RIGA IS EVACUATED BY DEFEND-ERS WHO FLEE EASTWARD IN DISORDER.

PETROGRAD OPEN

Great Fortress and Arsenals May Have Beem Destroyed Before Evacuation. No Indications of Russians Establishing New Line.

Riga, Russia's big port on the Gulf of Riga, is in the hands of the Germans and its garrison and the civilian population are in retreat eastward.

Following up rapidly the advantage they gained in driving the Russians across the Divina river on both sides of Uxkull last Saturday, the Germans threw bridges across this stream and soon were on the heels of the former defenders, some of whom offered resistance, but others of whom showed the white feather, giving the invaders no trouble in marching up the eastern bank of the Divina toward Riga, 15 miles distant. Seeing the disaffection and the inability to stem the tide of the advance, the Russian commander or-

With the falling back of the Russians from the city proper and the advance of the Germans northward along both sides of the stream, the Russians still defending the western bank around Dahmlen seemingly are in danger of being caught between the two fast moving bodies of the enemy and made prisoners.

dered an evacuation.

Behind them the Russians in their retreat from Riga are laying the country in waste, burning villages and farms. Whether the city itself remains intact has not yet been made known but doubtless the gun s in the fortress and the ammunition stores either were moved or destroyed to prevent them from falling into the hands of the Ger-

Aside from the strategic value of controlling the gulf of Riga and of a base nearer the mouth of the Gulf of Finland at the head of which Petrograd is situated for the moment it is impossible to see the importance of the German gain especially with the near approach of winter, when military operations in this northern region are almost impossible. Where the Russians will draw their new line in the north to connect with that below the point of penetration by the Germans also remains to be seen.

On none of the other fronts have there been operations of great moment except in the Austro-Italian theater, where the Italians have made further progress on the Bainsizza pleateau and in the Brestovizza Valley and at various points along the line have repulsed fresh counter-attacks launched by the Austrians. Throughout this entire theater violent artillery duels are in progress from Tolmino to the

Advices to the Italian embassy in Washington are to the effect that along the front of the present offensive the Austrians have lost more than 128,000 men. Reports from Udine, Italy, give the Austrian losses as onethird of the first line army.

The batteries of Field Marshal Haig are still pouring an incessant fire against the German trenches in Flanders ,but as yet the anticipated new dash by his men to capture them has

WORLD CONFLICT WILL END "WHEN WE WIN IT."

In Labor Day Address Secretary Baker Says We Will Win. Newport News, Va.-Before one of

the largest crowds ever assembled here for a labor day celebration, Secretary of War Newton D. Baker declared that the war with Germany will end "when we win it," paid a high tribute to Samuel Gompers, president issued by Fairfax Harrison, chairman of the American Federation of Labor, of the board. and to labor and laboring men generally; urging his hearers to assist in every way possible to win the war, and proclamed Newport News and vicinity "one of the most active centers of war preparation in the coun-

Discussing the war, and after reviewing its cause, he drew a vivid word picture of the horrible slaughter of innocent women and children, and declared that the question is shall rule the world."

in the other the mantle of justice and will wipe out all bitterness, and bring together the great brotherhood of man for which we are now contending."

ASSOCIATED PRESS AROUSED OVER ARIZONIA CENSORSHIP.

Phoenix, Ariz.—Acting upon complaint of Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, Attorney General Wiley E. Jones took up with Thomas A. Flynn, United States censorship exercised by officials of the Phelps Dodge corporation over the Western Union office at Bisbee at the July 1.

GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS AND CHICAGO MAYOR CRITICISE EACH OTHER.

Pacifists Organize in Chicago Under Police Protection While Soldiers Speed to Break Up the Gathering and Disperse the Organizers.

Lowden. Four companies of national itself. guardsmen rushed from the state journed, its purpose accomplished.

Mayor Thompson and Governor Low- raids were also carried out against den came as the result of the action islands in the gulf. What damage, if ferentials for the various grades and of the police in breaking up the paci- any, resulted, is not stated in the classes and for the several terminals. fists' meeting on orders from the gov- Russian official communication. immediately instructed Chief of Po- recently the Germans made advances, lice Schuettler to permit the meeting although Berlin says that northwest tection.

mayor action immediate prepara- ations. tions were made to hold the meeting which had been prevented in Minne of the Russian front has changed sota, North Dakota and Wisconsin materially. and had been forbidden as unpatriotic The Italians are still making gains and disloyal by the government of

Organization Formed.

The delegates gathered shortly after noon at the West Side aditorium in the heart of a cosmopolitain quarter. Patrolmen were on guard inside and outside the building to suppress any disorder. Nearby streets were utterly deserted as the delegates took their places and were called to order by Seymour Stedman, former Socialist candidate for governor of Illinois. as temporary chairman.

In the meantime Governor Lowden had been notified of the defiance of his orders and immediately called Adjutant General Dickson of Illinois into conference. It was found that as most of the Illinois national guardsmen had been federalized the governor had no troops at his disposal in the Chicago district. An effort was made to reach Major General Carter, commander of the central department, to obtain his permission to use federal bill. troops, but he could not be found in

SIXTY-FIVE BALES SET AS MINIMUM CAR LOAD

War Board Will Take Steps to Ease Tremendous Pressure Upon Railways During Fall Months.

New York .- An order prohibiting the shipping of cotton in quantities less than sixty-five bales a car and requiring as many more to be loaded as the size of the car will permit, has been issued by the railroads war board, it was announcewd here. Notice has been sent to buyers of cotton with a request that they place orders on a basis of not less than sixty-five bales or multiples thereof.

The movement of the cotton crop which is scheduled to begin this fall at a time when "a combination of government and commercial business will be bringing tremendous pressure to bear upon the railroads" was given as the reason for the order in a statement

"In the southwest and Mississippi delta districts the average car will load 65 bales." the statement said, "consequently buyers are asked to order in multiples of 65 from the southwest and in multiples of 75 from the southeast districts.

WANT 22,000,000 CHILDREN FOR JUNIOR RED CROSS

Washington.-Launching of a Junior Red Cross membership in which will "whether authorracy or democracy be open to all school children of the United States, was announced by the In closing Mr. Baker said that the American Red Cross. It is hoped to ascountry has a firm determination to semble 22,000,000 children into a body flight until victory is won,, so that "in | that materially will assist in the work one hand we will hold victors, and of the main organization. The movement was planned by Dr. H. N. Mc-Cracken, president of Vassar, with the co-operation of many educational

ELEVEN OF EVERY 1000 SOLDIERS AT FRONT DIE

authorities.

Washington.—About eleven soldiers are killed in action or die of wounds in each 1,000 of mobilized strength on the western European front according to figures compiled by the committee district attorney, the mater of the on public information, based on the report that during the Marne and Charleroi battles casualties were 5.41 estimates of military erperts in this time of the deportation of Industrial per cent of the mobilized strength and Workers of the World from that place | country that fatalities have never exceeded twenty per cent of casualties.

CAPTURE CHICAGO OFFICIALS LAND AND SEA DRIVE PRICE OF WHEAT IS PRESIDENT REJECTS PORT CLASH OVER ORDERS ON RIGA IS PLANNED FIXED AT \$2.20 BU. POPE'S PEACE IDEA

NAVAL ACTIVITY NEAR GREAT SLAV PORT INDICATES DUAL ICA AND ALLIES.

RUSSIAN SHIPS ARE BOMBED FARMERS EXPECTED TO OBJECT

Have Taken the Offensive and Are Jarrying Out Raiding Operations .-Italians Renew Offensive.

OFFENSIVE.

Having failed in all their direct Chicago.-After being driven from attacks by land to break the Russian three states, the People's Council of front and capture Riga, Russia's prin-America for Democracy and the cipal naval base and arsenal on the Term of Peace perfected a formal or- Baltic, the possibility that the Gerganization at a public meeting in mans are now preparing for an offensive by land and sea is forecast The session was held under protect in the maneuvers of their topedoboat tion of the police, acting on orders destroyers, submarine and mine-sweepfrom Mayor William Hale Thompson, ing trawlers in adjacent waters and announcement was made from the which were in defiance of Governor in aerial attacks in the gulf of Rigs White House.

Forty airplanes of the enemy have these missiles were loosed upon Rus- unanimously. The clash in authority between sian warships and harbor works and

ernor. When the mayor, who was at Neither Russian nor Berlin war of his summer home at Lake Forest, fices has announced the recommenceheard of it he declared that the gov- ment of infantry activity in the ernor had exceeded his authority and marshy district west of Riga, where and to give the delegates every pro- of Dvinsk, in the region of Illukst, the Russians have taken the offensive When the pacifists heard of the and are carrying out raiding oper-

The situation on the other sectors

on the Bainsizza plateau north of offensive to the south on the Carso wn. plateau. More than 600 additional guns have been captured in the Bainsizza region. South of this region, on the dominating peak of Monte Sangadiele, more ground has been taken.

SECOND LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE IS ANNOUNCED.

Great Campaign to Begin October 1 .-Details Depend on Congress. Washington.-The opening of the next liberty campaign has been set tentatively by the treasury depart-

ment for October 1. Subscription books will close November 1 unless the program is altered. The amount, the interest rate, the denominations of the bonds and other details will be announced after

Indications are that the next offering will approximate \$3,000,000,000. Whether it will be advertised by the government through paid newspaper space is under consideration, but Secretary McAdoo said the cost of such an undertaking would exceed the appropriation now available for the purpose. He added that there could be no action until more light had been received as to the cost of effective advertising campaign and until Congress had decided what amount will be allowed for advertising for future is-

Under the war revenue bill, passed last April, \$7,000,000 was made available for expenses of floating \$5.000. 000,000 in bonds and \$2,000,000,000 in short time certificates of indebtedness. It is reported that about halfalready has been disbursed in connection with the flotation of the \$2.-000.000,000 liberty bonds first offered lilies the gap with loyal men. and the certificates of indebtedness put out in advance of the loan.

DEPOSED EMPEROR OF ABYSSINIA IS CAPTURED.

London.-Lidj Jeassu, the deposed emperor of Abyssinia, who escaped from Magdala, has been captured. according to a dispatch to The Daily Mail from Jibuti, French Somaili-

COTTON PRODUCTION ESTIMATES INCREASE.

prospects improved to the extent of subjected to many indignities, prison-450,000 bales during August and re of war in Germany are being com-brought the estimate of final out turn, each to work in trenches and fields to 12,499,000 equivalent 500 pound the tree from the armies of their bales. That quantity was forecast by countries. Reports made by Rusthe department of agriculture on the size soldiers who have escaped from condition of the crop August 25, which Gamany and which have been transshowed decline of 2.5 points compar- ed to the state department, say ed with a ten year average of 6.6 propers of all nationalities are being points decline. Acre yield was forecasted at 174.6 pounds.

The cotton crop forecast' compares with 11,949,000 bales as estimated MANY EMPTY FREIGHT from the condition of the crop July 25 and 11,633,000 bales as estimated from the condition on June 25. Last York,-More than 7,000 addiyear's crop was 11.449,930 bales, two 11 empty freight cars have been years ago 11,191,820, three years ago red into the south and southwest 16,134,930 and four years ago 14. 156,486.

Condition by states follow: Virginia, 76; North Carolina, 69; ida, 65; Alabama 65; Mississippi, 75: Louisiana, 75; Texas, 55; Arkansas, 79: Tennessee, 80; Oklahoma, 84;

California 90; Arizona, 89.

APPLIES TO PURCHASES MADE BY GOVERNMENT FOR AMER-

In the North of Dvinsk the Russians Food Administration Expects Compromire Price of \$2.20 to Control and

Stabilize Markets, Lowering the Cost of Living.

northern spring wheat was fixed at \$2.20 a bushel at Chicago for the 1917 crow by the wheat fair price committee headed by H. A. Garfield, whose findings reached after three days' deliberation, were submitted to and approjed by President Wilson. The

Labor representatives on the committee voted first for \$1.84 and the capital on a special train to prevent winged their flight over the waters of farmers \$2.50. After long discussions the meeting arrived after it had ad- the gulf dropping bombs. Ninety of the compromise at \$2.20 was approved

On the base of \$2.20 at Chicago the ideals. food administration worked out dif-The price fixed is twenty cents highor than that named for the 1918 crop y wongress in the food control bill. The \$2 price set by congress was taken into consideration by the commitbegin considering a rair valuation or his year's crop.

In a statement accompanying the Vilson declares it is the hope of the to administration, and his own as el, that the fixing of a price will Athin moderate bounds for all trans- of Germany. ions during the current year.

The price of flour and bread; too,

The committee in its report to the masters. Austrian prisoners and five machine resident, gave as the three chief insiderations that entered into its Etberations the following:

The fact that the United States is as war, the need of encouraging the p ducer, and the necessity of reducthe cost of living to the consumer. members agreed in their discusfourteen-ounce loaf of bread for fall on fertile soil. cents, allowing a fair profit both he flour manufacturer and the

he price differentials worked out the food administration are:

3. 1 dark hard winter, \$2.24; hard cause no surprise. we ter basic, \$2.20; red winter basic, \$2 0; yellow hard winter, \$2.16; soft spi ng, \$2.24; red spring, \$2.18; humpre walla, \$2.13; hard white basic, control the central powers. \$2 10; soft white, \$2.18; white club,

DD AND IRON RULE IN RUSSIA SEEMS STARTED.

😸 Slav Regiments Throw Down Arms and Quit.

Thile the Russians west of Fokini again have deserted their posts. reby permitting the Teutonic al-to make further gains in the re-o of Ocna and Kezdi-Vavarhely are giving battle to the invaders no on both sectors have repulsed ing attacks.

etween Ireshti and Fokshani me ority of the men comprising the Rusian regiments deserted their treiches and fled, but the Russian commanders have taken steps to restore the former status of the line by

Following the reports of fresh disaffation among the Russians on the Bukawina front, which came etrograde movement in southern halavia, Premier Kerensky in a sech at the closing session of the now conference let it be known 1 that order was to be brought of chaos by the putting to death ie cowards who threw down their

ORRIBLE TREATMENT IS GIVEN FRISONERS OF WAR.

in the face of the enemy.

Washington. - Cotton production and Tashington.-Starved, beaten and usel on work just behind the lines and wisin range of the guns.

CARS ORDERED SOUTHWARD.

it in the last ten days to protect ements of grain and food products to facilitate lumber transportafor cantonments and shipyards, it South Carolina, 74; Georgia, 68; Flor. ennounced here by Fairfax Hara, chairman of the railroads war Nearly 2,500 of these cars been placed in grain producing 12 4,537 into lumber states.

WILSON'S REJECTION CONSIDER-ED AS HIGH-WATER MARK OF WAR.

CLIMAX OF A SERIES OF NOTES

Feature of President's Communication is Determination Not to Discuss Peace So Long as Forces of Autocracy Control Central Powers.

Washington. - President Wilson's Washington.-The price of No. 1 rejection of the Pope's peace proposals is regarded here as the high water mark of the war.

Furthermore, it is indicative of the virtual selection of the President by the allies as their spokesman before help win the war. A campaign of edthe world.

The note comes as a climax to the in which President Wilson has argued the cause of world democracy against autocracy in the high court and more by the people of all the

There appears to be no doubt that the United States was selected to make answer before the world, in advance of all the others. Whether the entente nations will send extensive replies is not known here. It is regarded as probable that they will in prices for all good apples at home. large measue adopt the President's reasoning for their own and send notes of endorsement.

announcement of the price, President dent's reply had been anticipated ev. This year the whole apple industry is erywhere, but there was no inkling co-operating to remove this market of the forceful terms he would employ to say that the world can have apple year such as this one is going to pabilize the market and keep prices no faith in the autocratic government be. Growers have never been able to

Gorizia and also have renewed their president declares, will be kept a fresh appeal to the war-ridden Ger consumption. This year the situation

Although this appeal probably will s that the price fixed will permit of Germany, the hope is that it will

That the President's response to the care. Pope's overtures would be a courteous but firm declination had been generally believed, so that in this respect at least his communication will

The feature that is certain to fix public attention is the cold determinawinter, \$2.18; dark northern tion not even to permit the subject of peace negotiations to be broached Congress disposes of the pending bond ba 3, \$2.10; amber durum, \$2.24; du- so long as the evil and dominating picked carefully at the time of mabasic, \$2.20; red durum, \$2.13; forces of autocracy and militarism

GERMANY PROPOSES TO PAY INDEMNITY TO ARGENTINE

In Order to Maintain Friendly Relations Will Pay for Sinking Trade Ships.

Buenos Aires.—Germany's reply to Argentina's note embodying demands in connection with the submarine campaign as affecting Argentine shipping has been received. In official circles it was stated that the reply was satis-

According to the newspaper LaRazon the German note meets all the demands of Argentina.

The newspaper says that "Germany in order to maintain friendly relations with Argentina is willing to modify her blockade of enemy coasts, allowing freedom of the seas to vessels under the Argentine flag carrying food."

The note also promises the payment of an indemnity for the sinking of the Argentine steamer Toro by a German submarine. Both the foreign minister and presi-

dent were outspoken in their indignation that an intimation of the contents of the note was given to an afternoon newspaper and Count con Luxburg. the German minister, before it was made public by the Argentine govern-

GIVES PRIVATES CHANCE TO ATTAIN RANK IN ARMY.

Washington.-Enlisted men of the national army, national guard and regular army wil lbe given every opportunity to fit thehmselves for commissions. This is in line with the fixed policy of the government to take no more officers or officer candidates from civil life after the second series of officers' training camps, now in progress, has been completed. Thereafter all additional officers needed will be found in the ranks.

Inquiring Into Camp Riot. Houston, Texas.—The municipal board of inquiry which is taking testimony regarding the disturbance when 100 negroes of the Twentyfourth infantry shot up the West End district of the city, heard witnesses ed oratory while matters of trementell of conditions in the camp of dous importance wait?" "Of tremennegro troops. The testimony largely dous importance?" naively answered was that negro women visited the Senator Slush. "Why, what can possicamp in numbers after nightfall, that bly be of more importance than my empty liquor bottles were plentiful in speech?"-Kansas City Star. the grass and weeds about the camp and that negro soldiers violated the "Jim Crow" law on the cars at will.

USE ALL APPLES YOU CAN TO SAVE **FOOD FOR ALLIES**

Americans Should Eat Fruit and Vegetables So Meat and Wheat May Be Sent Overseas.

Our allies in war against the kaiser are very much in need of meat and wheat. If they are to pull through the fall and winter successfully, we must send them all of these staples we can. It will be necessary for Americans at home to eat more perishable food articles-like fruit and vegetables that cannot well be sent abroad.

For this reason Uncle Sam's food administration is taking the keenest interest in this year's apple crop. The government wants us to eat more apples than ever before so that the wheat and meat supplies may go to ucation along this line is soon to start.

This year's apple crop calls for inremarkable series of state documents telligent handling. The latest government reports indicate a crop of about 190,000,000 bushels. That is a little below normal. Good prices are assured of public opinion, and accepted more for all honestly packed, first quality apples, and also for honestly packed, allied countries as expressing their selected second grades, which government experts say can be put into storage. When the crop is big it does not pay to store second grades, but this year, despite the fact that we cannot ship our usual 2,000,000 barrels of apples abroad, because shipping space is precious, we should be able to get fair

Careless packing of poor quality fruit has always been one of the chief causes of market instability and un-The general tenor of the Presi satisfactory prices to the growers. handicap. There has never been an

get together and engage and finance Students of diplomacy see in his a national educational campaign denunciation of the military autocracy among consumers to increase apple man people to throw off their military makes it necessary for the United States government, through the food administration, to conduct a consumnot be permitted to become known in er's campaign of publicity on behalf of Germany until the autocracy has at the apple. This campaign will begin tempted to mold the temper of the while the crop is being sent to market; people for its reception by a denuncia- and will probably continue until the tion through a government controlled | last apple is eaten up late next spring. press of what has been characterized | So the grower has three great incenas interference in the internal affairs | tives for grading, packing and storing this crop with especial care.

1. It is a good crop and calls for

2. The government will encourage apple eating and apple storage and will discourage speculation that raises the price abnormally,

3. We must eat up at home more than two million barrels of apples, which would ordinarily be exported.

To get the best of the crop to the market in prime condition it must be turity and promptly cooled in temporary storage, and then skillfully graded and packed. Second-grade fruit should not go into barrels or boxes. If it cannot be marketed in bulk in near-by, consuming centers, then it should be worked up into byproducts along with the culls.

There has been a gratifying improvement in apple marketing the past two or three years. Western apples are boxed to strictly honest standards, by the great co-operative growers' organizations in Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho and Colorado. The eastern barrel apple has also been wonderfully improved in New York and other states. Because apples are honestly packed and give the best possible value for the money, there is an increase in the consumer demand. Retail merchants who were formerly almost afraid to buy apples in barrels, because they were not sure of getting marketable values for their money, are now buying freely and in confidence. This good work makes it possible for the government to go further and encourage the use of apples as a war-time food measure.

Because the bulk of the crop will be picked by volunteer workers this year, and put into common storage until the grower can find time to grade and pack, there will be an opportunity to give closer personal attention to the grading and packing than might be the case if the crop were handled as in peace times. For the grower who desires instructions in apple packing, the department of agriculture at Washington has information in bulletin form. These bulletins can' be secured free by writing to the department. Growers will do well to obtain a few copies for their pickers and packers.

The Familiar Face. "I suppose prohibition made a great

difference in Crimson Gulch." "Not as much as you'd think," replied Broncho Bob. "The man who

used to be boss bartender has gotten a job as teller in the bank and is takin' in all the money, just the same." Delays in Congress.

"How will you explain to your constituents," we chidingly asked, "your action in delaying the business of this great nation by indulging in long-wind-

Avoid the Hypocrite. "A bad man is worse when he pretends to be a saint."-Bacon.