THE WILSON ADVANCE

\$1 A YEAR, CASH IN ADVANCE.

"LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIMS'T AT BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S AND TRUTHS."

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

VOLUME XXV.

WILSON, N. C., OCT. 24, 1895.

NUMBER 43.

Catches the Bargains!

We have just returned from New York and would like to talk to you about the many new things, but we are so busy marking and placing them on sale that we have not the time.

Come and See the New Cloaks!

TUE CACU DACVET CTODEC

J. M. LEATH, Manager.

IIIL UHJII IIHUNLI JIUILJ,

Nash and Coldsboro Streets.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Closing Quotations of the New York and

Philadelphia Exchanges.

New York, Oct. 18.—The volume of business in stocks today fell considerably below the recent average. The course of prices was irregular, and the motive power came chiefly from pool manipulation and the operations of the room traders. Closing bids: Del. & Hudson....1321/2 N. Y. Central......100% D., L. & W........... 168 N. Y. & N. E. 51 111/4 Pennsylvania...... 55%

Lake Erie & W... 2314 Reading 2014 New Jersey Cen..111 West Shore -

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18 .- Flour steady; winter super, \$2.25@2.40; winter extras, \$2.50@ 2.75; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$2.90@3.15; Pennsylvania roller, straight, \$3.20@3.30; western winter, clear, \$3@3.25. Wheat dull, weak, with 661/2c. bid and 66% c. asked for October. Corn firm, quiet, with 8716c. bid and 88c. asked for October. Oats were quiet and steady, with 25c. bid and 2516c. asked for October. Hay firm, active demand; choice timothy, \$15@15.50. Beef and pork quiet. Lard dull; western steam, \$6. Butter firmer; western dairy, 10@15c.; western creamery, 16@ 28c.; western factory, 816@131/2c.; Elgins, 23c.; imitation creamery, 12@17c.; New York dairy, 15@21c.; New York creamery, 2216@23c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, fancy, at 25c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, choice. 24c.: Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, fair to good, 21@23c.; prints jobbing at 26@29c. Cheese steady; large, 7@91/c.; small, 71/@101/c.; part skims, 316@716c.; full skims, 216@3c. Eggs steady: New York and Pennsylvania, 20@2116c.; ice house, 16@17c.; western fresh, 18@20c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Beeves dull; native steers, poor to prime, \$3.60@4.90; rangers and Colorados, \$3.8214@4.25; stags and oxen 8.75; bulls, \$2.10@2.50; dry cows, \$1.15@2.90. Calves dull and weak; poor to prime veals, \$4.50@7.80; grassers, \$3.25@2.75. Sheep and lambs slow and still lower; poor to prime sheep. \$1.25@2.75; common to choice lambs, \$3.25@4.30; prime Canadae, \$4.20@4.25. Hogs Weak at \$4.25@4.65.

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at Velshton, Florida, says he cured a ase of diarrhœa of long standing in ix hours, with one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera, and Di arrhœa Remedy. What a pleasant surprise that must have been to the ufferer. Such cures are not unusual with the remedy. In many instances only one or two doses are required to ve permanent relief. It can be dèended upon. When reduced with ater it is pleasant to take. For sale E. M. Nadal, Druggist.

Four Dead in a Mine Fire.

RANKLIN, Wash., Oct. 19.-Fire broke in the main hoisting slope of the Ore-Improvement company's mine, causthe death of John H. Glover, S. W. alley, John Adems and James Staf-The socident was caused by August to a tester of opposed his lamp, setting

TELEGRAPHIC.

ATLANTA, Oct. 16 .- Temporary excitement was created on the exposition grounds yesterday afternoon by a fire on the Midway. The explosion of a gasoline stove in the Old Plantation at the eastern extremity of the Midway set the frame structure on fire, and there was a panic among the freaks on the Midway. The fire was soon under control, but the Old Plantation exhibit was destroyed. The phantoscope, next door, suffered \$50 damage and Hagenbach's wild beast arena suffered to the extent of \$600.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 16.-Smith & Meyer's laundry works on Twenty-seventh street burned late yesterday afternoon, the fire originating in the explosion of a gasoline generator. Four women and a man working on the third floor found their escape cut off, and jumped from the windows. Mrs. Lou Miller had both legs broken, and will die. Frenie Miller, her daughter, had an arm broken and hip dislocated; Claudis Clark, leg broken. An unknown girl was probably fatally burned about the face and shoulders.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 17.-Jeff Ellis, the negro who committed an assault on Miss Prater near Braden, and who confessed to other assaults and murders, was lynched near the scene of his crime at midnight by a mob of citizens. His ears and fingers were cut off and he was otherwise mutilated, and then hanged to a telegraph pole and riddled with bullets. Afterward the body was lowered and the head cut off. Then the rope was fastened to the feet, and in that position the mutilated body was again strung up.

HAMPTON, S. C., Oct. 18 .- William Blake, Sr., Jason Blake, Prince Graves and William Frazier were convicted last evening of the murder of Mr. Raymond Meares, on the 9th of August last. William Blake, Sr., was recommended to the mercy of the court, and his sentence was life imprisonment. The other three were sentenced to be hanged on Dec. 6 next. After the prisoners were sentenced it was evident that there was dissatisfaction at the jury's recommendation to mercy of William Blake, Sr., and some persons were heard to say that Blake would never reach the penitentiary. The convicted men, as soon as court adjourned, about 7:30 o'clock, were handcuffed and taken out of the court room. On their way to the jail, within a few feet of the prison, the sheriff and his constables were overpowered by a number of men, and the elder Blake and William Frazier, who were handcuffed together, were forced from the custody of the constables and taken off into the woods. The handcuffs were unlocked in some way, and Frazier was returned to the custody of the jailor. The crowd, numbering about fifty men. proceeded to a dense piece of woods about half a mile from the court house and hanged the elder Blake with a plow line to the limb of a large pine tree. Several shots were fired into his body, and the wowd dispersed.

Recollections of Forty Years in the Opinions of the British Press on Public Service.

HOW HE LOST THE PRESIDENCY.

An Indirect Charge That President Garfield Treated Him Unfairly at the National Republican Convention of 1880. A Corrupt Bargain at the Convention of 1888.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The intrigues, the jealousies and the traitorous knife thrusts of the last half century of American statecraft are revealed in the flerce light of colonies, regarding Venezuela, and the stern criticism in "John Sherman's Recol- apparent determination of the British lections of Forty Years in the House, Senate and Cabinet," just published in of arms, by making the following importhis city. The fear that the venerable senator would reveal secrets long kept from the public in his forthcoming work | Marquis of Salisbury has sent an ultihas been to an extent realized Grant, matum to President Crespo, which not Garfield, Blaine, Arthur, Harrison and other Republican leaders are spoken of with unstinted praise for their high personal worth or statesmanship, but each is in guarded and covert language shown in the less commendable light of scheming politicians. The criticism is almost invariably implied rather than direct, but it stands out clearly in the work as a whole.

Owing to the close association of Mr. Sherman and James A. Garfield the criticism of the nomination of the latter for president of the United States is perhaps one of the most striking features of the book. The author, while carefully avoiding a direct charge of treachery on the part of the ex-president, very significantly makes it plain that Mr. Garfield was nominated at a convention to which he had gone as the trusted leader of the Sherman forces. Mr. Sherman gives in detail the history of the national convention of 1880. Following the account of his own struggle for the nomination, he says:

"In time I became thoroughly advised of what occurred at the Chicago convention and had become entirely reconciled to the result, though frequently afterwards I heard incidents and details which occasioned me great pain and which seemed to establish the want of sincerity on the part of some of the delegates, and tended to show that for some time before the meeting of the convention the nomination of General Garfield had been agreed upon."

The sting felt by Garfield's defection in 1890 is inadvertently shown by a sentiment expressed during the discussion of the national convention of 1892, where the senator remarks;

"From later developments I became satisfled that Harrison could not be elected, that Platt and a powerful New York influence would defeat him if nominated. I therefore preferred the nomination of a new man, like William McKinley, but he had committed himself to Harrison, and, according to my code of honor, could not accept a nomination even if tendered him."

When it was remembered that Blaine was also a candidate for the presidency before the convention that nominated Garfield, the significance of the following explanation on the part of Senator Sherman of why he was not reappointed by President Garfield as secretary of the treasury is readily understood:

"In the latter part of November, 1880, General Garfield came to Washington and called upon Mr. Blaine, who, it was understood, was to be secretary of state. Garfield came to my house directly from Blaine's and informed me that he had tendered that office to Blaine and that it was accepted. He said that Blaine thought it would not be politic to continue me as secretary of the treasury, as it would be regarded as an unfriendly discrimination by other members of Hayes' cabinet. I promptly replied that I agreed with the opinion of Blaine, and was a candidate for the senate."

Something of the political scheming that again resulted in the defeat of the Ohio statesman in the national convention of 1888, and brought about the nomination of ex-President Harrison, can be easily be read between the lines in that part of the work devoted to this struggle. In discussing the result, Mr. Sherman says that he became satisfied that one delegate from New York controlled the entire delegation from that state, and between Saturday night, when the nomination seemed certain to go to Sherman, and Monday morning, when the tide turned in favor of Harrison, a corrupt bargain was made in the interests of the latter, which secured him the support of New York and gave him the nomination. Continuing, the author states: "It is to the credit of General Harrison to say that if the reputed bargain was made, it was without his consent at the time."

On the eve of another national campaign, in which ex-President Harrison is expected to figure prominently, Mr. Sherman does not hesitate to state that in 1892 he did not consider Harrison a strong candidate. To his cold and abrupt manner he attributes his unpopularity at that time.

Space is devoted by the author to an account of the important events of each administration. In this connection Mr. Sherman lays bare many of the jealousies, political bickerings, and clash of ambitions that disturb the harmony of the party in power. Of Grant's administration he says it was a period of scandal and slander, and declares that the president rarely expressed any opinion or took any interest in public affairs.

The Sultan Forced to sign. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 18 .- An irade was promulgated yesterday announcing that the sultan has signed the Armenian reform scheme arranged by the powers.

Salisbury's Latest Move.

THE "OUTRAGES BY VENEZUELANS"

London Newspapers Prove to Their Own Satisfaction That the Existing Complications Can in No Way Be Affected by the

Monroe Doctrine of the United States.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The St. James Gazette follows up its disclosures regarding the policy of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the government to uphold its claims by force tant statement:

"We are in a position to state that the only sets out the demands of the British government for reparation on account of this arrest of the deputation and inspectors of police at Uruan, but it also states the terms upon which Great Britain will definitely determine the boundary dispute with that republic. The ultimatum is now en route to President Crespo, if it is not already delivered to him."

The Times and The Chronicle this morning print articles explaining in detail the position of the Venezuelan matter, the latter paper especially as regards the American point of view as indicated by official reports issued from Washington. "There is no doubt," The Chronicle says "that the United States is determined to bring about an early settlement of the dispute. No answer to Mr. Bayard's dispatch to Lord Salisbury has yet been received at the embassy."

The Standard says: "The Venezuelan ultimatum is unlikely to lead to prolonged or doubtful complications. The convention of 1850 has been repeatedly infringed by the Venezuelans in encroaching upon soil indisputably British. These galling and high-handed acts might have been overlooked had not the outrage by the Venezuelan authorities reached lengths no longer endurable. We shall be surprised if the responsible diplomats of the United States persist in maintaining that the Monroe doctrine has any bearing on the present case."

The Daily Telegraph says: "It is difficult to see how Monroeism is applicable to the Venezuelan affair. If the Venezuelans invade British Guiana they must either be punished by us directly or they must be forced by the assumed protectors in the United States to respect international laws."

Insane in His Home.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.-Armed with a Winchester rifle and a revolver a madman defled the police for hours yesterday at No. 35 Woodland Park, in one of the most aristocratic residence districts of the city. Barricaded and locked in a second story room, commanding a complete view of the park, the lunatic splintered doors, shattered window panes and tore holes in the plaster of the room with bullets from his rifle, while he shouted defiance to the police and others attracted to the scene. The insane man was G. S. Merwin, of the firm of Rogers, Brown & Co., pig iron dealers. After several hours' effort the police, by strategy, surprised and overcame the madman. Although he had fired 140 shots from his rifle and revolver Merwin injured no one, but a number of people had nar-

Terribly Burned by Exploding Mine Gas. SHENANDOAH, Pa., Oct. 21.-A frightful explosion of gas occurred at Knickerbocker colliery here, by which three men were fatally and six others terribly burned. The names of the victims are: George Karal, Charles Majak and Michael Chico, fatally injured; Peter Burns, Anthony Surress, Andrew Bossar, John Sopitski, Felix Mecolski and Robert Lord, all seriously burned. All the men except Lord are Poles and Lithuanians. Chico's scalp was torn off and his skull fractured. It is believed that Lord, who was a starter and carried a naked light, iginted the gas.

Millionaire Mackay's Son Killed. PARIS, Oct. 21 .- John W. Mackay, Jr., the elder of the two sons of John W. Mackay, the bonanza king, 24 years old, was killed last Friday by being thrown from his horse. He was dragged a great distance before those who witnessed the accident and went to the rescue could stop the pony. The head of the young man was battered to such an extent as to render the face unrecognizable. The accident happened in the afternoon and the young man died six hours later without recovering consciousness.

Forty Frenchmen Killed by Pirates. MARSEILLES, Oct. 17 .- Mail which has

just been received here from Tonquin says that a French column, in a fight with pirates at Panai recently, lost forty men killed and had over a hundred wounded.



Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REG-ULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDI-CINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

GENERAL SOUTHERN NEWS.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 18.—The sensation at yesterday's races was the breaking of the world's 2-year-old record for a mile by Tommy Britton, he lowering it half a second, trotting the mile in 2.151/4.

ATLANTA, Oct. 16.-The arrangements for the great street demonstration for president's day, Oct. 22, at the exposition have been completed. All of the oldest and most important military companies in the south will participate, and Governors O'Ferral of Virginia and Coffin of Connecticut, with their staffs, will be in

SHARPSBURG, Ky., Oct. 18.-While a party of workmen were engaged in building a turnpike in the Flat Creek neighborhood a charge of dynamite that had been prepared for a blast prematurely exploded, killing three men and wounding several others. The names of the killed and wounded are unknown here. The place where the accident occurred is some distance in the country from this place.

COLUMBIA, Oct. 18 .- In the constitutional convention an important section was introduced relative to lynchings last night. It is a proviso in the constitution making it a misdemeanor for any county, state or municipal officer to allow a mob to take a prisoner from him and subject him to bodily violence or death, giving the governor power to remove him in such cases, and making him ineligible to hold office under the state.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 16.-A syndicate composed of foreign and local capitalists has succeeded, it is said, in securing oil leases of all the lands in this country between the Ohio river and Chesapeake and Ohio railroad. Arrangements. were made yesterday to drive six to eight test wells at once in a part of the territory covering six miles, and this plan will be kept up until the entire section has been

MEMPHIS, Oct. 19 .- A. K. Ward, the abscending treasurer and manager of the Memphis Barrel and Heading company, left here with his wife on the south bound Illinois Central train Tuesday afternoon, and it is thought he took passage for Honduras on the steamer Breakwater, which left New Orleans on Thursday. It is now thought that Ward's operations in forged paper will exceed \$200,000. All of the paper was negotiated here.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 15. - Sheriff L. B. Brooker was shot and killed at Golid, five miles from Sylvania, by Sol and Callie Zeigler. The killing is the result of a quarrel which began a year ago when Brooker and George Zeigler, father of the two boys who did the shooting, got into a difficulty on the Sylvania train, in which Zeigler was killed and Brooker badly wounded. Since that time the two Zeigler boys have been searching for Brooker, having sworn to kill him on sight.

ATLANTA, Oct. 19.-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, accompanied by his wife and daughter and Miss Ewing, reached here yesterday and went directly to the Kimball, where a suite of rooms had been reserved for them. Mr. Stevenson will leave here on Monday, the day before the arrival of the president. Efforts are being made to induce him to remain over as one of the guests of honor on president's day, but he announces that an important business engagement will prevent his doing so.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

