THE WILSON ADVANCE: JUNE 4, 1896.

MISELAINE MENICO.

THE KIND OF DEBOURA ; HEIS.

One of the numerous inexplicable abaudities in the recent 50-cent doland Governor Altgeld was the assertion that Mexico is a country to be envied by the United States generaly and that in particular railmars in Mexico are profitable investments.

It is not necessary to republish statsic from dificial sources which appared in the columns of the Times-Migeld made the discovery that Merico is an ideal country for labor and railway capital. These statistics showed that instead of making progress Mexico is not as well off in sany essential respects as she was ten years agos. In fact, the miserable people have not reached even a beginning of progress as it is undercoul in other countries, and physiclassellais moral barriers combine torender their industrial and eco note de l'ophiert extremely diffi-

eit As to railways in Mexico, although the number keeps busy eleven mints and has coined on an average for ten years between \$25,000,000 and \$30,-000.000 in silver, only about 900 miles of railway but of a total of 5,coomiles has been built by Mexicanwealth, which finds it more profitable to coin silver for China. It is British and American capital that has undertaken the industrial development of Mexico. But it cannot be claimed to be a profitable venture as a whole, notwithstunding lavish concessions by

How striking in comparison were the remarks made by the Hon. Josiah Patterson in a speech delivered by him in Atlanta on Thursday night on the financial question, to the remarks of Tillman and Bailey, in the same city, on the same subject, a few evenings before.

"I have no venom on my tongue for any fellow Democrat," said he, and no treachery in my heart for the Herald, a short, time before Governor party to which I belong. I am wedded to the Democratic party for weal or woe now and forever."

These were the opening words of Mr. Patterson's speech, and had he said nothing more there could have been no question of his manhood and upon minor issues, and even upon not turn his back upon it for such causes. Neither could he find it in his heart to abuse his brother Democrats who happened to hold different views from his own on abstract principles of the party, but preferred to try to show them the error of their ways.

and are in striking contrast with the the plant upon the whole is favoravituperation and denunciation employed by Tillman and Baily in complaints of drouth, excessive speaking of Democrats who differ with them upon certain questions now before the country. There is ment too good for those who differ ditional value from the reliability o say so, but such is the fact -Ex.

the State, and always took the greatest pride in his crops.

The diploma, signed by the officers of the Exposition, sets forth that the award is made for purity. The yield is 26 bushels per acre. It is illustrated with all the names of the wheat producing countries.

The medal is very elegant and beautiful, and North Carolina s proud of the distinction it confers .-News & Observer.

Latham, Alexander & Co., bankers and commission merchants of New York, have issued a circular relating to the cotton acreage of the current year. Their estimates are based upon 2,521 replies from plantrue Democracy. But he declared ters, commission merchants, brokers forther that Democrats could differ and bankers, from every cotton growing country in the South, and their some greater principles of the party, finding is that the acreage is increasbut above them all was first to be ed 2,737,000 or 1414 per cent. over considered the party, and he would last year. The planting of the crop was about one week earlier than last year in all the States excepting Texas and Florida; where it was one or two weeks later than last year. From North Carolina these geatlemen had 230 replies, from which they learn that the increase in acreage for this State is 16 per cent. They gather

These are strong, manly sentiments that in all the States the condition of ble, but in many places there are rains, cold weather and damage by worms, and fears, they say, are entertained that the crop in those secnothing too bad for them, and the tions will be seriously curtailed. The worst they can say, is in their judg- circular is interesting and derives adwith them. It is a great shame to the people who put it out .- Charlotte

LONG DISTANCE TALKING.

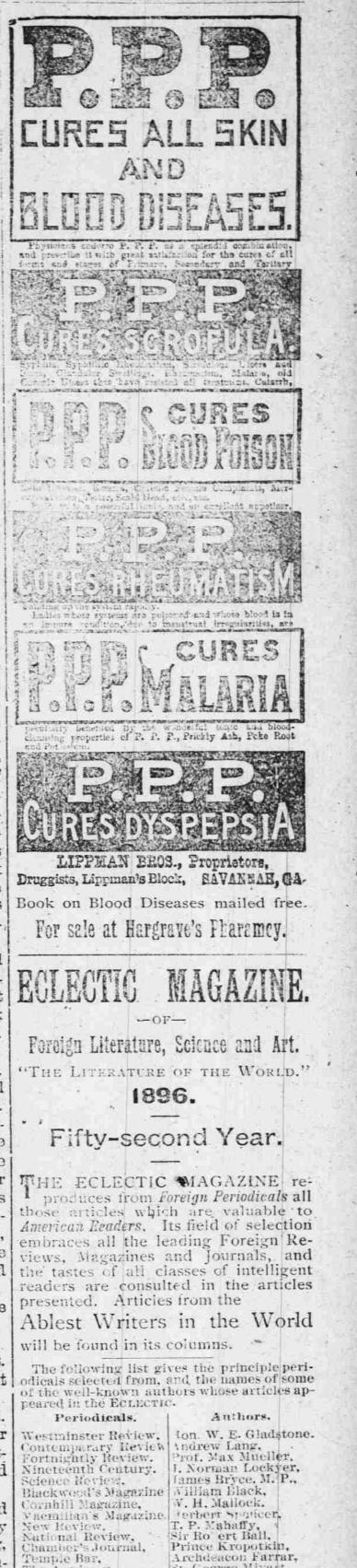
Costs \$10 to Think Five Minutes if the Ecceiver Is at Your Ear.

From Chicago it is possible to telephone farther than the 1,200 miles of which New York is so proud, for a man in Chicago can talk with ancther in Boston cr in Newport. The distance is considerably over that from New York to Nashville.

It is not an inspiring thing to talk over a long distance phone. Basiness men may stand it all right, for their minds are full of other matters, but to one who goes into the thing simply for the experience and that ho may say that he has done it the effect is crushing. It leaves one awed and disturbed by the thought of his own insignificance and the greatness of "things."

But the telephone girls seem to be troubled by no such thoughts. Apparently they experience no awa whatever. Each one is busy answering those who shrick wildly for connections with some faraway part of the country and keeping a watchful eye on the second hand of the clock before her. That second hand means considerable to her. The well worn statement that "talk is cheap" applies in no way to talk over the long distance phone.

Five minutes' conversation with a friend in Easton, even an intimate friend and using short words, is worth in the estimation of the telephone company \$10. The same with a friend in New York, if it is possible for a Chicago man to find a friend in New York, comes to \$9. If the friend happens to be in Washingtop, the talker gets off with a payment of only \$7.50. It has been suggested that this scale of prices is dictated by the fact that Boston talk wears out the phone quicker than any other, but the company states upon it honor that it is simply be-



the government and peon labor.

The Mexican railway, which has just issued its report for the half year ending with 1895, shows gross earnings amounting to £293.215, against £201,003 for the corresponding petiod last year. This gain is not exactly prosperity. After payment of interest on the debenture stock there remains one-half percent per annum for first preference stockholders.

Labor in Mexico being worth for rairoad construction from 6 to 10 cents per day, and in silver, the roads it the country furnished traffic ought to-make money, especially with their government grants. Except, however, for the silver mine monopolies there is little profit for capital in Mexits up to the present time. The Mexican Central Railway, largely fifty years ago. American, is about to start a cotton factory on its route in the hore of using some of the cheap labor. This will scarcely be deemed an adequate argument by American cotton operatives for reducing their wages to the Mexicuple el by putting finances of the Udited States on the Mezican silver basis.

The prosperity of Mexico-always excepting the silver monopoly-is a myth for purposes of comparison with other countries .-- Chicago Times-Herald.

EUROPE AGAIN T AMERICA.

Under this caption the Jacksonville Time-Union says that there is no doubt of the fact that there is forming among the nations of Europe anantagonistic to the United States. Every threat of trouble with a Euro-Pean power has shown that the sympathes of other European nations

Beware of that constant cough and loss of flesh which indicates decline and sure consumption. Help yourself while there is yet time by taking John-1 son's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. Pleasing to the taste. Pint bottle, \$1.00 at Hargrave's.

MORE NONSENCEFROM CUBA.

A newspaper published in Havana is clamoring for an immediate declaration of war by Spain against the United States, and argues that "at the breaking out of hostilities the Southern States would secede, and Mexico would invade Texas to recover the territory lost in the war of

This is one of the most ridiculous things ever uttered by any newspaper, and it is only noticed that the people of this country may get an idea of how we are regarded by the Spaniards in Cuba, who ought to know better, but don't.

As to the action of the Southera States in event of war between Spain and this country, why, the best troops would come from the Southland, and almost any one of the States of the South could clean Weyler and his gang off the Island in a short time, while Texas alone could do a plenty for Mexico-but the proposition is ridiculous to think of. -Norfolk Virginian.

> NORTH CAROLINA LEADS THE WORLD.

The World's Exposition, acting under the act of Congress, has awarded a beautiful gold medal and diplohave been with that power. It recalls ma to the late ex-Gov. Thos. M. the fact that our relations with Italy a Holt for the best wheat exhibit at the the years ago were strained, and that World's Fair. It is a great compli-Europe sympathized with Italy, ment to North Carolina to get the When our Government took the part prize when its wheat was in competiof Venezuela against England to the tion with the whole world, and espeextent of demanding arbitration and cially with the great wheat growing reasserting the Monroe docctrine, in countries of the Argentine Republic, almost every country in Europe the Russia, Austria, England, France, sentiment was well nigh unanimous Belgium and Germany. To beat that European nations would not them all, as well as every State in recognize that doctrine, and that its the Union, is no mean distinction for assertion was distasteful to them. In North Carolina. all of the questions of disputes which The wheat that took the first prize have arisen between Spain and the was grown on Governor Holt's fa-United States of late the sentiment of mous farm in Davidson Co., known the European nations have been as "Linwood Farm." Governor clearly in favor of Spain as against Holt was one of the best farmers in this country, and our contemporary **Children Cry for** his good cause for its conclusions .-Virginian. Pitcher's Castoria.

Observer.

Rheumatism and scrofulous diseases find no home where there is a vigorous circulation of pure blood. Johnson's Sarsaparilla and Celery makes pure blood. Note the price, large bottles, 40 cents at Hargrave's.

Fwo Graceful Acknowledgements, Salisbury World.

Salisbury, N. C. April 23, 1896. The indirect benefits which results to the public from patronizing home institutions has been brought home to us recently in such a way that we desire to call attention to a special instance of it.

The Southern Stock-Mutual Insurance Company of Greensboro, N. C. has been doing business here a little more than a year, and the money our people have paid this company for fire insurance has come back to us multiplied several times. This company has just made a loan of \$4,000 to the Central Land Company of Salisbury, of which the undersigned are directors, and with the proceeds of this loan many homes are being built on the Central Land Company's property to accommodate Salisbury's increasing population.

Here is a very practical demonstration of the advantage of tostering home institutions. The money which the people of Salisbury paid last year to the Southern Stock-Mutual Insurance Company, has not been carried to New York or Liverpool; but has come back to our doors increased four-told. (Signed)

JOHN S. HENDERSON, President. N. B. MCCANLESS, Vice-Pres. P. H. THOMPSON, Manager. Asheville Citizen.

Asheville, N. C., May 26, 1896. We desire to cite below an instance of the benefit which North Carolina enterprises, if encouraged and fostered, can be to our public institutions.

The Asheville Library Association has just secured a loan of \$2,000 on its building and lot on Church street, and it happens that the lender of this amount is the Southern Stock-Mutual Insurance Company of Greensboro, N. C. This company has been writing insurance in Asheville for more than a year, and new brings back in the form of this loan every dollar that has been paid to it by Ashville Save Your Money. property holders. Such institutions that tend to keep among us the money that we pay out cannot be too well supported.

cause Boston is farthest away.

Connection with Beston was called for, not because there was any necessity of talking with Boston, but simply to see what it is like to talk to some one some 1,300 miles away. "Hello, Boston!"

The speaker did not raise his voice. He was strongly tempted to, but had been told to speak in natural tones.

"Hello, Chicago!" came the answer clearly and distinctly. The man at the phone started. The voice sounded as though the speaker were close at his side. It seemed as though there ought to be some difficulty in hearing at that distance, but there was none. The words were even more distinct than when heard over the short distance phone.

"Did you say 'Hello?' " asked the Chicago man.

"Yes." "Then you outraged all precedent. You should have said-oh, I don't know what !-- some long word." The Boston "central" 'laughed. The "central" was a girl, and her laugh sounded remarkably interesting. The Chicago man wondered what she looked like. "Do you always wear a diamond

stud with a colored shirt, and say waal,' and talk about pork packing, and get three divorces a year?" inquired the Boston end of the conversation.

"No," said Chicago promptly. 'I'm not married. Never have been.' "Well?"

The Chicago man stopped to think. He should not have done it. It costs just as much to think with the receiver at one's ear as to say words like "reprehensibility." The five minutes were up, and he was cut off. The occurrence was unfortunate. It might have been a romance.

To expenses, \$10.-Chicago Tribune.

A Toothpick Town.

Only one characteristic distinguishes the little village of Strong, Me., from the thousands of others that are scattered all over New England. That is the peculiar industry which serves to support the entire community. Strong is famous for nothing but toothpicks, but it is known in the trade as the place

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NOTICE.

I WANT every man and woman in the United tates interested in the Opinm and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these dis-eases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 382, and one will be sent you free.

(Signed) GEORGE S. POWELL, President. HAYWOOD PARKER, Vice-Pres. W. B. WILLIAMSON, Treasurer.

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