

The ROANOKE NEWS

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NO 5

IT IS NONSENSE.

OF COURSE IT IS AND SUCH NONSENSE IS INJURIOUS.

News and Observer.

We notice that the Raleigh correspondent of the Charlotte Observer has gone into the business of telling what the Democratic party will do. As a news gatherer Mr. Olds is very good, but he is hardly authorized to speak for the Democratic party. He says "the Democrats will stand no foolishness. They will put out of the convention all men who favor that abomination, the St. Louis platform. This is the thing to be done. There will be no indecision about it, either."

We do not know whom Mr. Olds speaks for—as far as we are advised or have any information there is no purpose to put any man out of the State Convention because he favors the St. Louis platform. That is the wildest sort of nonsense. It would take a majority to put a man out; and if a majority of the convention shall be unfavorable to the St. Louis platform, no possible harm can come from letting any who favor it remain. If it should prove however that those favorable to "the abominable platform" themselves had a majority, why then the proceeding indicated by Mr. Olds could not possibly be carried into effect. In the one case it would be impracticable; in the other case a foolish proceeding. We suppose Mr. Olds was just writing to make a paragraph. We doubt if he has ever heard two men in Raleigh express themselves to the effect he indicates, and certainly he himself is not authorized to say a word as to what action the Democratic party will take.

The province of the news gatherer is to present facts. If there were any movement in the direction indicated, that would be a fact—that would be news. But as we know there is no earthly purpose that way, nor any disposition to question a delegate as to what he favors. And if one or two persons had such thoughts, what chance would they have carrying them into effect at the convention? The whole idea is nonsense.

THE RIGHT TICKET.

This is a year when all sorts of presidential tickets on all sorts of platforms are made. The Southern Cultivator proposes the following:

For President:

Industry.

For Vice President:

Economy.

Electoral Ticket:

1. Hog, hominy and hay.
2. Grain and grasses.
3. Cotton and the cereals.
4. Home raised products.
5. Improved labor saving machinery.
6. Intensive culture.
7. Fields terraced and filled.
8. Improved stock raised at home.
9. Improved public highways.
10. Smaller farms and more thorough tillage.
11. Homes made more attractive.

The man who called sarsaparilla a fraud, had good reason; for he got hold of a worthless mixture at "reduced rates." He changed his opinion, however, when he began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It pays to be careful, when buying medicines.

The census of 1890 shows that the negroes in the New England States constitute a smaller proportion of the population than they did ten years previous. It is said that many of them have immigrated south. In Massachusetts they now constitute only one per cent of the population; and in New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine they constitute less than one-third of one per cent. They are not only decreasing in ratio but also in actual numbers.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more serious treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by W. M. Cohen.

JUDGE DANIEL.

CHIEF JUSTICE MERRINON'S SPEECH IN RECEIVING HIS PORTRAIT.

In receiving the portrait Chief Justice Merrimon said: The late Judge Daniel was of a former generation but we know from tradition, history and the reports of the decisions of this court that he was a man of surpassing ability and excellence, possessed of extensive general information, a learned lawyer and a very able and upright judge. He was continuously a judge for about thirty-two years, and half that time was an influential and distinguished member of this court. By his talents, his great learning, his industry, his integrity and dignity of character, he contributed largely to its great usefulness, influence and fame. His judicial opinions are singularly strong, clear, logical and practical. While they afford evidence of the learning of their author, they are remarkable for their intelligence and brevity. They briefly and yet fully embody the law applicable to the cases to which they belong.

They are models of point, strength and conclusiveness. They are entirely free from ostentatious display. They are not encumbered and confused by multiplied citations of authorities, and yet they cite with sufficient fullness such cases as add to their strength. Many of his opinions by reason of their qualities of strength and justice are of themselves authority. It must be readily allowed that he ranks among the ablest of the judges who have been members of this court. One of his great associates said of him, that "he had a love of learning, an enquiring mind and a memory uncommonly tenacious, and he acquired and retained a stock of varied and extensive knowledge, and especially became well versed in the history and principles of the law." He was without arrogance or ostentation, even of his learning; had the most unaffected and charming simplicity and mildness of manners, and no other purpose in office than to "execute justice and maintain truth," and there he was patient in hearing argument, laborious and calm in investigation, candid and instructive in consultation, and impartial and firm in decision. We accept, and have much satisfaction in accepting the portrait of him just tendered to the court by his descendants. They have thus done a dutiful and good service. It will be fixed at an appropriate place on the walls of this chamber, where it will ever remain to remind us, and those who shall come after us and all who shall come here of one who was eminently fit and worthy to be remembered for the unswerving purity of his personal character, his learning and long and useful official labors. The clerk will note on the record the presentation and acceptance of this portrait, and the marshal will see that it is set in proper place on the walls of this chamber.

Shut Down

that's what they call it when the mill closes and the work stops. The same term is applied to the liver when you suffer with Biliousness and Sick Headache. There is no action. A few doses of Simmons Liver Regulator will soon set the liver going properly and keep the bowels regular. Take the Regulator now and then to prevent any re-occurrences of these distressing symptoms.

Illinois Democrats last week passed resolutions instructing delegates to the National convention to present the name of Senator John M. Palmer and use all honorable means to secure the nomination.

Answer this Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the food, Yellow skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by W. M. Cohen.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,

Indigestion, and Stomach Disorders, use DR. W. M. COHEN'S LEMON BITTERS. All dealers keep it. \$1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

HILL THE MAN.

EX-CONGRESSMAN PERRY BELMONT SAYS HE IS THE BEST AND SAFEST MAN TO NOMINATE.

N. Y. Herald.

Mr. Perry Belmont sails to-day in La Touraine for Havre. I asked him if he intended to be absent from the Democratic National Convention at Chicago, to which he has been elected a delegate. He replied:—

"Certainly not. I am going to France to meet my mother and return with her to New York early in June by the same vessel in which I go to Havre."

To my inquiry in regard to his preference among the candidates named for the nomination at Chicago, Mr. Belmont promptly answered that his first choice is Senator Hill, not only because the New York democracy had so decidedly pronounced for him but because he Mr. Belmont believed Senator Hill to be in every way, the best and safest candidate.

"Do you really think Senator Hill will be nominated?" I asked.

Mr. Belmont said that he did, and for the reason that he is confident the delegates from the West and the South will give heed to the facts and opinions which the New York delegation will not shrink to lay before them, as, indeed, that delegation is in duty bound to do in justice to the democratic delegations from other States.

THE FACTS.

What will be the character of those facts and opinions?"

"Chiefly the record of Mr. Cleveland's inability when a candidate to enlist the full democratic vote of New York," said Mr. Belmont. "Nobody, at least no democrat, doubts the competency and experience of Mr. Cleveland fitting him to be President, nor will any New York delegate at Chicago question the fitness of Gorman, or Carlisle, or Gray, or Palmer. It is not at all a question, as between the candidates, of fitness, for Hill, Cleveland, Gorman, Carlisle, Gray and Palmer are each fit and competent to be President, but the real question is what democrat can most surely carry New York and with New York carry New Jersey and Connecticut. There will not be at Chicago any occasion for bad temper or ill feeling. Democratic politicians in the South and West know what a democratic organization in a State means, and they will respect the meaning. What the Chicago Convention has to do is to nominate a candidate who can preserve democratic control over the Southern States, by a reasonable attitude toward the Farmers' Alliance, and can carry the four Northern States of New York, Indiana, New Jersey and Connecticut. That is the problem. Indiana will speak for itself, and New York, having a tenth of the population of the country, and nearly a tenth of all the Presidential electors, will answer for itself."

FIGURES.

"But," I asked, "don't you really believe, Mr. Belmont, that Cleveland can carry New York next November?"

"You must find the answer in the record of Mr. Cleveland's campaigns in New York," replied Mr. Belmont. "In 1882, when Cleveland ran for Governor and Hill for Lieutenant Governor, the former had a plurality of 192,854, but the latter had 196,781. In 1884 Cleveland had as Presidential candidate only 1,047 plurality, while in 1876 Tilden had a plurality of 32,818, and in 1885 Hill had a plurality as Governor of 11,134. And, more than that, in 1888, under the most favorable possible conditions, Cleveland lost New York by 13,002 and Hill on the same day carried New York by 19,171. I cannot discover anything to justify me as a delegate to tell any one at Chicago that Mr. Cleveland will be even as strong in New York in November 1892, as he was in 1888. I may regret it, and do regret it, but facts are not to be ignored, and the responsibility of each delegate requires him to consider them. It is not of much

avail to go into the causes of Cleveland's falling off in New York even since 1888, but it may be said, and will be said, that the unjust and unmeasured condemnation by Mr. Cleveland's partisans of Senator Hill and Tammany Hall, the New York Legislature and the New York democratic organization explains much of it. Every democratic politician knows how the democratic rank and file resent unmerited abuse of their leaders who lead to success. When the Tammany voters hear themselves daily arraigned by what are known as the mugwump newspapers, and denounced as members of the semi-criminal classes, they naturally resent it, and even Mr. Croker cannot overcome or succeed in allaying opposition to any candidate in whose interests these attacks are made. In my opinion one powerful reason why Governor Hill has been so popular at the ballot boxes since 1882 is that he has been so unjustly vilified by republican and mugwump newspapers."

"Do you mean to say," I asked, "that mugwump support of a democratic candidate drives away democratic voters in New York and Kings counties?"

"I have not the least doubt of it, under the present conditions," answered Mr. Belmont.

A JEALOUS DOG.

THE AFFECTION OF HUSBAND AND WIFE TOO MUCH FOR JACK.

London Spectator.

That dogs are affectionate is universally allowed, and that they are jealous no observer can doubt; but that a dog may show true philosophy in accepting a hard situation is occasionally proved.

A young man had for some years owned a dog which was his constant companion. Recently, however, he married, and moved with his wife and dog into a house on the opposite side of the street from his father's house, his old home.

The dog was not happy, for attentions which had once been his own were now given to the young bride. His master tried to reconcile him to the altered state of affairs, and the bride endeavored to win his affection, but he constantly showed his displeasure and misery.

One day the master came home and sat down, putting his arm about his wife. Jack was lying by the fire and he at once rose and approached the two, and made the usual exhibition of his disapproval.

"Why, Jack," said his master, "this is all right. She is a good girl," and as he spoke he patted his wife's arm.

Jack looked up at him, turned away and left the room. In a moment they heard a noise, and going into the hall found him dragging his bed down stairs. He reached the front door and whined to be let out. The door was opened and he dragged the bed down the steps and across the street to his old home, where he scratched for admittance. Since then he has never returned to his master, and has refused all overtures toward reconciliation.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper.—W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. apr 30 ly.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became a Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

AS GOVERNING TOWNSHIP AND COUNTY CONVENTIONS AND COMMITTEES.

The unit of county organization shall be the township. In each township there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several townships in meetings called by the county executive committee. And said committees so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

The several township executive committees shall convene at the meetings of the several county conventions, or at any time and place that a majority of them may elect, and shall elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, one of whom shall be designated as chairman, who shall preside at all of the said committee meetings.

In case there shall be a failure on the part of any township to elect its executive committee for the period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said township.

The members of the township committees shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committees.

The township conventions shall elect their delegates to represent the townships in the county conventions from the voters of the respective townships, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective townships on all questions that may come before the said county conventions. In case no convention shall be held in any township in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the township executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

Each township shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic votes, and one vote for fractions of fifteen Democratic votes cast in the last gubernatorial election: Provided, That every township shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each township may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

The chairmen of township committees shall preside at all township conventions. In their absence any other member of said committees may preside.

In cases where all the township executive committees are required to meet for the purpose of electing county executive committees, said meetings shall be deemed to have a quorum when a majority of such townships shall be represented in said meetings.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic voters, and one delegate for fractions of over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in each of said conventions.

GENERAL RULES.

1. Such delegates (or alternates of absent delegates) as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their township or county may be entitled.

2. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

3. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancy occurring in their respective bodies.

4. The chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventions, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State conventions shall be sent to the Secretary of the State Central Committee.

Bloody poisoned by diphtheria, the grip, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, etc., is made pure and healthy by Wood's Sarsaparilla.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headaches ensue; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.
As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.
W. J. McEneaney, Macon, Ga.



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In Bedford Cords, Broadclothes, Cashmere Plaids and all the Novelties of the season are ready for inspection.

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—FOR—
MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

In town. GOOD FITS and STYLISH MAKES. Big Assortments of

SHOES

In all grades. Latest New York styles in

HATS.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS. Housekeepers goods and anything you will need.

We will sell goods as cheap and give you as good values as any in town.

Respectfully,
HART & ALLEN.

3-12-18