The ROANOKE NEWS.

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A METEOR STORMS A SHIP.

RED HOT ÆROLITES SURROUND THE EARL P. MASON OFF HATTERAS.

A meteor sizzing from the heavens came within a few feet of striking the coasting schooner Earl P. Mason, off Cape Hatteras on the passage from the Satilla River, Ga., for Philadelphia. The crew say that it was one of the most magnificent spectacles they had ever witnessed. The meteor burst in many pieces and scattered its seething fragments all around, some of which, as they dashed into the sea, made reports that sounded like a cannonade. Particles of the meteor as they flew through the air with the appearance of red hots chunks of iron struck the water with hissing sounds and disappeared only to send up great masses of steam where they had gone down.

The condition of the atmosphere during the fall of the meteor was most peculiar. There were gaseous odors all around and even the surface of the ocean glowed as if it were ablaze The heavens, too, appeared to be on fire. From the zenith to the surface of the water there were long trails of sparks along the clearly outlined path of the meteor.

It became necessary for the vessel to "lay to" under storm trysails until the atmosphere had assumed its normal condition. The vessel's compass was visibly affected and the needle fluctuated without regard to the cardinal points.

The official log of the Mason, as written and reported by Captain Brown, shows, that the meteoric shower had been preceded by a terrific gale in latitude 34.34, longitude 96 45. The mainsail was blown to tatters and the foresail was taken in to save it. When the wind which blew at the rate of 60 miles an hour, had subsided, the meteor burst athwart the heavens as above described, with a tremendous report, and lighted up the firmament with a supernatural glow. During the sailors' awe-stricken observance of this phenomenon a heavy sea boarded the vessel, stove in her boat and damaged the decks.

A BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record says: Throughout the South there is a marked revival in industrial matters and many new enterprises are being established. A number that were projected during the boom days, and which collapsed when the panic came, are being pushed to completion now, or are being reorganized preparatory to active work again. It will be some time yet, though, before some of the crippled concerns can be put on their feet, but the outlook grows steadily brighter.

Local financial interests have been strengthed, debts have been paid, and the South generally has been putting its business affairs in order during the past two years. The confidence of outside capitalists in the South as a place for large investments has been greatly increased by the manner in which that section has stood the financial strain, and northern money will in the future go into southern manufacturing enterprises very freely.

THE SOUTH THE COUNTRY.

At a hearing before the labor committee of the Massachusetts Legislature, representatives of the cotton mills at Chicopee, Fall River, Lowell and Taunton remonstrated against the reduction of hours of labor in manufacturing compani 54 per week, claiming that they cnt stand the competition of mills in ostates and England.

treasurer of the Massachusetts M Lowell, and the Whittenton Taunton; said he was absolutely om from the State and that he is uth to build a mill in order to export trade. His goods, he be made cheaper in the South entical machinery. The South on the North, though he did e the South would destroy the business.—Doston Dispatch.

LIST OF GOVERNORS

OF NORTH CAROLINA FROM 1719 TO 1893.

Mr. J. H. McElwee, of Statesville, was recently in the town of Edenton, Chowan county, and while there he copied from the records the following list of the Governors of North Carolina:

1719. Charles Eden.
1729. Sir Rich. Everard, Bart.
1734 Gabriel Johnson.
1753. Matthew Rowan.
1754. Arthur Dobbs.
1766. William Tryon.
1773. Josiah Martin.
1777. Richard Caswell.
1780. Abner Nash.
1782. Thomas Burke.
1784. Alexander Martin.
1785. Richard Caswell.
1788. Samuel Johnson.
1790. Alexander Martin.
1793. Richard D. Spaight.
1796. Samuel Ashe.
1798. William R. Davie.
1799. Benjamin Williams.
1802. James Turner.
1805. Nathaniel Alexander.
1807. Benjamin Williams.
1808. David Stone.
1810. Benjamin Smith.
1811. William Hawkins.
1813. William Miller.
1817. John Branch.
1820. Jessie Franklin.
1821. Gabriel Holmes.
1824. Hutchins G. Burton.
1827. James Iredell.
1828. John Owens.
1830. Montford Stokes.
1832. David L. Swain.
1835. Edward D. Spaight.
1837. Edward B. Dudley.
1844. John M. Morehead.
1845. Wm. A. Graham.
1849. Chas. Manly.
1850. David S. Reid.
1855. Thomas Bragg.
1859. John W. Ellis.
1861. Warren Winslow.
1861. Henry T. Clark.
1862. Zebulon B. Vance.
1865. William W. Holden.
1866. Jonathan Worth.
1868. William W. Holden.
1871. Tod R. Caldwell.
1874. Curtis H. Brogden.
1875. Zebulon B. Vance.
1880. T. J. Jarvis.
1884. Alfred M. Scales.
1888. Daniel G. Fowle.
1890. Thomas M. Holt.
1893. Elias Carr.

—Statesville Landmark.

AROSE TO THE OCCASION.

A pretty young schoolma'am in Kinmath county, Ore., puzzled the powers of pronounciation of her class recently with the word "husband" chalked on the blackboard.

To help them out she asked: "What should I have if I should get married?"

"Babies, ma'am," shouted the class in union.—New York Sun

A MATTER OF GRAMMAR

"Can I kiss you?" he asked the Boston girl after his proposal had been accepted.

"I do not know whether you can or not," she replied critically."

He hesitated a moment.

"May I kiss you?" he murmured.

"That's different," she responded, and he gathered them in.

A GOOD OPENING.

MISS LILLIE SANDOW'S FATHER OFFERS $5,000 FOR A HUSBAND FOR HER.

Miss Lillie Sandow, of Henderson county, Tenn., is only 16 summers and weighs 130 pounds. She has a trim, well proportioned body, a lovely face, crowned with a wealth of golden hair, and a No. 19 foot. The shoes are manufactured by a Boston firm and ordered through a local business house. The girl's father is wealthy and offers to any aspirant who will marry his daughter a free will offering of $5,000.

THE TELAUTOGRAPH.

IT DOES NEARLY EVERYTHING BUT EAT.

Springfield Republican.

This invention of Prof. Elisha Gray, of Chicago, which has recently been perfected and tested to the satisfaction of the inventor and all disinterested parties who witnessed its operations, is to be put on the market next fall by a company formed for the purpose. As the name implies, the instrument is designed to transmit in facsimile by wire to any distance any pen marks made on paper. Prof. Gray has been seven years employed in working out this problem.

What is likely to be the commercial value of the invention? The projectors see a great future for it. In the first place, it is claimed that the invention will supplant the whole machinery of the present telegraph, aside from the poles and wires. A cheap boy in an office who can write will do the work of an expert telegrapher with this machine. More often the operator will not need to write at all, but merely feed to the instrument the copy of the person sending a dispatch. persons at a distance can be identified where acquainted with the autographs of one another. Arbitary signs or trade marks can be dispatched in orders for goods, etc. The person at either end of the wire can file away for future reference an extract copy of his own dispatch as well as of that of the one received. The receiver works without any attention.

TALKING SENSE.

Hon. H. W. J. Ham, the long, lanky mountaineer editor of Georgia, who proved to be such a surprise and cyclone of anecdote and argument when he took the stump in behalf of the Democracy last fall, and spoke at Charlotte, Tammany Hall, New York, and elsewhere, has recently been to Atlanta, and was interviewed by a reporter of the Constitution. Among other things, to the question as to what he thought of the outlook of the new administration, Mr. Ham replied as follows:

"Too early to tell yet, my boy. Starting off fairly well, but there is serious work ahead of the Democracy in the next four years."

"Will they be equal to the emergency?"

"Yes; I hope and believe so, but there are things of more importance than which one of the several Democrats shall hold the offices. We have all the branches of the government, the responsibility is upon us. The people have commissioned the Democratic party to make a change, and as Sim Brazeal said when his wife fell in the well, 'something's got to be done and that darn quick.'"

"You think the Democracy is safe for a long lease of power?"

"That depends. That's what I am talking about. We had widespread discontent last year. We held our people in line in the South by pointing out to them that the only hope of success was in standing by the Democracy, answered their objections to the past by pointing out that we had never been for years wholly in power. That answer will not do four years from now. We will be judged by works and not promises. The people want the tariff reduced, the money question settled, silver restored to its rightful place; the pension robbery stopped, and the government put on an economical basis, and nothing less will satisfy them.

"If the Democrats will get together, compromise differences of opinion, make mutual concessions, and go in for genuine and far reaching reform in the interest of the common people, all will be well, and our seat in the saddle is firm. If they do not—well, I do not want to be around and have to undertake the explanation of the things I told the boys in the last campaign—that's all.

That cure of Geo. W. Turner, of Galway, N. Y., of scrofula, by Hood's Sarsaparilla, was one of the most remarkable on record.

LIGHT HOUSE.

PREPARATIONS TO AGAIN LET THE CONTRACT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF DIAMOND SHOALS.

The construction at Norfolk of the immense caissson for the proposed light house on Diamond Shoals, off Hatterrs, it remembered, and also the loss of the same by storm on that dangerious coast before the work of utilizing the caisson for the foundation of the lighthouse could be completed. The following from the Washington correspondence of the Rich. Dispatch, in connection with the matter of a light at that point, is of interest here:

"The officials of the Ligthouse Board are making preparations to again let the contract for the construction of the proposed lighthouse at Diamond Shoals, off Cape Hatteras, N. C."

After telling of the failure of the previous attempt to construct a lighthouse on the shoals, the article referred to says: "Then numerous new plans were submitted. One was to erect large electric lights on piles and connect the same with the banks by means of cables; and a powerful dynamo could then supply the light. It was not regarded feasible and was abandoned because the shifting of the sand beds would wash away the piles. The board have tried this plan from Sandy Hook to Gedney Point, and it does not give satisfaction. Yesterday the Lighthouse Board received from the Signal Service a complete record of the weather for the past twenty years, and charts are being made to ascertain, if possible, the saftest period of the year for transporting the caissons to Diamond Shoals, when new ones shall have been built.

This is regarded as the most difficult undertaking of the kind that has ever been attempted, and the board are determined to exhaust every means in getting a foundation for the proposed Diamond Shoals lighthouse. It is sadly needed. The money available will be ample to commence the structure, but when completed it will cost probably at least $1,000,000, but it will be the greatest achievement in its line and prove of incalculabe benefit to navigation."—Norfolk Landmark

The coast of Hatteras is one of exceeding danger, consequently the erection of this lighthouse is a very important matter. Great difficulties lie in the way, but there should be no delay in the matter that can be avoided.

NO VETO.

IF THE SILVER BILL IS CONSTITUTIONAL MR. CLEVELAND WILL LET IT BECOME A LAW.

A Southern Senator has had a talk with the President on the silver question. This Senator is a strong advocate of silver, and he is independent enough to speak plainly at the White House.

"We are now in the majority in both ends of the capitol," he said to the President. "Suppose that majority of the representatives of the people of this coun- pass a silver bill, will you veto it?"

"I shall veto no bill," replied the President, "unless there are constitutional reasons for doing so."

"There can be no constitutional grounds for vetoing a silver bill," the Senator argued.

"A bill against which there are no constitutional grounds, replied the President, "will become a law. I may not sign it, but it will become a law, either with or without my signature. I shall not veto it."

"The fifty-third Congress," said the Senator, "will never repeal the Sherman law, unless at the same time it enacts a substitute. It will never consent to the demonetization of silver. It will accept nothing worse for the silver than the Bland bill.

After that the President and the Senator talked along the lines of compromise.

A good prophet—100 per cent.

There is nothing against which the Bible warns us that is not a way of death.

STATE ITEMS.

THE NEWS FROM ALL OVER THE STATE IN A CONCISE FORM.

Mt. Airy will soon have a hosiery mill in operation.

Mr. Paul F. Faison, of Raleigh, is to be an Indian Inspector.

Prof. Alexander, of the University, has been appointed Minister to Greece.

The North Carolina State Fireman's Association will hold its annual convention in Wilmington sometime in June

The Morganton Manufacturing and Trading Company have added a large dry kiln to their extensive wood working plant.

The citizens of Lovelady township have organized a committee whose province it will be to rid the township of sheep-killing dogs.

Miss Addie Andrews, of Greensboro, a vocalist of rare gifts, has accepted a position in the choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church, in Norfolk, Va.

Marion Lamby, of Gaston county, blew off his head last week with two heavy charges of shot from a double-barrel gun. His body was found in a field.

The Railway Commission has prepared a general order regulating with great care the handling of baggage by railways, in accordance with authority given it by the legislature.

The Erwin Cotton Mills is one of Durham's new enterprises which has just been completed, and is destined to be a great factor in the manufacturing industries of the South.

Shelby has voted for high license by a vote of 147 to 134. The town has been dry for eighteen years previous. The new law puts license at one thousand dollars per annum.

John Godfrey, the married man who eloped with the daughter of Mr. J. F. Houpe, of Iredell county, was arrested last week at Independence, Va. The girl was brought back home and Godfrey is in jail.

The lamest set of officials upon record is to be found in Anson county, North Carolina. The coroner has but one arm, treasurer is crippled, the register of deeds has only one leg, two commissioners are are in the same plight, and the keeper of the county home is minus an arm.

Trinity College is in receipt of a life-size crayon portrait of Edwin W. Fuller, author of "The Sea Gift," and "The Angel in the Clouds," a gift from the Bright Jewels, of Louisburg. The work was done by a young lady of Franklin, his native county.

"BRACE UP."—Is a tantalizing admonition to those who at this season feel all tired out, weak, without appetite and discouraged. But the way in which Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the tired frame and gives a good appetite, is really wonderful So we say, "Take Hood's and it will brace you up."

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend Hood's Pills.

Miss Laker—"Isn't it too bad there are so many failures in life?" Wiswell—"Can't say that it is, I've been assignee in three, and they paid me so well I wouldn't mind tackling some more."

ROOT AND BRANCH,

the poison in your blood, however it may have come, or whatever shape it may be taking, is cleared away by Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's a remedy that rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses and invigorates the whole system. Salt rheum, Tetter Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, and the worst Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, are perfectly and permanently cured by it.

Unlike the ordinary spring medicines or sarsaparillas, the "Discovery" works equally well at all seasons. All the year round, and in all cases, it is guaranteed, as no other blood medicine is. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. You pay for only the good you get.

Isn't it safer to say that no other blood purifier can be "just as good?"

If it were, wouldn't it be sold so?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rose **Tobacco Cure!**

WHAT IT IS DOING.

I received Tablet about six days ago and commenced using according to directions, and can say now that I am cured of the habit of chewing and smoking, contracted about thirty-seven years ago. What are your terms to agents? I want two counties. Cleveland, Miss. E. C. Hopkins.

I have used the Rose Tobacco Cure with happy results.
Please give me all the particulars in regard to agency, for one or more counties.
Yours respectfully,
Valdosta, Ga. W. D. Braswell.

I sent to you a month ago for a Tablet of Rose Tobacco Cure. It broke me of the habit after using tobacco for fifty-seven or fifty-eight years. Yours,
Travelers Rest, Ala. J. C. Powell.

I purchased a Tablet of Rose Cure some two weeks since and it has cured me. Please let me know if you will let an agent have as much territory as a State.
Tibbee station, Miss. J. H. Ryland.

Rev. Mr. Oulland, of this city, has used your Rose Tobacco Cure and he says it has cured him of the habit of tobacco using. I have been chewing and smoking for 45 years and yet am determined to quit. Please find enclosed $1.00. Send me a Tablet.
Jacksonville, Fla. Yours,
W. E Hatter.

Sometime ago I ordered from you a box of the Snuff Cure for myself. It gave perfect satisfaction and completely cured me of the Snuff habit in a few days. I would like to secure the agency for this section.
Summit, Ala. Mrs. Carry Haden.

AN OLD CASE.—All that want to quit the use of tobacco, use the Rose Tobacco Cure. I am a free man after using it 55 years. Give terms to agents. Yours,
Valley Head, Ala. R. S. Price.

I write this to say to you that the Rose Tobacco Cure is a wonderful stuff. I have used tobacco in all shapes for 45 years, and after using one Tablet all desire is gone. I used two Tablets to be sure of a cure, but one did the work. Dr. R. M. Tucker.

PRICE PER TABLET, TOBACCO CURE, $1.00
" " BOX, SNUFF CURE, 1.00

—ORDER OF—

BRAZEAL & CO.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
General Agents for the UNITED STATES.
sep 8 1y

Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY
- FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES -
Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 19 years, and never fails to cure quickly and permanently
SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, PIMPLES, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. Invariably cures the most loathsome blood diseases if directions are followed. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.
SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES.
BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

july 28 1y.

NOTICE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

HALIFAX COUNTY.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Isaac Foote, plaintiff
against
Annie Foote, Defendant.

This is an action for divorce a vincuto matrimonie upon the grounds of adultery on the part of the defendant and it appearing that the defendant is a non-resident and cannot after due diligence be found in this State. This is therefore to command the said defendant to appear at the next term of the Superior court of said county to be held at the court house in the town of Halifax, North Carolina, on the 10th Monday after the 1st Monday in March 1893, and answer or demur to the complaint or the relief asked for will be granted and a decree against said defendant made.

Given under my hand and official seal at my office on this the 21st day of March 1893.

JOHN T. GREGORY,
Clerk Superior Court Halifax county.
Tom W. Hawkins, attorney.
mar 23 6w.