

The Wilson Advance

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
Entered in the Post Office at Wilson, N. C., as second class mail matter.
"For the cause that lacks assistance, For the wrong that needs resistance, For the future in the distance, And the good that we can do."

THURSDAY, Nov. 17th, 1892.

North Carolina sends a solid Democratic delegation to Congress. There will be a contest in the Fifth District, but the indications are that Hon. A. H. A. Williams will win.

S. Otho Wilson (G) will be indicted, if for nothing else, to prove that all the Gideonites who have declared that it does not exist, have been telling what is untrue.

DEATH OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE.

The State has lost one of its most illustrious sons in the death of Hon. Augustus S. Merrimon, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina. He has served the State long and well as Solicitor, Legislator, Senator and Judge, and in each capacity has shown ability of the highest order. His death is nothing less than a public calamity, and the man who shall receive his mantle must needs be, not only learned in the law, but upright and just, to wear it worthily.

A VISITOR FOR 57 YEARS.

The publisher, Mr. James H. Ennis, of Raleigh, has sent THE ADVANCE a copy of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1893. This is one of the oldest publications in the South, this being the fifty-seventh year of its publication. It is a recognized standard almanac of the State, and is of great value to the people of the State. The edition for 1893 is better than ever, beautifully printed and has much needed information for lawyer, merchant, farmer, and in fact everybody. As the years come and go this old landmark of State literature never fails to improve on former issues.

A GOOD RESULT OF THE ELECTION.

One of the best results of the Democratic victory will be the admission of three States—New Mexico, Arizona and Utah, all of which are Democratic. When the Republicans admitted four new Republican states two years ago, the Democrats sought to have these states admitted but because they were Democratic they were denied admission though containing a larger population than all of the new states admitted except one. The Democrats, now that they have the power, will right that wrong and equalize things by admitting these three Democratic territories. This will give the Democrats six new Senators and give them an addition of at least nine in the electoral college. If the Republicans had acted fairly, and admitted Democratic and Republican territories alike, the United States Senate would now contain a large Democratic majority instead of being uncomfortably close. The admission of these three territories will at once take away the great influence of the People's party senators, who nearly, if not quite, hold the balance of power, and give the Democratic party a good working majority there as well as in the House.

A NEW MARKET FOR COTTON.

"The completion of the Nicaragua Canal would open new markets for our Southern cotton. It is impossible to estimate the extent of the demand which would come from China and Japan. The cotton spinning industry in Japan had a period of extraordinary activity during the first half of the current year. The mills in that period produced 41,000,000 pounds of yarn against 44,000,000 during the whole of 1891, and 42,000,000 during the whole of 1890. The thirty-five spinning mills worked on an average 182½ days during the six months. The number of hands employed was 41,430, of whom 16,010 were women. "In spite of the large production, the demand was greater than the supply, and at the end of the half year the stocks of yarn were very small, while the mills were engaged in doing work ordered from three to six months beforehand. The total production of the year is expected to reach a hundred million pounds. "From a statement of the dividends paid by the principal mills as compared with those paid for the previous half year, it seems that of the ten largest mills only two paid dividends under 10 per cent, for the six months, while others paid 25, 20, 19, 18, 15, 12, and 10 per cent. In the previous half year the highest dividend was 13, while in only two mills was it over 10. The explanation of this sudden prosperity is said to be a succession of good rice crops, accompanied by high prices for grain, and a great improvement in silk culture and the price in foreign countries for Japanese silk."—Mobile Register.

Mens' nice Cutaway suits 7.50 at Young's.

Nice Bedsteads 1.25 at Young's.

SECTIONALISM DETHRONED.

The most significant action of the voters on Nov. 8th was the election of Gen. Harris as Congressman-at-large in the State of Kansas. This is the hopeful sign of a better political future in this country than we have seen. Until recently no man who had served in the Confederate army was eligible to office in Kansas, and every indignity possible was heaped upon ex-Confederates in that rock-bound Republican State. They were almost outlawed, and nowhere did a man who served under Lee feel so much that his service was a barrier to all promotion. But there has come about a change and "Bleeding Kansas" has elected an ex-Confederate soldier to Congress. This means that sectionalism has lost its sway even in Kansas.

ARE ELECTIONS TOO FREQUENT?

When the fathers established the republic, they were so jealous of their liberties that frequent elections were regarded as essential to the preservation of their liberties. The Hamiltonian school did not believe in frequent elections, but the will of the people was so overwhelmingly in favor of compelling public men to give frequent accounts of their public actions that they were compelled to give up their opposition. The history of our country justifies the wisdom of our fathers in insisting upon frequent elections; and in dismissing any proposition to change the rule of an hundred years, it must not be forgotten that it is better to stick to a good old rule than to make a change when there are no weighty reasons for so doing. Some thoughtful men believe that it would be wise to elect all officers from the highest to the lowest for a four year's term, and some believe that when so elected they ought not to be eligible for re-election. But it is certain that there is more danger in changing our present plan, which has worked well, than in making elections so infrequent that the people will feel that they have not it in their power to rebuke and turn out speedily any official who does not faithfully perform his duty. All power resides in the people. It is better to have elections frequent than to make any change that might make public officials less dependent upon the popular will.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

Mr. Cleveland has an overwhelming majority of the popular vote and a large majority in the Electoral College. The vote of the electors will stand:

FOR CLEVELAND.

The Solid South,	159
New York,	36
Illinois,	24
Indiana,	15
Wisconsin,	12
New Jersey,	12
Connecticut,	6
Total,	262

FOR HARRISON.

Iowa,	13
Maine,	6
Massachusetts,	15
Michigan,	18
Minnesota,	9
New Hampshire,	4
Oregon,	3
Pennsylvania,	32
Rhode Island,	4
Vermont,	4
Washington,	4
Total,	102

FOR WEAVER.

Colorado,	4
Idaho,	4
Kansas,	10
Montana,	8
Nebraska,	8
Nevada,	3
Oregon,	3
South Dakota,	4
North Dakota,	4
Wyoming,	3
Total,	42

IN DOUBT.

California,	9
Ohio,	23
Total,	32

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OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Causes of the Tidal Wave—Size of the Victory—Cabinet—Political Situation—Responsibility—A Heavy Responsibility After March 4th—Conditions Reversed.

(SPECIAL COR. THE ADVANCE.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11, '92.

The causes of the mighty tidal wave which has just swept over the country are not hard to find. First, the great mass of the people had faith in the honesty and ability of Grover Cleveland. Then the McKinley bill and the threatened Force bill came in for their share of condemnation. Finally, just before the case went to the jury, the Federal authorities dared to license supervisors of elections, intending, if possible, to intimidate the people and thwart their will. I hope "our friends, the enemy," are stupid enough to keep up that sort of tactics until experience teaches them that American manhood is stronger than blind adherence to a party, even if the party is the G. O. P.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
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