

Mr. J. E. Randall writes to his paper, the Augusta Chronicle, some very interesting items in regard to the tariff discussions and other matters in Congress. We make a few extracts:

Many Congressmen are preparing to go home to avoid listening to the tariff discussion. One member said: "I am about to leave Washington. Another tariff debate would put me in a lunatic asylum. There is something about that subject which acts like a fever upon those who get absorbed in it. Morrison has infected the Capitol with pestilence and I and many others are escaping contagion by flight. The Lord help the poor fellows who remain and take the disease!"

In speaking of the celebration in Washington of Emancipation Day, he says:

President Arthur stood on the White House piazza and bowed perfunctorily to the black line passing his outer railing, but many a man in that procession must have remembered that O'Hara and Small, the colored Congressmen, have never been invited to dinner in the Executive Mansion, and that Fred Douglass, when Marshal of the District, was summarily relieved of any duties in that edifice appertaining traditionally to his office. I am told that there are many of the mulatto and quadroon upper-crust who decline to join in emancipation day festivities. They claim to have been free at the beginning of the war and do not care to let their children know or make exhibition of the knowledge that their grandfathers, if not fathers, were in bondage. But they cannot forget that suffrage had to be extinguished in the District, to save society, and that recent monstrosities in convention have probably postponed re-enslavement to a very dim and uncertain future. They have but one consolation—and it is a significant one—that if Fred Douglass and Perry Carson cannot vote, neither can W. W. Corcoran and Bob Ingersoll.

Here is an item in regard to Senator Vance and the Danville investigation which is especially interesting:

Mr. John S. Wise has taken water again. Having insulted Senator Vance and Representatives Wise and Cabell, he could not endure the odious attitude he had assumed as Sims' champion, and so makes a humble and almost abject apology and explanation. Mr. Sims also comes forward and makes a proposition to his investigators that they select ten reputable Democratic residents near his home to pronounce upon his veracity. Of course, Senator Vance can accept no conditions imposed by Mr. Sims. The record shows whether Mr. Sims is a lover of the truth. He would not allow the proof to appear that he abstracted and sold Mrs. Rawlins' bonds, and reduced her to poverty. Senator Vance offered to substantiate this by witnesses and documents, but was not permitted to do so. This is the statement of one of the counsel, and I presume that it will appear in some available shape if not in the record. Indeed, Senator Vance has pledged himself to produce in the Senate what Sherman and Latham ruled out of the Committee Room. In this connection, I hear that the Danville and Coghlin testimony will be bunched and reported in a lump to the Senate. If so, it is safe to say that, pending the discussion, there will be no complaint of dullness in the upper house of Congress. If Mr. Sims is innocent, he will have a wide field to show it by proxy, having declined to do so directly, as proposed by Senator Vance. I hear that Vance was much troubled about how he was to explain his "cuss words" to the church sisterhood especially, but one who heard him said: "Governor, you are excusable, under the provocation. I do not condemn you, and no one else is apt to do so in North Carolina."

When Massachusetts, says the N. Y. World, enjoyed the honor of calling Ben Butler Governor, Senator Hoar and other self-righteous citizens of that priggish commonwealth signified their desire to leave the State. They were shocked that the rough, outspoken trooper should have accused the Republican officeholders, who had so long had things their own way, of dishonest practices. They were still more deeply shocked when he pronounced the bulk of their learned professors charlatans, and quoted hard figures to show the alarming prevalence of illiteracy in the State. They managed to beat Ben Butler last year and they were happy. Tewksbury was revived in all its glory, and the Republican officeholders renewed their efficiency. The result, as announced by the Boston Journal, is that that the total tax for the present year for State, county and city purposes will show an advance of 25 per cent. in one year, or over \$2,500,000 in gross, and that the rate of taxation will be \$18 on \$1,000, a higher rate than the highest reached during the war.

Vain glory and cant are expensive luxuries when indulged in under Republican officeholders in the great State of Massachusetts!

There is now progressing in London, England, a building trades exhibition where pretty much everything connected with the building of a cottage or a palace is presented in a form to attract the attention of the spectator, whose mind will thus be awakened to the means of improvement in his own house, either in respect to art decoration in simple things, the security of

his roofs, the economic and smokeless consumption of coal, the sanitary arrangements of his offices, or in the many other points which deal with the comfort and healthfulness of an abode. Roofs are built up, floors are made, walls are built, rooms are formed, stoves are burning, and in all other matters the visitor has the opportunity of seeing things as they are designed to be by enterprising workers. These exhibitions were begun four years ago and have proved quite successful.

An official report, recently ordered for the British House of Commons shows that the income of the British Government from duties on spirits, beer, wine, tobacco and excise licenses are \$195,829,315 and the revenue from customs, duties, land taxes, house duty, income tax and railway passengers' duty is \$169,195,170, making an aggregate of \$365,024,485, of which Ireland contributes \$33,270,645, from a population of 5,042,672. England and Wales contributed \$291,725,195, with a population of 26,752,474.

The sacred flag, blessed by the Mahdi, which was captured at Tokar and is about to be presented to Queen Victoria, is made of two pieces of course silk sewn together, each about seven feet long and three feet broad, one buff and the other red. On the two sides are Arabic inscriptions, one of which reads: "With the blessing of the Enlightened Prophet without compare, the Noble Master of the Wisdom of the Age, Seyid Ahmed Ibim Idris, the only Saviour, to the Seyid Ibrahim Alraschid, the father of Mahomet the of the Bynmee." On the other side is inscribed: "There is no God but God, and Mahomet is the Prophet of God, and at all times every one professes the knowledge of God," and in the corners of this inscription are the names of Mahomet's great generals, Omar, Abul Vekir, Ali and Osman.

The enervation and lassitude of spring time are but indications of the sluggish action of the blood, overloaded with carbonates accumulated by the use of heating food in winter. This condition may be remedied by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier known.

APRIL ANTICS.

An exchange says muck has become a popular dish in society. Nothing seems to take in society like something soft.—Bizzard.

In a courtship the position of pursuer is occupied by a man, while woman looks after the rigging and stays.—Chicago Telegram.

Lambkin says the only sure preventive against Western river rising would be for him to own a few shares of 'em.—Boston Bulletin.

The largest word in the dictionary is "disproportionableness." By punching out every other letter it ought to make an excellent comb.—Chicago Sun.

And still, year after year, the standard of college education is raised higher and higher and higher. Columbia has just organized a banjo club.—Hawkeye.

"Bring something good to the surprise party to-night," wrote a young lady to her sweetheart, and the New York Morning Journal says "he brought a tremendous appetite."

Wait Whitman's latest poem shows a marked improvement in the construction of rhymes. He makes "suggestions" rhyme with "goal," and "sun" with "hurricanes."—Norristown Herald.

We have discovered that turkeys can be completely fooled by throwing them gold dollars by the handful. They snap them up in mistake for corn. It is good fun. Try it.—Phil. Call.

Fits Cured Six Years Ago. "It has been 6 years since I was cured of fits," says Mr. W. Ford, of Wirt Jefferson Co., Ind. "Samaritan Nervine did it." And it always will, reader. \$1.50, at druggists.

According to a prominent physician one-half the colored children born in Baltimore die before attaining the age of two years.

Lovelest Among the Lovely is she who renews or preserves the beauty of her teeth with SOZODONT, confessedly the most effective preparation for them. Volumes of evidence might be adduced in support of its claims to public confidence, as a means of invigorating the teeth and rendering them pure, glistening and smooth, and not less satisfactorily proven, is its balmy influence upon the breath. Ask for genuine SOZODONT, and accept no cheap substitute.

Confucius or some other ancient writer state that little things are very often greatest. When this little bit of philosophy was written the philosopher must have been trying to chase a solitary mosquito out of the room in the dark.—Pack.

The Rosadalis is a potent remedy in all Chronic diseases; but in these diseases it will require long continuance in the use of the medicine, in order to carry out of the system all the poisonous humors from the blood. ROSADALIS is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the blood. It has no equal for the cure of nervous disorders. Read this certificate: BALTIMORE, July 10, 1879. I would like to bear testimony to the merits of ROSADALIS, by saying that some eight years ago I was totally prostrated and could get no relief from our family physician, but after taking one bottle of ROSADALIS I became entirely restored to health. I now weigh 175 lbs., but when I first took your medicine I weighed only 130. I cheerfully recommend it to all, and especially to those afflicted with nervous debility. MRS. A. A. MARON.

STATE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

Plan of Organization in the Democratic Party of North Carolina.

ROOMS DEM CENTRAL EX COMMITTEE, RALEIGH, May 20, 1884.

This committee hereby publish the plan of organization of the Democratic party compiled from the rules and amendments heretofore adopted by the State Democratic Executive committee.

TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION.

1. The unit of county organization shall be the township. In each township there shall be an executive committee to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several townships called by the county executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The several township executive committees shall convene at the meetings of the several county conventions or at any time and place that a majority of them may elect, and shall elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, one of whom shall be designated as chairman, who shall preside at all said committee meetings.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any township to elect its executive committee for the period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said township.

4. The members of the township committees shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committees.

5. The county executive committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days' notice by public advertisement in three public places in each township, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in convention in their respective townships, on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county convention, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county convention. That thereupon the conventions so held shall elect the delegates to represent the townships in the county conventions from the voters of the respective townships, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective townships on all questions that may come before the said county conventions. That in case no convention shall be held in any township in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made the township executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

6. Each township shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic voters, and one vote for fractions of fifteen Democratic voters cast by that township at the last preceding gubernatorial election: Provided, that every township shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each township may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

7. That in cases where townships consist of more than one ward or precinct, each of said wards shall be entitled to send delegates to county conventions, and shall cast its proportionate part of its township's vote, based upon the last preceding vote for Governor in said township.

8. That for the purpose of fully inaugurating this system, the present county executive committees shall continue in office until their successors are elected under this system, and shall exercise all the functions pertaining to said office under this system of organization.

9. The chairmen of township committees shall preside at all township conventions; in their absence any other member of said committee may preside.

10. In cases where all the township executive committees are required to meet for the purpose of electing county executive committee, said meeting shall be deemed to have a quorum when a majority of such townships shall be represented in said meeting.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their senatorial, judicial and congressional committees one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic voters, and one delegate for fractions over twenty-five Democratic voters cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: Provided, that every county shall have at least one vote in each of said conventions.

2. The chairman, or in his absence any member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional committee shall call to order their respective conventions, and hold the chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

3. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall, at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at same time and place in their respective districts, designated in said call. And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding conventions in their respective districts; and the chairmen of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairmen of the different county executive committees of said appointment, and the said county executive committees shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice and send delegates to said respective district conventions.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

1. The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate to every one hundred and fifty Democratic voters, and one delegate for fractions over seventy-five Democratic voters cast therein at the last preceding gubernatorial election; and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said convention; provided, that every county shall have at least one vote in said convention.

GENERAL RULES.

1. Such delegates (or alternates of absent delegates) as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be

allowed to cast the whole vote to which their township or county may be entitled.

2. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

3. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancy occurring in their respective bodies.

4. That the chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventions. And a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State convention shall be sent to the secretary of the State Central Committee.

For the committee: OCTAVIUS COKE, Chairman. J. J. LITCHFORD, Secretary.

A Quick Recovery.

It gives us great pleasure to state that the merchant who was reported to be at the point of death from an attack of Pneumonia, has entirely recovered by the use of DR. WM. HALL'S BAL-SAM FOR THE LUNGS. Naturally he feels grateful for the benefits derived from using this remedy for the lungs and throat; and in giving publicity to this statement we are actuated by motives of public beneficence, trusting that others may be benefited in a similar manner.

A Vermont man has a hen thirty-nine years old. The other day a hawk stole it, but after an hour came back with a broken bill and three claws gone, put down the hen and took an old rubber boot in place of it.—Boston Post.

True Merit Alone

has given Alcock's Porous Plasters the largest sale of any external remedy in the world. If you have been using other kinds of plasters, one trial of "Alcock's" will convince you of their wonderful superiority.

66 BROADWAY, ROOM 52, NEW YORK, March 2, 1883.

Having been cured of a severe attack of rheumatism of the neck and shoulders by using Alcock's Porous Plasters, I feel it my duty to commend their use to any one similarly afflicted. For a period of several months I had exhausted many other so-called remedies without obtaining the slightest relief. Finally I applied one of Alcock's Porous Plasters, and found myself almost immediately cured. I consider them a true blessing. Faithfully yours, JAMES R. HOSMER.

We have discovered that turkeys can be completely fooled by throwing them gold dollars by the handful. They snap them up in mistake for corn. It is good fun. Try it.—Philadelphia Call.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Will the coming man smoke" was settled by Prof. Fick in his charming pamphlet. He says, moreover, that the rational way to use tobacco is through the pipe. All agree that only the best tobacco should be used. Which is the best? That to which Nature has contributed the most exquisite flavors. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco fills the bill completely. Nearly two-thirds of all the tobacco grown on the Golden Tobacco belt of North Carolina goes into the manufacture of Blackwell, at Durham. They buy the pick of the entire section. Hence Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is the best of that tobacco. Don't be deceived when you buy. The Durham Bull trademark is on every genuine package.



Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is the choice of all judges of Smoking Tobacco.

White Meal Yeast.

A VERY VALUABLE PURE YEAST POWDER. Having been thoroughly tested by a great many of the ladies of Wilmington, feel no hesitation in commending it to the public. It is elegant for bread, rolls or biscuits. It is made by Miss Hodges, of this city, of pure vegetable matter, and she refers to

Mrs. A. A. Willard, Mrs. Gen. Whitling, Mrs. Samuel Northrop, or the correctness of her statement. For sale by JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT, 12 & 14 No. Front St. Sole Agent.

Choice New Crop Molasses.

SECOND CARGO NOW LANDING AND WILL BE SOLD PROMPTLY FROM WHARF At Low Price. WORTH & WORTHELL.

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

7th 7yd nrm cfrl

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7th 7yd nrm cfrl

RAILROADS, &c.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Nov 17, 1883.



Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER NOV 18, 1883, AT 1.05 P. M., Passenger Trains on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad will run as follows: DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY NOS. 47 NORTH AND 48 SOUTH.

Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 8.55 A. M. Arrive at Weldon, 12.30 P. M. Leave Weldon, 2.50 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot, 5.40 P. M. FAST THROUGH MAIL & PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY—No. 40 NORTH.

Leave Wilmington, 8.00 P. M. Arrive at Weldon, 12.30 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS—Nos 45 and 42 (excepted). 12.30 A. M. Arrive at Weldon, (Mondays excepted) 1.05 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 6.55 A. M. Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road Leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 1.20 A. M. and 4.30 P. M. Daily, (Sundays excepted). Returning Leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. and 3 P. M. Daily. Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road Leave Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.35 P. M. Returning leave Scotland Neck at 8.30 A. M. daily except Sunday.

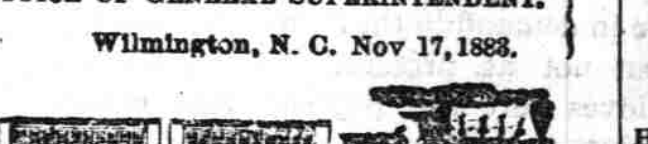
Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North Daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Baltimore. Train No. 48 runs daily and makes close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington. All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

For accommodation of local travel a passenger coach will be attached to local freight leaving Wilmington at 7.00 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Superintendent. T. M. EMERSON, General Passenger Agent. nov 17

Wilmington, Columbus & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C. Nov 17, 1883.



Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER NOV 18th, 1883, AT 4.35 A. M., the following Passenger Schedules will be run on this road: No. 42—Leave Wilmington, (Mondays excepted) 7.15 A. M. Arrive at Florence, 11.40 A. M. No. 43—Leave Florence, (Sundays excepted) 7.40 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 12.10 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS TRAINS, DAILY—Nos. 45 West and 47 East.

Leave Wilmington, 9.10 P. M. Leave Florence, 2.40 A. M. Arrive at C. & A. Junction, 6.55 A. M. Arrive at Columbia, 6.40 A. M. Leave Columbia, 9.55 P. M. Leave C. & A. Junction, 10.35 P. M. Leave Florence, 4.35 A. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 8.23 A. M. NIGHT MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN, DAILY No. 40 WEST.

Leave Wilmington, 10.40 P. M. Arrive at Florence, 1.45 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN DAILY No. 43 East. 3.35 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington, 7.43 P. M. Train 43 stops at all Stations. No. 40 stops only at Flemington, and Marlton. Passengers for Columbia and all points on C. & R. R. C. & R. R. Stations, Alton Junction, and all points beyond, should take the Night Express.

Separate Pullman Sleepers for Charleston and Augusta on Train 45. All trains run solid between Charleston and Wilmington. Local freight leaves Wilmington daily except Sunday at 6.10 A. M.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Superintendent. T. M. EMERSON, General Passenger Agent. nov 17

Carolina Central R. R. Company.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Oct., 1883.



Change of Schedule.

ON AND AFTER OCT 1st, 1883, THE following schedule will be operated on this Railroad: PASSENGER MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY except Sundays.

Leave Wilmington at 7.00 P. M. Leave Raleigh at 8.00 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte at 7.30 A. M. Leave Charlotte at 8.15 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington at 8.25 A. M. Passenger Trains stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL & EXPRESS AND FREIGHT. Daily except Sundays.

No. 3. Leave Charlotte, 8.15 A. M. Arrive at Shelby, 12.15 P. M. No. 4. Leave Shelby, 7.40 P. M. Arrive at Charlotte, 5.40 P. M. Trains No. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte. Take Train No. 1 for Statesville, Stations Western N. C. & R. R. Asheville and points West. Also, for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points Southwest. L. C. JONES, Superintendent. F. W. CLARK, General Passenger Agent. oct 1

For Sale.

4 PAIR CARRIAGE HORSES, SEVERAL FINE BUGGY HORSES, 8 GOOD MULES. Also, Carriages, Buggies and Harnesses for sale at lowest possible rates. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO., Livery and Sale Stables, Cor, 4th and Mulberry Streets. nov 20-6md 17y

AGENTS

wanted for the Live of the President of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than its price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All incomes people want it. Any one can become successful agent. Terms free. HALSTED & CO., Portland, Maine. nov 20-6md 17y

A PRIZE

Send six cents for postage and receive free, a box of goods which anything else in the world. All of either sex, succeed in the hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. Address, TRUB & CO., Augusta, Maine. nov 20-6md 17y

WHOLESALE PRICES.

The following quotations represent wholesale prices generally. Making small orders higher prices have to be charged.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like BAGGING, Standard, 11 @ 14.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like BARKS, Spirits Turpentine, 11 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like BUTTER, Northern, 23 @ 25.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like CHEESE, Factory, 12 @ 14.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like COFFEES, Java, 18 @ 20.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Mackerel, No. 1, 15 @ 18.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Flour, Family, 5 @ 6.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Corn, from store, 6 @ 7.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Lard, 11 @ 12.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Sugar, House, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Nails, 4 @ 5.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Oils, 11 @ 12.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Potatoes, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Rice, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Soap, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Sugar, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Tea, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Tobacco, 10 @ 11.

Table with columns for goods and prices. Includes items like Wine, 10 @ 11.

nov 20-6md 17y