SUBSCRIPTION PRICE. The subscription price of the Weekly Star is a

VERY IMPORTANT

During the past two months bills have been mailed to about sixteen hundred subscribers to the WEEKLY STAR. The aggregate amount due on these bills was very large, but the aggregate amount thus far paid is comparatively small.

it is hoped every subscriber in ar rears will read this notice, and that he will forward the amount due us at

It is unjust to the proprietor to read his newspaper without paying for it-fully as much so as for the proprietor of the paper to eat the farmer's chickens and eggs and then fail or refuse to remunerate him.

We thank those of our subscribers who have paid us, and trust this appeal will not be lost on those who have not paid.

REMARKABLE CANDOR.

The National Watchman is an or gan of the Populist party, published in Washington. It might be properly called the organ because it is under the directorship of the Populist Senators and Representatives in Congress, most if not all of whom write more or less for its columns. It is edited with considerable ability, and whacks lustily at both the old parties. It takes par ticular pleasure in swiping the Democratic party, but in the fo lowing extract, which we clip from the issue of last week, it shows a remarkable, almost an as tonishing, amount of candor. We clip and commend it to the thought ful perusal of all Populists in this section who have heretofore acted with the Democratic party.

"The Republican party is building hopes upon a possibility of returning once more to power. In the light of past events this seems extremely visionary. In the South there is nothing for them, and west of the M ssissippi all is lost. The people are not contending against Democracy in order to bring success to the Republican party. Far from it-it would be a case of "jumping fro n the frying-pan into the fire." The more bonds, more banks, more monop oly, more want and less money. The people have not forgotten the cause of much of the present hard times, nor do they forget to place the blame on the Republican party.'

This diagnosis of the Republican party, as far as it goes, is correct, but it doesn't go far enough. Its success means not only all that is stated in this extract but much more, and even of a more objectionable character than that.

It means the continuance of the system of class favoritism which. plunders the many to enrich the few. It means continued extravagant

appropriations, necessitating heavy taxation on the people.

It means more extravagant pension

laws and the shovelling out of the

that victory brings.

debasing of the American people by teaching them to look to the Government for guardianship and protection in their industries when they should take care of themselves.

It means more humbugging of the bug tariff on products of other coun-

people, and of the farmer especially, in the interest of the manufacturer, without giving the people or the farmer anything to compensate them in return.

It means that the same money powers which have shaped the financial policies of the country all the time the Republican party was in power will continue to shape it and hold the money borrowers at their mercy as they have held them at

their mercy. of these powers a contracted volume of currency will be the policy, making money dear and labor and the products of labor cheap.

It means cheap cotton, cheap ground upon which opposition could caped.

THE WEEKLY STAR.

VOL. XXVI.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1894.

wheat, cheap corn, cheap oats, cheap | have been made; but everybody who everything that the farmer depends upon to buy what he needs or to pay

It means high interest on the mortgages the money powers now hold on the farms of the farmers.

It means that thousands of farmers who are still land-owners, by sufferance, owners of mortgagecovered lands, would be compelled to surrender the ownership and become tenants on the acres they once owned, as thousands have already done.

It means continued depression of the farming industry and continued depreciation of the farmers' lands.

It means the continued passing of the property and the substance of the many into the possession of the few, until this country becomes the veritable oligarchy towards which it has been drifting for the past three

It means all this and more, for it means that if necessary to perpetuate its power, if it had the shadow of an excuse, and thought it safe to try it, it would convert this country into a military despotism where the bayonet, and not the ballot, would be supreme.

These are assertions based not on mere surmise or on partisan prejudice, but assertions justified by the history of that party, which can no more change its nature or its habits than a leopard can change its spots or the Ethiopian his skin.

Its existence for the past thirty years has been one of constant aggression upon and antagonism to the people, characterized by trickery and treachery when open defiance might have been dangerous.

Thus it ruled until the people whose eyes were opened after long years of abuse and oppression rose against it and threw it off. If restored to power it would be the same old cur dog with all the old dog's

Wherever the people have had any relief from the impositions and oppressions of this party it has been either through the agency of the Democratic party or from the wholesome fear inspired by the growing power of the Democratic party. And yet the Populists are incited to warfare against the Democratic party, the only effect of which would be to ultimately restore the Republican party to power and forever defeat the reforms that the Populist leaders profess to be struggling for. If they were sensible and honest, those of them, at least, who live in the South would join hands with the Democratic party and make cause with it against the party which, as the Watchman says, has been "the cause of much (it might have said all) of the hard times.'

MINOR MENTION

There is considerable discrepancy

between the reports of the commer-

cial papers and those of the United States Department of Agriculture as to the yield of grain, cotton and other crops which form commercial factors of importance. The reports of the Department are generally much below the reports of the commercial papers. The latter are more likely to be correct, for they have a better system and more reliable methods of procuring returns, and re presenting the commercial classes, as they do, there is more reason why to the country as well as towns. No they should take pains to be as accu rate as possible. But even with the best directed effort, these reports It means continued bankruptcy of from whatever source they come, can the Treasury to make an excuse for only be approximate. Sometimes issuing bonds to favored rings and they get pretty near it and at others they are considerably off. There Is a good deal taken for granted in all of them, and a good deal of speculapeople's money to purchase popular- tion in all, figures based on comparity with the soldiers and command ative acreage and comparative yield which if confined to a It means keeping up and intensify- limited area might come pretty ing the sectional feeling which was near the mark, but when cov gradually disappearing, arraying one ering an area as large as the United section against the other, and all for States may prove very misleading. political advantage and the spoils The methods of securing returns by the Department of Agriculture are It means more demoralizing and defective for the reason that most of this work is done by State and county correspondents gratuitously. (the State agent receiving only a small compensation), and as these cannot afford to give much time or labor to the preparation of their refarmers of the country by giving ports there is always a large amount them a mock protection, with a hum- of guess work in them, and to keep on the safe side the Department comtries for which we have but little use pilers of the State Agents, reports, and of which we import little or none. | make due allowance for this and It means continued plunder of the strike a balance on the lower rather than on the higher figures. Every State ought to have a system of its own for gathering these crop statistics and should co-operate with the United States Department of Agriculture to secure as much accuracy

as possible. Senator Hill has scored victory number two over the administration in securing the rejection of W. H. Peckham, who had been nominated for Associate Justice of the Supreme It means that under the influence | Court in place of Hornblower, rejected. As in the case of Hornblower the fight against Peckham was made on the ground of unfitness for the position. This is the only

knows anything about the situation knows that the fight against the nominations was made by Senator Hill because the nominees were personally objectionable to him. They may not have been qualified for the position, but the probabilities are that they were; but whether or not Mr. Hill had made up his mind to defeat Peckham as he had Hornblower and for the same reasonantagonism to him. As he regarded these appointments as an affront to him, he took the only way he could of effectually resenting it by preventing confirmation. In order to do this, however, he had to go outside of his own party and depend for his main strength on the votes of Republican Senators who gave him their votes more for the purpose of making wider the breach between the Democratic factions in the State of New York. Possibly the President may go outside of the State of New York for his next nominee and it is to be hoped he will, for the Democracy of the country is pretty well disgusted with diamond cut

diamond business. A Petersburg, Va., telegram tells of a shocking case of the burial of a lady while still alive. The supposed corpse was sent there from some other place for interment, and her husband having no lot of his own in the cemetery had the body temporarily buried in the lot of a frlend. Recently in removing the body for reinterment, the husband had the coffin opened and found the body with the face downward and hands clasped in the hair. If the grave could tell its story it would tell of thousands of human beings who are buried alive.

That legacy of \$20,000 which old Mr. Bowers left when dying several years ago to Henry George to propagate his single tax theory, and which has been in the courts ever since, has been frittered down to \$200, the rest of it having gone to the lawvers and to pay court costs. In the meantime the widow of Bowers, with whom Mr. George proposed to divide it, and who was not a party to the proceedings in the courts, died in an almshouse. Law is supposed to promote the ends of justice, but the laws get pretty badly twisted some-

The Boston Herald says the Republicans in the Senate will not resort to obstruction to prevent the passage of the Wilson bill, but will content themselves with speaking and voting against it. There were some of the Western Senators who would not go into the filibuster business, because their constituents want some tariff reform and favor an in-

The Chicago Inter Ocean remarks that "Secretary Hoke Smith is letting up on pensioners and devoting his time to cleaning out 'Republican rascals." Well, ain't they "pensioners?" But for the comfort of the Secretary it is to be hoped that he has put in a good supply of disinfectants while this "cleaning out" business is going on.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean declares that when the Republican party gets back into power it will re-enact the election laws and make them apply doubt it would do that and a good deal more devilment besides. But there is fortunately a "when" in this

According to the reports of the Texas Agricultural Department the value of an acre of cotton is \$15.36 of corn, \$8.94; of wheat, \$11.88, and of sweet potatoes, \$50.24 This being so it seems to us that the Texas farmer should show a good deal more regard for that tuber-than he

Mayor Gilroy, of New York, is the proud proprietor of a Cork cat, or a cat from Cork, Ireland, which is the same thing. It was presented to him by the Mayor of Cork. Here is a chance for the New York Sun to get another office cat.

The gold brick victim still continues to come to the front occasionally. The last is a Michigan widow who presented at the Philadelphia mint two big chunks of copper for which she had paid \$6,000 spot cash, and expected to get \$30,000. Attempt to Raise Money on a Forged

A bold attempt to pass a forged check on the Atlantic National Bank was made yesterday morning by a young man, a stranger in the city. He called at the bank and asked for a blank check, which was given him, and he left the building. Soon afterwards, however, he returned and presented a check to the cashier for \$12.25, payable to the order of Sam Batson, with the name of B. F. Mitchell & Son as payers and endorsed on the back "Samuel Batson." Mr. Toomer, the cashier, had his suspicions aroused, and asking the young man to wait a few moments, sent a messenger to Messrs. Mitchell & Sons to ask if they had drawn the check. The stranger, in the meantime, remarking that he could not wait but would return, walked out of the bank and esATLANTIC COAST LINE. IMPORTANT DECISION.

Still Increasing Its Facilities-A New Arrangement for Fast Trough Breights

-The A. C. D. as a Factor. The Atlantic Coast Line system has just made an addition to its freight serrice into this city, which will prove of great advantage and convenience to many of its patrons. For a number of years the Atlantic Coast Line has been operating out of Charleston to New York and the North on all rail fast freight service. This service was originated for the expeditious handling of the truck and fruit crops of Charleston and the South, and was known as the Atlantic Coast Line Despatch, With each succeeding season this service has been expanded and improved, keeping pace with the developement the industries which produced until finally it has reached point of usefulness and perfection upon which it would be difficult to improve. Until the present season, however, this special service has been confined to a northward going schedule, but lately it having become apparent that the demand for a similar service from the North to the South was daily becoming more and more urgent, the Atlantic Coast Line determined to effect its establishment. Carload lots of freight have, of course, always come straight from the North, but where the shipments of freight were in smaller consignments harassing delays have often occurred: It was to obviate the continuation of this condition of affairs that the Atlantic Coast Line system has established a through freight service from New York. Freight under the new regulation, no matter how small the consignment, is rushed straight through from the North and reaches Charleston without stop over or delay. When one of the cars in this new service leaves pier 27, no matter if it contains but one package of freight, it comes straight to Charleston. The advautages which will accrue to the merchants of this city are easily seen. Merchandise can now be ordered from New York in small lots with the certainty that it will reach the city almost as quickly by freight as it would by express.

The Atlantic Coast Despatch on its part has established a line of refrigerator cars out of New York for Charleston, the service being designed to furnish the safest and most expeditious transportation for all southward going perishable freight. These cars will prove of especial advantage to the large shippers of apples, butter and other perishable

gone into effect, and it is said that they are being received with many marks of approbation by merchants.

WILMINGTON IS INTERESTED.

mportance of Good Roads to the Trade of a City-Wilmington Needs Two or

Mr. John Sinnot, a prominent citizen of Paducah, Ky., thinks one of the great causes of the prosperity of his State generally and his city especially is the excellent system of country roads the State has built and is building. Says he We utilize our convicts by making them work upon our roads. Take the city in which I live, for instance, and the good results of this idea are apparent. We have four big pikes or macadamized and well-graded roads running out from the city. On a rainy day when the farmer can't plow he'll hitch up his team, put a hogshead of tobacco or a load of corn on his wagon and come to town. In most sections of the United States he could'nt get to town on a rainy day with a loaded wagon on account of saves a whole day, saves his team and his wagon and his temper, and the town merchants get the benefit of his trade.' This question is worthy of the serious consideration of the people of Wilming ton. Our merchants need all the country trade they can get, and a system of good roads is a long step in that direc-

ROCKY MOUNT.

Death of Mr. Samuel E. Westray-His Estate Estimated at About \$250,000. [Star Correspondence.]

ROCKY MOUNT, February 16 .- Mr. Samuel E. Westray, of Nash county, living about six miles from Rocky Mount, at the old homestead place, died yesterday evening at 6 o'clock. He was and had been in delicate health for a considerable length of time, and at this attack was only sick about ten or twelve days. His aversion to taking medicine was so strong he delayed taking till too late, when the system ceased to respond to the medicine; hence heart failure was the result, of which he died. Mr Westray was a man of considerable wealth, his estate being computed by some to be worth half a million dol lars, which is rather a high estimate. The estate will doubtless not reach or be more than \$250,000, composed of U. S. bonds and bonds of various paying corporations in the South and Northwest, and railroad bonds. He left a will making a disposition of two or three small portions of his estate and leaving the rest of the estate to be settled by law to the nearest kin, with Thos. H.

There are a great many heirs. The Battles of Edgecombe are the principal Westray will be missed by his neighborhood and especially by the poor class, there being good many surrounding He was very charitable to them. No one was ever refused to have their wants satisfied, especially when provisions were

The burial will take place at home in the family burying ground, where all the grandparents and parents were placed.

Glence Stock Farm.

Yesterday was "Onslow Day" at Glenoe Stock Farm. There was a good attendance of people from the surrounding country. The festivities began at 2 o'clock p. m. with games and trials of speed on the new exercising track connected with the farm. The judge's stand was handsomely decorated with the National colors and yacht signals. The tug-of-war and potato race were especially amusing. The celebration was under the direction of Col. H. A. Whiting. Mr. Thos. A. McIntire and a large party of New York friends were in attendance in his handsome four-in-hand. The day will be an annual observance

- Series 5 and 6 of the Stoddard Art Album will be announced in a week or ten days. Those who have not already ordered the Four Series now running should order them at once.

AFFECTING INTERESTS OF CREDITORS OF BANK OF NEW HANOVER.

Rendered by Judge Geo. H. Brown, of the Superior Court in the Suit of the First National Bank of Richmond, Va., Against Receivers of the Bank of New Hanover.

His Honor Judge Geo. H. Brown has rendered decision in the case of the First National Bank of Richmond, Va., vs. Junius Davis, receiver of the Bank of New Hanover at Wilmington, and Jas. A. Leak, receiver of the branch of said bank at Wadesboro. The case was argued at the last term of the Superior Court for this county by Thos. W. Strange and Iredell Meares, Esqs., for plaintiff, and Hon. George Davis, E. S. Martin and Geo. Rountree, Esqs., for defendants. Plaintiff sought to establish a preference over general creditors against assets of the Bank of New Hanover, for collections made by the latter for the Richmond bank under instructions to collect and remit the amount of co'lections. Judge Brown has decided that the plaintiff is not entitled to preference, and an appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court. There are eight or ten of these suits pending, involving in all, between seventy-five thousand and one hundred thousand dollars.

The following is the text of Judge Brown's decision, as received by Col. Ino. D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court, yesterday.

This cause came on to be heard at the above term of Court. By consent the jury trial was waived of record and the Court found the facts.

Defendant Davis is the receiver of

the Bank of New Hanover at Wilmington, and defendant Leak is receiver of a branch of said bank at Wadesboro. The Bank of New Hanover at Wilmington received drafts, notes and other evidences of debt daily from the plaintiff for collection, charging therefor oneeighth of one per cent. for all collections on Wilmington, and one-fourth of one per cent. on all collections outside of Wilmington, and agreed to remit daily. The said agreement is contained in a series of letters tacked together and marked exhibit "A". In pursuance of that agreement the Bank of New Hantions from the plaintiff, each collection when forwarded being accompanied by

a letter similar to that hereto attached and marked exhibit "B". Said bank collected and remitted daily generally. The letters from the plaintiff to said bank enclosing said collections sued for in this action, run from May 21, 1893 to June 14, 1893, and are 22 in number The Clerk will send up a copy of one or more of these letters as may be desired by counsel. The Bank of New Hanover made an assignment and receivers were appointed June 19, 1893. The cashier, W. L. Smith, had no knowledge that the Bank of New Hanover was insolvent until it failed. The plaintif kept no deposit account for the Bank of New Hanover, and the Bank of New Hanover kept no regular deposit account for the plaintiff. time of its failure the Bank of Hanouer had received for plaintiff the sum of \$12,286.92. Of this sum \$146.11 was received in actual money and the remainder of the said

sum was received in checks on the Bank of New Hanover and The Atlantic National Bank. A statement is filed herewith marked exhibit "C," showing the dates of the said collections and how they were paid. The clerk will send up a copy of the same with the transcript. The plaintiff had no knowledge of the insolvent condition of the Bank of New Hanover. The Bank of New Hanover following the invariable custom of all banks, kept its receipts from collections and all other moneys received by it mixed together in one general fund. It is impossible to identify any part of the funds collected by the said Bank of New Hanover for the plaintiff after it is received by the Bank of New Hanover. Said bank was engaged in receiving and paying out constantly, so that the money in its vaults changed daily. Collections were frequently made by other banks by taking the drawees check on the Bank o New Hanover in payment therefor and said bank frequently received drafts and foreign exchange in payment for collections. The collections sued for in this action were received within 30 days be-

fore the Bank of New Hanover sus-

The following testimony is herewith sent; the statements being found by the Court as facts in the case. Chas. Bowles testified-Was clerk in Bank of New Hanover. When it failed there were many collections which had been made and not remitted. Collections began to be withheld and remained unremitted from about June 6, 1893. About May 23, 1893, exacted the 30 days notice on four per cent. deposit certificates. There was no mutual account kept between the plaintiff and the Bank of New Hanover. plaintiff, collected for only \$146.11 was collected in actual money, of which \$53 was paid June 6, 1893, and \$93.11 on June 15, 1893. The remainder of said sum collected by checks on Bank of New Hanover and other banks. Some of the amount represents collections sent us by plaintiff and sent to out of town banks and collected by them and placed to the credit of the Bank of New Hanover. When the Bank of New Hanover failed it had on hand \$11,000 in currency, about \$14,000 in silver and some little gold. Up to the day it failed it received dally and paid out daily large sums of money. From June 1, 1893, to June 19, 1893, a cash balance in the vaults of the bank at the close of each day's business exceeded the amount of collections due the plaintiff bank. When we took checks on the Atlantic National Bank, it being a bank in the city of Wilmington, we did not collect them at once in money. Every afternoon we had a settlement and our bank surrendered all checks it had on the Atlantic National and that bank surrendered all checks it had on

the Bink of New Hanover, and the bank against whom the balance was A joint meeting of the County Com-Clement Dowd testified: I am State Bank Examiner. Shortly after its failure I examined the books and assets of the Bank of New Hanover. Found it very largely insolvent. Think its assets will pay 50 or 60 per-cent. of its debts. A great many worthless notes; think it had been insolvent for some time before its failure. This condition had existed evidently much longer than thirty days before its suspension. Stock worthless. Banks do not keep money in separate lots; it is all mixed and kept together in Federal Point. \$200. the vault. Collections are frequently made by banks receiving in payment therefor checks on itself. Branch Bank of Wadesboro examined by me. It had

much more than solvent." Junius Davis, receiver, testified: At the time of the failure of the Bank of | Sprunt & Son.

New Hanover it was indebted for collecions made for other banks and individuals in the sum of \$175,000, which had not been remitted. It is indebted con deposit accounts to depositors subject to check \$266,000. It is indebted of account of 4 per cent, deposit certifi-cates, upon which notice may be demanded, in the sum of \$418,000. Suits have been commenced against me as receiver in which the plaintifis claim pref

erences on account of collections made or them aggregating \$73,000. The Court is of opinion as follows-as matter of law:

1. It being impossible to identify the lleged trust fund arising from the proceeds of collections and to separate the same, the defendants, Davis and Leak, cannot be declared trustees for the benefit of the plaintiff as prayed for in the

2. That the plaintiff has no equitable ien upon the assets of the Bank of New Hanover for the proceeds of collection made by said bank for the plaintiff, and is entitled to no other relief except to prove its debts, which is herein admitted and has not been denied, and then to share in the pro rata distribution of the funds of the Bank of New Hanover along with other creditors. Wherefore it is adjudged that this ac-

ion be dismissed and the defendants re-Brown, Judge. Appealed to Supreme Court by plain-Notice waived. Bond fixed at \$25. BROWN, Judge.

MARINE DISASTERS

Barque Newlight Wrecked on Bogue Beach-Two Unknown Schooners Sunk on Lookout Shoals

A telegram to the STAR last night, her child and alimony. Mr. and Mrs rom Beautort, N. C., says: "During last night's gale the barque Newlight, Capt Avis, lumber laden, from Savannah and bound to Philadelphia, was stranded on Bogue beach, twelve miles west of here. The crew were saved

The vessel is a total loss. "Pilots report seeing the masts of two schooners, sunk on the outer diamond of Lookout shoals."

There have been heavy gales along the coast for several days, and doubtless many disasters to shipping will be reported.

Capt. Pickwith. of the schooner A. H. Howe at Charleston, S. C, from New

York, reports: On Sunday February 11th, off Hatteras, heading S. W. hall W., eight miles distant, passed a sunken three-masted schooner of about 500 tons in 12 fathoms of water, mastheads out of water. The mastheads were bright; topmast heads painted white; blue flag at mizzentopmast; head fore and mizzen topsail gone; main topsail hanging over the spring stay; peak halyard blocks gone rom mastheads, topmast rigging, spring stay and headstay's wire. Going around Hatteras we saw a sunken steamer. The mast was half out of water.

THE NEWBERN FAIR.

The State Exhibit from Chicago Arrived -Stock and Poultry Show on a Large Scale-Agricultural Exhibits Will be Received Until the Opening.

[Special Star Correspondence.] NEWBERN, N. C, Feb. 15, 1894.—The schooner Melvin, Capt. Elijah Lufton, arrived yesterday with a cargo of bananas and cocoanuts from the West Indies. She was only ten days out from Dominique.

The State's Chicago exhibit arrived ast night and will be arranged at once in the space allotted at the Fair grounds. The stock of Col. J. S. Carr, of Durham, and the large variety of poultry from Mr. Hege's Alamance yards are expected on the same train. The secretary had to decline entries of several orses yesterday for the races, the time having expired, and the forty head al-

done justice to The sale of season tickets yesterday mounted to three hundred and eightyfive. When it is considered what a rainy day it was this was an exceptionally good day's work, and is in excess of what has been heretofore done. Agricultural exhibits will be received till the pening. No fakirs, with their robber games, will be allowed on the grounds, and the country swain will not be

The publication of Fair news by the STAR is much appreciated here, and when the mail route is established over the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk road so that the paper can reach here at noon, Newbern will reciprocate the cour-A. HATCHETT.

3. A. L.-Important Changes. The Atlanta Journal notes some important changes in the freight and passenger departments of the Seaboard Air

Mr. H. W. B. Glover was made general freight agent. This appointment has not been unexpected, for Mr. Glover as division freight and passenger agent has long been regarded as one of the most efficient officers of the Seaboard Air Line. His promotion comes as a recognition of faithful services. Mr. T. . Anderson was appointed general passenger agent. He has much arduous work in his new position, but he has long been known as a most competent railroad man. Mr. W. L. O'Dwyer takes the place of division freight and passenger agent left vacant by the appointment of Mr. Glover. Mr. O'Dwyer has been in Mr. Glover's piace for some time and has given great satisfaction The first named officers will have their headquarters in the future in Portsmouth. Va., while Mr. O'Dwyer holds in Atlanta.

The Washington correspondent of the Charlotte Observer says :

All reasonable doubt as to Collector Simmons' confirmation has been removed. It is believed that only Senator Vance, of the Democratic members of the Finance Committee, will vote against him in committee when the report is finally made on that Senator's return from Florida. Mr. Simmons, who leaves for North Carolina to-night, says he feels bsolutely sure of his confirmation

missioners and Supervisors of county roads was held yesterday at the court house, to consider the matter of improving roads in the county. After discussion, and upon recommendation the Commissioners voted

an appropriation of \$1,500 to be used in the repairing and improvement of the highways, as follows: For Harnett township, \$600; Cape Fear township, \$400; Masonboro, \$300;

- The German barque Anna Schwalbe cleared yesterday for Queensgood surplus, was in fine condition and town, with 3,281 bales of cotton, valued at \$122,900, shipped by Messrs. Alex. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Chatham Record: We regret to hear of the death of Capt. W. W. Matthews, which occurred at his residence at Siler City, on last Friday night, in the eightieth year of his age.

- Fayetteville Observer: Mr. Wm. McArthur, son of Mr. John F. McArthur, a highly esteemed citizen of this county, while fighting forest fires about seven miles west of this city Friday evening, was instantly killed by a falling tree.

NO. 15

FINE LINEN, BUT SOILED.

His Wife for Divorce on the Ground of

Falsifler, an Habitual Drunkard and

Adultery-Her Answer Makes Him

a Brute-An Asheville Failure and

[Special to Charlotte Observer.]

ASHEVILLE, February 14 .-- Mrs

Emily C. Lyman, wife of Theodore B.

Lyman, Jr., has filed an amended an

swer to the complaint of the latter in his

suit for divorce, which is pending in the

Superior Court. In the complaint

adultery, naming Claude Prescott, an

artist, as co-respondent. Mrs. Lyman

denies the allegation, and charges

her husband with cruel and in-

human treatment. She further alleges that plaintiff has been since their

marriage "an habitual drunkard,

confining his habits of drinking

entirely to his own home, and

the vulgarities of his drunken and be-

sotten condition to his wife." She says

further that Lyman charged her with

adultery "upon information imparted t

him by his brother, A. J. Lyman; that i

afterward came to her knowledge that

she was being slandered in the Cosmo

politan Club in Asheville by her hus-

band, aided by A. J. Lyman;" and that

she then "called her busband to account

and he broke down and confessed his

villainy, and for the first time since their

marriage apologized and declared his

entire belief in her innocence and in em-

phatic terms condemned the perfidy of

his brother, A. J. Lyman." The de

fendant asks separation, the custody of

Lyman were married in Richmond, Va.

January, 1886, and formerly lived on the

magnificent Tahkeeostee estate near

A GAY DECEIVER.

Matrimonial Adventures of Frank Jen-

kins, of Valdosta, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Sta

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., February 15 -

A special to the Times-Union from Ocala

says: Several months ago Frank Jen-

kins, of Valdosta, Ga., eloped with a

young woman of that place, deserting his

wife and babies. Jenkins and his paramour

came to Lake Weir, Fla., where they

passed as Mr. and Mrs. Denkins, Den-

kins soon deserted the young lady and

came to Ocala, where he ingratiated him-

self into the affections of Miss Myra

Fancher, a highly respected young lady,

and married her. To-day Denkins alias

Jenkins was recognized by a gentleman

fled. His latest wife has sworn out

RECEIVERS APPOINTED

For the Leaksville (N. C.) Mills and the

By Telegraph to the Moraige Sta

Chester (S. C.) Manufacturing Co.-Fail-

NEW YORK, February 17 .- A specia

from Raleigh, N. C., to an evening paper

says the attorney for the Bank of Reids

uille, N. C., the Planters' National Bank

of Danville, and the Peoples' Nationa

Bank of Lynchburg, Va., in a sui

against the Leaksville (N. C.) cotton and

poollen mills, in behalt of themselve

and all other creditors, obtained an order

esterday appointing Hiram Ford, o

opray, N. C., receiver of that corpora-

tion. There being a quantity of raw

material on hand, the order directs the

reciver to continue the operation of the

Upon the application of unsecure

creditors to the amount of \$28,000, the

Chester Manufacturing Company of

Chester, S. C., has been placed in the

hands of 5. Jones, as temporary re-

ceiver. There are two mortgages against

the company for \$50,000 each. The mills

have been running for some time under

an arrangement with Woodward, Bald-

win & Co., of New York, who handle its

F. P. Mainnaugh, a large dry goods

merchant of Asheville, N. C., has as-

signed. Liabilities \$20,000; assets \$30.

000. Preferred creditors to the amount

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Increase in Receipts from Internal Revenu

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The official

statement of the receipts from internal

current fiscal year shows a decrease of

of \$12,265,784 as compared with the cor-

responding period of 1893. The princi-

pal sources of internal revenue were

Spirits, \$47.862,322, a decrease of \$9,319,

964; tobacco, \$16,482,149, a decrease of

\$2,787,436; fermented liquors, \$18,565,-

568, a decrease of \$318,848, and misce

laneons, \$83,136, a decrease of \$26,177

The aggregate receipts for January

1894, were \$859,709 less than for January

A FORGER ARRESTED

Evansville, Indians-He is Wanted

Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

EVANSVILLE, IND., Feb. 17-E.

Kent was arrested here last night for

having obtained money on a forged

check. It was drawn on the Louisville

Kentucky, Bank of Commerce and signed

by J. S. Kent, Karl Zerter, manager of

the Sherwood house, endorsed it and he

Investigation shows that Kent worker

s the victim who will lose the money.

He is badly wanted at Richmond, Vi

ginia, and was run out of Covington

by a vigilance committee. Checks for

TWINKLINGS.

- "Was it a regular old-fashioned

"Pooh, no; there was enough left over

to make a good full meal after every one

had left the table."-Chicago Inter-Ocean.

- Miss Lucinda (aged 49)-Just

Miss Lou (aged less than 49)-They

ust have been your brothers."-Boston

- Tommie-Papa, when people

sell things by the pound, do they ever

Tommie-Then how do they weigh

- Little Tommy-Oh, mamma, we

have got a new girl at our school whom

The National Woman's Suffrage Con-

vention has decided to hold its next an-

nual meeting in Atlanta. Atlanta had

for its champions Miss Augusta Howard

and Miss Maxwell. Miss Maxwell said

that a woman's convention was regarded

we call postscript.

"Why so my darling?"

"Because her name is Adaline Moore."

Papa-Certainly not, my boy.

fish?-Harper's Young People.

think! As I was going home yesterday

over \$10,000 were found on him.

ionation party?"

weigh the scales?

Life and Fabric.

Budget.

three men spoke to me

products. They will resist the appoint

ment of a permanent receiver.

ot \$8,000.

mills until this is worked up.

a warrant for bigamy,

ure at Asheville, N. C.

Asheville.

Lyman charges Mrs. Lyman

Thirteen Club.

Theo. B. Lyman, Jr., of Asheville,

- Kinston Free Press: Mr. J. O. Sutton and Mrs. Ava Register obtained judgment against Mr. Jno. R. Phillips last week for selling without standard weights. The judgment covered four cases, and the penalty of \$40 in each case goes to the informants. This time it cost Mr. Phillips \$160 and costs. There were two or three similar cases against Mr. Phillips several months ago.

- Charlotte Observer: Mr. C. H. Cheek, who came here several weeks ago from Florida to bring his son's remains for re-interment, was yesterday brought here a corpse himself. After burying his son he went from here to Rockingham where his wife lives. He started drinking, and it is said drank five gailons of whiskey in two weeks. Death was the result.

- Smithfield Herald: The house in which court was being held at Lillington, Harnett county, last week, was burned last Friday morning at 2 o'clock. The court papers and record were lost. - News came to us of a young lady who went to a place and stole a suit of clothes and then stole the young man to whom they belonged. She carried him to a magistrate and they were married.

- Wilson Advance: Last Thursday night a prisoner by the name of Mc-Queen was set upon by the other prisoners in jail, and given a genteel beating with a leathern throng. The matter was brought up the next morning in Court. and Judge Braum ordered the Grand Jury to investigate the matter and see if a true bill could be brought in against the jailer for allowing such an instrument to be used there.

- Goldsboro Headlight: Owing to the short crop of rice made by our armers last year, the rice mills here has already closed down for the season, -Owing to the prevailing low price of cotton, our farmers are justly disgusted with the "fleecy staple," and same think of abandoning its raising altogether. -The death of Mrs. George Taylor occurred at her home, near this city, Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, after a lingering illness of consumption, aged 82

- Maxton Scottish Chief: Old Mrs. James Campbell, who lives at Wooton's Mill, a few miles over the line in Richmond county, died last Friday evening, of pneumonia, aged 76 years, - Miss Susan McDonald and another young lady, of Rockingham, who went out riding recently, met with a painful accident. Miss McDonald's horse became frightened and started to run and she being unable to check him jumped from his back, and in striking the ground broke the bone of her right

- Raleigh News and Observer: Gov. Carr has offered a reward of \$100 for the capture of Gaither I. Johnson, who killed Frank Meyers in Wilkes county. He has also offered \$100 each for the capture of William and John West, who are wanted for the murder of Frank Newell in Cumberland. United States Marshal Carroll has issued commissions to the following deputy marshals: George Field of Henderson, W. B. Boyd of Newbern, Jesse H. Crantham of Goldsboro, C. V. Robinson of Beaufort, Alex. McMillan of Lumber Bridge, E. A. Carter of Plymouth, W. W. Neal of Odell, and Thos. O. Bunting of Wilmington.

- Monroe Enquirer: On Monday night Mr. Walter Pistole left here on the through freight for Abbeville, S. C. At Abbeville he attempted to alight from the train before it stopped and missed his footing and fell under the moving train. His body was mangled most horribly, and the sad news was immediately conveyed to his mother that her boy, who had left home but a few hours be fore in the best of health, was now a mangled corpse. --On the 5th inst... Mr. B. B. Nelson, of Jackson township. had the misfortune to lose his dwelling and all his outbuildings by fire. There was no one at home when the house caught on fire and nothing whatever was

- Charlotte News : Cabarrus county is again marching to the front with some large specimens of gold, which were found within the last few days. Messrs, Will Burleyson and I. D. Conner have been finding lots of it on the latter's farm near Flow's store. One piece which they picked up weighed sixty pennyweights. The surface which they are working has long been known to be rich, and is near a vein which was worked with great profit, in the years gone by. Capt. John H. Turner, of Cabarrus county, is in the gold business now on his farm near Smith's Ford. He recently found a nugget of 160 pennyweights. This gold was found on a spot that no one ever dreamed of gold being on. Mr. Turner is still working his mine

with profit.

82 years old.

-Wadesboro Messenger-Intelligener: On Sunday afternoon, the 4th inst., Mr. Shepherd Lee, an aged citizen of Burnsville township, left his home for a ramble over the neighborhood, as had been his custom for a long time. Mr. Lee lost his mind about a year ago, and this had been his daily occupation, in every sort of weather, since that time. He did not return home at all Sunday night. which was cold and windy. Search was not instituted for him until Monday morning. He was found shortly after sunrise on that morning sitting in the cow lot of Mr. J. A. Avitt, about one mile from his own residence. He had lost both his hat and his shoes and could give no accout whatever of his wanderings. He was taken home, where he died last Friday, from the effects of the exposure, it is supposed. Mr. Lee was

- Weldon News: This community was greatly shocked Monday when it was learned that Rev. S. A. Adams, Presiding Elder of the Warrenton district, had suddenly fallen asleep Jesus, at the residence of Mr. W. T. Whitfield. The deceased had been sick for some days, but was up and about his room a few hours before the summons came. Mr. Adams was one of the best known and most beloved of the ministers of the North Carolina Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church. South, having joined the Conference in 1852. He was about 65 years of age, - Mr. J. A. Chanler and Mr. W. C. Maxwell, of New York, were here last week and went to look around at Great Falls, These gentlemen have recently purchased an interest in the water-power there, and it is rumored that their visit was for the purpose of lncating the sites for two factories which they expect to build. It is also said that Mr. Gwathney, civil engineer of the Seaboard Air Line, has been notified to make a survey from Grert Falls to the R. & G. railroad, a distance of two miles, for the purpose of building a track down to the falls. — The cotton acreage will be considerably decreased this year. The farmers will go in for small grain, corn and

meat. - To think of religion in any other sense than as a state of self-denial is knowing nothing at all of it; for its whole nature is to direct us by a light, and knowledge and wisdom from God, which is all contrary to the darkin the South as a curiosity and to bring the Woman's Suffrage Convention to the South would bring women together ness, ignorance and folly of our natures. from all over that section of the country,