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THE WILSON ADVANCE.

\$1 A YEAR, CASH IN ADVANCE.

"LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIMST AT BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S AND TRUTHS."

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

VOLUME XXVI.

WILSON, N. C., JUNE 11, 1896.

NUMBER 24.

The Secret of Success . . .

In these days of keen and constant competition the path to prosperity must be cut out by the blade of common sense, as applied to the act of buying.

To underbuy is our constant effort, And to undersell is our settled determination.

To ALL who appreciate the winning combination of LOW PRICES for BETTER GOODS, we offer our

...Drives in Notions:....

HERE ARE SOME OF THEM.

Ladies Umbrellas.

We know that we underbought on these and are underselling all others. Don't buy till you see them. Prices start at 47c, but that quality would be cheap at 70c—fully as good values in the better grades.

Ribbons! Ribbons!

THAT MUST CLAIM YOUR ATTENTION.

Always remember that a piece of Ribbon at the same price as we ask is not the same Ribbon.

WE claim to give you better values than others at same price. Test us and be convinced.

Cash before delivery & one price to all tells the tale.

The Cash Racket Stores,

J. M. LEATH, M'G.R.

Cor. Nash and Goldsboro Streets.

SEVEN KILLED BY A BOMB.

It is thrown into a Corpus Christi Procession at Barcelona.

BARCELONA, June 8.—A bomb was thrown into the crowd during the Corpus Christi procession yesterday, and its explosion resulted in the killing of seven persons and the injury of fifty. The perpetrator of the deed is as yet unknown, and his motive is equally a mystery.

The news of the throwing of a bomb spread like wildfire over the city and caused a panic amongst the great crowds drawn to the streets by the religious festival and the Sunday merrymaking usual to the city. The story grew as it travelled, and added to the fright and horror of those who heard it.

The explosion occurred just as the procession was entering the beautiful and ancient Church of Santa Maria del Mar, which is the grandest, after the cathedral, in Barcelona. This is in the heart of the old city, not far from the water front and the quay, and almost looking upon the Plaza del Pilar, one of the most thickly populated quarters of the populous city.

The sound of the explosion and the distressed cries of the injured and the friends of the killed created an indescribable panic among the great crowd in the procession and looking on. The people were terror stricken with the dread of other bombs being thrown, and it was with difficulty that they were restrained from crushing each other to death in the stampede.

The police have picked up thirty fragments of bombs in the street.

Two Dynamite Petards Exploded.

MARQUES-JAMES.—Two dynamite petards were exploded in front of the house of a priest yesterday at Orendain, near San Sebastian, on the Bay of Biscay. Much damage resulted from the explosion, but there was no fatality.

"As if a brick were lying in my stomach" is the description by a dyspeptic of his feelings after eating.

This is one of the commonest symptoms of indigestion. If you have it, take Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Not only this symptom, but ALL the symptoms are cured by Shaker Digestive Cordial.

So many medicines to cure this one disorder. Only one that can be called successful, because only one that acts in a simple, natural, and yet scientific way. Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Purely vegetable, and containing no dangerous ingredients, Shaker Digestive Cordial tones up, strengthens, and restores the digestive organs.

Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to \$1.00 a bottle.

STORM DAMAGE IN MINNESOTA.

One Person Drowned and Many Narrow Escapes Are Reported.

ST. PAUL, June 8.—The storm damage in this city Saturday night was severe. The city railway bridge is the principal sufferer. About one mile of the interurban line between the two cities was so badly damaged as to entirely stop street railway business for twelve hours. The storm was general throughout the southern part of the state, and extended over into South Dakota, where considerable damage was done.

At Bird Island, Minn., five and a half inches of water fell, and a great deal of grain will be drowned out. At Luverne, Minn., citizens were kept busy rescuing people who live on the river bottom, and many narrow escapes are reported. Fred Berg and James Jaco were capsized in a boat at midnight while trying to rescue the family of M. Gillard. The boys were washed against some trees, where they remained until morning. John Kittleson, while fording the river, was washed from his horse and drowned. His body has not yet been found. Several farm houses were demolished, and hundreds of cattle, sheep and hogs perished. The estimated loss in this county is \$20,000.

FOUR DROWNED BY A CLOUDBURST.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., June 8.—Four persons were drowned and considerable damage to property done by a cloudburst, which visited this section yesterday afternoon. Water fell in torrents, smashing windows, tearing down signs, etc., and flooding cellars and bottom lands. Dennis and Michael Desmond and Dennis and Eugene Cummings, all under 11 years, were drowned by going into a stone culvert to escape the storm. The water washed their bodies into the Missouri river, and they have not yet been recovered.

KANSAS CROPS RUINED BY HAIL.

WICHITA, Kan., June 8.—A terrific hail storm early yesterday morning destroyed thousands of acres of fine growing corn in southern Kansas with hail stones, cutting stalks off like a mowing machine. The storm was so severe that the roadsides were strewn with dead birds. The storm was apparently general all over southern Kansas and extended over a part of Oklahoma.

THE ST. PAUL MAKES A NEW RECORD.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The American line steamer St. Paul has succeeded in establishing a new record between Southampton and New York. This vessel arrived in port yesterday afternoon, making the run from the Needles to Sandy Hook lightship in 6 days, 5 hours and 32 minutes. The New York, of the same line, has held the record for 6 days, 7 hours and 14 minutes since Sept. 14, 1894. This time was made over the short course of 3,047 knots.

AUSTIN CORBIN KILLED.

The Multi-Millionaire Thrown from His Carriage.

HIS COACHMAN ALSO MEETS DEATH

The Horses, Becoming Frightened, Run Away and Overturn the Carriage at Mr. Corbin's Estate Near Newport, N. H., Throwing Him Against a Stone Wall.

NEWPORT, N. H., June 5.—Mr. Austin Corbin, the multi-millionaire of New York, died at 9:42 o'clock last night from injuries received by the running away of the horses attached to his carriage. The accident occurred about 3 o'clock in the afternoon while Mr. Corbin was driving from his estate and game preserves, two miles from here, accompanied by his grandson, Corbin Egell, a boy of 14 years, and the latter's tutor, Dr. Kungler.

The party left the house about 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a fishing trip to Cornish mountain. The team was in charge of John Stokes, who has been Mr. Corbin's coachman, both here and in New York, for years. But the horses were hitched up yesterday for the first time, perhaps, without blinders. Mr. Corbin opened a sunshade just as they drove away from the yard.

The horses at once started to run, and became unmanageable. They ran down



THE LATE AUSTIN CORBIN.

the descending western driveway at a terrific speed, and at the turn into the main road all were thrown violently, while the horses kept the road. Dr. Kungler was thrown completely over the wall, and landed on plowed ground. He received a severe bruise and a fracture. Young Ed gel suffered a fracture of the leg and wrist.

Stokes evidently hit a tree, and as one of the first to arrive on the scene expressed it, his body was completely wound around the tree. He died about 6 o'clock.

Mr. Corbin struck the stone wall with frightful force, and was terribly cut and bruised about his head, and one of his legs was broken and crushed so that the bones protruded through the flesh. He was able to speak when Mr. Woodbury, his farmer, who was near, reached him, but he soon lost consciousness and remained in that condition most of the time until the end.

Austin Corbin, who was often called the "King of Long Island," was born in Newport, N. H., July 11, 1837. He was graduated at Harvard law school in 1849. After practicing law at Newport for a while, in 1851 he removed to Davenport, Ia., where he lived for fourteen years. It was while there that he entered the banking business with a success that was followed by others of greater magnitude. He was a rich man when he came to New York in 1865 and started the banking house of Austin Corbin & Co., which continued the mortgage business which Mr. Corbin had started.

Soon after 1865 he became interested in railroads. His first trip to Long Island was made with his sick child. He saw the natural advantages and understood that the island must become an outlet place for millions in the nearby cities. At that time the Long Island roads were isolated systems, badly managed and in constant financial difficulties. After securing the control of the principal line, Mr. Corbin's one thought was to develop a great system which should bring all roads on the island under the one management. This ambition he attained in the early part of this year, when he became the owner of the majority interest in the one system, which now controls transportation on the island.

It is difficult to estimate Mr. Corbin's wealth. At Newport there is a villa set in the center of an estate 1,400 acres in extent. Beyond this there is a game preserve which takes in many former mountain farms in Newport township, extending over 10,000 acres. About this last there is a high, strong fence, and within the barrier elk, moose, buffalo and deer roam at will.

It was Mr. Corbin's desire to make this one of the greatest hunting preserves in the world, and this idea was being rapidly realized. For many years he has had agents in every country in the world looking for rare animals.

AWARDED DAMAGES FOR BLACKLISTING.

VINCENNES, Ind., June 6.—The jury in the case of William Drummond against the Evansville and Terre Haute railway gave a verdict of \$3,550 in favor of the plaintiff. Drummond was a conductor of this road, but lost his job at the time of the Debs strike, since which time the plaintiff alleged that he has been unable to get employment because of the fact that he was blacklisted. This is the second time damage for blacklisting has been allowed in the United States. The other case was decided last June 10, 1895.

TO BOYCOTT OUR GOODS

Spaniards in South America Will Make Purchases Elsewhere.

ANOTHER BLUNDER BY SPANIARDS

A Short Fight Between Allies, Each Party Mistaking the Other for Insurgents. Prisoners Held on Trivial Charges Without Opportunity for Defense.

HAVANA, June 8.—The Spanish newspapers teem with articles on the loyalty of Spaniards in the republics of Mexico, Uruguay and Argentina. Spaniards of Argentina and of Uruguay have enrolled as volunteers in Cuba, and today over 3,000 of them are serving in this island to maintain Spanish rule and Spanish supremacy. Spaniards in the United States and all Spanish America have initiated a naval fund, the subscriptions extending over three years.

The latest evidence of loyalty of the Spaniards in Spanish America has taken a new form. What is deemed to be a very strong anti-Spanish feeling in the American senate and in the United States generally has been developed by the press in the mother country as well as in Spanish America. It has led to the calling together of Spanish merchants in the republics of Mexico, Uruguay and the Argentine. They have protested against what they regard as the unfriendly utterances of the American people, and have unanimously decided to cease further purchases in the United States.

The march was pursued in absolute silence. In consequence, the arrival of the Egyptians at the dervish camp took the enemy completely by surprise. They quickly rallied however, and rushed to their arms. They stood to their positions and made a stubborn defense of the camp for an hour and a half, during which there was hard fighting.

The dervishes were finally put to rout by a flank movement executed by the cavalry. The forces of the khalfa took flight towards Suarda, pursued by the cavalry. Suarda is nearly a hundred miles south of here, but it is strongly held by a force of several thousand dervishes.

Reports so far received indicate that the loss to the dervishes will amount to a thousand men. Among those killed is Emir Hammuda, who was their commander, besides many important chiefs. The Egyptian loss was twenty killed and eighty wounded.

The dervishes made a hard fight, with a large force of riflemen, and not only held their ground, but attempted to advance with perfect roar of musketry, which was repulsed by Shrapnel and Maxim hail and steady converging volleys, which shattered the mud houses of Firket. The position of the dervishes was stormed from the north, and the remnant of the dervishes made a running fight through the hills towards Mograt.

Hammuda was in command of the larger force at Suarda. He was of the tribe of Habbania, and was well known to Slatin Pasha while the latter was a captive of the khalfa in the soudan. Slatin has described him as a great favorite with the khalfa, who promoted him to the rank of emir because he left his own tribe when the insurrection first broke out to serve the khalfa personally.

It is probable that the taking of Firket was decided upon owing to the doubtful strength of Akasheh as an outpost, surrounded as it is by low hills, the taking of which would make Akasheh a death trap.

The finishing of the railroad line from Sarras has been rapidly pushed since the expedition was determined upon. By extending it to Firket the worst cataract will be turned, and early advantage can thus be taken of the rise in the Nile at the end of July for water transport to Dongola.

The officers in command of the Egyptian forces express great gratification at the conduct in yesterday's fight of the Egyptians, about whom some doubts have been felt, and the Soudaneese who have been looked to with confidence for good fighting. Both the Egyptians and Soudaneese displayed great steadiness and dash. Hundreds of dervishes were taken prisoners.

DERVISHES REPULSED.

Egyptian Troops Have a Big Fight with the Khalifa's Forces.

FULLY A THOUSAND MEN SLAIN.

The Troops March on Firket in the Night, and Capture the Place After a Battle Lasting an Hour and a Half—The Loss of the Egyptians Very Small.

FIRKET, Egypt, June 8.—This point was taken by Egyptian troops at an early hour yesterday morning, and their manner of acquitting themselves in this, the first engagement of the Nile campaign, has given satisfaction to the British officers in command of them. The Egyptian forces left Akasheh, the Egyptian outpost, Saturday evening. The distance is twenty miles, and it took the whole night to accomplish the march.

The march was pursued in absolute silence. In consequence, the arrival of the Egyptians at the dervish camp took the enemy completely by surprise. They quickly rallied however, and rushed to their arms. They stood to their positions and made a stubborn defense of the camp for an hour and a half, during which there was hard fighting.

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Diamond Thief Dunlop Pleads Guilty.

NEW YORK, June 6.—William Robert Dunlop and William Turner, who are accused of stealing \$50,000 worth of jewelry from the house of L. Townsend Burden, were arraigned in general sessions yesterday. Dunlop pleaded guilty and was remanded to trial. Turner pleaded not guilty. Both were committed to the Tombs without bail. Dunlop will be sentenced in a few days. Turner's trial will be set shortly.

Penrose in the Lead Thus Far.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., June 8.—Forty-three out of the sixty-one districts in this county have reported on the result of Saturday night's primaries, showing that for senatorial delegate Penrose has received fifty-eight to forty-nine for Wanamaker. In the popular vote Penrose leads by about 250. The districts in the upper end of the county, conceded to be Wanamaker's stronghold, have not yet reported.

Passed Over the President's Veto.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The senate yesterday passed the river and harbor bill over the president's veto by the vote of 56 to 5. This was the last step in making the bill effective, and it is now a law. The vote was taken after three hours of spirited debate, during which the president was criticized and defended, the remarks at times being directly and bitterly personal.

Alleged Murderer Hermann Located.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—Chief Harrigan and his detectives think they have located Rev. Francis Hermann, the fugitive minister of Salt Lake City, Utah, who is charged with a double murder. It is alleged that Hermann was at the Union station in this city about May 11, and that his movements since then have been traced to his place of hiding.

The Moscow Disaster Victims.</h