

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



For President: WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska. For Vice-President: ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois. For Congress, Sixth District: JOHN D. BELLAMY, of New Hanover.

STRETCHING A CLAUSE

The leaders of the Republican party have never felt bound by the constitution of the United States when it was in the way of the accomplishment of anything they had determined upon. That party began its life, so to speak, at war with the constitution, and it has been at war with it more or less ever since. It warred upon the constitutional right of the Southern slave owners to take their slaves into the territories, and it ignored the constitutional right of their owners to have fugitive slaves returned to them from the free States into which they escaped, and they had societies organized and "underground railways," as they were called, to assist in the flight and escape of slaves, all in violation of the constitutional rights of slave owners. The leading agitators of the Republican party not only admitted this, but gloried in it, and that was one of the principal causes of the war between the North and the South. Having no constitutional authority to make war upon sovereign States, when the South seceded, they practically declared the constitution suspended and exercised the war making power on the supreme law of self-preservation or "higher law," which Mr. Seward discovered. A party which began its career at conflict with the constitution could not be expected to have much respect for it, never had and has not now.

During the war the constitution was utterly ignored; they did what they wanted to do and justified it by "necessity, which knows no law." When they wanted money to pay war expenses and run the government they printed paper and made it a legal tender for all debts, save customs on imports, and they found their pretended authority for that in the clause giving Congress the power to "coin" money and regulate the value thereof. To print, they said, meant to coin and thus by a coined definition of a word they got rid of the difficulty. Thus the Republican party gave us the greenback, that thing which they have since characterized as the "endless chain," of which they were and are so anxious to get rid.

After the war when they could no longer justify their ignoring of the constitution by the necessity plea of preserving "the life of the nation" they found it necessary to ignore it to preserve the Republican party, and the scheme of reconstruction began in utter disregard of the constitution. The whole scheme of reconstruction, the emancipation of the slaves, the enfranchisement of white men, the rule of military strata, and numerous other things they did were entirely without constitutional warrant; they knew it, and never pretended seriously that they had any authority for it. They had the power and that is all they wanted to know.

When they wanted to establish the high tariff protective system for the benefit of the Republican manufacturers and others of the North they stretched the "general welfare clause" and pretended they found their authority under that. Under that same clause an immense amount of devilement has been done for they found that it was elastic enough to permit almost anything to be done under it, such as establishing high tariff, giving bounties to railroads, bounties to ships and numerous other things that took millions of dollars annually out of the pockets of the American people.

So now when they are defied to find any constitutional authority for forcible expansion and adopting a colonial system, they took it for granted that the expanding has been accomplished, the colonies practically established, they cite that clause of the constitution which gives Congress the power to make all rules and regulations respecting the territory and other property of the United States as authority for what they are doing. They stretch this clause to cover all creation and justify the establishment of a system supported by bayonets, which was as far from the thoughts of the men who framed

that constitution as one thing can be from another. They were looking in territory, property of the United States, contiguous to us, and out of which States might be made, territory which would be inhabited by our own people and others from other countries. The men who framed that clause had no more idea that it would be stretched to cover colonies across the seas, colonies acquired by fraud and force, too than they had that it would be used to justify the establishment of an empire under the flag in one part of the globe and a Republic in another. There is a vast difference between making rules and regulations respecting territory and other property of the United States and ruling subjugated people in remote lands, and holding them under the flag with powder and shot. The fathers certainly never thought of that when they framed that clause, but then they never thought we would have such interpreters as the Republican statesmen have proved themselves to be.

IS THIS HONEST?

In reply to the charge made by Mr. Bryan in his Pawnee, Nebraska, speech, that the administration was not honest in its opposition to the 16 to 1 ratio, as shown by the fact that it is daily coining silver dollars at that ratio, Secretary Gage comes to the front with the following statement in defence of the administration: "While it is true that we are coining silver dollars now at the ratio of 16 to 1, every working day in the year, we are coining the silver dollar of the Government for Government account and not for the silver owner and for his account. The Republican party has made objection to the ratio of 16 to 1 in the coinage of silver as now carried on for the Government for the benefit of all the people, the profit going to the Government for the general benefit, and not to the holders of silver bullion."

Notice the plea behind which he takes refuge and tries to defend his action. He holds that the "fifty cent" dollar is a fraudulent dollar, and yet he justifies coining it because the Government, or all the people get the benefit of the fraud, and not merely the silver owners. How can not all the people get the benefit of the fraud if there be a fraud in it? Some one must be cheated. But if the ratio of 16 to 1 be dishonest, can the Government be held innocent when it issues those dishonest dollars, simply because a great many people are benefited by it and not merely a few silver mine owners? Does the number benefited wipe out the fraud or lessen the dishonesty? Would highway robbery or larceny be less highway robbery or larceny if perpetrated by a large number of people and not by one or two?

If the Government bought this silver which it is coining at a price equivalent, or nearly so, to the value of the coined dollar, it might plead an excuse for the coinage, that the Government was simply trying to protect itself from loss, but it bought this silver at about sixty cents an ounce, and is now coining it for the profit there is in it, issuing a fifty-cent dollar, which they pronounce a dishonest dollar, and compelling the people to accept it as a hundred-cent dollar, which is hardly consistent when viewed from the standpoint of honesty. Mr. Bryan does not regard the silver dollar as a dishonest dollar, nor does any other free silver man, but the men who are now coining them do, and yet they take refuge behind the plea that the Government is benefited by the fraud.

After reading this thin dodge of the Secretary we have come to the conclusion that his moral code, as far as it applies to honesty in dealing with the money question, needs repairing. THE SIXTH DISTRICT. It Takes the Lead—Overwhelming Majority for the Constitutional Amendment—Nearly Three to One.

Table showing election results for the Sixth District, listing candidates and their respective vote counts.

HENRY SEALS, COLORED.

Columbus Officer Tolerably Certain That Seals is the Man Who Stole the Horse from Mrs. Boege. Deputy Sheriff E. A. Maultsby, of Columbus county, yesterday went to the county jail to see the negro, Henry Seals, charged with stealing the horse of Mrs. W. H. Boege, of Whiteville. While he is reasonably certain that Seals is the man who stole the horse, he is not so sure of the other charges against him.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous membrane, patients should be warned that any ointment containing mercury, and that it is not safe to use any ointment containing mercury, and that it is not safe to use any ointment containing mercury, and that it is not safe to use any ointment containing mercury.

DROUGHT IS BROKEN.

Refreshing Rains Fell Yesterday and Last Night in Wilmington Section. RALEIGH GETS HEAVY FALL. The Whole Southeastern Section Favored More or Less—But It is Feared That the Rains Are Too Late to Prevent Injury to the Crops.

It looks now as if the drought which has prevailed so long in this section of the State is broken. Wilmington didn't get very much of a rain yesterday, but the indications are good for more here, while along the roads leading into the city good rains are reported as having fallen. Passengers who came in on the Atlantic & Yadkin road last night stated that good rains fell between Sanford and Wilmington. Beyond Sanford it is believed that heavy rain fell. Passengers on the Wilmington & Weldon railroad brought similarly encouraging news. Poinsett on this road also received some rain Tuesday afternoon and last night.

The best part of yesterday's rains seems to have fallen in the central part of the State. Raleigh got 1.88 inches up to nine o'clock last night and at that hour it was still raining. At Charlotte there was considerably less rain—only forty-eight hundredths of an inch. Charleston there was only a trace of rain. The indications for today are for local rains and it is doubtless safe to predict that there will be an abundance of rain falling now. The only question is, will the rain be in time to save the crops? There is no denying the fact that the farmers of this section have been threatened with a damage from drought that is appalling to consider. The rain will prevent the damage from growing heavier, but is hardly possible for it to correct the losses already sustained from the prolonged dry weather. The rain, for instance, can not do much for peanuts. Mr. F. P. Lidbury, a well known grower of Ashton, said in conversation with a STAR representative that peanuts have not more than two weeks in which to make. At present he has found by close personal examination that there is not half a crop already made, though this applies particularly to the Virginia pea, the Spanish nuts having stood the drought much better and the North Carolina variety not being damaged very severely. Mr. J. T. Foy, of Scott's Hill, was also interviewed with regard to the peanut crop and he said that a loss had already been sustained.

Regarding cotton and corn Judge T. A. McNeill, of Lumberton, who arrived in the city yesterday, is authoritative for the statement that throughout his section cotton is cut off from a half to two thirds and corn one half. Mr. S. P. McNair, who is right from a trip through Bladen county, states that the crop out there is not altogether unfavorable, as local rains recently have gone a long way towards correcting the evil results of the drought.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Mr. Noah Bissett, of Glover, Was Fired Into Friday Night by Two Men. Not Seriously Hurt. [Special Star Correspondence.] SPRING HOPKINS, N. C., August 28.—News has just reached here of the shooting of Mr. Noah Bissett, of Glover, a postoffice about eight miles south of Spring Hope. On Friday night between 12 and 1 o'clock, Mr. Bissett started from his residence to his tobacco barn. When about half-way he heard something in the pea patch near the path and asked "Who's there," and at the same time discovered there were two men. One of them fired a shot and he fell, neither taking effect. They retreated a few yards and one man turned and shot the third time, hitting Mr. Bissett in the left arm, neck and head, but fortunately the shot were small. Mr. Bissett says he recognized one of the men by the flash of the gun, and had him arrested yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. While the constable had him in charge a crowd of men met him and took the negro, Marcellous Wiggins, and carried him down in the woods and pulled him up to a limb to make him tell what he knew. The negro refused, saying he knew nothing about it. The masked men then gave him over to Constable Strickland and he was tried at 10 A. M. and bound over under a bond of \$500, failing to give this, he went to Nashville jail.

GREATEST FAILURE IN YEARS.

Condition of Crops in Stanley and Adjoining Counties Alarming. A Wilmington wholesale grocer and commission merchant is in receipt of the following communication from a prominent citizen of Albemarle: "ALBEMARLE, N. C., August 25.—Replying to your inquiry of the 21st instant, will say that cotton in Stanley county is nearly one-half crop; corn a quarter crop. Greatest failure in twenty years. Some fields of cotton will take ten acres to make a bale, and good deal of the corn will not make a peck to the acre. Adjoining counties of Union, Cabarrus, Davidson, Randolph, Montgomery and Iredell are no better. We are also interested in wheat in the central portion of South Carolina, and all report the worst failure in years; cotton there half a crop, and corn quarter crop. In some sections of this Stanley county trees have died from effects of drought."

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when constive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, Serravallo's Purgative, made by California Fig Syrup Co., only.

J. L. YORK IN TROUBLE.

Man Who Wanted to Operate a Painting Factory Here Last Year Gets in the Toils at Fayetteville. The following from the Greensboro Telegram tells of a "black" fraud who has operated in Wilmington, and who was quite a familiar figure on our streets just about a year, as the promoter of a paint factory: One J. L. York, who formerly resided in Greensboro, has at last landed on the way to a term in the Federal prison. He was arrested in Fayetteville yesterday for using the United States mails for fraudulent purposes. Being unable to furnish bail he was placed in jail to await a preliminary hearing on September 12th.

York was arrested by a deputy United States marshal upon the complaint of Postoffice Inspector Connolly, who worked up the case. York has resided in Fayetteville for about six months, representing himself to be a paint manufacturer desirous of establishing a large factory in that place. He inspected a number of sites and selected one upon which to build his factory. The people of Fayetteville, at first were enthusiastic over the enterprise and extended Mr. York the "glad hand." He purchased lumber on a credit and placed it on the lot which he had bought (also on a credit), after which he had a quantity of fine stationery printed and began an extensive correspondence all over the country.

In this way he managed to get possession of a lot of machinery, lumber, oil and other goods. He worked these off at very low prices—and lived high. York is well remembered in Greensboro, where he is sometimes referred to as "York of mineraline fame." This non de plume attaches to him on account of a gigantic scheme he inaugurated while here in Greensboro, or some other material, he proposed to provide a substitute for flour, the product of which was to make him a modern Czar. This scheme was exposed in its infancy.

When York first came to Greensboro he was one of the proprietors of the Southern Varnish Works and appeared to do a profitable business. The plant, which was located south of town, was destroyed by fire.

MR. ROBT. A. CURTIS.

His Brother Received a Letter Yesterday Giving Particulars About Death. Was Riddled With Bullets. Mr. T. K. Curtis received a letter on yesterday telling how his brother, Robert A. Curtis, was killed at Johnston Station, Georgia, some time ago. The letter was written by J. G. Curtis, another brother, who came up from his home in Pensacola, Fla., to find out about his brother's death.

The unfortunate young man was requested by Constable Gill to help in arresting a negro named Dotson. The two men went to the place where Dotson was supposed to be and found him. Constable Gill told the negro that he had a warrant for him. The negro told him he read it and fired, as the officer reached into his pocket and took out the paper. Dotson fired a second time, and at Curtis. The ball took effect in the breast of the white man and he fell to the ground. He sprang up again, drew his pistol and fired at the negro. As he did so a mob of negroes appeared and attacked. Curtis was completely riddled. A rifle ball and load of buckshot took effect in his back. There were found also a pistol ball in his shoulder and one in his breast.

LOW WATER AGAIN.

Only Nine-tenths of an Inch on Yesterday at Fayetteville. Col. W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, president of the Cape Fear River Transportation Company, telegraphed to representatives of the company here yesterday that there was only nine tenths of an inch of water at Fayetteville. The A. P. Hurt, which arrived yesterday morning, will, despite the unfavorable news from Fayetteville, clear for that place again tomorrow. It is expected that rains above will cause the river to rise very quickly.

NOT BAD YEAR FOR PEANUTS.

Large Consumption of the Product—The Growing Crop is in Excellent Condition Despite the Drought. A Norfolk special to the Washington Post contains some interesting news about the peanut crop. "This, it was feared, would be a bad year for the peanut product of Virginia. The Swiney Company, however, the largest dealers in the trade, say: 'The crop of 1900 at harvesting time was thought to be only an average crop, but it has proven to be one of the largest ever grown. The consumptive demand has been unprecedented, yet a considerable quantity of both Virginia and Spanish will be carried over to another season.' 'The growing crop is in half or more of the peanut belt is in fine condition, and promises a heavy yield; the other two eighths of the crop, however, by drought, but with continued favorable weather will make a fair crop. Any probable deficiency will be fully made up by the goods carried over. The average is about the same as last year, and stand of plants excellent.' 'There has been some buying by speculators recently. This has stiffened the market, and is an unusually active business for this time of the year, and an unhealthy state of trade. It is also suggestive of extreme dullness in the market, and the fact that goods are offered, which we expect by October 20th, as usual.' Weather Bulletin.

REMAINS SENT TO FOLKSTONE.

The funeral of Mr. Ira Breese was held yesterday afternoon from the family residence, corner Fifth and Wright streets. Rev. J. H. Hall conducted the services. The remains were carried to Folkstone Osonow county, yesterday afternoon, to be interred in the family burying ground.

CONCORD TRIBUNE.

Messrs. M. L. Brown & Bro. have just finished threshing their crop of 1436 measured bushels. By weight this crop weighs 14844 bushels. They have also threshed 500 bushels of land, drill measure. This wheat is thoroughly clean of cockle, chaff, or trash of any kind. The cost was as follows: Plowing \$36.25, value of seed at \$100, per bushel \$80.25, harvesting wheat \$55, hauling wheat from the field \$30, hauling wheat to mill \$15, for threshing and chaff \$27.30. This totals up \$367.80. This is a cost of \$6.34 per acre. The value of 14844 bushels of wheat at 74 cents per bushel is \$1,113.37. The Messrs. Brown say they make a net profit of \$1,045.57. This is a profit of \$1.08 per acre, or we might say \$1,000, allowing the \$45.57 for wear and tear of machinery and taxes. There was not a pound of fertilizers used.

THE VOTE OF THE AMENDMENT AND FOR GOVERNOR.

Table showing election results for the Amendment and for Governor, listing candidates and their respective vote counts across various counties.

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Captain Loveland Will Return.

The schooner Sarah D. Fell, Capt. S. C. Loveland, who is so popularly known in Wilmington, has been rechartered by the Brown Company for the shipment of a cargo of ties to New York, and will sail for this port from Philadelphia next Monday. The Sarah D. Fell has already been in port twice this season, and the many friends of Captain Loveland will be glad to welcome him back again.

Married Last Night.

Mr. D. F. Koonce, of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Katie Padick at Catherine's Lake last night. The bride is the daughter of one of Onslow's most popular young ladies, and the groom is the well known Second Street merchant. Mr. and Mrs. Koonce will arrive in the city to-day and will be at home at 414 South Fourth street.

Miss Gilligan to Wed.

Mrs. Annie Gilligan has issued invitations for the marriage of her daughter, Miss Mary Anne, to Mr. James King Davis, of Tennessee, next Thursday, September 6th, at 3:30 o'clock, P. M. in Fifth Street Methodist Church. The numerous friends of the contracting parties are looking forward with interest to the approaching marriage.

Remains Sent to Folkstone.

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HORSE THIEF TAKEN.

Capture Effected Yesterday by Jailor Geo. W. Mills and Deputy Sheriff Rowan. CRIMINAL OF MANY ALIASES. Henry Seals, Colored, Alias W. H. Humphrey, Alias Roy Scott—The Horse Stolen from F. W. Boege, of Columbus County. Wilmington has something of a Sherlock Holmes in Jailor George W. Mills. Give him half a cent and he will run down a criminal in short order. He captured two "bad men" to-day and in both hands showed real Pinkertonian ability. The particulars of the arrest of a young white man for stealing are told elsewhere. Here it is the purpose to describe his work in taking a horse thief.

Yesterday afternoon there was placed in the hands of Sheriff Walter G. MacRae a warrant for the arrest of W. H. Humphrey, colored, charged with stealing the horse of Mrs. F. W. Boege, of Whiteville. The warrant was sworn out by Justice of the Peace H. B. Register, of Whiteville. Specifically it stated that Humphrey stole the horse and disposed of it for \$40. Accompanying the warrant was a letter written from Wilmington, under date of August 24th, over the name of W. H. Humphrey to Mr. John Maultsby, of Lake Waccamaw, asking him to send to Wilmington "the \$10 or the \$15" if he had it ready. There was still another letter with the warrant. This was from Mr. John Maultsby, of Lake Waccamaw, to parties in Whiteville. It is not very clear, but the idea gathered from a careful reading is that Maultsby bought the horse of the negro and then traded or sold it to Mr. Carter. But that is neither here nor there—the person of the thief was wanted.

This was three or four o'clock in the afternoon. By seven o'clock Jailor Mills had his man. The steps in the officer's plans to capture the negro are worthy of note. He recognized the handwriting in the letter signed W. H. Humphrey as that of Henry Seals, a negro who was in jail some time ago for robbing a freight car and who wrote notes to the jail from the hospital when sent out there on account of sickness. Mr. Mills had also been told by one of the prisoners that Seals had been heard to say that he sometimes went by the name of Scott. Sure enough on the face of the warrant the name W. H. Humphrey alias Roy Scott appeared. He was sure of his man and promptly left the address given in the letter asking money to be sent to Wilmington was 1011 North Fifth street. Jailor Mills took Deputy Sheriff D. A. Rowan, another valuable officer, and the two went to the locality mentioned. The first person they saw was Seals. Jailor Mills asked him if his name was John Humphrey, and the negro trembled like a leaf. He is a very strong, powerful man and Jailor Mills rather than take chances covered him with his pistol in less than time it takes to tell it. Deputy Sheriff Rowan then put the nippers on him and the two officers conducted him to jail.

Stealing a horse under the State law is larceny, although it has not been so very long since it was a capital offense. The maximum penalty is twenty years in the penitentiary.

A Frightful Blunder.

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Out or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will cure all the most distressing cases of Burns, Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns and all Skin Eruptions. Best Price cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Care guaranteed. Sold by R. B. BELLAMY, druggist.

HON. W. J. BRYAN'S PLANS.

Will Lead the Fight of the Democrats Himself in the East. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHICAGO, August 29.—William J. Bryan will lead the fight of the Democrats himself in the Central and Eastern States. He will take command next week in Chicago, and then will begin an invasion of Republican territory, for he has decided to stamp Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, New Jersey, Maryland and West Virginia. This change of his plan was announced to-day by Senator J. K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Mr. Bryan's itinerary is now being worked out.

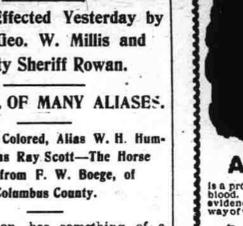
BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY.

An Appeal Secured from the Recent Decision of the U. S. Court. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RICHMOND, VA., August 29.—It is announced that Judge Holladay, one of the attorneys for the Southern Bell Telephone Company, has secured, through Judge Simonton of the United States Circuit Court, an appeal and supercedas from the recent decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, against the telephone company in its litigation with the city of Richmond, and that the case now goes to the Supreme Court of the United States, and will be placed upon the docket of its term beginning in October next.

A Tornado Destroyed the Larger Portion of the Town of Whitewood, N. C.

It is probable that after making his Labor Day speech in Chicago, William J. Bryan will make a brief tour of West Virginia.

A Pale Face



Is a prominent symptom of vitiated blood. It covers with pimples, the evidence is complete. It is nature's warning you to get your condition.

Johnston's Sarsaparilla never fails to rectify all disorders of the blood, either of a chronic or long standing or recent origin. It is the only medicine guaranteed to cure. Sold everywhere. Price \$1.00 per full quart bottle. MICHIGAN DRUG COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

For sale by HERBERT L. FENTRESS, Wilmington, N. C. GEN. BULLER'S ADVANCE. British Occupied Machadorop—Buffs Retreated—Buller's Casualties. By Cable to the Morning Star. LONDON, August 29.—Lord Roberts' reports under date of Belfast, August 28th, as follows: "Buller's advance occupied Machadorop this afternoon. The enemy made a very poor stand and retreated, northward, followed by Dundonald's mounted troops who could not proceed beyond Hevelin on account of the difficult nature of the country. The enemy taking up a position too strong to be dislodged by the mounted troops. It appears that Buller's casualties were very few. "French continued the movement to-day as far as Maudfontein, from which he turned the enemy out with no difficulty. The latter retired very rapidly. General Buller's casualties August 27 were: Killed, one officer and thirteen men; wounded, seven officers and fifty seven men."

TO VISIT WEST VIRGINIA.

Mr. Bryan Will Put in Three Days of Next Week in That State. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. LINCOLN, NEB., August 29.—That West Virginia is to receive the early attention of Mr. Bryan was definitely determined to-day. The Democratic Presidential candidate has been the subject of reports from the National Committee McGraw, of that State, for some time. He has pleaded for a week of Mr. Bryan's time. This much Mr. Bryan has found himself unable to give, but he will put in three days of next week in that State. He will leave Chicago soon after concluding his Labor Day speech, to be delivered in that city Monday, for West Virginia, and will devote Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday in stumping that State. He will visit the greatest centers of population and the most doubtful districts, but the naming of places will be left entirely to Mr. McGraw.

COTTON MILL MEN.

A Conference in Philadelphia Relative to Condition of the Markets. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. PHILADELPHIA, August 29.—A committee of cotton mill owners, representing the Southern Cotton Spinners Association, arrived here to-day, their purpose being to consult local members of the Yarn Manufacturers Association, relative to the condition of the market. A meeting was held this afternoon at which the decrease in the price of cotton yarns was discussed. It is conceded that the reduction is due to over-production and methods looking to the revival of this condition were discussed. The committee will remain here for several days and will be in constant consultation with local commission men.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Sessions of the Supreme Lodge—Reports of Committees Heard. By Telegraph to the Morning Star. DETROIT, MICH., August 29.—Sessions of the Supreme Lodge were resumed to-day and some of the reports of the committees were heard. Supreme Chancellor Sample will announce the reelection to-day by the Supreme Lodge of James C. Gurnea, of Michigan, as major general commanding the uniform rank. General Carnahan founded the uniform rank more than twenty years ago, and has ever since been its commander. His salary is \$4,500 a year. It now appears to be conceded that Vice Supreme Chancellor Fetters, of Wisconsin, will be elected supreme chancellor, according to previous custom, instead of re-electing Supreme Chancellor Sample.

Salisbury Truth-Index.

One week from yesterday Will Edwards will pay the penalty for taking the life of a fellow man. Ever since the execution of the murderer Edwards has been confined in the Lexington jail, with the exception of the few days in which he was in Salisbury for the purpose of being tried. He will remain there until the latter part of this week, when he will be brought to Salisbury for execution next Monday.

Our Greatest Specialists.

For twenty years Dr. J. Newton Hathaway has so successfully treated chronic diseases that he is acknowledged to-day to stand at the head of his profession in this line. His exclusive method of treatment for Varicose and Stricture without the aid of knife or cautery cures in 90 per cent of all cases. In the treatment of Loss of Vital Forces, Nervous Disorder, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Catarrh and Diseases peculiar to women, he is equally successful. Cases pronounced hopeless by other physicians, readily yield to his treatment. Write him to-day fully as your case. He makes no charge for consultation or advice, either at his office or by mail. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 223 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

WINCHESTER "NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS. No Black powder shells on the market compare with the "NEW RIVAL" in uniformity and striking qualities. Sure fire and waterproof. Get the genuine. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. New Haven, Conn.