The Wilson Advance.

$1 A YEAR, CASH IN ADVANCE. "LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIM'ST AT, BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S, AND TRUTH'S." BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

VOLUME XXV. WILSON, N. C., MARCH 7, 1895. NUMBER 10.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

The Old Friend

And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.

It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomel It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Bowels and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

EVERY PACKAGE
Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WOULD CALL YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION TO A LINE OF

Black Satines

JUST RECEIVED AT—

THE CASH RACKET STORES

J. M. LEATH, MANAGER

NASH and TARBORO St's.

A pair in a hammock
Attempted to kiss,
But in less than a jiffy
Each felt dedeal ryeht

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pnuemonie succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in its results." Trial bottles free at Hargrave's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.

A Clever Family.

"What is Joan doing?"
"He's an engineer."
"And Pedro?"
"A lawyer."
"And Carlos?"
"He's a doctor."
"And the old man?"
"The old chap has to work to keep the lot from starving."—Ex.

The Best for the Family.

Macon, Ga.—"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine. I have used it in indigestion and billiousness, and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if on going to bed I take a dose of it, I never feel any bad effects of the supper."—Ovid G. Sparks, Ex-Mayor.

Your druggist sells it in powder or liquid; the powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

An Energetic Woman.

Husband (breathlessly)—I am to start on a trip in two hours, and you can go with me if you can get ready.

The Galveston, Texas, bagging factory has been put in operation again with about 100 operatives. The plant has commenced work on a cargo of jute from India.

The Mammoth Spring, Ark., cotton mills has secured contract to supply the Arkansas state penitentiary with clothing, in competition with eastern and other mills.

Kaiser Wilhelm has nominated Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria Field Marshal of Germany, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Archduke Albert of Austria.

The Vienna "Frembenblatt" claims information from a trustworthy source that Prince Lobanoff-Rostovski, Russian Ambassador to Austria will be Russian foreign minister to succeed the late M. de Giers.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Central News states that a number of persons, mostly students, have been arrested in Keeff and Odessa on suspicion that they were engaged in revolutionary plots.

Ex-Premier Gilloitti has appeared before the examining magistrate of Rome and denied the competence of an ordinary judge to try him in connection with the documents which had been published by the order of the chamber of deputies.

The war department of France has completed experiments with a new gun which is guaranteed for a thousand rounds. After 3,000 rounds had been fired with the heaviest charges of smokeless powder, the gun was found in a fair condition.

Cleveland Preparing for Another Hunt.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The indications are that the president expects to go to North Carolina on a fishing and ducking trip shortly after adjournment of congress. He will go on the Violet.

General Post's Successor in Congress

GALVA, Ill., March 1.—George W. Prince, of Galesburg, was yesterday nominated on the 1,476th ballot by the tenth republican convention to succeed General Post in congress.

GREAT BATTLES are continually going on in the human system. Hood's Sarsaparilla drives out disease and RESTORES HEALTH.

Big lot of shawls at big reductions at Young's.

No Disturbance.

Caller—Is your mamma in?

Little Willie—Yes'm; she's up stairs combin' her hair.

Caller—Well I'll not disturb her; I'll call again

Little Willie—Oh, you won't disturb her; dis is her Sunday hair she's comb in' now; she can leave it on de chair an' finish it when you go home.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters the great remedy for liver, stomach, and kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All the remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at Hargrave's Drug Store.

In Illinois.

Ethel—Oh, mamma, we are having such fun playing being married to Harry!

Mamma—And who is Harry's wife?

Ethel—I am now, but the other girls are going to be just as fast as he gets a divorce.—Judge.

A Humorous Fact

About Hood's Sarsaparilla—it expels bad humor and crsates good humor. A battle for blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures Scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other blood diseases.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. 25c.

Watts—Isn't there a play called the "Kentucky Colonel?"

Potts—I believe there is. I think it is one sort of a tank drama, though I am not sure.

She (bitterly)—"Before you married me I was an angel. I'll never be that again I suppose.

He (sarcastically)—"Well, I live in hopes.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

IN NORTH CAROLINA

Current News for the Week Throughout the State.

TAXATION UNDER THE NEW LAW.

Story of the Most Destructive Fire Known in the History of the Little City. Statesman for Franks Dies of Pneumonia at Raleigh

KINSTON, N. C., March 1.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon fire broke out in Bryan Field's stables and rapidly spread to the wood buildings in the rear of Oettenger Brothers' store and the opera house.

The two main business blocks of the town are in ashes or smouldering ruins, including the stores of Einstein Brothers, S. H. Loften, Oettenger Brothers, Priedner, Cox & Co., hardware store; C. W. Crabtree, Abbott & Summerell, Bawson Brothers, J. W. Collins, Loften's bank, the bar-rooms of H. C. Harrison and J. L. Whaley and Wagoner's beer bottling establishment, Hotel Tull, the Free Press office, Dr. Tull's residence and office, residence of S. Einstein, H. H. Wilson, Sheriff Sutton, Dr. W. A. J. Pollock, A. J. Loften, S. M. Harrell, and W. H. Brock's residence and stables. The flying sparks burned two or three houses occupied by colored people in another part of the town.

It is by far the severest fire ever known in Kinston. The loss is fully $225,000, and the insurance in the aggreate is small. The fire was under control by 6:30 o'clock.

The Newberne fire engine arrived here at 7:20 and is now throwing water on the smouldering ruins.

The origin of the fire is reported to have been a cigarette stump, carelessly thrown by a boy in Bryan Field's stables.

NEW NORTH STATE REVENUES.

Taxation Under the Bill That Recently Passed.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—Under the revenue act the poll tax is $1.24, the state tax is 21¾ cents, the pension 3¾ cents, the school 16 cents, on incomes and gross profits from property not taxed 5 per cent and on gross incomes derived from salaries and fees ½ per per cent on excess over $1,000 to $5,000, and ¼ per cent between $5,000 and $10,000. The tax on cigars is 5 cents per 1,000 and on cigarettes 10 cents per 1,000. The sewing machine tax is $500, piano or organ dealers' tax $250. The tax on drummers is $100, which shall give exemption from all other license tax. The license for insurance companies is $100 and a tax of 2 per cent on gross receipts in this state. State banks are to pay $50 on $25,000 capital and $2 for each $1,000 over that amount. Building and loand associations pay tax according to paid-in capital. The tax on railways is 1 per cent on gross receipts, telegraph and telphone companies 2 per cent.

MANY AFTER THE PLUM.

And Still Another Candidate for the Carolina Railroad Commissioner-hip.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—There is another candidate in the field for the railway commissionership, this being John W. Graham, of Warren county, who was the populist candidate for state superintendent of public instruction. It was the expectation of the populists to caucus on the question of railroad commissioner Saturday night but the caucus was not held. There was a caucus of populist senators, who decided to go against all bills making alterations of the charter of Raleigh, unless the people expressed a desire for a change.

DEATH OF SENATOR FRANKS.

Was President pro tem of the North Carolina State Senate.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 1.—Senator Edward M. Franks, from the eighth district, president pro tem of the senate, died in this city at 2:45 o'clock yesterday morning of pneumonia. He was thirty-eight years old and leaves one child.

The flags on the capitol were at half mast all day and the legislature adjourned until 3 o'clock in respect to his memory. His remains were carried last night to Richlands, Onslow county, his home. He was quite prominent in his county and represented it in the legislature in 1891.

Does Carolina Want a State Guard?

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—The bill to repeal all appropriations to the state guard is up as a special order in the house today. It is a sweeping bill. Some of the populists are very bitter against the guard, and attacked it during the campaign, terming it the "standing army."

NORTH CAROLINA IN BRIEF.

Eighty more convicts have been added to the great force on the farms on the Roanoke.

Syndicate organized at Springfield, Ohio, to mine rich gold fields near Charlotte.

The University is to have a $20,000 Young Men's Christian Association building. The movement was begun Sunday night.

It is alleged that some of the populists now care very little for the county government bill since the republicans ran over them heavily in that matter.

Editor Harman, of the Southern Tobacco Journal, has gone to Florida to write up the tobacco interests of that state for the railroad companies, whose guest he will be during the trip.

The fusion caucus has agreed on H. G. Ewart as judge on the new criminal court circuit, composed of Buncombe, Madison, Henderson and Haywood counties. There was quite a fight against Ewart.

Ex-Governor Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, has accepted an invitation to deliver his celebrated lecture on "The Fiddle and the Bow" at the University on June 1st.

We will sell you snuff at 25c per pound—Young.

Big reductions on men's neck wear this week at Young's.

Alpine and Derby hats at M. T. Young's.

Ladies shoes at 50c a pair at Young's.

Get your gardens ready and get the best seed from Hargrave.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLTUARE

An Outline of the Week's Work in Both Senate and House.

The following is a condensed synopsis of the proceedings of both branches of the general assembly for the past week:

35TH DAY.—Senate was devoted to the bill to lend the Confederate monumental association $10,000 out of the direct tax fund to pay for statuary for the monument. The discussion lasted several hours and much interest was taken. It was defeated, ayes 8, nays 22.

In the house a substitute for the bill to repeal the Henrietta cussing law passed. Other local bills were passed.

36TH DAY.—In the senate bills were ratified as follows:

Requiring railroads to redeem unused tickets; to create a new township in Forsyth county; to confer certain privileges on the Atlantic and Danville railway; to incorporate Hertle academy. In the house of representatives the bill to require corporations issuing checks or script to redeem at the option of holders, passed after an amendment, that it shall not apply where a contract to the contrary is made, had been adopted. An amendment to except Craven and New Hanover counties was lost. The Douglass adjournment matter held the boads most of the day.

37TH DAY.—The senate and house adjourned in the forenoon in honor to the memory of Senator Franck, who died at his boarding house in this city. On re-assembling the senate took up the bill to abolish the criminal court of New Hanover and Mecklenburg counties. It proposed to establish a new criminal court circuit embracing New Hanover, Wake, Wayne, Craven, Mecklenburg, Forsyth, Edgecombe and Halifax. The bill passed its second reading. Mr. Ewart is elected judge of the Buncombe criminal court.

38TH DAY.—In the senate Mr. Grant introduced a bill to complete the confederate monument, appropriating $10,000 and asked that it be taken up at once. Passed second reading. The county government bill came up as a special order. The bill passed. In the house bills passed giving the white Agricultural and Mechanical college $10,000 annually and the colored Agricultural and Mechanical college $5,000 annually; reducing the salaries of railroad commissioners to $1,500 to take effect at the expiration of J. W. Wilson's term; requiring fire insurance companies to pay the face value of policies in case of total loss.

A SENATOR'S WISE PLAN.

Will Extend a Net Far Out Into the Ocean Off the North Carolina Coast.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—Senator Campbell, of Cherokee, has a plan for stopping all the fish which move northward along the coast of this state so the people here can capture them and and thus develop a great industry. His plan proposes the setting of great nets, reaching miles out to sea, in which the fish will be caught. Campbell is a deep thinker and sees much in this plan. He has made a fine record here as a speaker and is openly talked of as a candidate for governor. He thinks this new plan will capture the eastern voters.

ENDORSE CRISP FOR DELEGATE

The House Proposes Him as a Representative to the Monetary Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The following resolution was presented in the house at a late hour last night by Mr. Bailey, democrat of Texas, and passed without a dissenting vote amid applause—Mr. Richardson, democrat of Tennesse, being in the chair:

Whereas, It is the earnest desire of the house of representatives that the speaker shall be one of the delegates to the international monetary conference on the part of the house of representatives.

Resolved, That the Hon. Charles F. Crisp is hereby requested to designate himself as one of the three delegates to be selected by him in pursuance to the provision of law.

TEN THOUSAND MEN IDLE.

The Greatest Strike Now on in the History of New York City.

NEW YORK, March 1.—At a meeting of walking delegates yesterday it was decided that the master builders had no intention whatever of compromising or of meeting the strikers half way. This being the case, the delegates finally decided to make no more offers of any sort to them.

A resolution was adopted calling out today every man who is connected with the building trades association. It means that more than ten thousand men will stop work.

FORCING THE CONTRACTORS.

Aggressive Policy Pursued by the Board of Walking Delegates in New York.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The board of walking delegates began an aggressive policy in the matter of the strike at 10 o'clock yesterday. The fight is on and will be carried on with determination. Six hundred more men were called out yesterday on three up-town buildings. The men called out belong to the various buildings trades. Today more men will be called out and others will strike each day until the contractors are forced to settle.

The Proposed University of America.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—Representative Hainer, of Nebraska, has introduced a bill to establish the University of America, in which each state, territory and congressional district shall be entitled to an equal proportionate number of students, chosen by means of open competitive examinations.

But All on Crew Were Saved.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—Superintendent Kimball of the life-saving service is informed that the Bark Woodan, of Stettin, Germany, from St. Pierre, to Wilmington, N. C., in ballast, crew of 11, stranded off Frying Pan Shoals, N. C., yesterday The crew were saved.

National Bank in Nebraska Fails.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Comptroller Eckels is informed that the Holbridge National bank, of Holbridge, Neb., capital $75,000, failed yesterday. The bank owes $60,000. Bank Examiner Whitmore has been directed to take charge of the broken bank.

Contract Goes to a Chicago Firm.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The contract for the erection of the public building at Newberne, N. C., was yesterday awarded to Grace & Hyde, of Chicago, Ill, at $97,726.

Prominent South Carolinian Dead.

CHARLESTON, S. C., February 28.—Hon. William Alston Pringle, for many years recorder of this city, died here last night, aged 72 years.

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louder, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. R. Morse, a druggist of that place, recommended Chaimberlands Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which has effected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by E. M. Nadal, druggist.

CONGRESS REVIEWED

Work of the Three Sessions of the Memorable Body.

SILVER, TARIFF, AND BOND MATTERS

Summary of the Work of Both Branches of That Honorable Body From the Extra Session to Present Time. What Has Been Done.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Congress adjourns at noon today. Both branches have been in continuous session since Saturday, night and day. All the great appropriation bills were in the hands of the president at daylight this morning. The grand total of appropriations, subject to some few changes, is found to be $497,994,604. This is divided among the bills as follows:

Agricultural	$ 3,303,750
Army	23,252,638
Diplomatic	1,575,073
District of Columbia	5,016,5[illegible]
Fortifications	1,904,55[illegible]
Indian	8,956,941
Legislative	21,9[illegible]0,001
Military Academy	464,281
Naval	29,000,000
Pensions	141,381,574
Postoffice	19,5[illegible],997
Sundry civil	47,140,001
Urgent deficiency	2,3[illegible],321
General deficiency	8,000,000
Miscellaneous	500,000
Permanent	113,673,064

Summary of Work Accomplished.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The three sessions of the fifty-third congress, expiring at noon today, were dominated by three controlling issues.

The first by the silver question. The second by the tariff question. The third by the financial question.

On the 7th of August, 1893, the congress convened in extraordinary session for the avowed purpose of repealing the compulsory silver purchase provision of the law of 1890. This was the silver session.

Mr. William L. Wilson, chairman of the ways and means committee, prepared a bill in conformity to the recommendations of the president's message, and on the 28th of August, 1893, this measure passed the house. The senate in the meantime had been preparing, through the committee on finance, a substitute bill, and on the first of November this senate substitute received the approval of both houses and became law by the approval of the president. This measure, and the repeal of the remaining vestiges of the reconstruction federal election laws, closed the important work of the extra session.

The Reversion of the Tariff.

Upon its meeting in regular session in December, 1893, congress entered upon the consideration of the reversion of the tariff. The Wilson tariff bill, passed by the house February 1st, 1894, was set aside for the Jones-Gorman compromise tariff bill, adopted by the senate on the third of July, 1894, after four months' debate, and the house was given the option of the "senate bill or nothing." It took the senate bill and sent it to the president on the 15th of August, 1894, President Cleveland permitted the bill to become a law without his approval, and in an informal manner communicated to individual members of congress his dissatisfaction with the inadequacy of the changes made in the tariff system.

Supplemental to the passage of this tariff law, the senate entered upon a profitless and inconclusive investigation of rumors that senators had been improperly influenced to vote for the senate sugar scedule and had speculated in stocks of the so-called "sugar trust company."

Lock of Financial Legislation.

The third and last, or "financial" session of the fifty-third congress has been especially marked by the refusal of both houses to put into legislative shape the recommendations of the president for the alleviation of the stringent financial situation.

The president in his annual message called attention to the continual depletion of the gold reserve and complained that though it was "perfectly and palpably plain that the only way under present conditions by which this reserve, when dangerously depleted, can be replenished is through the issue and sale of bonds of the government for gold, congress has not only thus far declined to authorize the issue of bonds best suited to such a purpose, but there seems a disposition in some quarters to deny both the necessity and the power for the issue of bonds at all."

The Fate of a Banking Bill.

The banking and currency committee of the house, with the approval of the administration, submitted a financial measure which among other provisions, materially modified the National banking laws and repealed the restrictions on state bank circulation. This bill was defeated by six majority. It was followed by a second message from the president, received by both houses of congress December 28th, in which the president said that whatever might have been the merits of the original plan proposed by him, he was "now convinced that its reception by the congress in the advanced stage of the financial situation necessitated additional or different legislation." He once again recommended the passage of a law authorizing the issue of low interest bearing bonds to maintain the gold reserve. The banking and currency committee responded to this suggestion by offering on the first of February, 1895, a bill to "authorize the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds to maintain a sufficient gold reserve and to redeem and retire United States notes."

What Led to the Bond Issue.

After only two days' debate this bill was also defeated by a majority of twenty-seven. On the next day the president informed congress that he had negotiated a conditional sale of over sixty-two millions of dollars of four per cent coin bonds to a syndicate largely representing foreign capitalists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by B. W. Hargrave.

Who can beat this! 15c will buy a 25c bottle of the best cough syrup at Hargrave's drugstore.

HAVE REACHED AN AGREEMENT.

Vice-President Baldwin and the Employes of the Southern Come to Terms.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—After a conference lasting three days, between Third Vice President Baldwin of the Southern railway and the federated board of employes organizations that are mainly interested in the new schedule of rates proposed by the Southern railway, an agreement was reached yesterday afternoon after a very harmonious discussion of the schedule in all its phases. This schedule was signed by the men last night at the office of Mr. Baldwin, and it practically remains as it was first offered, with some modifications of the rules in instances where it was pointed out to Mr. Baldwin that the men thought they should be differently prescribed. The schedule will go into effect May 1st., on all lines of the Southern railway and in case either side should wish to make a change in the future a sixty days notice to the other party will be required.

MORGAN WAS FOUND GUILTY.

Sentenced to Serve Eighteen Years in the Virginia Penitentiary.

STAFFORD, C. H., Va., March 1.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the jury reached a verdict in the Acquia Creek train robbery case, after being out only ten minutes. The verdict reads:

"We, the jury of the indicted prisoner, Chas. Morgan alias Charles Augustus Morganfield, find him guilty as charged in the indictment and fix his term of confinement in the penitentiary at eighteen years."

The execution of the sentence will be suspended until the fifth day of April next to enable Morgan's counsel to apply for an appeal.

The commonwealth announced that it was ready to try Charles J. Searcey, Morgan's accomplice in the robbery. Searcy was brought into court and through his counsel asked for a continuance. No objection being raised it was so ordered. There are four other indictments pending against Morgan. The verdict meets with general approval.

THE FIGHT IN THE EAST.

Story of the Defeat Given the Chinese Recently Near Ta Ping Shan.

TOKIO, March 2.—Field Marshal Oyama reports that on the morning of February 24, the first division of the Japanese army about Kai Ping defeated the enemy near Ta Ping Shan. In the afternoon of the same day a force of about 13,000 of the enemy with twenty guns began an attack from Peimaitaz, Tonchahotz, Faoyanaim.

After a heavy cannonade we attacked their centre at three o'clock in the afternoon and repulsed them driving them toward Kingcow. Our loss was 20 killed, 250 wounded including seven officers. The enemy lost 200 kflled. Number of their wounded is unknown. Natives state that the Chinese came in full force 20,000 strong led by Generals Sung Ma, Shang and Chang Sung.

TWENTY FOUR MEET DEATH.

The Exact Number Killed in the New Mexico Mine Explosion.

OERRILOS, N. Mex., March 1—The excitement arising from Wednesday's disastrous mine explosion abated somewhat today and the exact number killed is definitely known. Twenty four bodies have been recovered which accounts for all the men except one, a stranger, who was to commence work Wednesday and who has not been found. Most of the victims were buried yesterday afternoon, making the largest funeral New Mexico has ever seen in time of peace.

THE RENO HOTEL BURNED.

The Celebrated Nebraska Inn Wrecked by Fire and Water.

NORFOLK Neb., March 2.—At 12:30 yesterday, fire broke out in the rear of the Reno hotel. The wind was blowing a hurricane from the north and for a time it seemed as though the flames would leap across Main street and destroy everything in their path. The hotel is completely wrecked inside by fire and water. Loss heavy.

THE NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

The State of Georgia Will Sell the Road at an Early Date.

ATLANTA, March 1.—Some time ago the state of Georgia took control of the Northeastern railroad to secure itself, the state having guaranteed the road's bonds. Under an act of the last general assembly the governor will sell the road at an early date. The road's indebtedness to the state is $260,000.

Government Not Paying Expenses.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—For two-thirds of the current fiscal year (excluding the amount due the treasury sinking fund) the expenditures of the government have exceeded the receipts by $36,275,000 as shown by the treasury official statement of receipts and expenditures issued yesterday.

New Orleans Screwmen Change Front.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—The screwmen of the port have effected a change of front, and from today will screw cotton in steamships for thirty-five cents per bale on steam and forty-five on sailing vessels.

Large Phosphate Purchase in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 1.—Eastern capitalists have purchased 6,500 acres of phosphate lands in Levy county, Fla., paying therefor $65,000 cash. A large mining plant will be established near Bronson.

Seed For Drought Sufferers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The senate inserted in the sundry civil appriation bill an amendment appropriating $300,000 for seed to be distributed to the people whose crops were destroyed by drought last summer.

Leonard Scott, the Publisher, Dead.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 2.—Leonard Scott, founder of the Leonard Scott publishing company of New York, died here last night of chronic bronchitis, aged 85 years. The remains wil be forwarded to New York to lay.

A severe rhoumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlains Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says "and have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by E. M. Nadal.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

COTTON IN THE SOUTH

Facts and Suggestions Concerning the Situation.

ADDRESS TO GROWERS OF THE STAPLE

What the Depression is Due to, How to Remedy it and When to Proceed, The Question Discussed by One in Position.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The following is a copy of a letter written to cotton growers by Alfred B. Shepperson, editor of Cotton Facts, and secretary of the sub-committee on cotton of the senate committee on agriculture:

Washington, D. C., March 2, 1895.

To the Cotton Growers of the South:

I have no pecuniary interest whatever in the cotton market and it is well known to prominent merchants all over the country that I never have had any. As a close observer of all matters pertaining to cotton, I have thought it would not be deemed out of place to present to the cotton growers of the country some facts and suggestions concerning the cotton situation.

The price of middling cotton in New York is now 5 9-16 cents per pound against 7⅝ cents on March 1st, 1894, while corn is now 45 cents per bushel in Chicago against 35 cents a year ago. The decline in cotton is over twenty-five per cent, while the advance in corn is thirty per cent.

The New York quotations for cotton and the Chicago quotations for corn, however, do not really present the economic aspect of the matter in its strongest light, as the cotton grower does not receive the New York price for his cotton, but actually gets very much less, as freight to New York and all handling and selling charges and the cotton buyers profit have to be deducted so that the planter, at present prices, only obtains about four cents per pound for middling cotton, and the crop will not average so high in quality as that grade.

Neither does he get at the Chicago price the corn he has to buy, as freight and charges and usually a large profit are added to the Chicago price, so that to-day the southern farmer who buys corn instead of raising it, has to 65 to 70 cents per bushel for it.

Corn is the most important cereal for the south as its abundance and cheapness insure ample food for the farmers and their animals, while an insufficient supply and high price involve the opposite results. The southern cotton growers obtain a large proportion of their grain and meat from other sections of the country. Confronted now with a large shrinkage in the value of cotton coincident with a great appreciation in the value of corn, the situation seems to imperatively demand of the cotton growers a reduction this spring of the acreage devoted to cotton and an increase given to food and forage crops.

The present depression in cotton is due in great part to the very large stocks in European and American markets and the fear that the acreage in cotton will not be reduced this year. Nothwithstanding the fact that the spinners have bought much more cotton than last season, the stocks in European and American markets are four hundred thousand bales more than at this time last year.

The price of cotton is at the lowest point since 1848, and a large crop this year would undoubtedly send it still lower. Every planter knows that present prices of cotton are much below the average cost of production.

In view of the facts stated, I earnestly recommend as manifestly for the best interests of the cotton growers of the country, a very material curtailment of cotton acreage this spring and an increase in all food and forage crops and that greater attention be given to the raising of live stock and farm animals. Food crops of every description should be raised on all southern farms and cotton should be made a surplus or money crop. It is probable that a moderate crop this year will sell for actually more money than a large crop.

Very respectfully,
ALFRED B. SHEPPERSON.

BISSELL LEAVES THE CABINET.

Hon. W. L. Wilson, of West Virginia Succeeds Him as Postmaster-General.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—Postmaster General Bissell set at rest all doubt as to his purpose of remaining in the cabinet by tendering his resignation to President Cleveland yesterday afternoon. This action was not taken hastily. As far back as the early autumn, Mr. Bissell felt that his law practice at Buffalo required his personal attention and at that time he notified the president that sooner or later he would be compelled to retire to private life. Nothing further passed between the two gentlemen with reference to the matter until ten days ago when Mr. Bissell again assured the president that he must soon resign his portfolio.

Queen Lil Sentenced.

HONOLULU, March 4.- A correspondent was informed yesterday morning by a cabinet officer that ex-Queen Liliuokalani has been sentenced to serve five years in prison, and to pay a fine of $5,000. It is understood that the sentence will not be changed by the president.

O'Gorman, the Irish Nationalist, Dead.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Richard O'Gorman, the eminent Irish nationalist, scholar and orator, died at 10 o'clock last night at his home in this city, in the 75th year of his age. Two years ago he had a severe attack of the gripp and his death was the result.

Death of George D. Boyden.

CHICAGO, February 28.—George D. Boyden, one of the heaviest operators and one of the best known members of the board of trade, died in his apartments at the Union League club last night, after a short illness, of quinsy.

WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

A heavy rain has broken the drought in northern Texas.

The Mississippi is now open to navigation as far as Cario.

The Chicago sailed from Gibralta for New York yesterday.

The postoffice at Shiloh, N. J., was burglarized last night.

The condition of Murderer Gentry at Philadelphia continues to improve.

The drouth district of Nebraska was blessed yesterday with a heavy rain.

The Norfolk, Conn., Iron works have closed, throwing 200 men out of work.

Lord Losebery's condition is much improved despite the condition of his insomnia.

The James river, at Richmond, after being frozen over for two weeks, has been opened for navigation.

The weavers at the Lancaster Mills, Clinton, Mass., struck Monday morning against a reduction of wages.

Mrs. Isaac Hope, of Blissfield, Mich., has fallen heir to nearly $1,000,000 by the death of an uncle in Africa.

A bill has been introduced in the Delaware legislature forbidding the printing of lottery tickets.

Messrs F. and H. Fries, of Salem, N. C., are interested in a new cotton mill company now being organized.

The accounts of missing Secretary Gruchy, of the Buckeye Building and Loan Association, are short $1,500.

A movement is afoot at Denmark, S. C., for the organization of a $50,000 stock company to build a cotton mill.

A company has been organized to build a cotton factory at Siler City, N. C., and work will commence at once.

The body of a man supposed to be that of J. R. Seeley, of Springfield, Mass., was found in Chicago yesterday.

Nine-tenths of district assembly No. 3 at Pittsburg will desert the old Knights of Labor for the new organization.

Actors McKee Rankin and Patrick O'Neill were arrested at Kansas City yesterday for obtaining board through deceit.

The Holt county, Neb., relief committee denounce as frauds persons soliciting aid in the east for the drought sufferers.

Six robbers were frightened away from a Chicago hotel yesterday morning after having entered the room of three guests.

The house of representatives of Missouri defeated the bill against high hats in theatres and churches by a vote of 40 to 51.

W. H. Hazel, wanted in New York for obtaining money under false pretences, has left San Francisco in charge of an officer.

The Fort Mill, S. C., Manufacturing Co., has decided to put in 5,200 additional spindles, and order for same has been placed.

A movement has been started at La Fayette, Ala., for the erection of a cotton mill, and subscription books are being circulated.

Secret service detectives in Chicago yesterday arrested two men and a woman who have been engaged in extensive counterfeiting.

C. Donnelly, an Omaha, Neb., gambler, testified before the grand jury yesterday that he had paid to an official $1,800 for protection.

Two skeletons, believed to be those of two young men who left Kansas City six years ago, have been found in a cave near Comstock, Tex.

After an alleged humorous debate the New York legislature has killed Assemblyman Duncan's anti-theatre high hat bill by a vote of 18 to 42.

Empress Eugenie leaves England for Corsica today to sojourn in Ajaccio. The government is taking precautions to prevent royalist demonstrations.

The contest over the will of Mary L. Isbell at New Haven, Conn., was continued until next Monday because of the alleged discovery of another will.

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