THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at \$1 50 per year, \$1 00 for six months, 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, \$1 00; two days, \$1 75; three days, \$2 50; four days, \$3 00; five days, \$3 50; one week, \$4 00; two weeks, \$6 50; three weeks \$5 50; one months, \$10 00; two months, \$10 00; two months, \$24 00; six months, \$40 00; twelve months, \$60 00. Ten lines of solid Komparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls Hops, Pic-Nics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advortisements inserted once a week in Dally will be charged \$100 personare for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of dally rate. Twice a week, two thirds of dally rate.

An extra charge will be made for double-correction advertisements. Communications, unless they centain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subject of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld Notices of Marriage or Beath, Tribute of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued "till forbid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisone dollar per square for each insertion. Advertisements kept under the head of "New dvertisements" will be charged fifty per cent

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published. Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

All announcements and recommendations candidates for office, whether in the shape communications or otherwise, will be charged

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex-ceed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates. -Remittances must be made by Check, Draft Postal Money Order, Express, or in Registere Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisers should always specify the issue of issues they desire to advertise in. Where no issue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Dally. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his advertisement.

## The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD. WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 16, 1886

## EVENING EDITION THE REPORT OF THE INTERNAL

REVENUE COMMISSIONER. The report of the Commissioner of

Internal Revenue, Mr. Jos. S. Miller, shows that the total collections for the year ending 30th of June, 1886, were \$116,902,845.54-an increase over the preceding year of \$4,481,-724,47. This is a good sign for improvement in trade. It shows that people are gaining more confidence and business is advancing. It cost \$4,300,000 to collect, it being 3.67 per cent. of the sum collected-a reduction of \$155,000 upon the preceding year. This shows that the service is being more economically worked, which is a good thing for the Democrats. It costs less per cent. to collect the internal tax than the great War Tariff tax. Remember that.

Of this tax collected \$69,092, 263.30, are upon spirits-an increase of \$1,581,054.67. The tax on tobacco was \$27,907,362.53, an increase of \$1,500,274.05. On fermented liquors (ale, beer, &c.) \$19,676,-731.29, an increase of \$1,445,949.26. Including all the receipts the aggregate is as given above.

It will be interesting to see what States furnish the goods that bring the taxes. It will be seen that those States which furnish most are the very States that favor the continuance of the Internal tax; while those that make the most fuss and growl londest are the States that furnish a great deal less.

It is all nonsense and bosh when you hear papers saying that Virginia or North Garolina pays this tax or that tax on tobacco and whiskey. It does no such thing. Everybody ought to know that the consumer pays the tax. No man who does not | 23.4; St. Petersburg, 36.5; Warsaw, drink or smoke pays a farthing tax on either. They who dance pay the piper, and they who smoke imported cigars or chew manufactured tobacco pay the tax. Neither the manufacturer nor seller pays a cent of the tax. It is humbug to say otherwise and only deceives.

Let us turn to Mr. Miller's report. What do we find? We find that certain States furnished products upon

which were collected taxe	s as follows:
which were collected taxe  Illinois. Kentucky. New York. Ohio. Pennsylvania. Missouri. Wisconsin New Jersey. Indiana. Iowa.	\$23,852,252 60 15,746,940 59 14,365,208 96 12,921,849 10 7,847,230 56 7,060,649 29 3,095,316 63 8,951,655 75 4,873,230 48
Massachusetts	2,547,340 94 2,292,678 88 2,090,784 84
	The second secon

Total ......\$99,795,638 57

favors the abolition of the tax. They all stand by it, and very wisely and sensibly.

Does any man really believe that these States pay the the tax, as the phrase is in certain papers when trying to make the internal tax look awful and monstrous? Does Illinois pay the enormous tax of nearly \$24,-000,000, or more than one-fifth of the whole? Every man knows that Illiinois would make Washington "howl" a thousand times worse than "Rome" is said to have "howled," if the absolutely ruinous tax was indeed and in truth laid upon her people. Why, if the people had to pay the tax really it would not take five years to bankrupt the State of Illinois.

So it is only misleading when papers tell their readers that they pay the liquor and tobacco tax whether thy drink and smoke or no. We repeat, the consumers only are taxed.

North Carolina is always fussing and fuming over the "damnable" and "infernal" and "detestable" internal tax, and yet North Carolina furnishes goods that pay but \$1,744,-959.29 tax, not one cent of which comes out of North Carolina.

The tax on liquor, beer, wines, cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, snuff, &c., that North Carolina does pay is said to amount to six or eight million dollars yearly. But mind, this tax is voluntary and is what is paid for private, personal indulgence. Men who neither smoke, chew, nor drink do not pay a penny of this self-assumed tax. Men pay for luxuries and ought to do so.

There is no wiser, better tax on earth than that levied on these vices and unnecessary personal indulgences. The best of all revenue is that derived from taxing the luxuries, and because it is the easiest

To blot out the tax on needless and costly luxuries and put the whole burden of revenue to support the Government upon a Tariff system is to insure for all time a continuance of the taxes on the poor man's necessaries of life. The STAR does not choose to favor such an economical system as that.

VITAL STATISTICS FOR JUNE.

In the month of June the deaths in Mobile showed a death-rate of 28.44 in the 1,000 for the year; New Haven showed 14.1; Hartford, 17.7; Waterbury, 13.1; Wilmington, Del., 9.99; Savannah for April, May and June, population 44,831, ratio of deaths per 1,000 per annum. 42.4; Chicago, 20,86; New Orleans, 27.32; Detroit, 19.8; St. Paul, 10.4; Minneapolis, 10.07; Baltimore, 21.06; Newark, 20.65; Toledo, 8.41; New York, population 1,439,000, death rate 22.7; Brooklyn, population 690,000, rate 10.07; Philadelphia, population 971, 363, rate 17.9; Pittsburgh, 18.6; Providence, population 120,000, rate 16.5; Memphis, 22.55; Nashville,

ports are for June, with the exception of Savannah. Fourteen large British cities show a rate of 20.3; Hull lowest, 16.6, and Dublin highest, with 25.5. Other cities vary. For instance, Bristol showed 16.7; London, large as it is, but 17.1; Leeds, 19.1; Birmingham, 19.6; Edinburgh, 10.2; Belfast, 24.2;

20.79; Knoxville, 17.69; Richmond,

population 75,000, rate 23.52; Lynch-

burg, 19.3; Milwaukee, population

160,000, death rate 17.83. These re-

Glasgow, 24.7, and Manchester, 25.2. On the Continent we copy some few of the statistics for large cities: Amsterdam, 23.3; Hague, 19.9; Paris, 24.9; Lyons, 24.2; Marseilles, 37.7; Havre, 30.0; Berlin, 25.8; Hamburg, 28.4; Leipzig, 21.9; Cologne, 25.8; Frankford, 21.8; Nuremburg, 38.6; Strasburg, 30.5; Vienna, 29.0; Prague, 37.9; Copenhagen, 23.9; Stockholm, 29.5; Odessa, 35.0; Venice, 38.5. We have collected these instructive statistics from that excellent health journal, the New York Santarian

Our respected contemporary, the Danbury Reporter, commenting briefly upon a recent editorial in the

for August.

"We do not claim transcendent originality for Longfellow, but a capacity for artistic excellence of a very high order he certainly possessed. He had cultured his art to his utmost ability; in this respect he differed from Lowell, who, to our mind, possesses more originality than Longfellow, though he has not made the most of his poetic talent as Longfellow did."

We see nothing in this to protest against. We have a very genuine admiration for Longfellow and read his works, prose and verse, with very real pleasure. We agree also with what is said of Lowell. We have Here are twelve States that fur- thought for some years that Lowell nish the goods that fetch nearly one is a man of more genius and has hundred millions of the less than one shown a greater originality than hundred and seventeen million dol- either Longfellow or Bryant, than lars of tax under the revenue system. | either Whittier or Emerson, than in-Not one of these States asks for or | deed any of the Northern poets. His

essays are a rich treasury. His odes are lofty and inspiring, and his humorous productions are foremost in

THE PERIODICALS. Floral Cabinet for September is well filled with matter intended for those interested in forienture and domestic arts. Price \$1.25 year. Published at 22 Vesey street, New York. Single copies 12 cents.

Overland Monthly for September conains a variety of articles that can not well fail to please the subscribers to this exponent of ability, learning, culture and literary merit on the Pacific slope. Some of the numerous papers are The Lone Woman of Keya Paha Mountains, by J. M. Hoffman; Anarchists and Imitative Mania, by A. A. Sargent; A Moqui Indian Fete, by Edwards Roberts; Ascent of Mount Tacoma, by George Bayley; In Love's Garden, by Charles W. Stoddard; Beer-drinking in Germany, by Austie Bierbower; An Observation in Natural History, by A. M.; Versailles-Past and Present, by Arthur Hazen Chase, and Some Japanese Folk Lore, by Helen N. S. Thompson. Then there are the departments of Recent Fiction, Book

The Sanitarian for August has, among other papers, The Nomenclature of Sanitary Science, by Dr. T. P. Corbally; The American Climatological Association; The Climate of Colorado; Celerina in Nervous Diseases; Dr. Ferran's Inoculations; The Air of the Sea, reports of Conventions, editor's table, mortality statistics, literary notices, &c. This is a monthly of a high grade. Price \$4 a year. Dr. A. N. Bell, editor, assisted by Drs. Corbally and H. K. Bell. Published at 113 Fulton street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

-- Mr. J. S. Moore, who has written so often and so well on the Tariff in the columns of the New York Times, says in a recent letter that "during ten years, say from 1870 to 1880, the productive capacity of the cotton mills in this country has increased forty per cent., while the wages during the ten years have fallen or decreased forty-five per cent., and the average price of daily labor in Fall River is about sixty-two and a half cents a day." What a commentary on the pretenses of protection.-Richmond State, Dem.

- Rank ingratitude is shown by the National Republican when says: "It would have been much better for the Republican party if Mr. Randall and his squad had stuck to the Democratic column and the creed of their party and voted the Morrison bill through the House to be killed in the Senate. That would have made the tariff issue so plain that dodging would have been impossible."—Danville Register, Dem.

- The President's circular forbidding Federal officials participating in the politics of their localities seems to be regarded, in New Haven county at least, as unworthy of serious consideration. From the reports which reach us of last evening's caucus in Orange, held for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Shrievalty Convention, it appears that the affair was engineered and run entirely by the salaried servants of Uncle Sam. Is it possible that the circular in question is regarded as an Executive oke? -- New Haven Register, Dem.

TARIFF LOGIC.

It (the tariff) has enabled the United States to have a larger mileage of railroad to-day than all of the rest of the world put together. It has bound the extreme Northeast to the extreme Southwest, so that you can take a car here from under the shadow of Mount Blue and go to the utmost bounds of the Republic. It

could not have been done except for a protective tariff.—James G. Blaine.

That is to say, if steel rails had, with no tariff, cost \$20 instead of the \$40 they have cost under a tariff, railroad projectors would not have bought them, and new roads would not have been started! It is high prices that make people buy! What arrant humbuggery is this wherewith to fool the phosphoric brain of the fish-fed New Englander.

The Whole Case.

Louisville Courier-Journal. Here is the whole case against Mr Randall. The children of this world are wiser in their generation than the children of light. Yet there are some so-called Democrats who follow Mr. Randall in his fight against the principles of the party. The truth of the matter is, there is a coalition, a bargain, between Mr. Randall and the Republican party. It is a coalition which derives its importance, not from the vote of Mr. Randall, but from the fact that he is able to deliver to the Republicans, whenever they need them, thirty or forty votes. The duty of the Democrats everywhere is to break the power of the combination, and to send Democrats to Congress who cannot be driven into the Republican camp under orders from Mr. Randall.

How It Was Done?

Savannah Times. A Boston whiskey dealer bought cheap coffin, put a 41 gallon keg of rye whiskey inside, screwed a plate on the lid of the coffin, on which were engraved the name, age, and birthplace of the alleged corpse, boxed the coffin, as is usual, and shipped it to a town in Maine. There an undertaker took charge of the box and drove ten miles into the country before the coffin was opened and removed the liquor.

— The people of Maine want no better prohibitionist party than the Republican party. Under the Republican party they have their prohibition and their liquor too.—Phil. Record, Dem.

It is broadly intimated already that Alf, the Republican Taylor, de-faulted with our Democratic Bob's clothes once, when the latter was in

OUR STATE CONTEMPORABIES.

Hence it becomes the duty, the solemn duty, of those charged with the adminis-tration of public affairs, to provide for the people the higherst attainable means of mental and moral cuiture. The school louse and the school teacher are the means. What is the record of the Democratic adminstration on this subject? Read it, peo-ple of North Carolina, in the bold uttersnces of the Governor, in the efficient work of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, in the wise acts of the Legislature, in the excellent Normal Schools established and prospering, in the dozens of Graded Schools shedding their light and blessings upon the communities in which they are, in the thousands of school houses that dot the State over, and the hundreds of thousands of bright, happy, joyous children that throng them. The work of educating her sons and daughters has been marvellous in North Carolina.—Elizabeth City Falcon. We notice from our exchanges a growing

sentiment in favor of an amendment to the Constitution by which the number of Su-preme Court Justices may be increased to ive. We are told that the amount of labor which the present trio of distinguished jurists on our beach have to perform is simply astonishing; in fact is too great to be xacted of any such limited number of udges. There is no feature of our government which is of greater importance to the State than the judicial tribunal of last resort. Their mistakes if made can rarely be remedied. The number of judges should se sufficient to allow ample time for consideration of every case carried before them. -Edenton Enquirer.

Two of the crying evils of the Western portion of North Carolina are unsafe jails and bad roads. It really requires more money to construct and keep a good jail, where prisoners may be kept securely without physical torture, than our small counties can afford. The establishment of small counties, whilst in some respects a convenience to the people, is in this objectionable. The question of better public roads is looming up, and will become in the near future one of the most important State issues. It is very probable that the convict force will be employed at no distant day in the con-struction of improved highways.—Hickory

POLITICAL POINTS.

- The Hill (Presidential) boom in New York State is as large as the May-flower's boom is in Boston.—Balt, Ameri-

- With characteristic unselfishness Senator Logan manifests an intense desire to let Blaine do all the monkeying with the prohibition buzz saw. - Phil.

- Not even the appeals of Mr. Blaine in behalf of an endangered tariff, nor the frantic shrieks of Senator Frye over the "outrages" to American seamen. could bring out the Republican vote of Maine. - Phil. Record, Dem. - Pennsylvania believes in pro-

tection, but she doesn't care to be protected

against Pennsylvania capital in other States. She does not sympathize with the increased railroad freight rates that are keeping Southern iron out of Philadelphia. - Phil. Inquirer, Rep. - A gentleman who passed through New England recently said on his return that he everywhere encountered Republicans who said: "Cleveland was

good enough for them-they liked the way he was going ou, and did not see any reason for a change."—N. Y. Evening Post. - The result was a foregone conclusion. The Democrats did not organize themselves to bring out their full vote, The wonder is that in default of organization on their part the Republican majority should be much less than two years ago, instead of being much greater.—N. Y.

Herald, Ind. - Mr. Blaine is going down pret-ty rapidly in his own State. He will read an account of his descent in the returns of the election held in Maine yesterday, and we do not believe he will find much comfort in it. The showing is more than discouraging for Mr. Blaine. It is destructive.—N. Y. Times, Rep.

- Why is this? If the Northern people love the negro, why are they not willing to give him a fair showing in their midst? If they hate him, why do they give him so much of their sympathy when he is at a distance? Be the answer what it may, the average negro is not talking much stock at present in the professions of his Northern friends.—Atlanta Constitu-

PERSONAL.

- The mistress of the White House wears a No. 34 shoe, - Miss Jeannette L. Gilder, thr

editor of the Critic, has returned from he - Mrs. Langtry goes to the wholly unnecessary trouble of denying that she intends to write a play.—Phil. Times.

- Frederick Douglass is being honored by Republicans and Democrats alike during his visit to Boston and other Massachussetts towns.—Phil. 1 imes. - Colonel William C. Beecher, a

son of Rev. Henry Ward, has accepted the nomination for District Attorney of Kings county (Brooklyn) N. Y., on the Prohibition ticket.—Phil. Times.

- James G. Blaine, Jr., youngest son of ex-Senator Blaine, was married in the rectory of St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church, New York, on Monday of last week to Miss Marie Nevins, daughter of Col. Richard Nevins, of Columbus, Ohio. Phil. Record.

— The corpse of a young woman found last week in a trunk at Toledo has been identified as that of Belle Bowen, of Reedstown, O. It was stolen by grave robbers, and H. G. Blaine, one of the editors of the Attica Joannal and a second cousin of James G. Blaine, has been arrested as an accessory.—Phil. Record.

- The interest in Southern affairs and the development of the South knows no limit. It is announced that next month the Harpers will have a special car fitted up, and send three artists and two good writers through the South. The car will be equipped for work and for living in. The main points visited will be Asheville, Atlanta, Birmingham and Nashville.—

Richmond Whig.

Bagging, Ties, Cotton Gins, &c. 1000 HALF ROLLS BAGGING. BDLS. ARROW TIRS.

Winship Cotton Gins, with Condensers and Feeders. Winship Cotton Presses.

Bacon, Corn, Flour, Lard, Coffee, Sugar, Nails

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

THE CHOLERA.

Terrible Ravages of the Scourge in China and Japan. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16.—Advices have been received by the steamer Gaelic, from China and Japan, as follows: Total number of cholers 'cases throughout Japan, since its first appearance this year, 59,000, of which 37,000 resulted fatally. The indications are that the epi-

demic is now abating. Intelligence from Stoul, Corea, says the cholers is still raging in that city. According to the official returns, the fatal cases for July this year, were 48,600, out of a population of 250,000. Outside of the capital the epidemic is equally fatal. At Shinshu, a province of Keishodo, 5,000, and at Tarai 6,000 deaths are re-

ST. LOUIS.

ported in one month.

Acquittal of Knights of Labor Charges with Conspiracy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Sr. Louis, Sept. 16.-The trial of the Knights of Labor, Frank Young, Oscar Harron and Fred. Hurdhauser, charged with conspiracy during the late South-western Railroad strike, to mjure the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company's property and business, was concluded last night. The jury, after remaining out for two hours, returned a verdict of acquittal.

**ADVERTISERS** 

can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau,

10 Spruce St., New York. Send 10cts for 100-Page Pamphlet Crab Orchard WATER. A POSITIVE CURE FOR

Dose: —One to two teaspoonfuls.
Senuine Cars Onchard Sales in sealpackages at 10 and 25cts. No genine Salts sold in bulk.
Sech Orchard Water Co., Proprs.
N. JONES, Manager, Louisville, Ky. mh 28 D&W 6m su we fr

Atkinson & Manning's Insurance Rooms, NO. 118 NORTH WATER STREET Wilmington, N. C.

Marine and Life Companies Aggregate Capital Represented Over \$100,000,010,

All I Ask Is FOR YOU TO CALL AND SEE THE COOK-ing Stoves and the prices they are being sold at; and if you want to know what a Bath Tub, wash-Stand, Yard Hydrant, Garden Hose, Hose Reels, Drive Pumps, or anything in connection with the Plumbing and Gas Fitting will cost, in-quire at 119 No. Front Street.

R. H. GRANT. To be Sold Low, 200 Boxes CHOICE BRANDS TOBACCO

50,000 CIGARS. To close consignments.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
18 Market Street.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Superior Court New Hanover County,
John J. Fowler and Gilbert H. Greene, (who
sues by his next friend, A. H. Greene), copartners doing business under the name and style of
Fowler & Greene,

Fowler & Greene,

Vs.

New York Cedar Ware Company.

This is an action to recover a debt of three thousand six hundred and thirty-six dollars and thirty-two cents (\$3,636.32), due by the defendant to the plaintiffs, for damages incurred by said plaintiffs caused by a violation of a contract on the part of the defendants, and a warrant of attachment is issued herein; and it appearing te my satisfaction that the defendant, New York Cedar Ware Company, is a foreign corporation, and has property in this State, and that no officer or agent of said defendant, or other person upon whom process could be legally served, can after due diligence be found in this State, and that a cause of action exists in favor of the plaintiffs against said defendant, and this Court has jurisdiction thereof: Now this is to command said defendant, New York Cedar Ware Company, to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, to be held on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1886, and answer or demur to the complaint, or judgment will be rendered against it according to law.

S. VAN AMRINGE,

Clerk of Superior Court.

August 12th, 1886.

fr au 13 6w

The Biblical Recorder PUBLISHED BY

Edwards, Broughton & Co. RALEIGH, N. C. REV. C. T. BAILEY, Editor

REV C. S. FARRISS, Associates Organ of North Carolina Baptists In its 44th Year

EVERY BAPTIST SHOULD TAKE IT As an Advertising Medium Unsurpassed. Only \$2.00 Per Year. BIBLICAL RECORDER, Raleigh, N. C

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ORGAN OF THE BAPTISTS OF WESTERN

NORTH CAROLINA. Joseph E. Carter, Editor & Proprietor

Sound in the faith. Earnest in work. Conse-crated in purpose. Up to the times, but with an eye to watch unscriptural invasions. This paper purposes to stand abreast of its contemporaries according to the square ince of means and op-portunity. We solicit a subscription from you Price \$1.50 per annum. Send for sample copy

The Lincoln Press. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, AT LINCOLN

By JOHN C. TIPTON, Ed'r and Prop'r

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 16, 4 P. M. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Quoted firm at the opening at 34 cents per gallon, with sales later of about 150 casks at 341 cents. ROSIN-The market was quoted quiet at 75 cents per bbl for Strained and 80 cents for Good Strained. Fine rosins are quoted at \$2 00 for K, \$2 25 for M. \$2 50 for N, \$2 75 for W G, and \$3 00

TAR-Market firm at \$1 35 per bbl. of 280 lbs., with sales of receipts at quota-CRUDE TURPENTINE-Market firm

at \$1 80 for Virgin and Yellow Dip and 75c for Hard.

COTTON-Market quoted steady on a basis of 87 cents for Middling, with sales of 30 bales. The following were the official

Ordinary..... cents # 1b. Good Ordinary..... 7 5-16 Low Middling..... 8 7-16 Middling ...... 82 Good Middling ..... 92

RICE-Market steady and unchanged We quote: Rough: Upland 80 cts@\$1 00 per bushel: Tidewater \$1 00@1 15. CLEAN: Common 41@42 cents; Fair 42@52 cents; Good 51@51 cents; Prime 51@52 cents;

Choice 61@61 cents per pound. TIMBER-Market steady, with sales as follows. Prime and Extra Shipping, first class heart, \$9 00@10 00 per M. feet; Extra Mill, good heart, \$6 50@8 00; Mill Prime, \$6 00@6 50; Good Common Mill, \$4 00@ 5 00; Inferior to Ordinary, \$3 00@4 00.

PEANUTS-Market firm. Prime 40@45 cents; Extra Prime 50@55 cents; Fancy 60 cents per bushel of 28 lbs.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine..... Ornde Turpentine.....

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.] Financial. NEW YORK, Sept. 16, Noon.—Money quiet at 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange 4814@483 and 4841@4842. State bonds neglected. Government securities dull but

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Commercial. Cotton firm, with sales to-day of 1,097 bales: middling uplands 91c; middling Orleans 9 7-16c; futures dull and heavy; sales at the following quotations: Septem-October 9.17c; Nove December 9.19c; January 9.29c; February 9.37c. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat unchanged. Corn unchanged and quiet. Pork firm at \$11 00@11 25 for old and \$11 75@12 00 for new. Lard weak at \$7 25. Spirits turpentine steady at 354 @354c. Rosin steady at \$1 00@1 05. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, September 16.—Flour steady and quiet: Howard street and western super \$2 25@2 65; extra \$2 75@3 50; family \$3 75@4 00; city mills super \$2 25@2 75; extra \$3 00@3 75; Rio brands \$4 50@ 4 62. Wheat—southern easier and quiet; western lower with little demand: southern red 85@87c; amber 86@89c; No. 2 western winter red on spot 83½c bid; October 84@84c; November 85½@86c; December 87½@ 87%c. Corn—southern nominal; western nominal; southern white 50@52c; do yellow 50@51c; western mixed on spot 461@

PORRIGH MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.1 LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16.—Noon.—Cotton firm, with a good demand: middling uplands 51d; middling Orleans 5 3-16d; sales to-day of 12,000 bales; for speculation and export 2,000 bales; receipts 11,000 and export 2,000 bales; receipts 11,000 bales, of which 2,600 were American-Futures quiet: Uplands, 1 m c, September delivery 5 15.64d; also 5 13-64d; September and October delivery 5 9-64d; also 5 8-64d; October and November delivery 5 4-64d; also 5 3-64d; November and December delivery 5 3 64d; November and December delivery 5 3 64d; also 5 2-64d; December and January delivery 5 2-64d; January and February delivery 5 3-64d; also 5 2-64d; February and March delivery 5 5-64d; also 5 4-64d; March and April delivery 5 6-64d.

Bales of cotton to-day include 8,800 ba es American. 2 P. M.—Good uplands 54d; middling uplands 54d; low middling 5d; good ordinary 41d; good middling Texas 55d; middling Texas 5 5-16d; low middling 54d; good ordinary 413 16d; ordinary 44d. Good middling Orleans 55-16d; good ordinary 413-16d; low middling 54d; ordinary 44d.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16, 4 P. M.-Cotton-LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Middling uplands, I m c, September delivery 5 18 64d, sellers' option; September and October delivery 5 8-64d, value; October and November delivery 5 3-64d, buyere' option; November and December delivery 5 2-64d, buyers' option; December and January delivery 5 2-64d, buyers' option; January and February delivery 5 3-64d, sellers' option; February and March delivery 5 4-64d, buyers' option; March and April delivery 5 6-64d, sellers' option; April and May delivery 5 8-64d, sellers' option. Futures closed quiet. LONDON, Sept. 15, Noon—Consols for money 1002; for account 100 15-16.

New York Hice Market. N. Y. Journal of Commerce, Sept. 15. The demand for the day in domestic styles was light, buyers generally being so low-set in their views that no middle ground could be reached between them and sellers which could lead up to a trade. Adsellers which could lead up to a trade. Advices from the South note a strong condition of the markets thereat, on account of the withdrawal of rough by planters and a general inquiry for all styles on Western and local account. Foreign styles were active in the higher grades for home use, and in the lower sorts for export. We quote: Louisians, new, choice at 6c; prime, 5@ 5½c; good, 4½@4½c; fair, 4½c; fair slightly broken, 4c; Carolina and Louisiana old crop 8@4c; Rangoon, 4c; Patna, 4½c.

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I would have given the above statement sooner, but every one who knew anything about the poison oak stated that they never knew a case cured that did not break out every succeeding spring. For my own satisfaction I waited, and can now safely assert that it was a complete oure and it has not made its appearance since in the slightest manner. I cannot be thankful enough that I saw the advertisement and pro-

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