NO. 30

VIRGINIA.

of Foreign Bondholders-Memorial

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

RICHMOND, May 19 .- Both bouses of the

Legislature to day adopted a preamble and resolution setting forth that agents of for-eign boudholders (Mesars, Thornton and

Braithwaite) have issued a circular contain-

ing statements at variance with the final re-

port of the joint committee made to the General Assembly, and calculated to make a false impression and produce controversy

on facts which really occurred in the joint

conference, and appointing a joint commit-

tee to examine said circular and repor

Norrolk, May 19 .- To-day was Me-

morial Day here, and was celebrated with

great pomp and ceremony under the auspices of Pickett-Buchapan Camp of ex-

Confederate veterans. The military and

civic organizations made an impressive

parade, and at the cemetery an original

ocem was read and an oration delivered by

Mayor Baker P. Lee. Gov. Lee and his

staff reviewed the procession and took part

in the ceremonies at the graves of dead ex-

RICHMOND, May 20 .- Goy. Lee to day

officially notified the General Assembly of the death of ex-Gov. Wm. Smith, and soon thereafter resolutions in respect to the

memory of the deceased were adopted in both Houses, and an adjournment ordered.

The remains of the venerable Virginian

reached this city at 3 p. m., and were met

n Hollywood Cemetery with military

sequently communicated to the House but

WASHINGTON.

All Outstanding Three Per Cent.

Bonds Called for-President Cleve-

land Going on a Fishing Excursion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

Washington, May 20 .- Secretary Fair

child will this afternoon issue a call for all

outstanding three per cent. bonds, amount

mature July 1st. The circular offering to redeem uncalled bonds of the three per

cent. loan on presentation has been re-

voked and no more bonds will be redeemed

Secretary Fairchild to-day issued the one bundred and forty-ninth call for bonds for

redemption, being for three per cents, and

amounting to \$19,717,500. The concluding

paragraph of the circular is emphasized

and is given herewith: "As the bonds called

by this circular include all those of the act of July 12th, 1882, heretofore uncalled, cir-

ulars of August 30th and September 15th.

1886, authorizing the presentation of un-

called bonds for redemption, are hereby re-

scinded. None of the bonds called by this

In other respects the circular is in the

Washington, May 20.—Secretary Fair-

child said this afternoon that the bonds to

be redeemed under this circular will be ap-

olied to the sinking fund requirements of

the next fiscal year, but beyond that noth-

ing has yet been determined with regard to

year and before the meeting of Congress

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- The President,

party expect to be absent about ten days.

be had and, as the usual summer crowds

distributed in the Southern States are affect

present districts of North Carolina are rear

to require such collectors as are now occu-

pying rented offices to remove to Govern-

ment buildings in all cases where it is prac-

ticable; and it is also probable that other changes will be made which will insure

still greater economy and efficiency in the

management of this branch of the Govern-

ment service. The order of consolidation

was carefully considered, and was agreed

upon by the President, the Secretary of the

Treasury, and the Commissioner of Internal

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

Acknowledgment of Resolutions Ap-

proving his Veto of Dependent Pen-

WILMINGTON, DEL., May 21.-The

Every Evening prints to day the following

EXECUTIVE MANSION,

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1887.

autograph letter from President Cleveland:

Mr. W. J. Robelin, Quartermaster, Wilming

of the 7th inst., transmitting the hand-

somely engrossed resolutions of Gen. U. S.

Grant Post No. 13, approving of my ex-

ecutive action in vetoing the Dependent

Pension bill. I beg to express through

hanks for the courtesy manifested in the

It sometimes happens that official con-duct clearly demanded by imperative obli-

gation of public duty is made difficult by

counter-influences, and the inclinations

which grow out of sympathy, or the dis-

the apparent current of popular opinion. Those of our citizens not holding office,

and thus entirely free from the solemn ob-

ligation of protecting the interests of the people, often fail to realize that their public servants are to a large extent debarred in their official action from indulgence of those charitable impulses, which in private

life is not only harmless but commendable

as one of the stern incidents of faithful per-

formance of official duty, and while it should be endured with the resignation

arising from an unfaltering faith in the ultimate justice of the American people, it is

nevertheless gratifying to receive such ex-

pressions as are contained in the resolu-

While depreciation should be regarded

you to the members of the Post my appre

iation of their endorsement, and

form of their approval

ton, Del.: Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your letter

sion Bill.

circular will be redeemed before maturity.

ng to about \$17,000,000. The call will

was laid over until to morrow.

thereon as to the truth of said statements

Day at Norfolk.

98888888888888888

3 5 4 5 5 F 8 9 0 F 8 4 5 6 8 8

The probability is that in ten years more the honest white people of North Carolina will be taxed a mition and a half to take care of the meanest rascals that infest society. he promise now is that this will continue indefinitely until "the crack of doom."

Why should good citizens be taxed o feed and clothe and shelter the ouse breakers, robbers and thieves? Would it not be a wiser step to close up the home of rascality and deprayty and convert it into some useful purpose? Why not? Because carpet-baggery, aided and abetted by scallawagery, chose to foist a great elephant upon the tax-payers is that any reason why the animal should continue to be pampered and made sleek and rebellious?

We really think that it would be sproper and economic step to close up the penitentiary and return either to the whipping post for stealing or levise some more deterring punish ment for the smaller crimes.

The gallows is indispensable. The trouble just here is the unhealthy entiment among Judges, Solicitors, laries and Governors. When the news came that Taborn, the Granville burglar, had been convicted, an old Confederate soldier who saw four years' hard service and who is a Presbyterian, said to us -"He won't be hanged." That is getting to be the talk among the best men-the very pillars of society. Another gentleman, an Episcopalian, said to us the very next day: "It is very absurd to ee a Judge, Solicitor and Jury uniting to get a criminal off who had been tried before them-the Judge laying down the law, the Solicitor doing his best to convict, and the lury, after all due consideration, finding a verdict of guilty." Indeed, It is extremely absurd in most cases, and with but very few exceptions. The whole criminal law needs re-

vising. The Judges of North Carolina owe it to the public and the ends of justice to suggest to the Legislature such changes as their experience has taught them are indispensable to secure speedy trial and conviction. The criminals of the State have the advantage and the last Legislature made one or more changes that increase that advantage. Sell out the penitentiary, set up the whipping post and down with sickly senlimentality. Crime should have no friends in sober North Carolina. Every Judge and every Solicitor and every Juryman should adopt Wolsey's advice to Cromwell -

"Be just and fear not: try's Thy God's, and truths,"

Yesterday's Raleigh News-Obserer brought to us the following illusrative paragraph:

"The Governor yesterday pardoned Mack Massey out of the penitentiary. He was tried for and convicted of largeny at the apring term of Union county Superior Court, 1885, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He was pardoned on account of extreme old age and the good character between the count of count of extreme old age and the good character between the count of count of extreme old age and the good character between the count of count of extreme old age and the good character between the count of the count of character he bore previous to conviction.
The Solicitor and many promisent citizens asked for and recommended his par-

rascals is not to be countenanced. linians.

THE WEEKLY STAR.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1887.

VOL. XVIII.

After all are not "many prominent citizens" responsible for a portion of the outrages against society? Is it indeed surprising that Judge Lynch should ride his great circuit with so much assiduity and determi-

The communication published today was received after the above was written-a coincidence.

SALT.

Salt is used in every household the land. Even stock must have salt. Health and enjoyment are all involved in salt. Now if there is anything in the world that poor people ought to have free of tax it is salt. It is strictly a prime necessity. But last year people paid a tax on foreign salt. Salt for fishermen came in free, but salt for farmers was taxed. Mr. J. S. Moore, the political economist, says in the New York Times:

"The tariff laws are so beautifully arranged that it treats some as loving chil-dren and others as step-children. The fish-ermen being the actual children of Eastern tariff makers get their salt for curing fish free of duty. But the farmers, being stepchildren, have to pay 83 per cent. duty on bulk salt and 39 per cent. on salt in bags if they want to use salt in their farmhouses. The Treasury, groaning under a surplus of \$100,000,000, saw fit to collect a duty in 1886 of \$706,324 34 on foreign salt. The home production is valued at about \$5,-000,000. This being enhanced at least by dint of the tariff, say, \$2,000,000, it there fore follows that the country pays a tax of some \$2,700,000 for the luxury of using salt, more than half of which is paid by the

Now the men who lay this stupid burden upon the people are for the most part the men who are howling in Congress and in newspaper offices for free drinks, free smokes and light taxes generally on luxuries, It is not only very foolish to thus legislate, but it is so flagrantly unjust that stupidity itself can not fail to see it. Is there any earthly reason why New England fishermen should get their salt without taxation and the Southern farmer and workingman should have to pay a tax of 12 cents on every 100 pounds used, if in bags, or 8 cents if in bulk? There is not a nation in Europe that has a tax on salt. It remains for this monopoly ridden country to lay such a foul tax as that. Now why this tax? The revenues do not require it, for there is a great and growing surplus in the Treasury. Mr. Moore says:

"In 1880 there were employed in the making of salt in the United States 4.125 males above 16 years old, 20 women, and 144 children. Yet to this organized army f 4,289, men, women and children, some 60,000,000 of the population have become a mob of consumers, and pay \$3,000,000 annual tax. And to add insult to injury. this important swindle, this legal tariff robbery, is actually called a blessing. Let the farmers of this country reflect upon

Any people calling themselves intelligent that will submit to such an miquity, to such folly run mad, de-

EXPOSING MISREPRESENTATION.

The Baltimore Sun reports an inerview with a colored Methodist Bishop, T. II. Lomax, of Charlotte. He denies emphatically that the negroes are oppressed in North Caroina, and in this he tells the unadulterated truth. A negro named Sutton, a member of the last Legislature, has been lying about the treatment of the negroes, and Bishop Lomax gives a flat contradiction to all he said. He says they vote, hold office, &c., and are not molested or violated in their rights. We quote: "It is a known fact that on many elections the Republicans have imported voers into the State who have voted upon the names of dead men and men who have renoved from the State, and by those means carried the elections. In the town of Charlotte, where I have always lived, the Democrats are largely in the majority, yet he elections are fairly conducted, and in the two Republican districts colored Republicans have been returned elected and erved in the offices to which they have been elected. Several years ago, before I was elected to the office of bishop in the church, I was elected and served in a political office. The imprisonment and murdering of the colored people in North Caro-lina on account of their political proclivi-ties, so far as I know, (and I think I know as much about the State as any man living in it) has been misstated by Mr. Sutton, for easons best known to himse

He might have said that all the bulldozing in North Carolina in election times is done by the negroes themselves, who oppress, intimidate and even maltreat their own color who dare vote as they prefer. But where one Republican paper in the North will accept as true the statement of the colored preacher, a half dozen will echo and repeat the lies of the legislative Munchausen.

Rev. Dr. R A. Young's letters lately published in the Nashville Advocate have given him a reputation as a writer above any Methodist preacher or layman in the South. — Goldsboro Advance.

We read with much pleasure some of Dr. Young's entertaining and prightly letters. As a writer he is not to be named with the classic, thoughtful, charming Dr. Lipscomb. In point and pith and graphic power Dr. Young cannot approach the witty and brilliant Lafferty. So it appears to us, and we are no small admirer

of Dr. Young. We never saw a cleverer critical article from a North Carolina source than the enjoyable, acute, and able one by Rev. Dr. Ephraim Harding in a recent number of the North It is not a matter for surprise that | Carolina | Presbyterian. We are Frime lifts its horrid front in every much inclined to put it first in that county in the State. Sympathy with line of writing by North CaroTHE MILITARY.

Parade of the Second Regiment N. C. 8. G.—The Visitors Welcomed by Mayor Fowler—The Camp—Bress Parade - Exhibition Drill by the Payetteville Company.

The three companies of the Second reginent-the Wilmington Light Infantry, Maxton Guards and Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry-that went into camp Wednesday night, marched from Camp William MacRae to Front street depot yesterday morning about nine o'clock to re-

SAMPSON LIGHT INFANTRY. Captain-W. L. Faison. First Lieutenant-J. A. Stevens. Second Lieutenant-T. H. Patrick. First Sergeant-M. Hanstein. Second Sergeant-B. Underwood. Third Sergeant-M. J. Herring. Fourth Sergeant-J. R. Beaman, Jr. First Corporal-B. R. Owen. Fourth Corporal-H. J. Moore.

Privates-G D Bryan, C Crumpler, A D Cooper, H E Faison, B F Herring, T J Herring, F H Holmes, R W Holliday, W Hubbard, B Jones, W B Owen, David Oates, W S Patrick, J W Smith, C B Smith, R H Smith, P F Stevens, John Stewart.

Musician-C. Turner. Shortly after the arrival of the Sampson company the regiment was formed and the line of march taken for the City Hall. Col. W. C. Jones and staff led the regiment, followed by the Cornet Concert Club, Fayetteville Independent Light-Infantry, Maxton Guards, Wilmington Light Infantry and Sampson Light Infantry. The streets along the line of march were

thronged with ladies and gentlemen, who were enthusiastic in their comments upon the fine appearance of the soldiers. Arriving in front of the City Hall the regiment was halted, in line and at a parade rest, when Mayor Fowler was presented by Capt. Daniel and delivered an address

Soldiers of the Second Regiment: In behalf of the City of Wilmington, extend to you a most cordial welcome. The citizens of Wilmington are highly susceptible to the honor you bestow upon them by your visit, and they are proud of

of welcome, as follows:

an opportunity of manifesting their appre-Within the broad confines of our Republic there is not a State where more genuine hospitality, more cheerful welcome is ex-Carolina. Nor is there a city in the State of North Carolina where the visitor is entertained, than in this our "City by the

The people of Wilmington, approximating twenty-five thousand in number, are ever willing and ever desirous-indeed, i is their characteristic-to extend reception sincere and cordial, to the visitor from every clime; hence, greater shall be the welcome when extended to the brothers of our own household, to the soldiery of the "Old North State."

It is needless for me to speak of or descant upon the deeds of chivalry which characterized the soldiers of Carolina in the days of the past. How, combating for the cause of right and self-government and constitutional liberty, they waged successful war for a long period of years, testifying their prowess and transmitting to you -to their posterity-examples most worthy of emulation.

With you, soldiers, I behold the typical soldiers of the past-soldiers whose chivalric deportment, whose daring deeds of valor enacted upon a thousand battlefields, re ceived, as they most justly merit, the plaudits and encemiums of the world. We recoguize in you, soldiers, the custo-

dians of our liberties, the preservers of our peace, our security, our protection and defence. As such we greet you with the sincerity of a Carolina greeting. The liberties and privileges of the city are yours, and in behalf of our entire people, I bid you wel-

At the conclusion of the Mayor's address three cheers were given for his Honor by the regiment, the band played and the troops marched down Third street and

up Market to the camp. In the afternoon the soldiers witnessed the boat races on the river from the deck of the steamer Cape Fear, which had been placed at their disposal for the occasion.

At six o'clock in the evening dress parade was held at the camp. It was witnessed by about two thousand spectators, many of

After the parade the Fayetteville company gave an exhibition drill that drew forth encomiums from all present, and the plaudits and repeated cheers of their fellow soldiers of other companies who could not repress their admiration of the company's splendid drilling.

After the dress parade and drill the band of the Maxton Guards played two or three pieces which were listened to with much enjoyment by the assemblage.

The following is a list of the field and staff officers of the regiment, present at the

Colonel W. C. Jones. Lieutenant Col. E. F. McRae. Major W. S. Cook. Capt. F. T. Atkins, quartermaster. Dr. J. A. Hodges, surgeon. Dr. J. A. Stevens, assistant surgeon. Rev. Dr. James Carmichael, chaplain. Lieutenant M. S. Willard, adjutant.

W. A. Willson, Jr., sergeant major. W. C. McDuffle, hospital steward. Parget Practice for Prizes - Exhibi tion Drill and Parade-Presenta

tion of Prizes-A Great Crowd Pre-The first event of the day at Camp Wil iam Mcltae was the shooting match fo prizes, which took place at half past 8 o'clock in the morning, at the rifle range in rear of the Athletic grounds, not a great way from the camp. The contest was beween teams of five men each from the Payetteville, Clinton and Maxton Companics. The range was 200 yards, and the highest possible score for each marksman 25. The following is the result of the

ontest:			
Sign and a	INDEPENDENT FANTRY.	130	
ergeant E. S. Private J. W. T. Private W. C. I	Ann Pemberton omlinson McDuffle Robinson		1 1
			. 8
MA	XTON GUARDS.	A CARGO	0,5
leutenant J. I	3. Sellers		. 2

Total..... SAMPSON LIGHT INFANTRY. Sergeant M. J. Herring.... Corporal B. R. Owens.

Corporal H. J. Moore.

Private W. B. Owen.

Private F. H. Holmes.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry team having made the highest score -83-were declared entitled to the company prize.

Lieutenant J. B. Sellers, of the Maxton Guards, having made the highest individual score-20-was declared entitled to the prize for the best markmanship.

The judges were Lieut, Col. E. F. Mc-Rae, Major W. S. Cook and Lieut. J. C. In the afternoon at 5 o'clock, there was

an exhibition drill at the camp given by a platoon of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, followed by the presentation of prizes won in the contest at the target shooting in the forenoon, a dress parade, and battalion and company drill. There was an immense concourse of peo-

ple present, the pressure around the parade ground being so great that policemen had considerable difficulty in keeping a sufficient space cleared for the troops to manœuvre in. After the exhibition drill by the Fayette ville company, the regiment was formed in

line and Col. Jones introduced Col. E. D. Hall, who presented the prizes to the winners in the target practice. Col. Hall delivered an eloquent tribute to the valor of the citizen soldiery of the South as exemplified in the late war, extolled the high martial spirit and bearing of the Second Regiment, and paid a handsome compliment to the ladies. In presenting the prize won by the team of the Fayetteville Light Infantry, he said that fifty years ago, while a school boy in that town, he had marched in the ranks of that company, and he ever remembered the occasion with pride and pleasure. The drill and parade followed, and were, apparently, greatly enjoyed by the spectators; all the companies being cheered when skillfully executing some movement in the drill, either by company, platoon or file; but the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry came in for the larger share of the applause.

With the exception of the target shoot ing, the programme for today will be pretty much the same as yesterday. During the forenoon many of the men will visit the Sound, where no doubt they will spend the time pleasantly, returning in time for battalion drill and dress parade at half-past five in the afternoon.

The prizes presented to the successful contestants yesterday were a large goldlined silver cup to the team of the Payetteville Company and an appropriate gold adge to Lieut. Sellers of the Maxton Guards, for the highest individual score.

With the exception of guard mounting and other ordinary duties pertaining to the camp, there was little to engage the attention of the soldiers yesterday until the time for battalion drill and dress parade in the afternoon. The grand military ball the night before kept the soldiers up until two or three o'clock is the morning, and many of them were content enough to pass the forenoon quietly in their tents, seeking much needed rest from the fatigue of drill and parade and the rounds of amusement that they had gone through with. There were enough of the boys, however, who were not "tired out" to make the camp lively, and visitors to the place were well taken care of. During the day some of the men took a trip on the Passport to Carolina Beach, and others enjoyed a drive over the turnpike to the Sound. At both places the visitors spent the time very pleasantly.

The parade of the regiment at the camp in the afternoon again attracted a large number of spectators, the streets leading to the grounds being filled with vehicles and

A number of the lady visitors inspected the mess hall and kitchen, which they declared was admirably arranged and managed. Mr. James Lewis caters for this department and has a corps of sable cooks and attendants who are seemingly well fitted for their duties and keep everything in excellent order. The large cookingrange in the kitchen in rear of the mess hall seems capable of doing the cooking for the entire State Guard.

To-day the mea will rest quietly in camp until 4 p. m. when the battalion will be formed and march to St John's Church, where special services will be held by the Chaplain of the Second Regiment, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. The services will begin at 4.45 o'clock.

After returning to camp there will be dress parade at 7 o'clock.

The encampment will be broken up tomorrow, much to the regret of many, especially the younger portion of the community, who "wish we could have the soldiers with us always,"

It is possible that the Sampson Light Infantry may take their departure for home to-night by train on the W. & W. Railroad. The Maxton Guards will leave by the morning train on the Carolina Central tomorrow, and the Fayetteville Light Infantry on the steamer Cape Fear at 2 o'clock. The Fayetteville Company.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, unanimously accorded the honor by their fellow soldiers of being the best drilled and most handsomely uniformed company in the regiment-if not in the State Guard-deserve more than a passing mention. It is the oldest military organization in the South, having been formed August 23d, 1793. Its origin was caused by apprehensions which existed at the time of the French revolution. "He that hath no atomach for the fight, let him depart," was the motto adopted by the command. The officers of the company, elected August 23d, 1793, were Robert Adam, captain: John Winslow, lieutenant; Robert Graham, ensign. Captain Adam died at the Sound near Wilmington, June 11, 1801. He was in command of the company

In 1807, when war was threatened with Great Britain the company met and adopted resolutions tendering their services to the President of the United States. In 1813, when the State was threatened with invasion, the company tendered their services to Brig. Gen. Davis and received orders from him to march to Wilmington. The company numbered 37, and under the command of Lieut. Wm. Barry Grove (John Winslow was captain) left Fayetteville for Wilmington July 21, 1813. The records say that the company remained in Wilmington about one month, partaking largely of the well known kindness and hospitality of the citizens of the place, particularly that of Robert Cochran, who was the first ensign of the company, but had | tor's fifth, Henrietta Hill's sixth. 68 subsequently removed from Payetteville to The time of the winning boat was seven-

Wilmington. The Governor of the State | teen and a half minutes; the start being at was present during the time when rumors were rife that the enemy were hovering along the coast, and the troops were kept in readiness. The Fayetteville Independent Company acted as his body-guard.

In 1819 John W. Wright was elected captain. At the session of the Legislature of the State in that year, on motion of John Stanly, it was resolved that the Governor be authorized and empowered to commission the officers of the Independent Company with the following rank: The captain with the rank of major, and the lieutenants and ensign with the rank of captain so long as the corps shall continue to hold itself armed and equipped agreeably to the tenor of its rules and regulations. Mr. Stanly prefaced the resolutions with explanations, and claimed that the post of nonor should be accorded the corps "every man of whom was fit to stand by Cæsar and give direction" From that time the commander of the company has been distinguished by the title of major and the other commissioned officers captain.

In March, 1825, the company under the command of Major Robert Strange, had the honor of acting as the body guard of Gen. La Fayette, who visited Fayetteville

At the breaking out of the late war the Independent Company were among the first to offer their services, and again visited Wilmington, on their way to Raleigh, where with other companies they formed the First North Carolina Regiment, after wards known as the "Bethel Regiment." Major Wright Huske was then in command of the Company.

ON THE RIVER.

A Gala Day -- The Carolina Yacht Club Race - A Rowing Race for

All of Wilmington was apparently on hard yesterday afternoon to witness the race between the boats of the Carolina Yacht Club, and added to the number in attendance were visitors to our city-civil and military.

People were assembled at every conceivable place and point along the river frontin windows, on balconys, on boats, on wharves, in doorways, and even on the the following order: housetops, where the elevation gave them a desirable view.

Mesers. Don MacRae, H. H. Walters and George W. Kidder were selected as judges of the race, and the boats were started

the following dider.	
- 6	H. M. S.
Restless	. 3 30 00
Glide	3 35 15
Lillian-Florence	3 30 45
Rosa	. 3 31 35
Lettie	3 31 35
Phantom	3 32 30
Vixen	. 3 34 15
Idler	. 3 34 27
The course was four mile	down the
river and return, rounding a bo	

dock for the finish On the way down, the Idler passed the Vixen, and after a stubborn contest went to the windward of the Lillian Florence. Before the buoy down the river was reached the Vizen had also overhauled and passed the Lillian Florence, and that

the Champion Compress, thence to Market

buoy	was re	ounde	d in	the	fo	llo	wi	ng	ord	er:
Tales								H.	M.	8.
Vixe	n	•••••		••••	•••		::	.4	49	24
Lilian	and I	Piorene	ce				٠.	.4	51	7
Rosa					• •			.5	2	-
Glide		•••••	••••		•••	•••	• •	•5	. 6	_
Phan	tom	• • • • • •	• • • •	**	•••	•••	•••	0	17	
Letti	 			• • • •	,			.5	28	9
Co	ming t	ack u	p the	e ri	ver.	th	ie	ste	am	ers

which were carrying excursion parties created some confusion by going in between the yachts, but it is very doubtful if they influenced the result in any way by

On the way up from "down the river buoy" the Idler lead easily, followed by the Vixen, with the Lillian Florence a good Just after rounding the last buoy the

wind sprang up and the Idler was placed at a decided disadvantage because she had been in an adverse tide ten minutes before a temporary flaw t-rought the losing boats up with her.

In passing the final objective point the

boats passed as follows:

 Idler
 6
 6
 20

 Lillian and Florence
 6
 11
 30

 Phantom 6 12 25

The time of the balance of the yachts was not taken, as under the rules the race had not been finished in two hours and a half. Failing to accomplish a victory within two and a half hours upon an eight mile course is not a "yacht race of the Carolina Yacht Club." Hence we will have the same thing over again; and the sailing yesterday was for naught.

THE ROWING RACE. One of the most exciting events of the day was the four oared boat race, open to crews of all merchant vessels in port, the first boat to receive a purse of twenty dollars and the second ten dollars. Six boats entered for the race, representing the American brig Edith, the Clyde steamer Regulator and the American schooners Navarino, Lucy and Paul, Gildersleeve and Henrietta Hill.

The course was down the river, a full half mile and return, the start and finish being from a point abreast of the New York steamship wharf. A boat from the U.S. cutter Colfax, in which were two of the judges, was stationed opposite Northrop's mill, which the contestants were instructed to round from east to west. At the signal, given at 3.40 p. m. from

the deck of the steamer Regulator, the boats got off well together, the men bending to their oars, and the coxswains urging the necessary to meet competition. crews to do their utmost. The boats held well together until nearly half way to the stake-boat when the yawi of the brig Edith forged shead and took the lead, being the first to round the stake-boat. The Navarino's boat followed the Edith two or three boats' lengths astern. The other four boats were in a bunch behind, and in rounding the stake-boat the two last fouled. On the home stretch the Edith's and Navarino's boats were well in advance, the former leading and winning the race, beating the Navarino's boat, which came in second, by about fifty yards. At the finish the boats crossed the line in the following order: Edith's first, Navarino's second, Lucy and Paul's third, Gildersleeve's fourth, Regula-

3.40 and the finish at 3 571. The General Assembly and the Agent

Besides the boats above mentioned, another yawl offered to enter but was ruled out by the judges, on the ground that she

did not represent any vessel in port. The race was an exciting one, the rowers being cheered all slong the course by

YACHT RACE.

crowds of spectators on shore

Regatta of the Carollua Club, The sailing race, for prizes offered for competition by the Carolina Yacht Club was repeated yesterday afternoon, the race of the day before having proved a failure by reason of the fact that the rules of the Club require the boats to sail the course inside of two and a half hours and this was not accomplished on account of the lack of wind

Seven boats assembled yesterday at 3. 'clock, to enter' for the race, as fol-

Vixen, Capt E. S. Latimer. Idler, Capt. Pembroke Jones. Lillian Florence, Capt. E Manning. Rosa, Capt. W. L. Smith. Jr. Phantom, Capt. W. L. Parsley. Restless, Capt. McR. Cowan. Glide Capt. P. Cowan

at the depot by a joint legislative committee and escorted to the Capitol, where they lay The course to be sailed was the same as the day before-four miles down the river in State until 6 p. m. They will be interred and return-with the exception that the stake boat to be rounded on the home RICHMOND, May 20.—A joint resolution was passed in the Senate to-day, reaffirmstretch was placed nearly opposite Market street dock ing the determination of the State to stand by the Riddleberger law, and calling on

The Commodore's boat gave the signals and the yachts got off in the following the people to pay their taxes in money and not in coupons. The resolution was sub-

											131.0
									31.	M	S.
Restless		 		•	٠.				. 3	00	00
Glide									. 3	00	15
Lillian Florence	Sec.							Ш	. 3	60	45
Rosa									. 3	01	33
Phantom								J	. 2	02	30
Vixen			ĵ	Ü			Ü	1	. 3	04	15
Idler											

The wind was from the eastward and the yachts had a leading breeze for the race both down and up river, and nothing interfered with the fair sailing of the yachts with the exception that one of the boats accompanying the race sailed immediately ahead of the fleet and created a ripple that annoved the smaller boats in the race.

At the finish the boats passed the line in

	н.	M.	S.
Vixen	4	19	03
Idler	4	21	15
Lillian Florence	4	21	45
Rosa	4	22	15
Phanton:	4	22	29
Restless			
Glide			
The actual sailing time of th	e Vi	zen,	the
winning boat, was one hour,	14	min	utes

Of the second class boats, the Lillian Florence won the first prize and the Rosa The race was witnessed by a great many

and 48 seconds.

people who had assembled along the river front in anticipation of the event. The prizes were presented to the winners last night, by Hon. George Davis, in the ball room at the City Hall. The throng

was so great, however, that it was impossible for the reporter to get near enough to near what was said. To be Hanged June 17th.

Sheriff Manning received a warrant yesterday from Gov. Scales for the execution of John Jones on Friday, the 17th day of next month. Jones was convicted of burglary and sentenced to be hanged by Judge Meares at the September term of the Criminal Court for this county. The case was taken on appeal to the Supreme Court, where the decision of the lower court was sustained. The warrant for the execution s issued by the Governor under recent Leg islative enactment, which requires this course to be pursued, without remanding he prisoner for sentence to the lower court.

Produce Exchange shows the receipts at this port from the beginning of the crop year to May 21st, to be 133,313 bales; against 101,042 bales for the same time last year; an increase of 2,271 bales.

The weekly statement compiled at the

Cotton Movement.

The receipts for the week ended vesterday are 71 bales, against 272 bales the same week last year.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

Petitions for and Against Suspension of the Long and Short Haul Clause. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Mr. H. Col brand, freight agent of the Queen & Crescent Railroad system, appeared before the Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day. in connection with the application of that system to have the fourth section of the Inter-State law permanently suspended.

C. W. Bryant, representing water line interests of Louisiana, gave notice of his A petition from the Atlantic & N. C. R. R. Co. was received, asking suspension of the fourth section of the act, so far as it affects Morehead City, N. C., and Kinston,

The Commissioners received to-day telegram from a committee representing the Western and Southwestern water lines out of Cincinnati, denving that they contro and fix rates to western and southwestern competitive points. The committee asserts that such rates are "governed absolutely and entirely by the rates and tariffs of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co., the Cincinnati and Southwestern Railroad, the O & M. Railroad Co., the C. & O. Railroad Co., and their western and southwest ern connections. The committee, therefore, ask the Inter-State Commission to rescind the order of suspension of section 4, and make the railroads conform to the will of the people as expressed in the Inter-State The Commission went into secret session

this afternoon, and spent several hours in an informal talk with Mr. Albert Fink. commissioner of the trunk lines, as to operations of the law, its effects upon railroads The conference was entirely informal the Commissioners desiring to get addition al light upon the attitude of the railroads as to the law. Mr. Fink favored permanent suspension of the fourth section, wherever

MINNESOTA. Town; Almost Entirely Destroyed

(By Telegraph to the Morning Star.)

CHICAGO, May 21.—A Times' special from Cannon Falls, Minn., says: This city was almost entirely destroyed by fire last night. Twenty-five business houses were destroyed. Only a small portion of the business part is left. Loss estimated at \$260,000.

CHICAGO, May 21 .- The Journal's Negaunee special says: "Further particulars of the burning of Lake Linden have been received. The losses are now estimated at received. The losses are now estimated at a million and a quarter to a million and a half dollars, with \$700,000 insurance. Negley & Trelase and William Harris are the principal losers, each losing about \$85,000. All the stamp mill and smelting works were saved. Not nearly so many men will be thrown out of work as at first feared.

pressions as are contained in the resolutions now before me.

Yours, very truly,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Beaufort Record: The menhaden fishermen caught on an average last week 250,000 per day.

Spirits Turpentine.

— N. C. Presbyterian: Mr. Chas.
D. Price, of Richmond, Va., of the last
Senior class, and a graduate of Union
Theological Seminary, goes this month to
a new and promising field in Orange Presbytery, made up of Warrenton, Littleton
and Weldon.

Shelby New Era: Favorable crop reports continue to come in from all points of this and neighboring counties. It s universally conceded that never before have the farmers of this section worked more thoroughly and intelligently than they are this year.

-- Washington Gazette: At altercation took place at Hunter's Bridge, this county, last Saturday, between George Tankard and some one whose name we did not learn. Mr. Tim Midyett, in trying to prevent bloodshed, was himself cut by Tankard, it is supposed fatally. - Wadesboro Messenger: Almost

every day the Wilmington STAR contains articles that we would gladly present to our readers, but the present size of the Messenger prevents their publication in whole, and to abridge them would destroy their symmetry and do injustice to that peerless journal. - Greensboro Patriot: The to-

bacco trade in Greensboro for the past week has been very heavy. — Messrs Williams & Co., of this city, sold Mr. T. H. Cook, Superintendent of Oak Dale Manu facturing Co, at Jamestown, 50,000 feet of umber Wedresday, for a large cotton factory to be built at Jamestown, with work to commence next month. -- Warrenton Gazette: By this

time last year hundreds of bales of hay and bags of corn were brought through our town from Northern markets. Bo far this year we have seen none sold here from a distance. — Some of our ladies sent flowers to Norfolk last Monday, to be used in decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. It was both a duty and a pleasure

- Raleigh Advocate: Mr. Julian S. Carr abounds in liberality. He has re-cently contributed one hundred dollars towards repairing the Methodist Church in Tarboro, N. C., and a few days ago he authorized Rev. J. T. Harris, Presiding Elect of the New Bern District, to put a bell in the new St. John's Church, of Goldsboro. N. C., and draw on him for the amount

- Milton Advertiser: Mr. Samuel P. Brandon, who lives about five miles eas, of Milton, died very suddenly Tuesday night. — Col. J. W. Cunningham has, we are informed, contributed \$50 towards Calvin Wiley fund. Dr. Wiley was a good and noble man, and we hope the fund being raised will be rapidly swelled. [Col. C. is an Episcopalian. He and Dr. W. were warm friends.—STAR.]

- Salisbury Watchman: Work at the Hoover Hill mine, in Randolph county. which was a regular producer for several years, was stopped a month ago. There is at present no probability of reviving it. - We learn of one man in this county who brought his tobacco to market and was so disappointed with the prices realized, that he went home and ploughed up his tobacco field (already set out in tobacco) and put the field in corn.

- Henderson Gold Leaf: Mr. W. A. Montgomery, of Warrenton, bought five acres of land five years ago and put it in grapes. He has just had an offer of \$100 per acre for its yield this year. Messrs Strause & Raub, of Richmond. have bought a lot in Henderson and will soon have erected thereon a large tobacco It will be of brick four stories high. - The negro Albert Taborn, tried last week at Granville court for burglary and attempted rape, was convicted and sentenced to be hanged Saturday June 18th. — Sheriff B. F. Bullock and Mr. Herndon Hunt, of Granville, took four prisoners to the penitentiary Monday. They were Allen Meadows, eight years; Charles Powell, four years; Sid Rodgers, three years; Lawson Daniel, one year. All negroes except the first named, and all for

- Charlotte Chronicle: It is rethe financial policy of the department during the first six months of the next fiscal ported in some of the papers that Senator Vance is at the head of an anti-Cleveland movement in this State. This is a toke some paper has started on our Senator. accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Fol-- The Hornets Nest Riflemen last night som and Colonel and Mrs. Lamont, will appeared in their new uniform and attractleave Washington for Paranac Lake, N. ed a great deal of admiration. - The Y., next Thursday for a fishing trip. The afternoon trains brought in the following companies: Columbia, 40 men; Anderson By starting at this comparatively early date, it is believed that better fishing can Hook and Ladder, 20 men; Anderson reel team, 20 men; Anderson Juvenile Band, 15 men: Athens reel team, 25 men. of visitors will not be in the Adırondacks. WINSTON, May 19 .- A negro man, to-day, there will be more favorable opportunity entered the house of Coca Joyce, a woman of disreputable character, who lives in the WASHINGTON, May 21.—The President northwestern portion of town, and after issued an order to-day changing and conlocking the door, attempted to assault her. solidating the number of internal revenue when she drew a revolver and the negro districts throughout the country. Districts ran. The woman followed him to the door and fired at him, the ball taking effect in ted by this order in the following manner: the thigh of another negro standing near The district of Mississippi is consolidated who he had pulled in front of him for prowith the district of Louisiana. The three

- Asheville Citizen: Mrs. Caroranged and divided into two districts, to be line McIke was born in Wilmington, N. known as the fourth and fifth districts of C., on the 25th of January, 1856, and died North Carolina The fourth district of in Asheville, N. C., on the 13th of May, Virginia is consolidated with the sixth dis-1887. Her remains were interred in River trict of Virginia. Under this order of reorganization the following districts will be side Cemetery on the 17th of May. Mr. J. A. Rumple, of the firm of Rumple bolished and the collectors thereof relieved & Williams, doing a merchandizing busifrom service: District of Nevada, district ness, corner of N. Main and East streets, of Rhode Island, second district of Illinois. fourth district of Illinois, eleventh district dropped dead yesterday morning in his store, heart disease being the immediate cause of death. Mr. R was about 54 years of Indiana, fourth district of Iowa, district of Delaware, tenth district of Massachuof age, and highly esteemed. - We district of Mississippi, fourth learn, on good authority, that one of the district of Missouri, district of Maine, brothers Crawford, whose marrying esdistrict of Vermont, third district of New capades in Rutherford county were re-Jersey, fifteenth district of New York sixth district of North Carolina, sixth discently noted in our State news columns, re cently turned up in Henderson county where he obtained work in a soapstone trict of Ohio, nineteenth district of Pennsylvania, twenty second district of Pennquarry. In a few days his marrying prosylvania, first district of Texas, fourth dispensities overcame him, and he ran away trict of Virginia, third district of Wisconsin, sixth district of Wisconsin. In all with the daughter of a most respectable citizen. — A young man at the Ashe ville Furniture Factory had the misfortune twenty-two districts. Commissioner Miller says that the new arrangement of disvesterday of having his hand caught in tricts will not in any manner interfere with some of the machinery and badly lacerated the convenience of the tax-payers, and will save to the Government more than \$100,-

> middle of last March Albert Taborn, colored, was arrested in Granville county, on the charge of entering the residence of a prominent physician in that county and atempting an assault on his wife. He was brought to this city and lodged in jail for safe keeping. Last week he was taken back to Oxford for trial, and was arraigned on Friday last before Judge Phillips. A jury was obtained late in the afternoon of the same day and the trial proceeded with until a late hour Satnrday night, when it was concluded and given to the jury. The jury, after remaining out ten or twelve hours, brought in a verdict of guilty of burglary, and was sentenced this morning to hanged. The jury was composed of ten colored and two white men. - Conressman-elect John Nichols will accomeany the Governor's Guard to Washington. It now appears probable that that company will be the only one from this State in the National Drill. Capt. Engelhard and Licut. Williams will be the officers. - Frank, the 13-year old son of Mr. Riley Privett of Little River township, Wake county, got verheated and drank too much cold water ate on Saturday afternoon last. About 12 clock that same night he was taken with violent pains and remained so until carly anday morning, when death relieved him of his intense suffering.

- Raleigh Visitor: About the

- Raleigh News-Observer: The enitentiary had an accession of six members yesterday, three from Granville and three from Polk. — It is understood also that the new new oil company, recently organized principally in Charlotte with a capital stock of several million dollars and which has already contracted for the and equip eight mills of one hundred and fifty tons per day each to be built in the South, is contemplating erecting one of the mills in this city. — A singular case was decided by Judge Clark at Cumberland court last week. A merchant who had not court last week. A merchant who had not been prompt in paying railroad freights was notified by the company to pay up or there after freight on goods shipped to or by him would have to be paid in advance. He did not pay up, and thereupon the company notified all its agents to receive no freights directed to him unless prepaid. He alleged that the training and said for that this was a discrimation and sued for \$10,000 damages. Judge Clark dismissed the action. The case will go to the Supreme Court. — Henderson, May 16.—Yesterday at Townesville, this county. John Normood and Lawis Street both of John Norwood and Lewis Strum, both of them white, became involved in a difficulty about Strum's taking up stock running at large. Norwood shot Strum, who died last night, and is reported to have fied the