WILMINGTON, N. C. FRIDAY, - - - MAY 11, 1888

In writing to change Iyour address, also e former direction as well as full particular ere you wish your paper to be sent hereat less you do both changes can not be made. Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Remittances must be made by Check Draft ostal Money Order or Registered Letter. Post asters will register letters when desired. Only such remittances will be at the risk of Specimen copies forwarded when desired.

LESSON FROM WOOL AND WOOLLENS.

One of the efforts of Republican speakers now is to try to bamboozle the farmer. They have fooled the laboring classes for twenty years as to high wages being dependent upon a high tariff, and now they are trying to deceive the farmers and make them believe that their best friend is the War Tariff. The farmers may or may not be hoodwinked by the tooters for Monopoly and the Money Devil. These Republicans are even bold enough to attempt to show that a high tax does not increase the price of clothing. Why then the tax? They pretend that a high tax on wool does not increase the price of flannels, woollen dress goods for women, blankets or men's

clothing. In 1886, there were imported 58,-000,000 square yards of dress goods, a mixture of wool and cotton, that cost abroad from 15 to 34 cents. These goods are worn chiefly by laboring classes, and by the wives and daughters of farmers. Mr. J. S. Moore, the political economist and tariff expert who writes so ably for the New York Times, says:

"During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, we imported over 78,000,000 square yards of this woollen mixed dress goods. costing abroad \$17,211,000, or a little over 22 cents a square yard in average. In 1886 the Treasury collected a duty amounting to \$10,744,118 on woollen dress goods, and the average duty was 71.76 per cent. During the fiscal year of 1886-87 the duty will unt to over \$12,000,000, and there is not the slightest reason to doubt that some \$15,000,000 more is paid in a home tax to the home manufacturers. And, altogether, the bulk of the hard working people in the cities and all the farmers have to pay annually a tax of at least \$27,000,000, per-haps \$30,000,000, for using mixed woollen dress goods that cost in average 22 cents a square yard abroad."

This is the way the robbing is done in one line of goods. Now, whom does this robbery benefit? Not the buyers surely. There are not more than 22,000 men and women who are employed to make this class of goods in the entire United States. But there are 60,000,000 people. This enables you to see how many are

Now let us see how Mr. Moore applies the lesson upon the tax on "Now, let me show to the farmers the

culiar hardship of this tax on a necessary I may say almost indispensable, article of women's dress. Wheat to-day in New York is lower than it has been for thirty years. In Chicago the price is 69 cents a bushel. What the farmer gets in Iowa or Minnesots for it I don't know. But the reason wheat is so low is simply that the pauper labor wheat of India, Russla and Turour wheat in And the price of wheat we consume at home is made in London, where our surplus grain has to find a market. The farmer, therefore, is not and cannot be benefited by the existing tariff. Suppose a farmer in Iowa or Minnesota needs for mixed goods that costs abroad 22 cents square yard. He would be taxed 71 per cent, or over 151 cents a yard. In other words, the original cost abroad of the goods is for forty yards \$8.80, and the tax is \$6.16. Besides this the importer must make a profit, or say interest, on the \$5.16 duty, and so must the retailer who sells to the farmer. In short there is no doubt that for 40 square yards of this class of goods, costing in England \$8.80, the Minnesota farmer has to pay 50 cents a yard or \$20. Such, my fellow tariff serfs, is the penalty we have to pay because we allow war taxes to be levied in time of peace."

So much for the burden upon wool and woollens. Blankets would illustrate farther and so would men's clothing, but this is enough to-day.

# THE TARIFF IN THE HOUSE.

The Democrats in the House are in earnest. They are in such constant communication with the people at home that they know nothing short of a strong, earnest effort to reform abuses and reduce taxes will satisfy their constituents. The debate thus far has been clearly favorable, we have no doubt, to the Tax Reformers. The Democratic absentees have all been summoned to Washington to decide the course of the party in the great matter of Tariff reconstruction and reduction. The question to be determined is how long the discussion shall continue, and what amendments are needed. The Washington special to the Charleston News and Courier, dated the 6th inst., says:

"From the Democratic speeches that have already been delivered it is apparent that certain amendments will have to be made to the Mills bill, How far it should be amended is one of the questions the caucus must determine, as it is the desire of the friends of Tariff reform to come to an the friends of Tariff reform to come to an amicable agreement on this subject before the general debate closes, so that they will be prepared to vote together when the previous question is demanded. It is quite evident that the Republicans propose to try and delay a final vote on the bill as long as possible, and they will also assist in delaying, if possible, the consideration of the general appropriation bills beyond the present fiscal year. The majority do not propose to permit anything of the kind."

If Randall and his little band of kickers were not in the way there would be no doubt of the passage of the bill in the House. If the Democrats should fail it will be on account of Randall, but it must be after all possible effort to secure its passage. Randall may kill reform again as he has done thrice before but he will still remain a favorite with a certain class of newspapers that still shout down with the War Tariff and reduce the surplus.

If the Democratic bill is not what the decided Reformers would like to have it is moving on the safe and direct lines. There are many things that should be added to the free list, and the tax on many necessaries

should be reduced still farther and better equalized, but as whole the bill is a safe and sound one, and is a move in the way of reform and tax-reduction and burden-lifting. The bill is not in any sense a Free Trade measure. It is too moderate and conservative to satisfy the more aggressive and earnest Reformers. The game of the Republicans from the first was to obstruct, to prevent all legislation. In this Sam Randall plays into their hands with special activity. If it is possible to stave off final action by debate, the Republicans will strive to do this. The game of All Talk is being played. It is for the Democrats to say

The Charleston News and Courier pertinently says: "Under the discussions which have taken place, and under the manly action of the President, the tariff has become the great issue in the present canvass. The Repub-licans will try some side questions, of course, but the fight will be won or lost on the tariff line. There is no doubt of the public verdict; but the Democratic party cannot be expected to be well disc and bold in the canvass, if there are di-visions at the voting time in Congress, and if every Democrat who has some pet notion or preferred interest insists on voting against the majority of the party—a course which not enricheth him in any way, and makes the Democracy itself poor in

how long shall this continue.

"This is the view that we take of the tariff business. There is more agreement of opinion upon the subject in the country at this time than there ever has been be fore. It is shown in the declarations of the State Conventions. There is a wonrous example of it-a living, burning ex--across the Savannah river. Even Atlanta Constitution, which a little while ago was prepared to reduce Senator Colquitt to the ranks, because he is a low tariff man, has now thrown up its hands, and promised that it will go with the party on the tariff question.

THE DEATH RATE OF THE TWO It has been ascertained that the following was the death rate of the

two races in four Southern towns for the month of the January last: White. Colored. Tota Nashville......11.18 25.72

Memphis...... 23.57 27.72 Chattagooga.....11.00 Knoxville....... 18 86 These figures are not exceptional.

Perhaps every Southern town and city would show such results. have heretofore given the figures of mortality in many Southern towns and cities and in every instance the negro mortality was in great excess over the white mortality. It has been so and will continue to be so for generations to come. It is not difficult to account for this. Southern people understand it. The causes are close at hand. The habits of the the town negroes are not favorable liness, bad food, huddling together in houses, insufficient clothing, fuel, &c., all make up a catalogue of misfortune and create sources of disease that are ample to account for the great preponderance of death among the blacks over the whites.

The negro loves to idle but he is capable of severe toil if he so minds. In towns he likes to sit up at night and the consequence is the strain upon him is great. The increase of the negroes is very remarkable in view of the great mortality. But this is owing to the fecundity of that race. But there is no good reason for believing that the negroes have since 1870 increased in as great a ratio as the whites. Northern writers have tried to make the reverse of this appear, but the known facts do not sustain the view. There must be a difference of six or eight per cent. in the increase and in favor of the whites. It is a favorite idea with certain infatuated negrophilists in the North that the negro race is growing so rapidly that in a half century or so it will be largely superior numerically in the South and will, therefore, dominate. We have no such conviction. We believe that by A. D. 1925, the whites in the

control. The Caucasian race always leads, bosses wherever it goes. John Wannamaker, of Philadelphia, has just given \$40,281.02-to 272 persons in his employ-or an average of nearly \$150 each. This is a part of the last year's profits of the concern, and the 272 are on the roll of honor. He has also set apart \$10,000 as a pension fund for permanently disabled employes, George W. Childs, the benevolent newspaper man of the world, always pen-

South will treble the blacks. But in

no event could the blacks ever gain

sions his disabled employes. Mr. Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, knowing how wilful and bad was his son, refused to rescue him when he was lodged in the barracks for plunging his knife into the body of a young widow who refused to accompany him to an entertainment. Editor Watterson telegraphed to his friends not to interfere, but to let the law take its course. It was not the boy's first devilish manifestation.

The Irish Bishops have been consulted and in a few days the Pope will learn what they think of his recent rescript. Mr. Dillon, M. P., in his speech at Drogheda, was very bitter on the Pope's interference with politics.

The Herald copies what the STAR said of Dr. Storrs, of Brooklyn, prefacing it with this: "Speaking brightly about nulpis elo-quence the Wilmington (N. C.) STAR thus characterizes Dr. Storra."

The Board of County Commission rs have furnished the magistrates of the county with a detailed statement of the amount required for the tax levy for the present year, giving the following estimates, viz: For Criminal Court, \$8,500; Superior Court, \$1,-500: Commissioners, \$1,050; Coroner, \$550; Justices of the Peace, \$400; Constables, \$100; Register, \$500; adverti sing, \$400; incidental, \$1,400; roads and bridges, \$1,000; superintendent of health, \$900; poor house, \$2,400; outdoor poor, \$3,300; hospital, \$2,800; jail, 2,300; public buildings, \$1,000; printing and stationery, \$400; tax listing, \$1,450; attorney, \$200; election, \$750 tax on property purchased by county and paid to the State, \$1,200. Total, \$32,100.

JASAN

To meet this it is recommended that the following levy be made: On real and personal property, for general expenses, 22 cents on the \$100; Criminal Court, 17 cents; hospital, 31 cents. Total on property 421 cents. A tax of \$1,271 is recommended "on the poll." With this levy the whole tax will be:

For county on property, 421 cents for State on property, 321 cents; total 75 cents. On poll, for county, \$1.271 for schools and poor, 971 cents; total

on poll, \$2.25. It is estimated that this levy on property and on income and on franchise will realize to the county \$24,-500 net; from schedule B and C tax, \$4,150, and from 25 per cent. of poll tax \$1,520. Total, \$30,170.

The annual meeting of the Board of Magistrates will be held this year on Monday, June 4th, at 10 o'clock

New Lodge E. of H. at Clinton. Rev. W. P. Williams, State Lecture Knights of Honor, organized a lodge in Clinton last Friday with 19 charte members. The officers elected are a follows:

P. D.-Dr. Frank Boyette. V. D.—Dr. R. H. Holliday. A. D.—W. G. Rackley. R.—R. J. Williams. F. R.—W. B. K. —A. F. Johnson. R.-W. R. King. Treas.-F. T. Atkins. C.-W. J. Hubbard. Guardian—C. F. Butler. Sentinel—T. L. Hubbard. M. E.—Dr. J. A. Stevens. Trustees—Dr. R. H. Holliday, W. Stevens, A, J. Johnson.

Rev. C. F. Deems, D. D., will de liver the annual address at Living ston College, Salisbury, May 16th The baccalaureate sermon will be by Rev. J. W. Brown, of Poughkeepsie N. Y., May 13.

Annual exercises at Charlotte Fenale Institute begin Tuesday, Jun 5th. Rev. P. H. Hoge, of Wilmington, will deliver the address to the graduating class, Misses Mary E. Anderson, Kate Hamer, Ruth Hannah, Carrie Herron, May Louise Keith, Katie D. McKethan, Sallie Murphy, Maggie Neil, Maggie H. Shaw, Mary Steed, Ora W. Thomas, Minnie Williamson.

Onslow Democrats. The Democratic Convention Onslow met last Monday at Jacksonville, and appointed the following State Convention: A. C. Huggins, T. B. Henderson, Jacksonville; Dr. W. J. Mumford and T. E. Gilmer, White Oak: D. J. Sanders and A. L. Farnell, Swansboro; J. W. Spicer and H. E. King, Stump Sound; E. Mur-rill, O. B. Cox and S. D. Bryan, Richlands. Dr. E. W. Ward and Dr. vicholson were also appointed, as lelegates at large. It is currently reported that very

- The derelict schooner William and Richard is still floating on the ocean—a constant menace to navigation. The abandoned craft was last seen in latitude 33 degrees, longitude 61 degrees. The Richard's decks were flush with the water, but she showed no signs of sinking for some time. The stump of the foremast stood ten still hung at the bows. The forward house was gone and the afterhouse

nearly all the above are for Maj

tedman for Governor.

- Mr. John T. Bland has been elected Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Pender county. This is a good selection; and it is hoped that under his leadership Pender will be redeemed and placed where it belong-in the Democratic

A special dispatch from Warsaw says: "Our efficient and worthy Mayor, W. L. Hill, was to-day reelected."

# FAYETTEVILLE

The Medical Convention-Meeting the Board of Medical Examiners. [Star Correspondence.]

PAYETTEVILLE, May 7.-The doctors are coming! hurrah! hurrah! Aches, pains, bruises, sores, fevers and such like had better take wings rather than be attacked by 250 doc tors, all at the same time. Fayette-ville will be very healthful this summer, for the very sight of so many doctors will so frighten everybody here that they will stay well anyhow. Well and good, for everybody re-joices when the doctors have noth-Fayetteville is glad that this most onorable body of men is to meet here this week. Presbyterian Synod

and Methodist Conference last fall, the Medical Society and the Convention of the Diocese of East Carolina this spring, make a handsome showing for the good old Scotch town. Folks here know what is good and they will be having the Press Convention before long and maybe the Baptist Convention. A large attendance of physicians is expected. The local doctors have been busy for some time making arangements for their brethren's com-

fort. And everybody that knows Drs. Haigh, Hodges, McDuffle and McNeill, knows that everything that prudence, sympathy and liberality can suggest will be done.

The Society will hold its meetings in Williams' Hall, which is certainly big enough and, we hope, will be cool enough.

The Board of Medical Examiners

came Saturday night and held a meeting at once. The whole Board is present, and is engaged upon the vivisection of certain candidates for the degree of Æsculapius. This Society is in every way worthy of the respect of all good citizens. On its roll are many of the first citizens of this State. Through its influence, direct or indirect, much wholesome legislation has been secured protecting the homes of the people from the imposition of 4uacks who practice more on people's credulity than upon their bodies.

Several distance will be here. Prof. mithael and Prof. Coskery, representing medical colleges in Baltimore are already here. Prof. Mills of Baltimore is expected to-morrow. This Society is in every way worthy

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS. rocsedings of the Regular Monthly

The Board of County Commission ers met yesterday in regular monthly session, Chairman H. A. Bagg and Commissioners Roger Moore, E. L. Pearce, Jas. A. Montgomery and B. G. Worth being present.

The County Treasurer submitted his monthly report, showing balance on hand to the credit of the general fund amounting to \$17,785.85, and balance to credit of the educational fund \$13,878.08; total \$31,613.93.

The Register of Deeds reported \$9.88 received during the month for marriage licenses. L. D. Cherry was appointed special

surveyor to survey lands entered by

H. F. Canaday in Harnett township. Also, to survey lands of V. F. Williamson on Greenville Sound. George H. Brown was granted license to sell spirituous liquors at Carolina Beach and A. B. Peterson license to sell spirituous liquors in the Mayo

House at the "Rocks." Ordered by the Board that a penalty of ten dollars be imposed upon all persons tying flats or rafts to the iron bridge across Smith's creek.

In the matter of Hilton Ferry, the same was referred to the committee on Roads and Bridges. The following is a list of jurors

drawn for the Criminal Court which

meets Monday the 21st inst. Jos M Hewlett, G R Parker, Dan Kline, Jno Shumler, Thos Bray, Jno S Piver, Jno W Garrett, Thos Ennett. I Shrier, T J Tart, S Allen, J S Westbrook, Jno W Mints, S W Noble, C E Carlstrom, M O'Brien, Jno Dew, F M James, Wm M Hays, B F White, Jno Haar, Jr., M M Katz, H M Woodcock, JH Burruss, WF Kerr, B King, Geo Ziegler, J M Brennan, W F Alexander, H A Kuhl, J H Strauss, C M Harriss, G M Altaffer, Robt McDougald,

G W Millis, Geo Harriss.

The French Corvette Bisson. The neat and trim little French man-of-war Bisson arrived here Sunday and anchored off the foot of Queen street. Yesterday the commandant, Capt. Antoine, came ashore and paid his respects to the Mayor and Collector Robinson, and later in the day these officials, in company with Capt. Moore of the revenue steamer Colfax and Consul Heide visited the vessel, where they were courteously received by Capt. Antonie and his officers, and the Mayor extended the hospitalities of the city to the visitors. A committee of the Cape Fear Club also visited the Bisson and extended the freedom of their ternoon several of the latter visited the club rooms, and exchanged civilities with the members present.

The Bisson will take her departure this evening. Her officers are Commandant Antoine, Lieutenant Le-Gall, First Ensign Alexandre, Second Ensign Perdriel, Third Ensign Curnac, Surgeon Landouar, and Paymaster Salles. She has a crew of 126 men, and her armament consists of

At the recent meeting of the stockholders of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Railroad Company, held in Fayetteville, a contract was concluded with the North State Improvement Company, as we learn from the Journal, for the extension of the road to Wilmington. \$20,000 was the amount agreed upon per mile, and in consideration of this, the road is to be graded and all bridges built; five new engines, 50 flat, 50 box and ten cattle ears, four first-class and four secondclass coaches, and four baggage cars to be furnished. The contract price is to be paid, \$10,000 in first mortgage bonds, \$5,000 in second mortgage bonds, and \$5,000 in the stock of the

company. Policeman's Club. Policeman Hall's little club got in some wild work yesterday on the head of Mr. C. J. Stuckey, a farmer from the Black river section of Pender county. The trouble took place in Mr. Croom's store, on the northeast corner of Princess and Water streets. Mr. Stuckey was felled with a blow on the head-the club cutting a terrible gash, from which the blood flowed profusely—and while partially insensible from the effects of the blow was placed on a dray and taken to the City Hall, where, after his wound had been attended to by a physician, he was looked up. It is alleged that the policeman used his club without provocation. The matter, however, will be investigated by astrologers.

The Wilmington M. D's. are ber of persons who witnessed the affair have been cited to appear.

The Carthage Affair. Information received direct from Carthage shows that Miss Ida Poe who was shot by Robert McNeili, Saturday night, is not so seriously wounded as was first reported. The ball made only a flesh wound, and although it has not yet been extracted, no serious fears are entertained as to Miss Poe's ultimate recovery. The villain who attempted to assassinate her had not been ap prehended, though it is hoped will be found. Robert McNeill is son of Mr. A. S. McNeill, for many years Clerk of the Superior Court of Moore county and a gentleman of high integrity and unbounded popularity, Miss Poe is a daughter of Mr. J. C. Poe, of Fayetteville, and sister of Messrs. Hasting and Hugh Poe. both of whom are in the employ of the Southern Express Company.

A special dispatch to the STAR from Shelby, N. C., says that at the municipal election in that place yesterday three hundred votes were cast. W L. Damron was re-elected Mayor, and D. M. Baker, S. G. Brice, J. J. McMurray and W. A. Wray were elected aldermen. All Democrats.

- A note to the STAR from Rev. Wm. B. North states that at the Methodist revival which has been in progress for the last two weeks in Rocky Mount there have been eighty professions of religion. He adds: "The Lord is doing great things for

Gaston Connty. A private telegram received here resterday says that Caston County Democratic Convention instructed the delegates to the State Conven-tion for Maj. Stedman for Governor.

SATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

dance-Address of Welcome ports of Committees-Interesting Prerm lead-Annual Address of the ident-The Examining Board.

YETTEVILLE, May 8.—The 35th al session of the State Medical Sdety of North Carolina was called torder in Williams' Hall at 10.80 a m by Dr. J. A. Hodges, Chairman of Local Committee of Arrangemats. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. Wheeler, of the Methodist

chaste, eloquent and hearty adess of welcome was delivered in exllent style by Hon. Geo. M. Rose. A sponse, simple, modest, beautifulast like the man himself-was made y Dr. R. H. Lewis, of Raleigh. Dr. T. D. Haigh, president, then ook the chair. The roll was called

on Credentials and Finance were ap-UNFINISHED BUSINESS. Dr. Long from a committee ap-ointed to consider the change of the onstitution in regard to the order of business at the annual meetings,

by Secretary Baker, and Committees

made a report, which was freceived and made the special order for Wed nesday at 9 a. m. NEW BUSINESS. An invitation from the Carolina Club, to visit their rooms, was reeived and thankfully accepted

As invitation to the Society to hold

its jext meeting in Wilson was recalSociety. Action on it was postresolution was offered by Dr. G G/Thomas that a committee of three appointed to take steps to prevent those persons in the State from practising physic who are not lawfull livensed. The resolution was amend ed so that the committee should also see what changes were needed in the State medical laws. After some discussion the resolution as amended was unanimously adopted. [Will not

every good citizen help in this mat-ter? It is life to many who are the victims of quacks.]
Dr. S. S. Satchwell, from the committee on obituaries, submitted an elaborate and excellent sketch of the late Dr. Manson, of Richmond, an honorary member of the Society. It was referred to the committee or

A committee of three was appointed to draw resolutions on the death of Drs. Manson and Dillard, both honorary members of the Society. The committee on credentials re ported the names of thirteen new

A committee of three was appointe to consider the report of the commit-tee on credentials that was made at the Charlotte meeting in April last. Dr. Gallaway reported a rare case in obstetrics.

Adjourned to 3 p. m. NOTES. There are about 130 doctors here ry part of the State and they still come. A right good looking set they are, and strong and intelligent. A great many young men among hem. Hurrah The Board of Examiners is still at work. A good many applicants for

icense are here. Mrs. Travis, of Raeigh, has been licensed; the second emale to pass the ordeal. AFTERNOON SESSION. The Society heard the report on Surgery, by Dr. Barringer, who narrowed his report to the new fields invaded by surgery, citing three re-markable cases, the incision of the

pericardium, the removal of a pound from the spinal cord. Upon this report Dr. Michael, of Baltimore, made a speech, calling especial attention to antiseptic sur gery. Dr. Coskery, of Baltimore, also made a few remarks. The report was referred to the publication com-

Dr. Herring read an elaborate re port on "Some Freaks of Malaria, citing at great length what seems a remarkable case. The patient had such hot fever as to burst the bulb of Hicks thermometer. The report was referred to the publishing com-The annual address of the Pres

dent, Dr. Haigh, then followed. I was in every respect a fine effort, and drew forth most hearty applause at its close, as in its progress Every train brings in more doctors. Would you could see the young men, the young men!

W. C. Galloway, of Greene county His subject, "Dysentery," was treated in a very taking way.

A paper on "Dietetics in Health"
by Dr. W. C. McDuffle, of Fayette-

ville, was well, because practically The Society adjourned till Wednes

NOTES. That awful Examining Board still meets. If they make a doctor an hour for the whole time of their sitting there oughtn't to be a disease n the State in five years. But we are glad that it is an awful Boardort of Gibraltar-you can't get in without going by them. What debt we do owe these good doctors! A big crowd came in to night.

Send up some STARS and we will make some of these doctors into well and happy.

The Clubbing Case. Mr. C. J. Stuckey, of Pender county, who was severely clubbed by Policeman Hall, as mentioned in the STAR, was brought before the Mayor yesterday morning for an investigation of the case. The charge entered against Stuckey was "drunk and resisting an officer." The prisoner had nothing to say, except that he was very drunk and had no recollection of any of the circumstances connected with the affair. The policeman testified that he did not use his club until after he had been attacked by Stuckey, who struck him in the breast with his fist. Mr. Lee, clerk in Mr. Croom's store, where the arrest was made, said that he was so much confused that he was unable to tell who struck the first blow. There were several other witnesses, but none of them was able to afford any light

upon this point, The Mayor decided that the evidence fully vindicated the policeman and fined Mr. Stuckey ten dollars, which was afterwards remitted, upon Mr. Stuckey expressing his sorrow and regret at the occurrence and his con-viction that he was alone to blame in the matter. He asked for the addres of Dr. Potter, City physician, who attended to his wound, that he might apologize for the abuse heaped upon the doctor while under the influence of liquor.

Teeth that flash with ivory sheen, Gemmed in settings coralline, From sweet SOZODONT expect Take no other, recollect! Ask for that, and be not led To buy something in its stead.

The Beautiful use SOZODONT. So do those who wish to perpetuate the whiteness of their teeth and to keep the breath pure. It is unappreschable by any rival. Therefore don't allow yourself to be persuaded that another article offered as a substitute will produce the same effects or is as pure.

"SPALDING'S GLUE"-useful in every

WASHINGTON.

the Missing \$41,000 of the American Exchange Sational Bank-The Chinese and Fisheries Treaties-Petition for a Rehearing of the Bell Telephone Cases-Young Fish Killed by Artesian Water.

WASHINGTON, May 7 .- There are no new developments at the Treasury Department in regard to the missing \$41,000 of the American Exchange National Bank. The responsibility for the loss lies between the fficers of the Bank and the officers of the Express Company, and detectives are engaged in the interest of each.

The Senate ratified the Chinese treaty

to-day, without a division. Senators Teller and Mitchell made speeches in which they set forth the grounds of their opposition to the treaty, but did not demand a vote. Sen tor Edmunds has reported the Fisheries treaty adversely, submitting a written majority report, and Senator Morgan submitted a favorable minority report. Mr. Edmunds gave notice that he would call up the treaty a week hence.

A petition for a rehearing of the Bel elephone cases was filed in the Clerk's office of the Supreme Court to-day by counsel for the People's Telephone Co., who claim that Daniel Drawbough is the real inventor of the telephone. Copies of the petition were distributed among the Justices of the Court, and it is probable that the matter will be considered by them this week in the recess of the Court, and s day, when the present term of the Court closes. The application can only be granted on the request of one of the three Justices who concurred in Chief Justice Waite's opinion, upholding the validity of Bell's claim as the original inventor of the tele-

The United States Fish Commission car eached this city to-day, when a singular ncident occurred. A change of water was found necessary and artesian water was supplied. Inside of an hour 5,000 young fish were dead and nearly 5,000,000 eggs are supposed to be killed.

WASHINGTON, May 8 .- It is understood that Gen. James W. Ewing, disbursing clerk of the Department of Justice, has been found short in his accounts to the extent of \$8,000 or \$9,000. Ewing is bonded in the sum of \$10,000, and representative Nathan Goff, Jr., of West Va., is one of his sure-Ewing is a Union soldier of good record, and is one of the best known men in the city. He was appointed from West Virginia, and has been in his present office for many years.

WASHINGTON, May 9 .- The Attorney General to-day appointed Frank A. Bronagan, of Steubenville, Ohio, to be disbursing and appointment clerk of the Department of Justice, vice James W. Ewing removed. The salary is \$2,000 per annum The Secretary of the Treasury, who has jurisdiction in the matter, has fixed the \$5,000 more than that of the late incum-

Investigation into Ewing's accounts in closed so far as the Department of Justice is concerned. The examination of his accounts at the Treasury Department wil occupy two or three weeks more and until that is finished their precise condition cannot be stated. From the best information obtainable, however, it is thought that his accounts are \$9,800 short. This amount is amply secured by his bonds and no loss be sustained by the government. Ewing says he can explain the seeming discrepancy and will do so in the course of

The President has nominated Robert B. Roosevelt, of New York, to be Minister resident of the United States to the Neth-

WASHINGTON, May 9 .- The House Comnittee on Appropriations to-day resolved to report the bill appropriating \$3.500,000 to meet the deficiencies for the payment of army pensions during the remainder of the present fiscal year.

There were but four members present at this morning's meeting of the House Committee on Education, which has under consideration the Blair Educational bill and its substitute reported by the sub-committee. These were Candler, chairman, and Buckalew, Democrats; and O'Donnell and Russell, Republicans. As no action on the bills could be taken without the presence of a quorum, the committee adjourned until the together about one hundred and twentyfive members of the House. Speaker Car-lisle was not present, but Mr. Randall and many of the New York and New Jersey members were. The proceedings were harmonious throughout, and several of the Representatives expressed themselves as very much pleased with the feeling and desire for united action manifested on all sides. The caucus only lasted about an hour; few speeches were delivered, and in none of them was there anything of s

threatening character.
The caucus did not attempt any way to "crack the party lash," or to bind any members to abide by its decrees or to After a few remarks by Mr. Milis, who in behalf of the Ways and Means Committee offered to give the fullest conside any representations that might be made be any Democratic member looking to amend ment of the Tariff bill, the following resolution was adopted upon his motion

Resolved, That any members desiring t offer any amendment to the Tariff bill shall, if the same be now proposed, hand i to the Secretary of the caucus, to be read and referred to the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee, and if not already prepared, may hand the same to said members. It shall be the duty of said members to consider all such ame ments, and if requested to hear parties of fering the same, and to report amendment back severally to another caucus to be hereafter held, with their recommen

Representative T. J. Campbell suggeste that it would be well if the committee should agree not to report upon the amendments before the New York Democratic Convention is held next week, and to this suggestion a favorable response was made. Under the terms of the resolution the following lowing amendments were presented to the secretaries and referred to the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Commit-

By Mr. Crain, of Texas, to place sheep shears, surgical instruments, coal and all bagging or of cotton and woollen goods, on the free list. Also, to reduce the tariff on woollen manufactured goods to 25 per cent. ad valorem. Also, to fix the duty at two cents per yard on bagging for cotton or other manufactures suitable to the uses to which cotton bagging is applied; compo in whole or in part of hemp, jute, flax, gun bags, guernsey cloth, etc.

By Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, by request, fixing the duty on alcohol at 10 par cent.

By Mr. Glass, of Tennessee, striking po-By Mr. Ford, of Michigan, placing German looking-glass and plates on the free By Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, retaining

the present duties on window and bottle

By Mr. Caruth, of Kentucky, fixing the duty on hemp, jute and flax bagging at two cents per pound. By Mr. Vance, of Connecticut, changing the duty on wood screws so as to range it from five to fourteen cents per pound, ac-

By Mr. Holman, of Indiana, a resolutio declaring that the duty on sugar ought to be reduced 50 per cent.; that the duty on rice ought not to be reduced; that the duty on paintings and other works of art ought not to be reduced, and that coal ought to be placed on the free list. By Mr. Johnston, of North Carolina, reneal the internal revenue laws, and to

place a tax on incomes to supply the defi-By Mr Cummings, of Kentucky, fixing the rate of duty on flax, backled, at 40 per cent.; on yarns of flax and hemp at 40 per cent ad valorem, and threads and twines at

By Mr. Wilkinson, of Louisiana, change the duty on cotton bagging from three to two cents per pound.

By Mr. Tracy, of New York, to place nitrate of soda on the free list.

By Mr. McAdoo, placing carpet wools, coal, salt, goat hair, timber, building stones and a number of chemicals on the free list, By Mr. Springer, placing on the free list all manufactured products, the domestic production of which may be controlled

the same rate.

By Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, restoring the duty on manufactured clothing, bristles and glue. By Mr. Glover, of Missouri, retaining By Mr. Dougherty, of Florida, increasing the duty on oranges 25 per cent. over the present duty.

By Stone, of Kentucky, placing car tools and farmers' imple ents on the free list. By Mr. Chipman, of Michigan, place

free list, and retaining the present duty on wood pulp and window glass.

By Mr. S. J. Campbell, of New York, placing a duty of 40 per cent. on ruf-flings and ruchings, in addition to the rate on the component of chief value. Mr. Bliss, of New York, gave notice that he would hand in a number of amendments relative to industries in his district, which, he said, perhaps more than any other, was affected by

On motion of Mr. Manson, of Missouri, a resolution was adopted in-structing the secretaries of the caucus to notify each and every Democratic member of the House to be present at all times after the consideration of the tariff bill shall be commenced by

At Mr. Springer's suggestion a resoution was adopted providing that hereafter the daily sessions of the House shall commence at 11 a. m. The caucus then adjourned, subject call by the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee, which is to be issued when they have acted upon the proposed amendments to the tariff bill.

COLLISION AT SEA.

Supposed Sinking of Steamer Eureka. from New York to New Orleans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NORFOLK, VA., May 7.—The British steamer Benison, Capt. Altkenhead, from Matanzas to Philadelphia, was towed here o-day in distress, and reports being in collision yesterday afternoon during a dense fog with the steamer Eureks, Capt. Quick, from New York to New Orleans. When the fog lifted about half hour afterwards the Eureka was nowhere in sight, and it is feared she was sunk. After he collision there was a sound of escaping steam and one whistle. The Benison was badly stove in, and would have sunk but for her water-tight compart

The collision occurred 168 miles south east of Cape Henlopen. The Benison struck the Eureka square amidship. The Eureka was a freight boat, and carries no passengers. Her crew all told numbers 85

After the collision the Benison lay to, and when the fog lifted in about half an our, the Eureka was nowhere in sight. It has been suggested that the Eureka might have been hidden by the fog, then ying some miles to the south of the Beni on, but this is thought impossible, as the Eureka was struck in her most vital part,

## A JEALOUS LOVER.

Miss Ida Poe Shot and Seriously Wounded at Carthage, N. C. RALEIGH, May 7 .- At Carthage, Moore county, Saturday evening, a young man named McNeill shot Miss Ida Poe, seriouswounding her, Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the shooting. Mc Neill called to see the young lady, and inding that she was entertaining another gentleman in the parlor, asked her to comto the door and shot her. He then fled. Great indignation is expressed against Mc-Neill in Carthage, and telegrams are being sent in every direction for his apprehen sion. [The young lady mentioned above is a daughter of Mr. J. Cooper Poe, of Fayetteville, N. C.]

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

The Wrecking of a Freight Train Causes the Explosion of a Car Loaded with Powder-A Number of Lives

Lost and Many Persons Injured. MOUNT CARMEL PRING. May 6.-Box tween 10 and 11 o'clock last night a ter-rible accident occurred on the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, between this place and Locust Gap. Freight train No. consisting of seventy-five cars, bound Williamsport, became disconne breaking of a coupling, and the engine and three cars ran half a mile before the crew iscovered that the train was divided. The first section awaited the arrival grade, the two brakemen losing control of the second section it dashed into the first sec tion causing an explosion in the third car, which was loaded with Dupont powder. At he scene of the accident the railroad runs along a steep hill at the bottom of which stood two rows of houses, occupied by coal and iron company's employes. Or the hillside stood a little cottage, occupied by John Quinn and family of four children, two boys and two girls. The force of the explosion wrecked the buildings seventeen in all, and the stoves set fire to the ruins. Quinn and his two little girls were burned to ashes. The two boys escaped with burns. Simon Kerwick's family consisted of four children, from five to fourteen years, and his wife and a new born babe. McKerwick carried his wife from the burning building, but the children were burned to death. Thirty per sons were injured.

in all twelve cars were destroyed and seventeen houses with their furniture. The total loss is estimated at \$75,000. The wrecking crews have the road open again

NORTH CAROLINA. Murder in Washington - The Murderer Riddled with Bullets by

RALEIGH, May 6 .- A News and Observer special from Washington, N. C., says: Yesterday evening Thomas Frazier, an employe of Joshua H. Cox, an extensive lumber man of that place, entered the store of Cox and demanded liquor, which was refused. Cox then left the store and started off, when Frazier picked up a double-bar-rel gun, loaded with buckshot, and fired both charges into Cox's back, killing him instantly. Frazier fled, but was caught and placed under a strong guard, as fears of violence were entertained. During the night a crowd of masked men took him from prison, bound and gagged him, carried him to the scene of the murder, and fired the contents of numerous w into his body, literally riddling him and mutilating his body beyond recognition. Frazier was a desperate character, having already committed several murders.

# MARINE.

Tre Sunken Steamer Eureka-A Dangerous Obstruction to Navigation. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Capt. Quick, of the sunken steamer Eureka, says the collision occurred at about 36,45 north, 75,33 west, Cape Henry bearing west by northwest, half east about 56 miles. The sunken ship lies on her bottom with her three masts about twenty-five feet out of water, and is a very dangerous obstruction to vessels bound south and north. Before he left the scene of the common method filled with wreckage, washed from between decks. Capt. Quick wishes to publicly exdecks. decks. Capt. Quick wishes to publicly ex-press his thanks and kind appreciation of the courteous attention received from Captain Pillsbury and officers of the brig Caroline Gray, and Captain Howes and offi-cers of the steamer Dessoug.

# GEORGIA.

The State Temperance Convention Session at Atlanta By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, May 8.—The State Temperance Convention met in the State House at 10 a. m. Rev. J. B. Hawthorne opene T. Pendleton, on behalf of the local Temperance Association, welcomed the delegates. He created a sensation and was applauded when he said that reformed drunks ards should not make themselves too prominent as leaders. He favored war upon bar-rooms as a separate measure from

the prohibition campaign proper.

Miss Missouri Stokes, on behalf of the W. C. T. U., addressed the Convention.

President Pringle, in replying to these addresses, announced himself as in favor of a State prohibition law.

A large number of resolutions were introduced which were referred to the Committee on Resolutions. Among the resolutions was one calling on the State Democratic Convention, which meets here tomorrow, to see to it that an anti-sumptuary plank is not inserted in the National Democratic plants and the State Democratic plants are the State Democratic plants. peratic platform by the St. Louis Conven-

Salvation oil is what you want. It kills pain and cures the worst case of rheuma-tism, neuralgia, sore throat, hoarseness and headache. Take no 'just as good.' Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

Spirits Turpentine Raleigh Chronicle: The in the case of Gray Washington (col )

he sustained on an excursion at Warren last year, gave him \$1,500 as damages -C. B. Aycock, Esq., of Gold boro, in a letter to the State Chronicles of the Republicans in his county. In tional matters every leading Republic including L. W. Humphrey, Jno R. 8 W. S. O. B. Robinson stand upon dent Oleveland's message in regard to

- Danbury Reporter: About clock Sunday morning the wagon he of Mr. A. H. Joyce, was discovered on fire and burned to the ground flash. The structure centained a que of fodder and some wagons, etc., whi were burnt. — The frost last night and during this week has havoc with apple blossoms, peach be regetables in exposed localities.

- Hillsboro Recorder: Wa from Msj. John W. Graham who, we Hon. Thomas Ruffin, are of counsel for State of North Carolins, that the case the State of North Carolina against A Temple, now pending in the Supreme Con of the United States and known as then cial tax bonds case, on account of the sence of the attorneys from Louisiana dmilar case from that State, has been tinued to the October term. - Lumberton Robesonian: n

reception of the manly card of Col hows the high esteem in which he is by the people and papers of the State. The minister who has been called to Presbyterian Church in this town will censed to-day by Princeton Semine We have no assurance yet that he will a cept the call, but if he does he will be be in ten days. — The election last Maday passed off quietly. The follows: ticket was elected: For Mayor, LeRoyi Townsend; for Commissioners, I. L. Pop R. D. Caldwell, J. B. Pitman and C. ones. These are all young men, he identified with the best interests of

- Maxton Union: A trip in he country on the border lines of Nor and South Carolina prove to us the is that there will be a good supply of sppi and peaches, more of the latter than of the former. That the cotton crop is about half up, and that the farmers are entire up with their work. - The Farmer Alliance of Pitt county have passed reset tions that the fraternity in the State res burse Mr. Hearn for the cost of his o with J. L. Stone amounting to also 800. But Mr. Hearn declines to accept the money but asks that they all send 10 cents for the pamphlet he is publishing a detailed account of the w

- Goldsboro Argus: The m ing at the Baptist church closed on & day with delightful services morning night. There have now been 34 access to the church since the arrival of the tor, March 1st. — The city electron yesterday reusited in a glorious Demon victory. Wherever the straight-outle ocratic ticket was opposed, as it was some of the wards, the opposition into overwhelming defeat. The new bond follows: First Ward—R. M. Freeman Isaac Fuchtler; Second Ward-M L and W. T. Hollowell; Third Ward-W. Aldridge, col., Rep.; Fourth Ward-Henry Lee, Dr. M. E. Robinson and Th Edmundson; Fifth Ward-J.B. Crawle

- Asheville Citizen: Mr. Gilla while at work on the new Pearson fortune to have the scaffolding fall a him, throwing him a considerable day to the ground, shattering his left legal pieces. — The next booming that for Asheville is that Mr. Garrett's elegant and commodious Hotel Oat will be completed and opened June 1st time for a full season. A large number rooms have already been engaged for Summer. — The Rev. W. P. Byn in charge of Calvary, Episcopal Car near Fletcher's, Henderson county, returned home after a brief visit to a mi ern city. His health is not good; and it

-Elizabeth City Falcon: new Methodist Church at Manteo N May, the dedicatory sermon will be posed by the Rev. J. G. Lennon, of Elizab -Rev. Geo. Baker. A. M., it longer the pastor of Elizabeth City Ba Church. Some time since he offered resignation to take effect on May lst, if For more than four years Mr. B. serve Church faithfully. — In Edenton Monday morning, April 30th, Mrs. E Leary, wife of Mr. Wm. Leary, died if a few hours illness. Mrs. Leary's husband was the late Maj. T. L. Skin of Edenton, killed before Richmon 1862, in the battle of Malvern Hill.

was a lady of many graces and virtues of great personal beauty. - Hickory Press: The me shiners are getting smart for a fact.
uty Marshal Harris and another were in Alexander looking around last w and when night came on put up horses to spend the night. While slept some moonshiners or their for stole their horses and rode them back Catawba and turned them loose. Of their object was accomplished, as the cers next morning went in search of he thieves and not blockade distillers Bob and Jim Watson, brothers and you men, of Burke, had a difficulty last &

day, in which one shot the other, main flesh wound, not considered danger The shooter was drinking, of course sober man would hardly shoot his bro - Raleigh News-Observer: John Gatling, whose illness we lately tioned, died Sunday night at 11 o'cld his residence near Raleigh. Maj. Gawas born in Gates county, in the year and had a large and influential conne in that county. He was gradual Chapel Hill and soon after gradual made an extensive trip of observathrough Texas and Mexico. Return home before the war, he joined the federate army, and served with galls
— The New Bern bank which six has a surplus of \$70,000, has determ to retire some of its notes, selling \$7 of bonds at 126, which will give it \$3 in money, against \$67,500 in circular notes. The bank will thus add to its \$17,000, and make its surplus nearly

000. This excellent management is b

illustration of the generally good man ment of North Carolina banks. - Greensboro Workman: ous incidents occur in this land, and of them is sufficiently so to excite into Mrs. Andrews, who lives five or six from town, brought recently to the store of Mr. Porter a quantity of a ce metal resembling what is known ss " bit." or pewter, but which, on being with a piece of steel, gave forth a ringing sound as of silver. Mrs Andrew account of the metal is as follows: her sons, during the late cold susp cut down a tree and put parts of it fire for fuel. Presently, when the fire well burned, this metal began to from an opening in the stick of wooding on the hearth in front of the fire metal was gathered up in the shape it taken on the hearth, while among ashes particles of the same metal found. The quantity was supposed

queer origin.

- Charlotte Chronicle: That an interesting session of the board of the meeting being the contest over the gality of the petition upon which the missioners had called the prohibition tion to be held in Charlotte in June. were, it appears, 547 signers to the pelli and of this number the names of 1780 not be found the registration books si while 822 of the names could not be for while 822 of the names could not be on the last registration books. It looks much like the election will not be held Policeman John Pearce, of Monroe, dishis home in that place, at 11 o'clock Sunday night, with his skull crushed the result of a blow received while is arresting the ring-leader of a row state ored festival in Monroe the previous is Two negroes, Bill Weddington and Thomas, are now in jail to answer for Thomas, are now in jail to answer for crime. — Parties who were in the yesterday from Davidson College, in that a destructive fire was caused by in the control of the cont ning near that place, last Sunday During a severe electrical storm a bill lightning struck the warehouse of Mr. lightning struck the structure, with its centre, was burned. Nine bales of contents, damaged and Caldwell's los were damaged. Mr. Caldwell's about \$1,300.