances, and probably more, will be sent to the American Ambulance Corps in France from western North Carolina, and this section will be well represented if the states decides to send a full unit of seven machines to France.

Representatives of the United States Labor Department, who arrived in Hendersonville, N. C., said that if there is any legal difficulty about the delivery of Lake Kanuga property to the Government for the German internment camp, the camp will be located on Davidson River in the Pisgah National Forest.

Both Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and Secretary of the Navy Daniels will speak at the commencement of the University of North Carolina, Wednesday, June 6th, according to an announcement made by President Edward K. Graham of the University. It is planned to make the occasion a great patriotic celebration and an expression of loyalty to the government.

That the European war will last for years and that millions of men must be sent overseas by the United States before the Prussian military power is crushed was a prediction made by Col. J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of North Carolina, in what was said to be one of the most powerful Memorial Day orations ever delivered at Fayetteville.

The following named North Carolina newspaper men went to Washington last week to protest against the sections of revenue bill introduced: Wade H. Harris of Charlotte, W. W. Weaver of Durham, Clarence H. Poe, E. E. Britton, president of the North Carolina Press Association, and John Park of Raleigh, W. E. Lawson of Wilmington, and H. R. Dwire of Winston-Salem.

W. A. Erwin, head of the Erwin Cotton Mill Company at Durham, announced that a 10 per cent increase in salaries will be given 4,000 employees of the company at two mills in West Durham, East Durham, Coolemeec and Duke, N. C. The increase is the second for 10 per cent within six months. Last Christmas a 10 per cent bonus was given the 4,000 employees.

Representatives of the 240 subordinate lodges of Odd Fellows will assemble at High Point, Tuesday, May 15-17, for their annual session. This will be the first session ever held in High Point, and Committee on Arrangements, with Mr. J. R. Young as chairman, are planning to give the visiting Odd Fellows a royal welcome to "The Grand Rapids of the South," as High Point is called in the manufacturing world.

Lloyd K. Enloe, a fireman on the Murphy division of the Southern, was killed, and three other trainmen were injured, when two freight engines were derailed near Junaluska by a bull, one engine turning over. Enloe was caught in his cab and was crushed so that he died a few minutes after being removed. He was in the second engine of a double-header, and his cousin, A. E. Enloe, who was engineer, was uninjured save for a few bruises. Engineer C. Burke and Fireman O. H. Bradshaw on the first engine also were slightly injured.

The Durham County Board of Health in the composition of its budget for the ensuing year has made provision for a trained bacteriologist. A woman graduate of the Agricultural College of Oklahoma has been commissioned to conduct this department, and Meat and Milk Inspector J. H. Epperson will utilize the major portion of his time in the field.

All the bridges between Charlotte and Rutherfordton that were washed away during the flood last July have been replaced.

A Valuable Aid To HEALTH



HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

It is excellent in cases of stomach or bowel ailments

FARMERS AND SHIPPERS NOTICE
Ship your vegetables to us, get highest market prices. Write for details. We also handle eggs. FRED YOST & CO., Wholesale Commission Merchants, 190 Reade Street, New York

Serious Omission.
At a camp meeting where hats were used as collection baskets, the preacher said: "Let us sing while the hats are coming in."

The pianist, after some fumbling with the pages, turned to him and said: "I can't find it."

"Beg pardon," said the preacher, not understanding.

"Why," replied the pianist. "I can't find that song, 'While the Hats Are Coming In,' in my book."—Christian Herald.

HEAL BABY RASHES

That Itch, Burn and Torture With Cuticura—Trial Free.

A hot Cuticura Soap bath is soothing to irritated skins when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. Use Cuticura for every-day toilet preparations to prevent such troubles. After this treatment baby sleeps mother rests and healment follows.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Dogs and the Dye-Pot.

The Chinese sleeve-dogs, called Pekinese, are so fashionable nowadays and fetch such high prices that breeders of them are making a lot of money in the business. Also dealers.

Unfortunately the dealers are not always honest, and it is just as well to avoid buying such dogs from street vendors and other nonresponsible persons. The animals may not be exactly what they seem.

The color specially desired for a Pekinese is a delicate shade of brown. Dogs of this kind are of various hues; but an unscrupulous dealer finds no serious difficulty in making them brown, to match any shade. He simply dips doggy into a pail of hydrogen peroxide a few times until his coat is well bleached and then dyes him, by like means, to the fashionable tint.

Looking Backward.

"Mrs. Gadder speaks of a spread that cost a thousand dollars or more as a 'little dinner.'"

"Yes, and did you ever notice the far-away look in Mr. Gadder's eyes sometimes when she makes a statement like that?"

"No. What do you suppose it indicates?"

"I guess he's thinking of the time when he was glad to get a cup of coffee and a dish of beans for his dinner."

Seeking a Divorce.

"On what grounds do you seek a divorce, madam?"

"Incompatibility. I want a divorce, and my husband doesn't."

WHAT!
NO SLEEP LAST NIGHT?

If coffee was the cause change to **POSTUM** and sleep!

"There's a Reason"