t'estitut of's Amandancement.

1 HE MORNING STAR, the dides dally naws aper in North Carolina, is published dally, ercopy ouday, at 36 00 per year, 55 00 for six months, 51 53 for three months; 50 ets for one month, to a disubsoribers. Delivered to div subsoribers at the rate of 18 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

THE WREELY STAH is published every Friday norming at \$1 00 per year, 60 cts. for six months. 20 ots for three months.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY). -One square ona day, \$100; two days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$200; fwo days, \$175; three days, \$250; four days, \$200; fwo days, \$550; one week, \$400; two weeks, \$650; three weeks \$850; one month, \$1000; two months, \$1700; three months, \$9400; fix months, \$4000; twelve months, \$0000. Ten inces of solid Nonparell type make one square. All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Ballis Hops, Pic-Mics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, and will be charged regular advertising rates Notices under head of "Oliv Items" 20 cents per

Notices under head of "City Items" 90 cents per ime for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for cach subsequent insertion.

No advertisements inserted in Local Column at any price.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Dally will be charged \$100 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three fourths of dally rate. Twice a week, two thirds of dally rate.

Communications, unless they contain impor-tant news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if accept-able in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

An estra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements. Notices of Marriage or Death, Tribute of Re-speet, Resolutions of Thanks, So., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 couts will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisoments on which no specified number of insertions is marked will be continued till for-bid," at the option of the publisher, and charged up to the date of discontinuance.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisement one dollar per square for each insertion.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent, antra.

Advortisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

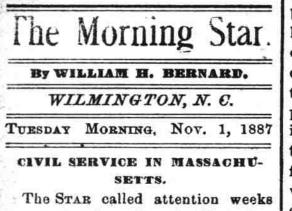
Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quar-terly, according to contract.

All announcements and recommendations of eandidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to ex

coed their space or advertise any thing foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates

Remilitances must be made by Check, Draft, Fostal Money Order, Express, or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher

Advertisers should always specify the issue or issues they desire to advertise in. Where no is-sue is named the advertisement will be inserted in the Daily. Where an advertiser contracts for the paper to be sent to him during the time his advertisement is in, the proprietor will only be responsible for the mailing of the paper to his ad-dress.



but to the victors belong the responsibili-ties for good government, and it won't do to trust the entire detail of administration in the hands of the enemy. That's what we say. Let the doors of the civil service stand open to citizens allke. "Are we after the offices ? With 38 per cent, still in the hands of Republicans would it be considered 'strange if, under a Democratic administration, we had a few

Democratic administration, we had a few more? After the offices? Why, there are but 4,000 or 5,000 sil told in Massachusetts -a large number, true, but a mere handful to our party, now numbering 150,000, increasing from year to year. After the offices? Nonsense! From the foundation f the Common wealth to the present day in state affairs, as for a quarter of a century in the Federal service, the Democratic party of Massachusetts has lived not only without the offices, but in spite of them, and in spite of them it will continue to sur-

THE REPUBLICAN PLAN.

"Pig iron" Kelley at least is no dodger or prevaricator whoever else of his State may be. He is reported in the Philadelphia Press as being explicit in his views of the Speaker ship and the true plan for the Republicans, and their Randall assis tants to pursue. They may be stated thus:

1. Carlisle will be nominated for the Speakership.

2. He will be defeated, of course, by the aid of Randall.

3. Republican opposition to repeal of tobacco tax except as a separate measure.

4. Republican opposition to any plan or bargain or compromise that looks to a reduction of the Tariff. His words are :

"If the proposition be connected with one to reduce customs duties in the hope of thereby curtailing the amount of current revenue, the measure will be resisted by the Republicans."

That is plain enough, and true Democrats and all Administration Reformers will govern themselves accordingly. But this does not exhaust his plans. He is so bent on protecting his pet War Tariff that

he is willing to resort to all sorts of dilatory measures and parliamentary dodges to prevent any legislation as to the monstrous High Tariff of 46 per cent. average. He favors the introduction by all enemies of reduction of all sorts of amendments and five minutes speeches on each by all

who choose to engage in the work of delay. This is the size of the states-

When he read "Adam Bede," also anonymous, he said it was a very good novel and was by a woman. If not by a woman, he said, it was by a man who was the first of his sex to write like a woman. The remarkable thing is that so masterly, so original, so many-sided a novel one of the greatest in the language -

should be the work of a woman and that Dickens should have penetrated the authorship when all others were at sea.

THE PERIODICALS. The Forum for November contains the

following papers: Warfare Against So ciety, by President F. A. P. Barnard Should Fortunes be Limited ? by Edward T. Peters; The Use and Abuse of the Veto Power, by John D. Long; Is the Negro Vote Suppressed ? by Senator A. H. Colquitt; The Panama Canal from Within, by George C. Hurlbut; Shall Utah Become a State ? by George Ticknor Curtis; Christianity and Communism, by Rev. Dr. H. Van Dyke, jc.; What is the Object of Life ? by W. S. Lilly; Books That Have Helped Me, by Brander Matthews; Avoidable Dangers of the Ocean, by Lieut, V. L. Ottman: Caterpillar Critics, by James Lane Allen. Price \$5 a year. Published in New York. The American Magazine is a good publi-

cation. Its November number contains the following: Hendrickson Falls, Mount Tacoma, November, Olivia Delaplaine. The Enterprise and the Boxer, Paul Hayue and his Poetry, John Pettigrewe's Wooing. A Dreamer of Dreams, The People vs. August Reenkopf, The Grand Army of Republic, Then Death is B'ind, Witch Ha zel, Cyclopia, The Saunterer, A Human Acalepha, Beneath the Pines, The Christening of Ameria, Autumn Flowers, A Dancing Party in Virginia, The City of Is, Literature, The American Pulpit, Timely Topics, Household Art, Calendar of Health, and the Portfolio. Price \$3 a year. Published in New York.

"Clean, Able, Democratic," Augusta (Ga.) Gazette, Dem The Wilmington MORNING STAR s a clean. able, straightforward Democratic paper. It advocates tariff reform with a big R, and does it unanswerably. CURRENT COMMENT. --- The American people are at last aroused, and they are talking of

revising the tariff, and now they are

told the idea that the tariff restricts

COMMERCIAL. for plaintiff and Mr. E. C. Smith for VILMINGTON MARKES

Gilmer vs. folton from Guilford; argued by Mesars. J. T. Morehead STAR OFFICE, Oct. S1, 6 P.M. (and J. W. Forbis by brief) for PIRITS TURPENTINE-The market plaintiff, and Mr. James E. Boyd for opened firm at 381 cents per gallon, with sales of receipts at quotations.

Strained.

quotations.

BOSIN-Market firm at 80 cents per

bbl for Strained and 85 cents for Good

TAR-Market quoted firm at \$1 20 per

ORUDE TURPENTINE-Distillers

quote at \$1 75 for Virgin and Yellow

COTTON-Market quoted quiet at

8-16 cents for Middling, with sales of 200

bales Quotations at the Produce Ex-

Ordinary 6 9 16 cents # 1b.

CORN-Quoted firm at 60 cents for yel-

low in bulk, and 62 cents in sacks; white

is quoted at 62 cents in bulk, and 64 cents

TIMBER-Market steady, with quotations

as follows: Prime and Extra Shipping, first-

class heart, \$8 00@10 00 per M feet; Extra

\$6 00@7 50; Good Common Mill \$3 00

@5 00: Inferior to Ordinary \$3 00@4 00.

PEANUTS-Market firm. Prime 55@

RECEIPTS.

DOMESTIC MARGETS

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

Financial

easy at 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange

4811@482 and 4851@4851. State bonds

neglected. Government securities dull but

NEW YORE, Oct. 31, Evening-Sterling

exchange dull but firm at4824@4861. Money

easy at 8105 per cent, closing offered at

4 per cent. Government securities dull and

barely steady: four per cents 1262; three per cents 1082. State bonds dull but steady;

North Carolina sixes 1204 asked; fours 95.

Commeerlal

NEW YORK, Oct. 81-Noon,-Ootton

quiet, with sales of 169 bales; middling

NEW YORK, Oct. 81 .- Noon.-Money

79 bble

10 bbla

Dip and \$1 00 for Hard.

change were as follows:

Good Ordinary..... 8

in sacks-for cargoes.

water per bushel.

Cotton

sleady.

Low Middling..... 8 18-16

Middling 9 8-16 Good Middling 98

90 cents per bushel of 28 lbs.

Spirits Turpentine.....

Rosin

Tar

Crude Turpentine.

bbl, of 280 lbs., with sales of receipts at

Coble ve. Branson from Guilford; argued by Messrs. J. T. Morehead (and L. M. Scott by brief) for the plaintiff, and Mr. John A. Barringer for defendant.

the defendant.

Leathers vs. Gray; continued. State vs. Bryan, from Chatham; argued by the Attorney General for the State, and Messra. T. B. Womack and John Manning for the defendant.

Durham Tobacco Company vs. Mc-Elweel; continued under the rule-(not docketed in time to be heard at this term.)

Scott vs. Bryan; argued by Mr. John Manning for plaintiff; no counsel contra.

Appeals from the seventh district will be called on Monday week, the 7th day of November, in the following order: 241--Leach vs. Fayetteville. 242-Fry vs. Currie. 243 -Worth vs. Brady. 244--Worthy vs. Shields. 245--Grissom vs. Pickett. 246--Sellars vs. Sellars.

247 -- Forney vs. Williamson.

248--Manuel vs. Commissioners. 249--Bates ys. Sackson.

250--Newton vs. Fisher.

251--State vs. Smith.

252--Stout vs. McNeill. 253-Rose vs. Hardie.

254 - Rose vs. Baker.

255-Lowdermilk vs. Bostick.

256-State vs. Lawson. 257 - Townsend vs. McKinnon.

258-State vs. Divine.

259-Buchanan vs. Buchanan.

260 - Carpenter vs. Tucker.

261 - Burr vs. Kerchner. 262-Breeden vs. McLaurin.

263-McKinnon vs. McIntosh.

264-Carolina Central vs. McCas-

kill. 265 - Williams vs. McNair (plaintiff's appeal). * 266 - Williams vs. McNair (defen dant's appeal). 267-Baker vs. Leggett. 268 -Parker vs. Sutton. 269-McNair vs. Pope. 270-Cade vs. Davis.

271--Warden vs. McKinnon. 272 - Allen vs. C. F. & Y. V. R.

R. Co.

573-Pemberton vs. Simmons. 274-Shaw ve. Williams.

275--Thornton vs. Brady. 276--Troy ve. C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co.

uplands 94 cents; middling Orleans 94 cents; futures opened steady, with sales at

BAVANNAH, Oct Si .-- Spirits turpen-tine firm at 58c bid. Rosin firm at \$1 000 1 05 asked. CHARLESTON, Oct. 31 -Spinits turpentine #

COPPON MARONTA

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

IBy Telegraph to the Morning Star October 31.—Galveston, doll at 94:--net receipts 18,068 bales: Norfolk, quiet at 9.5-16c—net receipts 8,186 bales: Battmore, quiet and steady at 94c—net receipts 187 bales; Boston, quiet at 94c—net receipts 187 bales; Boston, quiet at 94c—net receipts 277 bales; Bavannsh, dull at 9c—net receipts 277 bales; Bavannsh, dull at 9c—net receipts 10.419 bales; New Orleans, steady at 94c— net receipts 31,940 bales; Mobile, steady at 9c—net receipts 2,747 bales; Memphile, steady at 9 1,-16c—net receipts 13,905 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9c—net receipts 1,375 bales; Charleston, sellers firm at 91-16c —net receipts 3,929 bales.

POREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.]

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 81, 19.80 P. M .-- Cotton -business fair at unchanged prices; middling uplands 5 5-16d; middling Or-leavs 5 7-16d; sales to-day of 12,000 bales; for speculation and export 2,000 bales; receipts 10,000 bales, of which 6,100 were American. Futures quiet but steady: up lands, 1 m c. October delivery 5 18-64d, also 5 15-64d; October and November delivery, 5 18-64d; November and December, December and January, January and Feb-ruary delivery 5 10 64d; March and April delivery 5 18 64d; April and May delivery 5 14-64d; May and June delivery 5 16-64d Tenders for delivery 5,100 bales new

and 200 bales old docket Wheat steady; demand poor; holders offer moderately. Corn quiet; demand

60 cents; Extra Prime 75@80 cents; Fancy poor. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 81, 4 P. M. -Cottonmiddling uplands (I m c) November delivery RICE-Market quiet. Fair quoted at 5 14-64d, buyer; November and December, 41@41c; Prime 5@51c per pound. Rough December and January, January and Feb-ruary delivery 5 11 64d, buyer: February and March delivery 5 12 64d, value; March 70@80c for upland; 95c@\$1 05 for tideand April delivery 5 14-64d, seller; April and May delivery 5 15-64d, buyer: May and June delivery 5 17-64d, buyer; June and July delivery 5 19-64d, buyer. Fu-1,840 baies tures closed steady. 128 casks 722 bbls

Sales of cotton to-day included 8,900 bales & merican.

MARINE.

Port Almanac-Nov. 1. 6.22 A M Sun Riees 504 PM Sup Sets 10h 42 m Day's Length..... High Water at Smithville 7 80 A M High Water at Wilmington.... 9.20 A M ARRIVED. Steam yacht Louise, Snell, Southport, master. Stmr Cape Fear, Tomlinson, Fayette ville, C S Love & Co.

Br steamer Helmsley, 1,194 tons, Race, Canary Islands, C P Mebane. Br steamer Bedlington, 889 tons, Owens,

Montreal, Beide & Co.

Schr Mary E Bacon, 782 tons, Eskridge, Newport News, Geo Harris & Co, with coal to Wilmington

ABOOMINAL POPULA 9 Million worn during the past 15 years This marvelous success is dueother materials, as a stiffener for Corner. manship of our Corsets, combined will be low prices. of cord. None are genuine unless is printed on inside of steel cover oct 2 D&W2m to th sat BUY THE 14 FAMOUS

BEST TONIC L sto, Hearthurn, T. Bosstred aids BET. and Indianated Br. mending it highly and invigorator, and very strengthening Hors, Jonners C. SUIT, Judge of Clinton Co., Ind., says: "I bear most mony to fice efficacy of Bross's In Dyspepsia, and as a tonk" Genuine has above Trade Mark and g

> CELEBRATED ORSETS

Genuine has above Trade Mark and Crossed adha on wrapper. Take no other. Main only b BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTINGER MA ARNER

DYSPEPSI/

D

THE

D

I III

1st .- To the superiority of Coraline ore al 2d .- To the superior quality, shape and we Avoid cheap imitations made of various ima "DR. WARNER'S CORALINE"

ago to the fact that the Massachusetts Democracy were not satisfied with the Civil Service law as executed in that State. It is now asserted that the Mugwumps will not support the Democratic ticket. Massachusetts has never gone for the Democracy in a Presidential election since the Radical party got on top. So it is not of any importance nationally if Gov. Ames should be reelected, as he no doubt will be. His only qualification for office is a fortune of many millions and he is able to give largely to the campaign corruption fund. Mugwumps of the highly scented and "culchawed" type will feel good in supporting such a beautiful "reform" candidate as Ames.

But we refer to the Massachusetts canvass for another purpose. The Democrats are not much in love with the system that keeps so many Republicans in office under Democratic supremacy. That is to say, there are too many of "the fire-tried Radicals" in Government offices to please the Democrats who have been out in the cold for a quarter of a century.

Mr. James McGeough made a speech at a ratification · meeting in Boston a week or so ago. He reviewed at length the criticism of Republicans and Mugwumps as to the action of the party in appointing a Committee to inquire into the operations of the Civil Service law in that State. We quote:

"There is nothing, perhaps, about this campaign like the state of mind our Republican friends are in over the appointment of this committee and the offices "The wicked demons,' they say, 'have actu-ally appointed a committee to ascertain the number of Republicans in the Federal service in Massachusetts, a proceeding un-heard of. It can be only for the purpose of turning Republicans out and putting Democrats in. Turn all Republicans out of the civil service! Horrible!' In a fit of patriotic despair they ask, 'What on earth will become of the country?" (Laughter.)

He says that when the Democracy set on foot investigation to see how the Federal offices are filled the cry is set up that they are "clamoning for the offices." We quote:

"The retention of old party-paid, offensive Republicans in the service-men notoriously out of sympathy with the Administration-is emphatically denounced, and the cry goes forth that the Democratic party is opposed to 'civil-service reform.'

The Massachusetts Democracy, he says, favor "an honest Civil Service reform" and believe that public offices

manship of Kelley and his crowd. This is the statesman-like scheme of the defenders and henchmen of monopolists and plutocrats. This plan has been aptly referred to as "satanic ingenuity." It looks to us like stupid blundering and blindness.

Senator Frye is a wonderful political economist. He is one of the most extreme Protection men of New England, being quite up to the Pennsylvania standard of Kelley and Ran. dall. His cure for a big surplus is to use it in hiring merchant vessels to sail over the world. This seems to be too much for the Providence (Rhode Island) Journal, a Republican Protection paper. It thinks Mr. Frye has failed to learn the right les son taught in the school of experience, and points to England whose ships are unsubsidized, and also to Norway. The Journal tells Frye this, and others farther South might learn from what is said:

"If we enter into the business of promot ing one industry at the expense of another -a policy inimical to the idea upon which our system rests-we must not only give a bounty sufficient to offset the difference in cost and maintenance, but he prepared to enter into a possible struggle in which one nation shall outbid another. In such a cost that would sadly affect other industries."

That there is no little danger at tending the appearance of cholera in New York is not denied by physicians and experts. Two ships laden with pestilence are just two too many for comfort. This Government ought to serve notice upon foreign governments that if ships come to our shores from suspected ports, that the crew will be dealt with summarily'and the ships burned. It is a News. little too much to allow infected ships or ships from infected ports to come to scatter disease and death throughout the country. The committee of the Philadelphia College of Physicians report that the preventive measures at New York fall far short of what they should be.

The Clearing House returns for the week ending 22nd October, show a falling off from the previous week of \$27,000,000. Money is abundant hundred thousand Georgians, and in New York. Borrowers are fewer in number. On good collateral money can be had on four or five months time at 5 per cent. For the

supply and advances the price is a delusion. On the contrary, we are asked to believe that the effect is to lower prices, to make all manufactured articles cheaper. By some miraculous process, which no one can devine, the leveying of a tax enhance the values; a part becomes more valuable than the whole. The manufacturers have simply been deluded, they are the victims of their own credulity; they have been tricked, and, believing the tariff was maintained to enable them to get better prices for their products, they have supported a system which was working in the other direction, and cutting their own throats. * * To pretend that these cheap goods are to be credited to the tariff is just as absurd as to say they are the product of war. If the tariff brought about low prices, it would be abandoned to-morrow. As a matter of fact, it does enhance prices; that is, it makes merchandise cost more than it would otherwise. Cheap as are axes, trace chains and calicoes, they are higher than they would be if the machinery by which they are made and the raw materials of which they are made were not en-

hanced in price by a tax on imports. Louisville Courier Journal, Dem. -- To take the tax off whickey and tobacco for any reason is a sheer waste of the revenue they yield. Nothing else pays a tax so easily and causes so little trouble to the payer. If these two products could be made to pay all the revenue needed by the Government, our situation would be even more enviable than it is. Making cheap whiskey is making crime, dirt, disease and disorder, and no legislative body can safely dare the infinite moral offence of taking off the whiskey tax. The allurement of a high tariff and the end of direct taxation can't blind the popular perception of the offence that unchains whiskey from its national restraint and lets it run as cheap as ditch water and as nasty. - Indianapolis

--- At Atlanta, for instance, it was always Grady, Gordon, Brown, two or three others, and Cleveland; Gordon, Grady, Brown and Cleveland; Brown, Grady, Gordon and Cleveland; and so on through all possible combinations, even visiting Hovernors and the representatives of the press, invited guests, being neglected and forgotten, that the members of the committee might not be overshadowed for a single moment or in anywise be deprived of the exclusive privilege and prominence of their position. The President saw a

was permitted to hold speech with Grady, Gordon, Brown, et id genus omne. Perhaps this committee busi-

ness was in no other place so overdone and abused, but in almost every

277--Buie vs. Brown. 278--Edwards vs. Lawrence. 279-Leak vs. Covington.

SUPREMECOURT DECISIONS

Raleigh News-Observer. McLawhorn vs. Worthington.

A description in a deed of "all that tract of land situate in said county and bounded as follows-and adjoining the lands of certain parties named containing 360 acres" is sufficient.

Where in special proceedings to self land to make assets all parties are before the court, notwithstanding irregularities and informalities, the court, having jurisdiction of the subject matter and of the parties, the judgment is not void and cannot be attacked collaterally, although the irregularities might afford ground for a motion in the cause to set aside the judgment.

A deed conveying a tract of land "known as part of the John Tripp land adjoining the lands of certain persons named containing 100 acres" s too vague and indefinite.

Mobly vs. Watts.

Secondary evidence may be given of the contents of a record which is shown to have been destroyed. And where such records were burnt the statutory mode of proceeding to restore burnt records does not exclude another mode of proof. The statute is not a repeal of the common law rules of evidence, but in aid of them. Where on an adverse intimation from the Superior Court, the plaintiff takes a non suit and appeals, the appeal is regular.

Millheiser vs. Erdman.

Where the defendant applied to plaintiff for sample and terms and the reply was "Terms three four and five months notes," and an order is given and shipment made, the plaintiff enclosing with the invoice three notes, which he asked should be signed and returned.

Held: That the signing and return of the notes was to be concurrent with the delivery of the goods, and no sale was made until the notes were so signed and returned.

Held: That the receipt of the goods vested no title in the defendant, and he held them for the plainaiff until be had performed the concurrent act of returning the notes. Not having returned the notes, his conveyance of the goods to an assignee for the benefit of creditors was invalid.

Held: That there having been no sale effected, the statute requiring the registration of conditional sales has no application.

tor of the devisor sells the land un-

9 60c; March 9.67c; April 9.75c. Flour quiet and firm Wheat lower. Corn lower. Pork steady at \$14 00@14 50. Lard easier at \$6 80. Spirits turpentine firm at 361@ 364c. Rosin firm at \$1 20@1 25. Old mess pork stcady at \$13 50@13 75. Freights steady.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, Evening .- Cotton cull, with sales to-day of 173 bales; mid-dling uplands 94c; middling Orleans 94c; net receipts at all ports 77,184 bales; exports to Great Britain 15,828 bales, to France 1,683 bales, to the continent 85,785 bales; stock at all U. S. ports 644,661 baies Southern flour quiet but firm. Wheat declined #@#c. closing barely steady; spot about ic lower and quiet; No. 2 red No-vember 83@83ic; December 88i@84 5-16c. Corn 1@1c lower; No. 2 November 521@ 524c; December 52 9-166524c. Oats 10/c lower; No. 2 October 3846834c; Novem-ber 336834c. Hops quiet. Coffee-fair Rio spot dull at \$1850; options fairly active and lower; No. 7 Rio October \$16 10; November \$16 05@16 15; December \$15 95@ 16 10. Sugar firm. Molasses quiet. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil-crude 40c; refined nomical. Rosin steady at \$1 20@1 25. Spirits turpentine firm at 361@364c. Hides steady and quiet. Wool quiet and easy; domestic fleece 26@34c; pulled 14@32c; Texas 9@22c. Pork steady. Beef quiet. Cut meats unchanged; middles nominal. Lard 4@5 points lower and moderately active, closing steadier: western steam \$6 75; October \$6 65@6 68; November \$6 59@ 6 60. Freights steady.

Cotton-Net receipts 186 bales; gross receipts 9,532 hales; futures closed steady, with sales of 86,700 bales at the follow-ing quotations: November 9.62@9.68c; December 9.60@9.61c; January 9.64@9.65c; February 9.71c; March 9.77@9.78c; April 9.85@9.86c; May 9.92@9.93c; June 9.99@ 10.00c; July 10.06@10.07c; August 10.12 @10.13c.

Green & Co., in their cotton circular, say : Dealing in cotton operations has not been very heavy, but was prompt throughout, and cost steadily worked upward all day. Liverpool was without much encouragement, and port receipts proved remaakably libe-ral, but the demand proved quite equal to the offering and seemed especially exhaustive on January. The principal call came from New Orleans and represented new investment, but was supplemented by coniderable covering on local accounts. The advance was 4 points, which was held quite steady to the close, with light offerings along the entire line.

CHICAGO, Oct. 81.-Cash quotations were CHICAGO, Oct. 81.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour ruled quiet and steady; Wheat—No. 2 spring 711@711c; No. 2 red 72c. Corn—No. 2, 411c. Oats—No. 2, 251c. Mess pork \$13 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$6 25@6 80. Short rib andes (loose) \$6 80; dry salted shoulders (bordd) \$5 00 @5 20; short clear sides (bordd) \$5 00 @5 20; short clear sides (bordd) \$6 80@ 6 90. Whiskey \$1 10. The leading futures ranged as follows

The leading futures ranged as follows-opening, highest and closing: Wheat-No. 2 October and November 714, 714, 714; December 734, 734, 734; May 79, 79, 784. Corn-No. 2 October 414, 414, 41; Novem-Corn-No. 2 October 414, 414, 41; Novem-ber 414, 412, 41; May 45, 454, 4446. Oats-No. 2 October 254; November 254, 254, 254; May 294, 294, 294. Mess pork-Jan-uary \$12 40, \$12 424, \$12 40; February \$12 474, \$12 50, \$12 50. Lard-October \$6 25, \$6 25, \$6 20; November \$6 224, \$6 224, \$6 20; May \$6 60, \$6 60, \$6 574. Short ribs-October \$6 374, \$6 50, \$6 60; Lowerr \$6 274. January \$6 271.

Cuthrell vs. Hawkins. Where one under a will has a life estate in land, and mortgages the same, and thereafter the administra-tor of the device collection collection and the set of the device collection and the set of t

Newport News, Geo Harris & Co, with coal to Wilmington Gas Light Co.	Watchille
CLEARED.	MACIN
Steam yacht Louise. Suell, Southpart,	
master.	Y WILL
Stmr Cape Fear, Tomlinson, Fayette- ville, C S Love & Co.	NEVER
Nor barque Nor, Hansen, London, Rob-	BREAK
inson & King.	
BAPORTS.	FOR SALE EVERYWHERE
	TOR SALE EVENTWHERE
FOREIGN.	sep 27 6m tu th sat
LONDON-Nor barque Nor-2,900 bbls rosin.	N U OMITU
terret and an and a set of the local data and the set of the set o	N.H. SMITH,
MARINE DIRECTORY.	REAL ESTATE AGENT
List of Vessels in the Port of Wilming-	FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
ton, N. C., Nov. 1, 1887.	
STEAMSHIPS.	Correspondence solicited from parties while
Daylesford (Br.) 901 tons, Sinclair, C P Mebane.	buy or sell lands. Reliable attorneys en-
Allie (Br.), 1,134 tons, Rodgaard, C P	ployed to investigate titles, etc. lie'en 10 bos
Mebane.	iness men of Payetteville
Beechville (Br.), 1,120 tons, Watson, Heide & Co.	OFFICE A'T SMITH'S DEPOT,
BARQUES.	
Fruen (Nor.), 372 tons, Peterson, Paterson,	Corner Munford and Donaides Sa
Downing & Co. Marie Kuyper (Ger.), 362 tons, Seemann,	Where a FULL STOCE of
E Peschau & Westermann. Pillau (Ger.) 470 tons, Gealach, E Peschau	BEST ICE, COAL AND WOOD
& Westermann.	Can be found at LOWEST PHUCES
Theodore Voss (Ger.), 317 tons, Sermann, E Peschau & Westermann. Pons Ælii (Br.), Paknoham, Heide & Co.	Lookjout for the sign, "Ice, Coal Wood" to, je 19 D&Wil
M D Rucker (Ger.), 897 tons. Rehberg, Paterson, Downing & Co.	SHORT CUT!
Wilhelm Max (Ger.), 436 tons, Fretwurst,	WE HAVE THE 'SHOLT CUT' AT MAXTOR
Heide & Co. Monica (Nor.), 687 tons, Johannesen, Heide	share and an forst A short out on other
& Co. Adolph (Ger.), 528 tons, Westendorf, Heide	for apply regetables
& Co. BRIGS.	wonderful age, and there is no telling what de velopments are near at hand Buy a Farm and
Taritta (Nor.), 294 tons, Knudsen, Heide	"Go till the ground." said God to man.
& Co.	"Anhone the early it suit to think
BCHOONERS. Hattie Turner, 295 tons, Gillmour, E G	Only a few years hence and land will be be youd price in this section.
Barker & Co	I will take pleasure in helping any buy a Parm
Martinique, 187 tons, Lowell, E G Barker	in this community, commissions of BLOCKER
& Co. Gen A H Ames, 452 tons, Johnson, Geo	oc 19 tf Real Estate Agent Marton, N.C.
Harriss & Co.	THE CLIMATE,
Edith R Seward, 282 tons, Travis, Geo Harriss & Co.	TTO OUT OUT
Mary A Powers, 472 tons, Keen, E G Bar-	THE SOIL.
ker & Co. Annie Ainsley, 288 tons, McAndrews,	FOR TRUCK GARDENING, AND RAFID TRAN
Geo Harriss & Co.	sit North cannot be surpassed in any section of
Georgia Clark, 847 tons, Bartlett, Geo Har-	North Carolina as we had
James Ponder, 258 tons, Lynch, Geo Har- riss & Co.	MAXTON.
Lamoine, 246 tons, Parker, E G Barker & Co.	Only twenty-two hours from Baltimore. Isrly No killing irosts until late in winter. Isrly gardens in Spring. A few good Parms yet for gardens in Spring. Live and enterprising
R 8 Graham, 325 tons, Avis, George Har-	said, out rapidly solling
riss & Co.	farmers and gardeners have an entraout table the training fust now. Apply to O. H. BLOCKER. Oct 18 tf Beal Estate Agent. Marton, N.C.
Fanny Tracey, 233 tons, Tilton, George Harriss & Co.	OGE 10 LL AGE BOULLO FR
Roger Moore, 818 tons, Gilkey, E G Bar-	FARMS AND LANDS FOR SALE
ker & Co. Jennie Hall, 391 tons, Hall, Geo. Harriss &	INPROVED LANDS, TIMBERED LANDS SWAMP LANDS and TOWN PROPERTIES
Co.	THE COUNCES OF LOUGEON, DISCOUNT OF THE
	ties for investment. The opening of direct in
Insure in the	NEW AND INVITING FIELD for Trucking
I IVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSUR-	tares memoressed in any country. A company
ANCE CO. Over \$39,000,000 paid out for losses in	point for freights. Rallways North. South and West. Quick transport North by green mutes. A grand opportunity for safe isrest
I LEO UDIEG STATAS	and West. Quick transport North of routes. A grand opportunity for safe invest ments, and a better one for practical farmers and hereitanitzenets.
Losses by Chicago Fire, 1671, \$3.233,091. Losses by Boston Fire, 1872, 1,427,290.	horicolturists

Come and see or write to 0. H. BLOCKER. Real Estate Agent, Maxion. Robeson Co., N. C. my # D&Wtf

Losses by Boston Fire, 1812, 1,181,181 Losses paid without discount. STRONG, LIBERAL, PROMPT. Premiums received, 1826, \$3,683,523. Premiums received, 1826, \$3,683,523. The increase shows how this Company has fealt with its patrons. SMITH & BOATWRIGHT, Successors to A Farm to Rent, Wm L. Smith & CO. & J. W. Gordon & Smith

SIX MILES FROM MAXTON. TWO MILES from Fioral College Depot. 210 acres cleared. Gool buildings. Ten rooms in dwelling mansion. Would lease for a term of years if desired.

