FRIDAY, - NOVEMBER 2, 1888 The writing to change your faddress, also former direction as well as full particular tere you wish your paper to be sent hereafless you do both changes can not be made. Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft Postal Money Order or Registered Letter. Post nasters will register letters when desired. Only such remittances will be at the risk Specimen copies forwarded when desired

# National Democratic Ticket

For President : GROVER CLEVELAND, - of New York. For Vice-President: ALLEN G. THURMAN,

of Ohio. For Presidential Electors at Large ALFRED M. WADDELL. of New Hanover County. FREDERICK N. STRUDWICK of Orange County.

District Electors: 1ST DIST. - GEORGE H. BROWN. of Beautort. 2D DIST.-JOHN E. WOODARD,

of Wilson. 3D DIST. - CHARLES B. AYCOCK of Wayne.

4TH DIST. -EDWARD W. POU Jr., of Johnston. 5TH DIST .- J. H. DOBSON, of Sur-

6TH DIST.-SAMUEL J. PEMBER-TON, of Stanly. 7TH, DIST. -L. CAMPBELL CALD-

WELL, of Iredell. 8TH DIST .- THOMAS M. VANCE. of Caldwell.

9TH DIST. - W. T. CRAWFORD, of Haywood.

## State Democratic Ticket.

For Governor : DANIEL G. FOWLE. of Wake County.

For Lieutenant-Governor : THOMAS M. HOLT. of Alamance County.

For Secretary of State!: WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS. of Wake County.

For State Treasurer : DONALD W. BAIN. of Wake County. For State Auditor :

GEORGE W. SANDERLIN, of Wayne County. For Superintendent of Public In

SIDNEY M. FINGER. of Catawba County. For Attorney-General . THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,

of Buncombe County. For Judges Supreme Court : JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin County.

JAMES E. SHEPHERD. of Beaufort County. ALPHONSO C. AVERY, of Burke County. For Congress-Sixth District ::

ALFRED ROWLAND. of Robeson County.

# Democratic County Ticket.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY. For the House: R. W. HICKS, J. H. DAVIS. For Treasurer: W. S. WARROCK, For Register of Deeds: J. D. H. KLANDER.

For Coroner: M. CARROLL For Surveyor: W. L. YOUNG. For Constables: J. W. MILLS.

Wilmington Township. FRANK BEASLEY. Masonboro Township. H. T. HANCOCK, Harnett Township. R. T. SANDERS Federal Point. J. T. KERR. Cape Fear.

PROTECTION GRUB-AXE-NO. 6. To see how the people of this country are burdened by the taxes levied upon them from year to year we turn to the able speech made in the U.S. House by Mr. H. G. Turner, of Georgia, (a native of North Carolina) in May last. He said, and his figures were not challenged by the

"Our aggregate circulation of gold, silver and paper money, including the funds in the Treasury, is estimated to amount to about \$1,500,000,000. The people paid to the Government in tariff taxes \$317,000,000 and in excise duties \$117,000,000, making a total taxation of \$334,000,000 last year. This immense tribute is over 22 per cent. of all the money in the country. We have only \$25 in cash for each mag, woman and child in this county, and on each woman and child is levied an average tax of over \$5.50 or \$27.50 on each family of five per-

This is very onerous. Were we not right when we said taxation was a curse and that it was the duty of the Congress to visit the people with just as little of that curse as the actual necessities of the country would allow?

Taxation is a curse. Every dollar in taxes taken from you is so knit goods. many pounds of beef or bacon or lard or flour. It reduces your means features prevail. Goods under 30 is plain then in this country -s work-

greatly desire that the taxes should be higher than they are, and they are surely very high now? Read the above statement again by Mr. Turner. General Dockery explicitly favors higher taxes. He has planted himself squarely on the Chicago platform that positively demands higher

But high as the taxes are you pay the Government they are not all. Be assured of that. It is true as truth itself. How so, do you ask?

Well, do you not pay the American Manufacturers -the greedy, allgrabbing, Monopolists, a great sum in addition? Are they not bounty fed, and if so whence comes the bounty? Who pays it? Is there but one answer? Is it not the conumer? Now we turn to Mr. Turner's excellent speech again. He says of the taxation collected under the great, grinding War Tariff by the Manufacturers:

"The total value of all the manufactures products of the United States returned according to the last census amounted to \$5,369,667,706. Our dutiable imports last year amounted to \$450,000,000 in round numbers, on which we collected ove \$217,000,000. As our duties are laid con fessedly for protection, it is very probable that on the immense aggregate of our domestic manufactures, in competition with which our taxed imports are sold an addition of value is placed equal to many times the income of the tariff to the Gov-

"But taking \$317,000,000 as a measure of the bounties paid last year to our manufacturers, let us commute protection into an annuity, computed at the Government rate of 31 per cent; the principal of that annuity would amount to \$6,200,000,000. That annuity is the interest on a sum greater than the cost of the war! And the moderation of this estimate of protection

"The enormous taxation which I have endeavored to outline is so contrived as to bear lightly on the rich and prosperous and heavily on the poor and unfortunate. To those who do not need, it is a largess and benefaction; to those States and their people that are cramped by narrow and scant means, it is a hindrance and oppression. To the latter it is a deduction from the comforts and necessaries of life, from the education of their children; a burden upon the offices of religion and charity; a tax on school, on church and on home."

Mr. Turner says that a Tariff is tax on consumption levied upon man's wants, and apportioned not according to means but to man's necessities, 'It is also, he says, an income tax -that is it is a tax graded according to what they buy, bearing "hardest on those who have to spend all that they make." Now General Dockery is fierce and vigorous for just such a tax as this. But let us quote again from Mr. Turner's able

"But inequality is the foundation of the system of protection, and the only inducement for its preservation. If a scheme of protection could be devised by which each citizen could tax his neighbor just as much as his neighbor could tax him it would be equality, but it would meet with scant favor. The present system is worse, because it is brigandage without reciprocity. "Let us expose some of the profits of protection according to its own returns made during the last census year. The capital invested in manufactures then amount ed to \$2,790,272,606; materials used cost \$3,396,828,549; wages, \$941,953,795; total product, \$5,369,579,191. It can be easily seen from these figures that manufacturers made enormous gains, amounting in clear net profits to more than four times the income of the Government from the tariff."

The lie that Protection advances wages has been often punctured by us. The Low Walker Tariff averaged 19 per cent. Under that tax labor received a greater portion of the product than it receives under the huge War Tariff now in force of 47.10 per cent. Under a Low Tariff labor got 20 cent. of total product; now it receives but 16 per cent. Men of sense-honest, intelligent working men-should think of these things when the Blaines and other tooters for Monopoly endeavor to mislead and beguile them by false

tatements and false hopes. The War Tariff does not fix wages. This we have often shown. There is a great variation of wages, even in our own country, where the same Tariff covers all and operates everywhere. There is no uniformity in the wages in the various States or different sections. For instance, in Maine (Blaine's own State) wages av-

erage \$257 a year or some 75 cents a day, while in Massachusetts, not far off, the average is \$385 a year, or more than a dollar a day. Vermont pays \$303 average. The law of supply and demand is what fixes the prices. With labor in excess of the demand prices will be low. That is the law of political economy.

WE URGE LABORING MEN TO READ THIS.

Do not lose sight of the abominable fraud, the Republican Senate Tariff bill. That bill is laid in the interest of the Rich Man. The Mills bill is planned to bring some relief to the oppressed Poor Man. Mr. J. S. Moore, the able economical writer who discusses the Tariff question in the New York Times, has an article in that paper of the 25th inst., which s startling. It shows the positive rascality of the Senate bill. He gives a table we cannot reproduce. It shows that under the existing Tariff knit goods not exceeding 30 taxed 10 cents per pound and 35 per England 857 yards; in Switzerland hundred weight. This is equivalent, he says, to 88.33 per cent. ad valo-

Now what does the infamous Senate bill propose as a substitute? Mr. Moore says it proposes 258.33 per cent. ad valorem or its equivalent. Monstrous!

Knit goods above 30 and not exseeding\_40 cents per pound under the present law is taxed 65.20 ad va- shire, England, he gets 51 cents, and lorem. The Republican bill increases in Switzerland 60 cents. We could it to 145.70. And so on for higher

In Balmorals, the same rascally silk, &c. The cause of higher wages

ent law of 67.72. Under the Senate will be increased to 154.05. so on for higher grades. So this is the way the Radical Senstors propose to relieve the laboring people in their clothing, &c., by making the tax two or three times

Mr. Moore says and voters should take heed:

"The Mills bill makes the above goods per cent. ad valorem. Wages to operatizes in woollen mills is 16,08 per cent.
"Why don't the Republican tariff spouters wave their Senate Tariff bill, which was to make the issue against Mills bill, in defiance in the faces of the tariff reformers? Why do they allow me, who has fought this villainous idol of Baal for 21 years, to expose this mon-

strosity?

"Let the great people, the hard-working tax-payers, reflect that the very inventors tax-payers, reflect that the very inventors to make everybody happy and prosperous are studiously keeping from the people their own work simply because they dare not and cannot defend it. Now, let me lift the curtain and show this villainous tax in its

"Woollen knit goods made on knitting frames means, among other things, of course woollen or worsted hosiery. The unit of value on the lowest class of this goods was in 1887, about 18 7 cents per bound, or say 185 cents. The duty at resent is on such goods 10 cents per pound and 35 per cent. ad valorem, which brings up to 88 33 per cent. But, protection which loves the people, came to the con-clusion that real happiness is not to be obsained in 88.83 per cent. protection, so they pnt it up simply on changing the classifi-cation to '258.38 per cent.'

"Oh! you blind, tax-ridden people this fair land! do you fully understand what 258 per cent. means? It means that you have to pay for 21 dozen or 30 pairs of wool stokings in order to get 12 pairs The civilized world cannot stand such astrous tax on necessaries of life. while the cheap goods are taxed high the ich man's goods are of course dealt lenntly with. According to this Senate bill, if the finest worsted or woollen hosiery used by the rich should cost, say, \$3 a pound abroad the duty would be exactly 65 per

## A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT.

While the Republican party is North Carolina is the negro party there are white men who like the fel lowship. There are probably now 125,000 negro voters in the State The Rads oppose drawing a color line for a double reason. They would ose voters by it, and it would put stigms upon the whites who deserted race and caste and went over to the brother in black." The Democratic part is the White Man's party. I has always been that since 1865, There is no genuine, self-respecting, decent, reputable Democrat in all North Carolina who desires to see a negro in office bossing white men. The color line has never been j erly drawn in North Carolina. If it had been drawn you would have seen much fewer whites hob nobbing and brothering" with the blacks. While the Democrate have favored

White Man's party and White Man's government, they are not either unkind or unfriendly to the blacks. The best colored men know that their truest friends and best wishers are the dominating, self-reliant, superior men of the Aryan stock that will brook no masters. The followng from the Democratic Hand-Book is suitable reading at this time. Let all self-respecting white men ask themselves if they can afford to belong to a party in which probably nine tenths are negroes -an inferior race no better than "rogues" and "savages" to a great extent, acording to our townsman, Judge Russell. The Hand-Book says:

"The Democratic party is the white man's party, and it is against their creed that a negro should be in authority over a white man, and the Radical party is the negro man's party and thinks a negro is as good as a white man. The highest Radical vote has never reached 116,000, and the census returns show they have 105,000 negro voters, while the whole of our vote, may be said, is white. Negroes who can vote and fail to vote at least once during an election are as scarce as dead mules. It is to be expected, therefore, that the party action of the Radicals should be in favor of the negroes and require the constant warning cry on our part to white men. But for all that, the Democratic is and has een a true friend to the negro, and has done everything for his material advancement that it has been possible to do. The Radical party has done nothing for him, however, but give him the right to vote, and that right they gave him not to benefit him, but to help themselves. \* \* The Democratic party better friends to the colored race than the white Radicals, who only use them as tools in elections for political purposes. It seems that the colored voters do not think how often they have voted the Radical ticket, and how little they have been benefited by it. The white Radicals get the turkey and the colored the buzzard every time."

SOME FIGURES THAT TEACH.

The STAR has twice given facts gleaned abroad by U. S. Consul Schoenhof. A close examination of his report as to wages shows why the day wage is higher in the United States than in Europe. If laboring men-employes in factories and mills -would study the facts gleaned they would readily understand the cause of wages being higher in the United States than in England or Switzerland for instance. The United States laborer does a great deal more work than the foreign laborer performs.

Take looms. In America one weaver in a cotton mill works 6 to 8; in England he works but 3 to 4; in Switzerland but 2 to 3.

Take production. In America one weaver turns out cloth of the same cents per pound in valuation are width and quality, 1,350 yards; in 568 yards. It is fair and just then that the wage paid for 1,350 yards should be higher than the wage paid for 857 or 468 yards. It is so with spindles--the American girl uses nearly double.

Take wages. By the yard the American is paid much less. In Fall River, Mass., he gets 40 cents for each 100 yards woven; in Lancanextend the investigation as to carpets, woollen goods, ladies shoes, of living just that much. Do you and not above 40 cents a pound have ing man does a great deal more labor hunger after high taxes? Do you an ad valorem value under the pres- than the foreign workman does.

But when you come to the cost of living, the advantage is on the side of the English laborer. The 120 English workers, mentioned the other day, brought over to Massachusetts. after three or four years experience returned to the old country because they would really be better paid there than in Massachusetts, The Monopolist who brought them over flourished and grew rich. And that is the case everywhere in the North The above statistics are reliable and edifying. Let laboring men

seping Cotton Back

The Savannah Netos prints a state

ment of a leading Savannah cotton

buyer, who says he has information

hat the Farmers' Alliance of Georgis

and Alabama have taken united ac-

tion to withhold their cotton from the

market from Nov. 1 to Nov. 20, and for

a double purpose—on account of the

high price of bagging as arbitrarily

fixed by the bagging trust, and be-

cause cotton is, in their judgment,

selling at figures below what it should

command, and they argue that by

keeping back the cotton for twenty

days the price of bagging will decline

and cotton will appreciate in value

The gentleman says that cotton has

been and is now kept from going for-

ward for the reasons which combined

to bring about the action of the Far-

mers' Alliance, and that the falling off

in the receipts of cotton is due to the

causes above mentioned. He says the

fields are white, and the crop large,

but that the quality is inferior, show-

ing discoloration, and that while he

could have bought 1,000 bales of strict

middling at this time a year ago, it

would be very difficult to, buy one-

third that amount from factors now.

The U.S. District and Circuit Courts

for the Eastern District of North Car-

olina, convened at the U.S. Court

House in this city yesterday at 10 a.

m. Judge Seymour presided, and Dis-

trict Attorney Busbee, Marshal Rich-

ardson and other officials were in at-

tendance. The following were drawn

as a grand jury: J. J. Johnson, Jr.,

foreman; D. W. McRae, D. T. McMil-

an, J. M. Pearce, Henry Hargrove,

Ariah Carter, Steven Keyes, J. P.

Council, Jr., I. N. Carr, David Pratt,

Arch. McQueen. Robinson James,

Harry C. Wright, J. M. Mashburn,

Fray Fisher, A. D. McGowan, A. S.

The following cases were disposed

Wm. McKay, Harnett county, char

ged with violation of internal reven-

ue laws in failing to keep distiller's

books, was discharged and the case

A capias was ordered, with bill of

osts attached, in the case of Joel W.

J. O. Nixon, colored, charged with

stealing money from a letter, out on

bail, was called, but failed to answer.

North Carolina Land and Lumber Co

are plaintiffs and H. C. Long, A. T.

Clark, Samuel Clews and others are

The grand jury were discharged for

the term in the afternoon, and Court

The case of Jacob Greenwald vs.

the Asheville and Spartanburg Rail-

road Company-suit for \$10,000 dam-

ages—is set for trial to-day before the

full bench-Judges Bond and Sey

The case of J. T. Harper and others

against the British steamship Gaboon

for \$10,000 salvage, was continued for

The ticket put in the field by the

Democratic Executive Committee of

New Hanover county will meet the

Mr. Rufus W. Hicks, one of the can-

lidates for the Legislature, is about

thirty-six years of age; a prominent

merchant, having been identified with

the business interests of Wilmington

for about sixteen years, and is a native

of Duplin county. He is a gentleman

of well known intelligence, energetic,

progressive and wide-awake always to

Mr. John H. Davis was born in

Wayne county; is about thirty-six

years of age. He is at present master

car-builder of the Wilmington and

Weldon Railroad shops. He is a man

of marked intelligence, popular with

integrity. A working man and a

farmer, he is identified with every in-

terest in the community. He served

in the late war as a captain in Wheel-

er's cavalry, and has been a resident

of this county for the last twenty-five

Mr. J. D. H. Klander, for Register

of Deeds, is about 37 years of age; a

native of Hanover, Germany, and a

citizen of Wilmington since 1867. He

is a merchant by profession, of high

Wilmington's best interests.

faithful always to every trust.

hearty support of all Democrats.

defendants.

defendants, was again continued.

took a recess until 10 a. m. to-day.

Three cases continued from the last

Wishart, Melton Campbell.

nol prossed.

payment of costs.

for costs.

U. S. District Court.

study them. Representative McMillin, of Ten nessee, is back in Washington from New York City. He says the leaders are confident and the Democracy are well organized. He says :

"All the reports of the speakers and workers go to show that we are much stronger than in 1884; and for myself have no douot of Democratic success in New York, New Jersey and Connecticut Where I have spoken we have had very large audiences, and the enthusiasm mani-fested has been most gratifying. The audiences have been very largely composed of workingmen, and they have been always the most attentive listeners. The working people are not scared by the cry of free trade."

Nathaniel Watts, a veteran defender of Baltimore.in the war of 1814 died on 28th Oct., aged 93. A special to the Philadelphia Times says:

"As good a Methodist as he was a Dem ocrat, the veteran was prepared to die but he prayed that his life be spared until he could vote once more for Cleveland. Only a few weeks ago he had the registration officer of his ward come to his bed aide and place his name on the po

True to God, he was true to his country. That of course made him a Democrat.

The West letter was a Republican rick. It was not to be published until just on the eve of the election and thus make capital against Mr. Cleveland without any chance to act or off set it. But a sharp local editor got hold of it and published it. And now all the harm done is to the tricky Radicals. It has helped Mr. Cleveland no little for he has made the British Minister to take his departure and "stand not on the order of his going."

Sanset Cox proposed to wager with Senator Evarts on the election. The Senator declined, but said the Congressional Record every speech you make next term of Congress. If Harrison is elected you shall similarly read mine." Mr. Cox was somewhat frightened by the appalling odds, but finally consented to the terms of the wager.

Spot Them. A few of the white butchers in Front street market, displeased because they cannot control the city government and have market ordinances framed to suit themselves, have declared their purpose to vote and work for the Republicans, and are trying to induce others to pledge support to the negro ticket at the approaching election. The ordinance complained of, however, and for which they propose to hold the Democratic party responsible, received the vote of every Republican member of the Board of Aldermen, and the only vote against its adoption was given by a Democratic Alderman from the

Third Ward. Not all the dealers in the market are tainted, however. Messrs. J. F Garrell, C. S. Garrell, Johnson & Co., James J. King, W. M. Hays, Jr., R. L. Fox, T.P. Sikes, E.G. King, and James M. Holland, repudiate the action of the kickers and pledge their undivided support to the Democratic

Democratic County Ticket. The County Executive Committee acting under authority and instructions from the County Convention, have nominated the following ticket: For the House-R W Hicks and Jno

For Treasurer-W S Warrock. For Register of Deeds-J D H Klan-

For Coroner-M. Carroll. For Surveyor-W L Young.

For Constables-Wilmington township : J W Mills; Masonboro : Frank Beasley; Harnett; H T Hancock; Federal Point: R T Sanders; Cape Fear: J T Kerr.

Foreign Exports in October. The records at the Custom House make the following exhibit of exports from this port to foreign countries during the month of October, viz: Cotton-21,848 bales, (10,842,501 pounds), valued at \$1,006,970. Spirits turpentine-386,797 gallons,

Rosin—12,471 barrels, valued at \$11, Lumber-168,000 feet, valued at \$6,-

valued at \$164,927.

Shingles-60,000, valued at \$208. Total value of foreign exports, \$1,

U. S. Court. The business of the term was com-

pleted yesterday. The case of Jacob Greenwald vs. the Asheville and Spartanburg Railroad Co., to recover \$10,000 for injuries sustained in an accident on that road, was continued, and set for trial at Raleigh on Wednesday, De cember 5th. Counsel for plaintiff J. I. Macks and Russell and Ricaud; for defendant, Stedman and Weill, D.

Schenck and Thos. Price. Court adjourned for the term at noon. Judge Bond was present.

- Messrs, Alex. Sprunt & Son cleared the British steamship Gaboon yesterday for Liverpool, with a cargo of 4,600 bales of cotton, weighing 2,267,419 pounds and valued at \$215,000

Catarrh Cured. A clergyman, after years of suffering from that loathsome disease, Catarrh, and vainly trying every known remedy, at last found a recipe which completely cured and saved him from death. Any sufferer from this dreadful disease sending a self addressed stamped envelope to Prof. J. A. Lawrence, 88 Warren street, New York City, will receive the recipe free of charge,

Loss \$30,000 -Insurance \$10.000. Special Star Telegram.

SHELBY, Oct. 29 -The most disastrou fire originated within the engine room of wrapped in flames. The town is utterly cry of fire and the sound of the bells quickly drew a large crowd to the scene of the disaster, nothing could save the block. which was entirely consumed. It was a four of the most commodious store rooms in town. The southernmost had just by the Southern Express Company and Babington, Roberts & Co., wholesale and retail stationers and printers; the next by Gardner & Guinn, wholesale and retail druggists, and the last by D. C. Webb & Son, general merchandise. The upper floors contained the offices of the Aurora and Babington, Roberts & Co., and the rest were used for storage. Webb & Son saved some of their stock, but with trifling exceptions all the other property is a complete loss- During the fire a number of explosions of kerosene and gunpowder occurred, but no one was seriously injured. For a time it seemed as though all the adjoining buildings would be burned, but though the fire is still burning at 10 o'clock. it is believed that there will be no more losses. The loss on the building owned by

## KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

\$10,000.

The Grand Master Cautions Members of the Order Against Political Trick

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 80.—The following will appear in this week's Journal of Unit or, the official organ of the Knights of Labor, over the signature of General Master Workman Powderly: Circulars of a political

YELLOW FEVER.

The Situation at Decatur—Fernandina Appealing for Assistance-Twenty nine New Cases and One Beath at Jacksonville-Suspicious Cases at Live Oak, Fla .- Two Cases in Britich Guiana,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star CHICAGO, Oct. 31 .- The following teleram was received here to-day from Decatur Ala.

Can you raise us some funds for yellow ever sufferers? Our funds are exhausted and we are in great need. (Signed) C. C. AUSTIN, Mayor. F. A. HOWARD, President Relief Commi

all mechanics, and likewise with his employers. He enjoys the reputation of being a man of sterling integrity, Mr. W. S. Warrock, candidate for County Treasurer, is well known to all Wilmingtonians, as a gentleman of the highest honor and strictest

> All cases under treatment are doing well. We are endeavoring to keep able bodied en at work on improvement and are meeting with good results. I have to-day been ooking over the work done, and think the money used in this direction well expended. The fever still continues to increase outside the city. Three vessels have come up to the city. Fort Clinch has been se-cured for the accommodation of crews, who

classes of our citizens. Mike Carroll, candidate for Coroner, is a native of Ireland and long a resident of our city. He is well known in the community as an honest, energetic and enterprising citi-Maj. W. L. Young, for Surveyor, is outgoing vesse

a native of Wake county, a civil engineer by profession, and at present real estate broker. He was a gallant officer in the Confederate service. Maj. Young is eminently qualified by his experience as civil engineer for sickness in the city.

The candidates for Constable are men well known in their respective townships for their integrity and fit-ness for this office, and as such are entitled to the support of all good

mond Terminal. The Atlantic Coast Line system is being made the subject of negotiation just now by this syndicate, and

nessee Road. report has it that they want the Nor-By Telegraph to the Morning Star. folk & Western, the Louisville & PHILADELPHIA, October 30.—Samuel Dickson, of this city, telegraphs from Knoxville, Tenn., that he has filed in the Nashville and the Cincinnati Southern systems. The Norfolk & Western, it is authoritatively stated, will refuse to deal for its absorption, and the Seaboard Air Line will also maintain its independence. A dispatch to the Baltimore Sun from New York Tuesday evening says: "The Sun correspondent called on Mr. George Scott, President of the Bichmond & Danville, in regard to the rumored purchase of the Atlantic Coast Line, for which Mr. Harry Walters is now in this city. Mr. Scott said that some negotiations had taken place between them, but that as nothing definite had been arrived at, it would be premature to discuss any details."

FIRE IN SHELBY.

ire in the history of Shelby began here tonight at 7 o'clock. About that hour the foreman of the Shelby Aurora, on the second floor of the Wray block, discovered flames issuing from the lower floor. The the Aurora, or the job printing office of Babington, Roberts & Co., and in a few moments the centre of the building was without fire apparatus, and although the large two story brick building, containing been vacated; the next was occupied W. A. Wray is estimated at \$10,000, and that on the stock at \$20,000 er more. The

published in the interest of parties, docu-ments slandering either candidate for Pre-Blackman, continued from last term sident, and other matter of a political char acter, are being scattered throughout the order. Some of these documents bear the iolation of internal revenue laws, in iterature of this descript retailing without license, was found dumped into the waste basket by the Sec-retary of the Assembly who finds it in his guilty. Judgment was suspended on mail. No document is legally before ar Assembly unless it comes with the seal of the State or District Assembly to which the Amos Boston, colored, charged with local is attached, or from the general secre tary, general tressurer, general worthy fore nan, from the secretary of the 'general executive board, or the General Master Work term, in which the New Jersey and man, and should any of these send docuby the General Assembly in they should be cast aside as unworthy

have been informed that on November 5th there is to be a circular issued throughout the United States, among members of the Knights of Labor, bearing my signature, and advising members to vote for a certain candidate. Interviews with me are to be published on the eve of the election, in which I am made to speak for a certain party and candidate. Members of this Or-der will see to it that no deception is practiced on them by any such transparent fraud. I have not and will not issue such circular; will not be interviewed on the sitnation. So do not be deceived. Burn all documents which are sent to you by the agents of parties. Politicians have nothing to build up this Order. It is a standing re It is an undying evil that they have for years been engaged in, and if parties had their way the Order would have no existence. So do not allow your enemies, disguised as friends, to impose upon you or make use of an organization whose every step their party organs fought from the beginning. T. V. POWDERLY.

To Mayor Roche, Chicago

Dr. Lorimer left another telegram in the Mayor's office this morning, together with a note asking in what way money could be best raised. The Doctor had seen President Hutchison of the Board of Trade, who had suggested the appointment of canvassing es. Over 2,000 persons have been

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The following elegram has been received by W. C. Duryee, Secretary of the Fernandia Commit

Fernandina, Fla., Oct. 30.-New cases 16; white 1-O. B. Murray. No deaths.

character, and popular alike with all WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Information has been received at the Department of State that Martinique has established quar-antine against vessels coming from Florida. Advices from the consul at British Guians to the State Department are to the effect that in view of the appearance of two cases of yellow fever in one of the ports of that country, he has inserted the words, "Epi-demic yellow fever," in bills of health issued

Surgeon-General Hamilton has received gram from Surgeon Martin, at Live Oak, Fla., saying that he made a post mor-tem examination on the body of a man who died there Sunday last, and is satisfied that it was a case of yellow fever. He adds that there are now two suspicious cases of

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., October 31.—
President Neal Mitchell reports 29 new cases of yellow fever to-day—19 whites.
Among the latter is Peyton Wyeth, a well known insurance broker. Only 1 death— Dora Dobson. Total cases, 4,156; deaths, No new cases and no deaths at Games

RAILBOAD MATTERS.

Bill Filed Against the Consumma tion of the Lease of the East Ten

Court of Chancery, at Knoxville, a bill of complaint against the consummation of the lease of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad to the Richmond & Dan-Georgia Railroad to the Richmond & Dan-ville, asking that the lease be enjoined, and that a receiver for the first named road be appointed. Chancellor Gibeon he says re-ceived the bill and appointed November 16th as the time when he will hear argu-ment in support of the complaint. The suit is brought by Nicholas Theorer, Chas. S. DePothemer, Frederick J. Burt and Wm. J. Barr, who own between them 900 shares DePothemer, Frederick J. Burt and Wm. J. Barr, who own between them 900 shares of common and 2,800 shares of second preferred stock of the East Tennessee Road, and the defendants are the East Tennessee Railroad, Richmond & Danville Railroad, Richmond & West Point Terminal Co., and the directors of all three concerns. and the directors of all three concerns.

WASHINGTON.

The Sackville-West Letter to be Considered in a Cabinet Meeting-A Manof-War Ordered to Hayti-A Watch Presented to Mrs. Cleveland by Workingwomen of Philadelphia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, October 30 .- U. S. Minister Phelps has returned to London from Hatfield House, where he has been in con-sultation with Lord Salisbury, presumably respecting the letters of Minister Sackville-West. The Department of State has received cablegrams from him fully explaining the situation, which will be laid before the Cabinet meeting to-day. For the present information touching the nature of Minister Phelps' communication is with-

WASHINGTON, October 30.—At the British Legation this evening access was denied to all newspaper men, and they were informed that Lord Sackville had nothing to say. An Associated Press reporter managed, however, to have a copy of the report of Secretary Bayard to the President sent to the Minister. After a wait of half an hour Lord Sackville person returned the copy to the waiting reporter and cordially expressed his thanks for having had an opportunity to read the report, which he said he had not seen be-fore. He declined to express any opinion fore. He declined to express any opinion in regard to it, saying "I have nothing to say." "Then you will say nothing about it to-night?" "Nothing, nothing!" answered Lord Sackville. "I am absolutely at quiet." Lord Sackville's face, as he said this, wore a pleasant smile, and he did not seem in the least disturbed at the

turn affairs had taken. Secretary Bayard, when seen to-night, said that there was nothing he could say in addition to what was stated in his report to the President. The Government's ac-tion, he said, constituted a complete sever-ance of our relations with Minister West. The Secretary did not care to enter into eculation as to what Great Britain would do in the matter, or as to when a new minister would be sent here; but Lord Sackville, he said, would no longer be recognized in any event, Secretary Bayard declined absolutely to give out anything in regard to the spirit in which the communications of the United States were received by the British Government. The matter, he said, was the subject of letters or mer total insurance will amount to less than sages between the two parties, and neither he said, had the right to give out the con tents of these communications without the consent of the other. What had taken place between the President and himself he had given to the press, but other corres-pondence he did not feel at liberty to make

WASHINGTON' October 80 .- Mrs. Chas N. Thorpe, wife of the President of the Leystone Watch Case Company, of Philaelphis, called by appointment on Mrs. Cleveland at Oak View to-day, and on behalf of three hundred and fifty women employed by the Company, presented to her a watch, the case of which was made them. In presenting the watch Mrs. Thorpe said: "The women and girls employed in the Keystone Watch Case Fac-tory, in Philadelphia, have made the case of this watch, and beg to present it to Mrs. Grover Cleveland as a specimen of their handicraft. As they thus honor themselves, they would also indicate their ap-preciation of the advanced position the wife of the President has taken toward the workingwomen of America, and express heir gratitude that she has so unfailingly sed her influence in their behalf. That she may ever live as an example to her country women is the prayer of those whose

The Navy Department has been requested by the Secretary of State to send a man-ofwar to Hayti to look after American interests there, which appear to have been jeopardized by the seizure of the American steamer Haytien Republic, at St. Marc, and other disturbing events at Port-au-Prince. At present all of the vessels on the North Atlantic station are laid up in the navy yards for repairs, except the Bos-ton, which is now at some Central American point beyond reach of the telegraph. afforts will be made to communicate with her, and it is expected that the vessel will be able to reach Hayti in a few days.

WASHINGTON, October 29.—Secretary sayard had several conferences with the nt to-day concerning Lord Sackrill's letter and other matters relating to fairs of State. Another message was sent o Minister Phelps to-day, and it is believed that a cablegram was received from him at the Department of State during the afteroon, but nothing can be learned as to the ontents of either.

at the Treasury Department that there has been a decrease of about four million in the public debt during the month of October.

Chairman Randall has issued a call for a meeting of the House Committee on Appropriations on Wednesday, November 21, to begin the preparation of Appropriation bills to be submitted to Congress next session. It is expected that the District of

Columbia Appropriation bill will be first The President will issue a proclamation -morrow, designating Thursday, November 29th next, as a day of thanksgiv-ing and prayer throughout the United

The acting Secretary of the Navy has de-ached Commander Allan D. Brown from duty at the Naval Observatory, and order-ed him to the command of the United States steamer Kearsage, now being re-paired at Norfolk. She will be put in commission as soon as possible and sent to protect American interests in Hayti, which are said to have been endangered by the ac-tion of that government in seizing the steamer Haytien Republic.
The United States steamer Dispatch i

ordered to Norfolk to await further orders. WASHINGTON, Oct. 81 .- Now that Lord Sackville is, by the action taken by the Government of the United States yesterday, no longer minister to this country, the first secretary of the British Legation naturally becomes the official representative of the Government of Great Britain. Mr. Edwards, first secretary, is absent, however, and will not return for some time, so that Mr. Michael Herbert, who was recently made second secretary, is now acting min ister. Herbert recently arrived here from Europe, and is to be married to a lady of New York, who will thus become mistress of the British Legation for a time.

At the British Legation silence is maintained. Lord Sackville refused to see any one to-day, and members of the Legation

who were seen said that all was uncertainty as to his departure from Washing

NEW YORK:

the Sun. New York, October 29 .- Another poli tical sensation was started this afternoon by the *Evening Sun*. By the State law all public offices are ordered closed after twelve o'clock noon on Saturday. Not withstanding this law, the registration offices were kept open last Saturday all day, and over 33,000 persons registered. As it is impossible to separate those who registered before noon from those who registered later, the Sun states that the en-tire list may have to be thrown out. The Sun interviewed fifty of the leading law-yers in the city and, states that they all held that the registration office is a "public office," and within the scope of the Saturday half-holiday law. NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Referring to the

ublished statement to the effect that 38,021 published statement to the effect that 38,021 persons who registered after midday last Saturday will lose their votes because under the State law that portion of Saturday is a half-holiday, Assistant U. S. District Attorney Rose said to-day: "There is nothing in the story. The State law was simply made to cover banks and other fiscal institutions. I contend that boards of reinstitutions. I contend that boards of re-gistration are not public officers within the meaning of the law. The same question was raised in Brooklyn, and it was then decided, or at least it was agreed, that the State law did not affect votes registered on a Saturday half-holiday."

Our Candidate for President. He will be nominated by the convention and will be elected by the people, because he will come the nearest to filling their ideal of a Chief Magistrate. Electric Bitters has been given the highest place, because no other medicine has so well filled the ideal of a perfect tonic and elements. cause no other medicine has so well filled the ideal of a perfect tonic and alterative. The people have indorsed Electric Bitters and rely upon this great remedy in all troubles of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. For all Malarial Fevers and diseases caused by Malarial Poisons. Electric Bitters cannot be too highly recommended. Also cures Headache and Constipation. Satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50c and \$1 at Way H. Granwick Pres. Price 50c and \$1 at Wm. H. Green's Drug

Spirits Turpentine

- Greensboro Patriot: On the lie of the Cape Fear & Yadkın Valley Rall way, between this city and Bennettsvill S. C., there are now in operation 60 the saw mills, pushing the development of lumber business throughout the whole tion, and giving employment to b of a collision of two freight trains Western N. C. R. R., near Bridg Several cars were demolished and a brakeman was killed, being mashe he falling cars.

-- News of Oxford: county has now seventy-four miles of road. There was not an inch o he same territory less than ten The two big railroad systems. & D. and the R. & G.—are fighti other pretty fiercely. Both ran ex-trains from Raleigh to Richaus Tuesday, and advertised extensive train that passed Oxford had eight and was well crowded. The

fare from this point was only \$1.85. - Rockingham Rocket: W glad to learn that Mr. W. A. Web Mangnm, who has been confined house for a year past, is again able out. — Mrs. Louise Powell, aged 32 years, died at her home near I Mills, in this county, on the 16th inst. B maiden name was Manly, a name dist guished in North Carolina history was a sister of the late ex-Governor ( Manly. She was a lady of marked in tual strength, and was highly esteemed er many excellent traits of character

- Pittsboro Home: The Fair was financially a great success in week. The exhibits were only fairly fool as we gather from intelligent with The crowd was very large, the weather very fine and it proved to be a very to joyable time. — The farmers of Chalham have put in a good oat crop, and the are now busily engaged in housing the corn and seeding their wheat and picking out their cotton. The corn crop is ve short. The fall crop of clover and rough food will be scarce before the winter is gone.

- Ashevile, Citizen: Dr. Warder McGill, eminent as a physician, respected as a citizen, beloved as a friend, died at his residence in this city, at 6 o'clock last evening, after an illness of several months. The Methodist Episcopal Church North, has been holding its annual conference during the past week at Clyde Haywood county. An increase of member ship of 1,000 is reported, and also 1.88 Sunday school scholars; and 17 new min. ers were received into the conference, h conference embraces the whole Star North Carolina, and one circuit in 8% Carolina, in which, at Clifton, them annual conference will be held. Bish Fitzgerald presided over the conference

- Charlotte Chronicle: Col. John F. Hoke, of Lincolnton, one of the more prominent lawyers of this section of Nord Carolins, died suddenly at his home, a 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The law bject that his eyes ever rested upon wat Democratic procession. Col. Hoke was patriot in every sense of the word. Be served through the war Mexican as captain and later on at the outbreak of the civil we he was active in raising troops. He fought through the war as Colonel of the 23d \text{\chi} C. Regiment. He was frequently elected to represent his county in the House of Representatives and Senate in the State Legislature, and served with signal ability of the late Wm. J. Yates were conducted yesterday morning from the Tryon Street

dethodist Church, of which the deceased had been a member for a number of year. - Raleigh Recorder: Rev. Wm Turner, of Salem, baptized nine persons his last appointment at New Friendship. Rev. C. J. Woodson, brother to Mn. Gov. Jarvis, is a most active and interesing Baptist preacher, and is doing a gree deal of good work in the western part of North Carolins. - The sad announce ment of the death of Rev. W. W. Wells, d Waynesville, reached us on Monday moning. Bro. Wells died suddenly of apopley on Saturday, October 20th, while attending the session of the Western Baptist Convention at Hominy Church. — Bro. T. Grandy, of N. C., one of the best of me and dearly loved by his brethren, died 0e tober 17th. For years Bro. Grandy ha been in very feeble health, and death came not unexpected. He was in his 65th year.

and was descon of the Oxfo Church since 1849. STATE CAMPAIGN.

good and true man has entered into rest

He was born in Camden county

-Captain Bunn's speech at Chape Hill Saturday is pronounced exceedings strong by most excellent judges and 6m. Cox added to his leurels there.—Raleigh - Judge Fowle, our next Gor-

ernor, addressed the people of Pamlin county at Bayboro yesterday. There were about twelve hundred present and the Judge was in good trim. He was introduced to the large assemblage by W. I. Caho, Esq., and for two hours he held them spell-bound.—New Bern Journal. - MORGANTON, October 27.-Gen Ransom spoke to-day to the largest crow

that has assembled at Morganton since the

joint discussion in 1872. The audiese

was profoundly quiet and attentive for three hours, and Republicans as well

Democrats pronounce his effort one of the ablest and most effective political speechs ever delivered in this county.—Raleigi - On last Friday night, by invi-Steele addressed a very respectable audience n the Town Hall, considering the inelemency of the night. It is needless to us to attampt to give a synopsis even a what he said, but suffice it to say that this

was the speech of the campaign, and on which Col. Steele alone could deliver. Maxton Union. - Politics were rife in the off last night, two big political meetings being in progress at the same time. Cal. Olim H. Dockery and his retinue held forths the mint yard, and Capt. W. H. Kitchin spoke on Independence Square. He saled in under a full head of steam and spots business from the very beginning. He said that he had found the Democra? west of the Blue Ridge as solid as the roo of Gibraltar, and he felt sure that the Democracy on this side of the ridge w equally as solid. Capt. Kitchin closed in the crowd called him back and made in speak for half an hour longer. His speed was a stirring one, and thoroughly sround the Democrats to a sense of their duty-

Charlotte Chronicle. - The reception of Judge For ast night was worthy of the man and il ccssion. As the Trent approached Bern it was greeted with the firing of the non and the cheers of the people. M. Robbins arrived. At 8 o'clock the tinguished visitors were escorted court house where an immense crowd already assembled. As Fowle, Strudwiand Robbins entered they were received Judge Fowle was introduced by Jan Bryan, Esq., in a few appropriate renst and for two hours he dealt sledge hams blows to Republicanism. We cam tempt to follow him through his sp argument. - New Bern Journal.

GEORGIA. Excitement in Atlanta Over the

of George Eddleman, charged with i murder of Tom C. Gresham, returned verdict of acquittal to-day. Gresham, popular railroad man, was shot by Edds man in May last over a trivial discussion. The defence art over a trivial discussion. The defence set up was self-defence verdict was a great surprise, and to-nif public indignation meeting was held a public indignation meeting was held a central point of the city, at which chartcentral point of the city at which chartcentral point of the ci were made against the jurymen. There fears of trouble, and Eddleman has be spirited away by friends. The excited s general.

Bucklen's Arnica Saire. THE BEST SALVE in the world for 0 Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Balt Rheum, Free Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblain Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and politively cures Piles, or no pay required, is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents polytox. For sale by WM. H. GREEN & Co.