

# The ROANOKE NEWS

VOL. XXIII. WELDON, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1892. NO 35

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

## THE RAILROADS.

## BY MACHINERY.

## THE PROMISED LAND.

## THE COLORED PEOPLE.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Is Life Worth Living?

That depends upon the Liver. If the Liver is inactive the whole system is out of order—the breath is bad, digestion poor, head dull or aching, energy and hopefulness gone, the spirit is depressed, a heavy weight exists after eating, with general despondency and the blues. The Liver is the housekeeper of the health; and a harmless, simple remedy that acts like Nature, does not constipate afterwards or require constant taking, does not interfere with business or pleasure during its use, makes Simmons Liver Regulator a medical perfection.

I have tested its virtues personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Troubling Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. Have tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, and none of them gave more than temporary relief, but the Regulator not only relieved but cured.

H. H. JONES, Macon, Ga.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership of BURTON & TRAVIS is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ROBT. O. BURTON,  
E. L. TRAVIS,

Halifax, N. C., Nov. 25, 1892.

### JOS. J. LOCKHART,

Attorney and Counsellor At Law,  
WELDON, N. C.

Office in Evans building.  
Practices in the Superior and other courts of the State.

Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.  
nov 31 y.

### JAMES M. MULLEN, WALTER E. DANIEL, MULLEN & DANIEL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
WELDON, N. C.

Practice in the courts of Halifax and Northampton and in the Supreme and Federal courts. Collections made in all parts of North Carolina. Branch office at Halifax, N. C., open every Monday.

### THOMAS N. HILL,

Attorney at Law,  
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in Halifax and adjoining counties and Federal and Supreme courts.  
aug. 25 t

### DR. E. L. HUNTER,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Can be found at his office in Enfield.  
Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas for the Painless Extracting of Teeth always on hand.  
feb 27 ly.

### T. W. HARRIS, D. D. S.

DIRECTOR'S MEETING.

Immediately after the meeting of the stockholders the newly elected Board of Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company met in President Elliott's office, and the following officials were elected for the ensuing year, viz: H. Walters, Vice President; James F. Post, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer. The following were also continued in their respective positions, viz: J. R. Kenly, General Manager; J. F. Divine, General Superintendent; T. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager; W. A. Risch, General Auditor; B. R. Dunn, Engineer of Roadway.

The report of the President of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad shows total receipts for the year \$1,452,012.28; expenses, \$802,884.02—leaving a net balance of \$649,128.26. Percentage of operating expenses to gross receipts, 55.29.

The report of the General Superintendent of operations of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad shows gross receipts \$946,286.08; operating expenses, \$646,567.87. Net receipts, \$199,718.21.

As a preventive of the Grip Hood's Sarsaparilla has grown into great favor. It fortifies the system and purifies the blood.

### An Invention that Ladies Appreciate

PERFECTION ADJUSTABLE

Thousands say they will wear No Other Shoe. Wear this Shoe during the Summer Months. DO NOT SUFFER WITH

TIRED OR TENDER FEET.

This shoe EXPANDS with EVERY MOTION of the foot. It is the most comfortable shoe ever made. It is possible to wear a shoe that is so comfortable.

THE PERFECTION  
Costs no more, looks better, wears longer, and gives 100 times more comfort than any other shoe.

Prices, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.  
CONSOLIDATED SHOE CO., M'F'rs, Lynn, Mass.

For sale by the leading shoe dealer in Littleton, N. C.,

S. JOHNSTON.

W. B. TILLERY, Weldon, N. C.

Geo. B. CURTIS & CO., Enfield, N. C.

SHOES MADE TO MEASURE A SPECIALTY.

Agents wanted in all sections.  
aug 11 3m.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WILMINGTON AND WELDON AND WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROADS.

The stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon and Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroads held their annual meetings in this city yesterday.

The Wilmington and Weldon railroad stockholders met in the office of the president of the company at twelve o'clock noon.

On motion of Mr. Warren G. Elliott, Hon. George Davis was called to the chair and Mr. James F. Post, Jr., was elected secretary.

On motion, Mr. B. F. Newcomer and the secretary were appointed a committee to examine credentials and report the number of shares represented by person and proxy. The committee reported that there were represented in person 22,628 shares, and by proxy 820 shares, and that all of said proxies were in due form, were in writing signed by a stockholder, and were made to a stockholder who was neither an officer, director nor agent of the company, and that there were, therefore, represented in person and by proxy at this meeting 23,498 shares, out of total of 30,000 shares.

On motion the report of the committee was received and adopted, and the chairman announced that a quorum was present, and the meeting was duly organized and ready for business.

The reports of the President, Mr. W. G. Elliott, Mr. H. Walters, Vice President, and of the General Manager, Mr. John R. Kenly, were read, and, on motion, were accepted as the reports of the President and Board of Directors.

The report of the General Manager of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company was also submitted and accepted, and his recommendations were referred to the incoming Board of Directors.

The election of President and Directors being next in order.

On motion of Mr. B. F. Newcomer, Mr. Warren G. Elliott was unanimously elected as president of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company for the ensuing year, and the following gentlemen for directors to serve for the same term:

W. T. Walters, Michael Jenkins, H. B. Plant, B. F. Newcomer, J. P. McCay, A. J. DeRosset, H. Walters, E. B. Borden, George Howard and W. H. Willard.

It was ordered that the next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company be held in Wilmington on the Wednesday after the third Monday in November, 1893.

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As a preventive of the Grip Hood's Sarsaparilla has grown into great favor. It fortifies the system and purifies the blood.

COTTON PICKED BY THIS MACHINERY COMPARES FAVORABLY WITH HAND PICKED LINT.

It has been demonstrated that cotton picking by machinery is not only practicable, but that the work is done faster and the grade of the cotton thus, picked is rather benefited than otherwise. In a recent issue of the Waco (Texas) Globe we find an interesting reference to the work done by a cotton picking machine which was recently tested: The Globe says:

"When the picker was sent out to the farm, the plant was in full leaf and was well filled with unripe bolls and blossoms. Those bolls which were open were picked clean and the foliage and unripe bolls left uninjured. This has always heretofore been believed to be an impossibility, but the Lone Star Cotton Picker does the work neat and clean. The cotton picked by this machine compares favorably with hand picked lint, and in many instances has proven clearer. Usually about ten per cent. of this lint is dropped, but is caught on the carpet or trailer and at the end of the row is taken from the trailer and sacked. This cotton which is caught in the trailer is kept free from trash and dirt by a cleaner which has been invented by Mr. Campbell. The crop consisted of fifteen acres and averaged one-half bale to the acre the machine did just as good work where there was three-fourths of a bale to the acre as where the yield was only one-fourth of a bale, and the same time was consumed in gathering the cotton. There is no longer any question of the capacity of the machine to pick cotton better and cheaper than it can possibly be picked by hand. The speed of the picker was timed repeatedly and the result shows that it can pick from six to fourteen pounds a minute, when moving over the row at the rate of two miles an hour, which is the rate at which an ordinary mule team walks. At the gin the cotton was considered as being in better condition than that picked by hand, as it was parted into single seeds and could be ginned with less injury to the fibre."

### SUPERSTITION IN MAINE.

Bangor Commercial.

In regard to the habit of partridges of flying into civilization and a popular superstition regarding them, an Augusta man says: "One flew on our premises and was captured. Then came up the question whether we should kill the bird or allow it to live. At that time there was a popular superstition that if a partridge came to the house where a sick person lay and the bird was killed and the sick person ate the broth, it would effect a cure. There was a girl sick at our house and the doctors had given up her case as hopeless. Some of the family said, kill the partridge and give the sick girl the broth. But the sick girl and others were for permitting the partridge to live. We were equally divided and agreed to let one of the neighbors whom we saw coming to the house decide whether the partridge should be killed or not. He said kill it, and we did, and the sick girl ate the broth and got well."

REV. SYLVANUS LANE—Of the Cincinnati M. E. Conference, makes a good point when he says: "We have for years used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family of five, and find it fully equal to all that is claimed for it. Some people are greatly prejudiced against patent medicines, but how the patent can hurt a medicine and not a machine is a mystery of mysteries to me."

Hood's Pills cure liver ills.

Well, I never got off anything that tickled me more than that, remarked the dog as he picked the flea from his left ear.

Nothing could be more positive and to the point than the testimony of Mrs. Wm. F. Whittington, of Waterbury, Md., who writes as follows: "I have found Salvation Oil a most useful remedy for neuralgia it is unequalled for sprains unexcelled. I cheerfully recommend it as a valuable household article."

THEY THINK THE JEW'S BEST WORK HAS BEEN DONE OUT OF PALESTINE.

The Sun infers from the increase of Jewish population in Jerusalem and various evidences of renewed activity, agricultural and commercial, that Palestine is on the road to regeneration. We do not share the Sun's sentiments or expectations on this matter. Jewish public opinion on this subject is not difficult to ascertain. The great majority of Israelites who share the civilization of the day and are accorded civil and religious equality give no thought of returning to Palestine. They are proud to be citizens of the land of their nativity or adoption. If the traditional view of the final ingathering and the rebuilding of the Temple is still repeated in the prayers, it is held as a theory, like that of the millennium among our Protestant brethren, who are in no hurry, however, to abandon Wall street, the Standard Oil company, and Western mortgages in consequence.

A great many Israelites, too, among them learned rabbis of established reputation, have abandoned all belief in the restoration. They believe Judaism was never to be confined to a single land and Israel's God not to be narrowed to a single people. They think that the Jew's best work has been done out of Palestine, and it was his salvation, not destruction, to be dispersed over the habitable globe, to spread to the furthest isles of the sea, directly and indirectly, the belief in God's unity and the brotherhood of mankind. If they had been kept within the limits of Palestine, if they had survived its successive invasion and catastrophes, they would have been today like the Fellahin of Egypt or the Bedouin of the desert—Semitic slaves or marauders.—American Hebrew.

### RAILWAYS.

WHAT ELECTRICITY MAY YET DO FOR THE AGRICULTURAL DISTRICTS.

William Nelson Black in November Engineering Magazine says: "The road wagons and the short-lived top-buggies and carriages of the farmer costs him a very pretty penny in the course of a year, or a term of years, and they represent a service which the electric railroad can largely abolish. But against this saving must of course be set the cost of the railroads, the electric power stations, the rent of electric wagons, and operating expenses. What would be the amount? An accurate estimate cannot, of course, be made here, because conditions differ so widely in different sections of the country; but as close a calculation as we can make in advance, founded on the cost of the electric railroads already in operation warrants us in saying that probably 90 per cent. of the roadways in the United States could be equipped with the necessary track, poles, and wires at a cost of \$3,500 per mile. In a district ten miles square—the surface that could be served from a single central power station—there would be, in the larger part of the Union, about 100 miles of railway. Then the total cost of track for a district ten miles square would be \$350,000. This represents a capitalization of only \$6 to the acre, and an annual charge of 30 cents per acre. With a central power station large enough to operate all the wagons or cars that would be called into use at one time in the district, the capitalization need not be more than \$10 per acre. This would mean an annual interest charge of \$60 for each 100 acres of land. It must be conceded that this does not seem like a very heavy tax when we consider the nature of the service rendered available, the great saving in the cost and maintenance of horses and wagons, the enormous economy of time, and the greatly enhanced value of improved farm lands. If the interest charge amounted to \$100 per year, and the farmers were themselves chiefly the stockholders of the electric companies, it would still represent an economy.

MISS HOWARD'S INTERESTING DATA PREPARED FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Miss J. Imogen Howard, the only colored woman on the board of the lady managers of the World's Fair, is busily engaged in gathering statistics concerning colored women in New York state. Her work is mainly centered on educational matters, but Miss Howard is using her knowledge of her race to assist other managers of the World's Fair in whatever branch colored women are of interest. Facts are being gathered relative to the colored women who are engaged in various occupations, such as controlling or owning farms, working in shops, offices and factories, engaged in horticulture and floriculture, or in practicing any profession.

Those who are employed in domestic service and all artists, designers, teachers and authors are to be included in the reports concerning the progress of the negro in New York state.

Miss Howard is a teacher employed in the public schools of this city. She is graduate of the School of Pedagogy of the New university, and ranks in general information far above the average instructor. Her home is in a pleasant two-story brick dwelling at No. 20 Jones street. An air of refinement pervades the pretty but unostentatious home, and a visitor soon becomes aware of the culture of its inmates.

Miss Howard is a clever and entertaining conversationalist, and has many interesting things to say about the official work she is now engaged in. Having just returned from a Western trip, during which she spent a considerable amount of time in Chicago, Miss Howard has added to her stock of general information a great many facts about the colored women of the thrifty West.

"Some of them," she said, "are making great strides in learning. The colored women of the Western States find themselves beset by less popular prejudice than is met with in the East, and they are playing the learned professions very successfully. Of course I do not know the number of women in the different vocations, for I am only authorized to gather statistics concerning the conditions in New York State.

"There are fourteen colored female teachers in the public school service in New York city. I have learned of two private kindergartens and several day and evening schools also supported by colored women. These are all taught by colored teachers. The colored women in the public schools of Brooklyn approximate twenty. I have been informed of seventeen, and expect to hear from a few more. In the other cities there are very few colored women teachers."

Miss Howard looked surprised when asked if there were colored women in the learned professions here.

"I know of a great many," she said. "In Brooklyn there are three doctors, each of them enjoying a large practice, and doing well. I am personally acquainted with one colored woman who graduated from a law school with honors. Her name is Miss Charlotte Ray, and she studied at Howard University in Washington. Her home is now Maryland. Miss Ida B. Wells, a young colored girl is assistant editor of the New York Age, a weekly paper devoted to the interest of the colored people. A reporter named Emma P. Johnson, engaged at present in Albany, is also a very intelligent colored girl.

"Negro women are largely engaged in sewing for big establishments. I am sorry to say that they get much of the scavenger wages that are paid out every day to poor sewing women in New York. Then there are in the different departments of store and factory labor many colored girls who are not known to be negroes. If the truth were known, it would cost them their positions. Few of the popular employments are open to colored girls.

Miss Howard expects to have her reports complete in December.—Tobacco Blade.

### Rose Tobacco Cure!

A QUICK AND ABSOLUTE CURE for the TOBACCO HABIT!

Next to the whiskey traffic, it is the most expensive and loathsome habit of the American people. The annual cost runs up into millions. The average tobacco user pays to gratify this unnatural appetite from five to ten times more than he gives to support the Church. Shame on us.

This Cure has not yet failed where the party was in earnest about quitting and followed directions. Thousands have been cured of chewing, smoking and dipping. Here are samples of certificates:

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., March 16, 1892.

Messrs. Brazeal & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I used tobacco for nineteen years, and finding it injurious, decided to quit it. About seven months ago, with the Rose Tobacco and Snuff Cure, I quit it, and now find my health greatly improved, and that I have gained 30 pounds in weight.

A. T. BAKER.

Messrs. BRAZEAL & CO.:

Dear Sirs—The tobacco tablet bought of you December 30, 1891, has given perfect satisfaction. It has cured two persons of the tobacco habit—myself and another. I smoked cigarettes for four years, and had been chewing fourteen years. Since the use of the tablet I have no desire whatever either for smoking or chewing. It did the work in four days. Yours truly,

E. T. ODOM, Gadsden, Ala.

ROCKY FORD, GA., Jan. 12, 1892.

Messrs. Brazeal & Co., Birmingham, Ala.

DEAR SIRS—I have used one of the tablets for cigarettes, and it has cured me. Enclosed find \$10. Please send me amount in tablets. Will take agency or territory. Give me full particulars. Refer to my business house of this town. Yours truly,

G. R. HEAD.

Mrs. J. F. Judd, of Fayette C. H., Ala., writes:

"I received my box of Snuff Cure and am delighted with it. There is no doubt of its curing any one who will give it a fair and honest trial and really has the desire to cease using the weed, and exercise the willing desire. I think I can sell many boxes for you. I want to help those who want to help themselves."

PRICE PER TABLET, TOBACCO CURE, \$4.00

BOX, SNUFF CURE, 1.00

ORDER OF

BRAZEAL & CO.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

General Agents for Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina.

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Save Paying Doctors' Bills



B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and never fails to cure quickly and permanently.

SCORFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, PIMPLES, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. Invariably cures the most stubborn blood diseases if directions are followed. Price \$1 per bottle, 6 bottles for \$5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

July 28 ly.

W. B. Tillery,  
WELDON, N. C.

Dry Goods, Notions, Dress Goods, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes. All goods New, All goods latest Style, all goods Cheap.

Everything warranted as represented. Call and examine quality and price. No trouble to show goods, paid to have you see them.

WILL NOT BE UNDER SOLD.

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