VOL. XXIII.

WELDON, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1892.

NO. 27

ADVERTISEMENTS.

# Is Life Worth Living?

That depends upon the Liver. If the Liver is inactive the whole system is out of order-the breath is bad, digestion poor, head dull or aching, energy and hopefulness gone, the spirit is depressed, a heavy weight exists after eating, with general despondency and the blues. The Liver is the housekeeper of the health; and a harmless, simple remedy that acts like Nature, does not constipate afterwards or require constant taking, does not interfere with business or pleasure during its use, makes Simmons Liver Regulator a medical perfection.

I have tested its virtues personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, filliousness and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world over saw. Have triedforty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, and mone of them pave more than temperary relief, but the Regulator not only rokevel has cared.

If. H. JONES, Macon, Ga.

### SHERIFF'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of the executions in my hands issuing from the Superior court of Halifax county, N. C., both in favor of Cardoza, Alsop, Moseley & Co., and against J. O. Heptinstall, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction for cash at the court house door in Halifax, N. C., on Mon-day, November 14th, 1892, that being the ist day of November Superior court, all the right, title and interest of the said J. O. Heptinstall in the following real estate nate insaid Halifax county, to-wit:

In all that tract of land known as the home tract of the late 5. W. Heptinstall, containing 2000 acres, save and except 400 acres, thereof allotted to the said J. O. Heptinstall as a homestead said land adjoining the lands of W. W. Butts, J. N. Morris, R. A. Patterson and B A. Lavender.

 In all that tract known as the Jackson tract adjoining the lands of — Suiter et als In the tract known as the Murphy place, and adjoining the lands of Wm. Travis and E. J. Boyd.

4. The Powell Plantation of 744 acres, djoining Norman Powell, George Massey

5. The John Faulson place of 217 acres adjoining James Faulson and James E.

fasgow.
6. The Piney Fork place of 84 acres, adining Buck Hux and R. J. Lewis-A tract of 35 acres, near W. L. Mc

The place where T. J. Hamill lives,

8. The place where T. J. Handson of 111 acres.
9. The Dr. Green place now connected with the Winterey place, of 434 acres, near Roper's Springs, adjoining the lands of John Thomas and John Dillehay.

10. The place where Henry Higgs, Jas. Alston and others lived, of 500 acres, ad-joining W. E. Bowers, and R. A. Patterson. 11. The tract bought of John M Thorne

A tract containing 40-50 acres, lying hear Gaston, purchased from Ida Dillehay.

13. A tract containing 31½ acres purchased from Canby and wife, and the reversionery right of said J. O. Heptinstall to

B. I. ALSBROOK, Sheriff of Halifax county, Per A. H. Green, D. S.

DEALERS IN

S. H. HAWES & CO.,

---Dealers in-

IME,

PLASTER, CEMENT.

Richmond, Va.

EXTRACTS.

FROM SOME MORE EDITORIALS IN THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER.

May 26, 1891: "We think the Allianceman who cannot stand the full, free and temperate discussion of all public questions is made of mighty poor timber and is not fitted to be useful in such movements as ours. This alliance movement has been and is a great educational movement precisely because it has provoked and taken part in the discussion of all sorts of public questions.

June 16, 1891: "Is it wise for the friends of reform in our national offices to ignore the reform of the tariff and put all their strength into the agitation in favor of the sub-treasury bill and in favor of the free coinage of silver. We answer too bad," said Mr. Plug. "Last night this question without one moment of hesitation with an emphatic negative. It is constantly assumed by the reform press that the tariff is not a financial measure at all. This assumption is violent and unfair. It is indeed the most vital financial question that is now before the people or that come before the people. Any other measures of financial reform must be only partial and unsatisfactory without such a modification of our tariff system as will amount to the entire regeneration of our customs regulation. The mere statement of this truth must carry conviction to any mind that is capable of reasoning upon these questions at

December 1, 1891: "President Polk's address (at Indianapolis) was squarely and boldly against allowing the Alliance to be subordinated to the purposes of any party and that address was enthusiastically endorsed by true Alliancemen.'

## HOME HAS THE 1ST CLAIM.

The first thought of a wife or a mother should be her home; all things, no matter how important is secondary to that. No matter how rampant may become certain public evils, let her see to it that she keeps the evil out of her home and she performs her greatest duty to her God, her family and mankind. When a woman tries to remedy an evil by striding | can frauds. Democratic frauds "in many the lecture platform, warning others, when that very evil is invading her home by her absence, she is mistaking her mission to be reached. The reader searches in in life, and she cannot realize it too soon. The good that a woman can do toward the great world at large is as nothing compared to her possibilities in her home if she be wife or mother.

And the first duty of man, as well as of woman, is to home; to his wife and his children. As a husband, a father, an is ignored. The guilty party accuses example to his his sons and daughters, the defrauded party of all the wickedness their counselor and friend, he should be the light and joy of his household, their strength for duty, their encouragement to excellence, their comfort and help in all that prepares for usefulness and makes home attractive to all. When husband and wife, father and mother, make home what it should be, the false temptations of the world will lose their power, and children will grow up to be the joy of parents and a blessing to themselves and to the world.

# SUFFICIENT.

An Irishman and a negro agreed to settle the question of who was the better man. They also agreed that as soon as one was satisfied he should indicate the fact to the other by simply saying: "Sufficient." After pounding each other for some time the Irishman sang out: "sufficient," when, much to his disgust the negro exclaimed: "Sho" I've been tryin' to think of dat word for twenty

IT WON'T Do .- You may bridle the appetite but you cannot bribe the liver to do its work well. You must be honest with it, help it along a little now and then with a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator. The liver becomes sluggish ometimes and needs some stimulation to keep off those attacks of Indigestion and Biliousness. A good active liver,

TOO MANY GIRLS.

SPARKIN' GOING ON ALL OVER THE PLACE.

"Them girls'll be the death of me," sighed Mr. Plug, the other day as he came up the street.

"Why, I thought they were nice girls," said a sympathetic friend.

So they are nice enough, but there's too many of them, and they're too attractive," said the disconsolate patriarch. "Them three daughters of mine were enough in all conscience, but now my niece is up here from Boston, and it seems as if old scratch had got into them. I don't object to young folks havin' beaux and all that, but when it comes to havin' sparkin' going on all over the place its Sue had a fellow courtin her at the gate; and Julia had her chap in the parlor; and when I got ready to go to bed, bless me, if Andromache, (that's my niece from Boston) didn't have young S-by spooning her on the stairs. She says that's Newport style. Sich nonsense! I couldn't get up stairs to go to bed without climbing over them, so I thought I'd go out to the barn and sleep on the hay; but durn my pictur, if I didn't stuble over Milly and some young spooner sitting in the barn door. This thing's got to stop before cold weather, for I can't afford wood and kerrysene for any such nonsense, when its too cold for sparkin' out o' doors."

### OFFICIALLY PRAISED.

Baltimore Sun.

The Republican campaign text book for 1892, just published, on page 198 defends the force bill at considerable length as an exemplary series of statues, comparable with the ten commandments. The election bill is described as a bill designed simply to , secure an immaculate free ballot. Nothing is said of the partisan machinery by which it is to work out majorities for Republican candidates every time. On page 197 it is indicated that it is "democrat frauds' it is aimed at, not Republi-Southern States" and in New York are specially mentioned as the ones requiring vain for mention of the Republican frauds by which Mr. Tilden was deprived of the Presidency. There is not a word about the theft of Montann, of New Hamp- road in North Carolina. shire, and of the governership of Connecticut. The buying of Indiana in 1880 and of New York and Indiana in 1888 To cap the climax the campaign textbook says the force bill is "no more a force bill than are the Ten Command-

JOHNSON'S CHILL CURE-In this malarial season of the year people want to know what will cure chills for certain. Tney want to keep some kind of a dead shot in the house all the time. This way of having two or three chills before they can be broken is not satisfactory at at all. One chill is too many: and the remedy which will knock the first one hot even before it knocks you cold is the remedy that sells. Johnson's Chill Cure is that remedy. It is for sale by W. M. Cohen, Weldon, and Jonas Cohen, Enfield. Price

Some of the peanuts are said to be

VIOLETS promise to again be fashionable this winter.

THIS month has five Saturdays, five Sundays and five Mondays. AUTUMN millinery is described as a

sort of concentrated Italian sunset. THE planet Jupiter is now so bright that it can be seen even before the sun

has ceased to shine. Oh, that nature might convert the man with a pistol on his hip into a stinging seorpion with a brier on the end of his

"I am deeply interested in my "sur promotes digestion and prevents Malaria. | roundings," said Col. McGinty.

THE RAILWAY TAX CASE.

JUDGMENTS OF THE FEDERAL COURT AND UPON THE COMPROMISE AGREED

THE PEDERAL COURT JUDGMENT.

Joited States of America, eastern district of North Carolina, in the United States Circuit Court, fourth circuit. At Raleigh.

The State of North Carolina, in the relation of D. W. Bain, Treasurer, against Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company-Judgment.

The cause coming in upon the complaint and answer and upon the facts admitted, and the decision of the Court being filed herein, and the defendant having given notice of its appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States; and whereas there is pending in the Superior Court of Wake county an action wherein the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad is plaintiff and the commissioners of Wake county are defendants, in which action are involved questions concerning the liability of the property of the Raleigh & Gaston Company to taxation, and whereas the authorities of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad Company, who are also in control of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company, have agreed to and with the State of North Carolina and with D. W. Bain, Treasurer, to surrender all the exemptions from taxation of both the sued, the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company and the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, as will hereinafter more fully appear in regard to the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad company, and as will appear in regard to the Raleigh & Gaston railroad company in a judgment or decree to be filed in the case in the Superior Court of Wake county heretofore mentioned; and whereas it is desirable that all the matters and things

shall be fully set out herein. Now, therefore, by consent of all the decreed that under and by virtue of the charter of the Seaboard & Roanoke railrailroad company shall be liable to taxa- kind. tion in the State of North Carolina or and after June the first, A. D., 1893, in the same manner as similar property of railroad companies in the State which are not exempt from taxation, in proportion and to the extent of the length of the

It is further ordered, adjusted and decreed that the situs of the Seaboard and Roanoke company in North Carolina is, so far as its ownership of personal property is concerned, (subject to the provisions of law concerning the assessment of railroad companies) shall be at its office in the town of Weldon, in the county of Halifax, North Carolina. It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff do receive of the defendant the sum of seven thousand five hundred dellars (7,500) which sum shall be in full discharge of all taxes due to the State from the said company up to and including the year 1892, and for all subse quent years the tax of twenty-five cents per share, prescribed in the charter of the Roanoke railroad company, and mentioned in the opinion of the court shall not be imposed, levied or collected by the said State, or any authority thereof, but the shares shall only be subject to the general law of North Carolina conceruing taxes upon similar shares in the hands of the owners thereof.

It is further ordered that the defendant pay the costs of this action to be taxed by the clerk.

(Signed) AUGUSTUS S. SEYMOUR, District Judge

NORTH CAROLINA. ) SUPERIOR COURT, WAKE COUNTY, AT CHAMBERS. The Raleigh and Gaston Railway Co., vs. the Board of Commissioners of

Wake County, and M. W. Page, sheriff of Wake county.

This cause coming on to be heard at Chand as, by the commut of all parties, and it appearing to the court that the

furthr appearing to the court that this cause was heretofore tried before His Honor, H. G. Connor, Judge, at the February term, 1892, of the court, and that an appeal was taken by both parties from said judgment, but that neither of said appeals has been docketed in the Supreme court, and that both appeals have been withdrawn, and that the said case is now depending in this court; and it further appearing to the court that a

State of North Carolina has made itself

a party defendant in this action; and it

fall settlement has been made between the State of North Carolina and the Seaboard & Roanoke Railway Company in regard to the taxation of that road, and in said settlement it was agreed that the exemptions from taxation of the Raleigh & Gaston Railway Company should be

surrendered upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set out, and upon the construction of the charter of the said

Raleigh & Gaston Railway, as hereinafier declared. Now, upon consideration thereof, and upon a construction of the charter of the Raleigh and Gaston Railway Company it is ordered, adjudged and decreed the the defendant, the Raleigh and Gaster Railway Company, is not entitled to any exemptions under the charter, but that its property shall be liable to be taxed from the first day of June, 1893, as is the property of other railways in North Carolina which are not exempt from taxation and that the tax or charge of twenty-five cents per share set out in the charter of the plaintiff shall not be imposed, levied or collected by the defendants or any of them by any authority thereof, but that the shares shall be subject to the general law of North Carolina concerning taxes upon similar shares in the hands of owners thereof.

It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff pay to the deagreed upon and settled in this action fendant, the board of commissioners of Wake county, the sum of \$423,38, which is in full of all claims or demand for any parties hereto, it is ordered, adjudged and and all sums which may be claimed in any manner by the State, or by any authority thereof, or by any of the defendroad company all the property, real and ants in this action for any back taxes or personal, of the said Seaboard & Roanoke of any claim for back taxes of whatever

> It is further ordered and adjudged that the defendants recover of the plaintiff the costs and expenses of this action, except the referee's fee which has been heretofore adjudicated to be taxed by clerk. By consent this judgment is signed at

chambers in vacation.

HENRY R. BROWN,

Judge presiding in the 4th district. T. M. HOLT, Governor of North Caroli-

LEGH H. WATTS, general counsel for Scaboard Air Line.

ARMISTEAD JONES, attorney for defend-

J. A. Norris, chairman board county J. W. HINSDALE, plaintiff's attorney.

SHILOR'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal. Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge

Some people go to church to hear, others to see, and yet others to sleep.

Anwser this Question.

Price 50c. Sold by W. M. Cohen.

Why do so many people we see around seem to prefer to suffer and be made miscrable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetice, Coming up of the food, Yellow skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guartend to cure them. Sold by W. M.

Self-reliance is a very necessary quality, because it one cannot rely upon himself surely nobody else can afford to rely

When Baby was sick, we gave bor Cantoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she slung to Castoria NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### TOBACCO HABIT!

Next to the whiskey traffic, it is the most expensive and loathsome habit of the American people. The annual cost runs up into millions. The average tobacco user pays to gratify this unnatural appetite from five to ten times more than he gives to support the Church. Shame on us.

This Cure has not yet failed where the party was in carnest about quitting and followed directions. Thousands have been enied of chewing, smoking and dipping. Here are samples of certificates:

BIRMINGHAM, ALA-, March 16, 1892 Messes. Brazeal & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I used tobacco for nine-teen years, and finding it injurious, decid-ed to quit it. About seven months ago, with the Rose Tobacco and Snuff Cure, I quit it, and now find my health greatly improved, and that I have gained 30 pounds in weight. A. T. BAKER-

MESSES, BRAZEAL & CO.:

Dear Sirs—The tobacco tablet bought of you December 30, 1891, has given perfect satisfaction. It has cured two persons the tobacco habit-myself and another. 1 smoked cigarettes for four years, and had been chewing fourteen years. Since the use of the tablet I have no desire whatever either for smoking or chewing. It did the work in four days. Yours truly,

E. T. ODOM, Gadsden, Ala-ROCKY FORD, GA., Jan. 12, 1892. Messes, Brazeal & Co., Birmingham, Ala,

DEAR SIRS-I have used one of the tablets for cigarettes, and it has cured me. Enclosed find \$10. Please send me amount in tablets. Will take agency or territory. Give me full particulars. Refer to any business house of this town. Yours truly, G. R. HEAD.

Mrs. J. F. Judd, of Fayette C. H., Ala.,

writes:
"I received my box of Snuff Cure and am delighted with it. There is no doubt of its curing any one who will give it a fair and honest trial and really has the desire to cease using the weed, and exercise this willing desire. I think I can sell many boxes for you. I do want to help those who want to help themselves."

PRICE PER TABLET, TOBACCO CURE, \$1.00 BOX, SNUFF CURE, ORDER OF

# BRAZEAL & CO.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., General Agents for Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina.

A Household Remedy BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Botanic Blood Balm

It Cures Schofula, Ulcers, Salt form of malignent Skill ERUPTION, besides being edicacious in toating up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure, it directions are followed. SENT FREE "B" of Wonders."

BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ca. \*\*\*\*\*

This - Space - be-

longs to the

H. C. Spiers,

Manager