# INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATIONS

No Agreement of the Powers As to the Course to Be Pursued With China.

UNITED STATES' POSITION

Opposes Dismemberment of the Empire Russia and France Seem to Agree. Germany, Great Britain and Japan Want Territory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 29.- A special meeting of the cabinet, lasting all day and broken only by a short recess for luncheon, marked the intense interest the administration feels in the Chinese problem. The diplomatic and not the military phase of the situation in China ander consideration. Last evenng Assistant Secretary Adee and the reach charge compared the French and American copies of the credentials of Li Hung Chang. To-day he had man charge, and the substance of these conversations he laid before the cab

It is understood that the cabinet to day completed preparation of a plan for clearing away much of the uncertainty that now exists as to the future in China and outlined its views in writing. The fact that the military situation is admitted to be of secondar importance confirms the view, though no cabinet officer would vouchsafe information on this point, that what is sought is an agreement among the powers for terminating the indefinite status of affairs in China. It is believed that the point has been reached where it is proper that there should

#### Glear Expression of Purpose

on the part of the principal powers in order that the United States govern ment may know how far it may go common programme. Most of the ob jects had in view by the President when he made answer to the Chinese government's appeal and began the campaign upon Pekin, have been achieved. Two others remain to be secured, namely, the safeguarding of American interests for the future, and some of oper guarantee for indemnifieation for the expenses of recent operations and losses of American citizens. Some plan by which these objects can be obtained by the United States in common with similar objects by the other powers engaged in China, is thought feasible. Incidental to this main purpose, several phases of the problem are attracting special attenthe Emperor of China to accredit any one thus, is a matter of international consideration. The United States not only must satisfy itself with Li's competency, but it must convey solid assurance on that point to convince some of the other powers, the purposes of which, perhaps, would not be best served by spedy termination of hostilities in

The Policy Determined Upon. It was the general understanding that the putcome of to day's cabinet meeting would be the adoption of a policy by the administration that would fend to simplify these issues and at least bring to a focus the vary ing aspirations of the powers. If this cannot be done, then the question to be determined is whether or not the United States shall proceed further, hand in-hand, with the allied forces It is believed that this matter is very near a decision, our determination depending upon the responses made by European nations to our inquiries. The suggestion that a conference be China is again revived as an accompaniment of this purpose, and it is pointed out that with Special Commisstoner Rockhill just about arriving on Chin se soil, with Von Mumm Schwartzenstein the German successor to Baron Von Ketteler already in China, with the ministers resident at Pekin, and with the high military and naval officials in the Pei Ho valley, the material is already at hand for the gathering of a conference fully equipped to deal with even so complex and difficult a problem as is presented in the settlement of China's future.

Communication With Pekin. There are hopes that communication with Pekin, very much delayed of late, will be better soon. Consul Fow ler, at Che Foo, got a routine dispatch through to-day of current date and the Navy Department has been informed that the cable company's ship was about to leave Shanghai to day to lay a direct cable connecting Shanghai with Che Foo—one of the weakest links in the chain of communication at present. These improved conditions as to the opening of communication between our military and naval commanders and the authorities here, have made it possible for the latter to abandon the purpose conceived yesterday of employing naval vessels to convey by water messages between Shanghat and Che Foo.

## The Attitude of Germany.

was the subject of much official discussion during the day and considerable new light was thrown upon it. Early n the day the German charge, Baron Von Sternberg, had a long conference with Secretary Adee. It is understood that any question which may have arisen as to the future course of Germany is met by a reference to an official note by Count Von Buelow, German minister of foreign affairs, issued on July 12th, which fully defines Germany's purposes in China. This note of the German chancellor followed within ten days of Secretary Hay's note to the powers on July 3d, and is somewhat analogous. In setting forth Germany's intentions Count Von Bueow's note said:

"Our aim is the restoration of security for persons and property; freedom of action for Germans in China; the rescue of the foreigners beleaguered in Pekin; the re-establishment of security and regular conditions under a properly organized Chinese government, and reparation and satisfaction for the outrages committed. We desire no partition of China, and seek no special advantages. The Imperial government is imbued with the conviction that the maintenance of the agreement between the powers is a primary condition for the restoration of peace and order in

There is reason for believing that Germany holds to-day that the foreeclaration is as effective as was first enunciated and that resent consideration of Germany spurpose must be viewed in the light of the foregoing specific declaration, "we desire no partition of China and seek no special advantages," is said to clear away the suspicion that Germany has a far-reaching purpose of territorial acquisition in China.

Italy and Austria. The attitude of Italy has been de-

fined in a statement by Marquis Visconte Venosta, Minister of Foreign Affairs, as follows:

"The cabinet has no political intentions toward expansion or intrigue in China. Its programme is to maintain perfect accord between Italy and the other powers. A fleet and some troops represent the participation of Italy in the common task. We cannot leave entirely to others the protection of our national rights, nor are we disinterested in the work of mutual interests and civilization which the powers are seeking to carry on in China."

It is said that the course of Austria will be practically identical with that of Germany.

Situation Summed Up.

One of the best posted members of the diplomatic corps, who is actively engaged in the present negotiations, to day summed up the international complications substantially as fol-

"The powers were in complete accord up to the time of the taking of Pekin; but with that accomplished, the more important question arose as to the future course of the powers in dealing with China, and on that there is not as yet any complete accord. Thus far it seems plain that the United States opposes the dismemberment of China, or any move towards territorial expansion there, and in this position Russia and France seem to agree. On the other hand while there is nothing definite indicating territorial expansion, yet the ex-changes have led to the belief that Germany, Great Britain, and probably Japan are not averse to a course which will bring about territorial division within the empire. It was supposed that Japan stood against any division f the empire, but the landing of Japanese troops at Amoy cannot be accounted for on the ground that a Japanese temple has been burned. So that it is the accepted view that Japan is at least making ready to be in a position to share any division of territory which must come. The course of Russia in taking New Chang cannot be viewed in the same light as the landing of treops at Amoy or Shanghai, as this was for the sole purpose of protecting Russia's line, and any ulterior terri-torial purpose has been disclaimed by Russia. So far as Great Britain's pur poses are concerned, in the absence of any express declaration, the landing of troops at Shanghai is strong evidence that Great Britain wishes to control the Yangtse valley. On the part of Germany the doubt as to her future course is due mainly to Count Waldersee's speeches since the taking of Pekin. These have indicated that he was going on an extensive campaign and that the fall of the Chinese capital was only the initial step in a comprehensive programme, requiring the presence of a large army. Just what this means is not clear, but it has at least created much surprise in Washington and some other capitals.

I i Hung Chang's Credentials.

The differences over Li Hung Chang's credentials are threefold. One view, including that of the United States, is that the credentials are acceptable; another is, that they never have been shown to carry authority; while the third view is that the origi-Hung Chang's credentials as a nal credentials were valid at the time peace envoy, or rather of the given, but have since become invalid through the flight of the Emperor and Empress Dowager and the complete collapse of the Chinese government. The question of credentials does not

seem so difficult to deal with, and it probably will be solved to the satisfaction of all concerned, but it is not clear thus far that the powers can be brought into complete accord on a general policy for the future of China. Each appears to be waiting for the other to act, and on the part of some there is a traditional disinclination to

go into the outlining of policies. Russia's Suggestion to Withdraw.

The St. Petersburg dispatch to London containing the assertion that Russia almost immediately will notify the powers that she considers the relief of the Pekin legations as the final accomplishment of the military task of the allied forces, it was learned late tonight is the phase of the Chinese situation which is attracting the most attention from this government at this time. The assertion inferentially car ries with it the impression that the Russian government is of held of the nations represented in opinion that the legations having been relieved this government should withdraw its military forces from Pekin, and thinks the other allies should do likewise. No official information along these lines, however, can be obtained here although the recent flying visit of the Russian charge, Mr. De-Wollant, from Cape May to Washington, is believed to be indicative that a communication of this character has been received from the Russian government. The withdrawal of military forces from Pekin is a phase of the Chinese situation to which our government as yet has not given any serious consideration, believing that the first duty of all the allies is to reach some common ground of understanding, with a view to opening negotiations for the settlement of terms f peace with China. The withdrawal of the military, it is held, might very properly be a subject of after consid eration. The recognition of some authority in China with power to conduct peace negotiations and enter into an agreement for the protection of foreign interests and the recognition of international obligations, it is insisted, must be the first step towards the adjustment of Chinese affairs. The Russian proposi tion of the character reported from London would not therefore, it is be lieved, be favorably looked upon by this government. As a result of the cabinet meeting of to day, a reply outlining this government's attitude in the matter was drafted at the state department and sent to our ambassa

POSTOFFICE PLUNDERED.

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nished to the Russian charge in this

country. Officials familiar with it de-

#### Over \$5,000 in Cash, Stamps and Postal Cards Taken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. ST. JOSEPH, MICH., August 29 .-Over \$5,000 in cash, stamps and postal cards were stolen from the postoffice last night by professional cracksmen. The robbers entered the Federal building through a skylight, lowered themselves down the elevator shaft to the second story, and cut through the floor below. A hole was bored into the vault and the combination lock was forced. They cleaned the vault to-day there was a stamp famine in the city. There is no clue.

### A Night of Terror

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham, of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat,



TERRIBLE CONDITIONS

REPORTED IN PEKIN

Rumors of a Great Battle-Reform Party Preparing for Rebellion-Critical Situation in Shanghal.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 30, 3 15 A. M .-Amid the growing difficulties of the Chinese imbroglio, Mr. Brodrick's em phatic declaration at Thorncombe last evening proves that the British gov ernment does not see any cause to depart from the line of policy originally decided upon, namely, to take no responsibility for the administration of

Mr. Brodrick said he hoped it would not be supposed that the government was pusillanimous in this respect. Its object was to maintain British interests. It was quite ready to take its share of the white man's burden, but could not admit that the nature of that burden should be dictated to it by the "yellow

"Here," the Morning Post observes "is where the difficulty of selecting a policy comes in. 'We cannot decamp and leave the powers to settle the mat ter between them."

Rumors of a Great Battle.

The Chinese minister in London asserts that he is in constant communication with Li Hung Chang, who is still in Shanghai. Dispatches received this morning

bring no later Pekin news. A Shanghai telegram says that Li Hung Chang has sent a memorial begging the Empress Dowager to appoint Prince Ching, General Lung Lu and the Yang Tse Viceroys as joint peacemakers with himself. There are conflicting rumors of a great battle in which 1,500 Boxers and Prince Tuan were killed.

Reform Party Active.

The reform party, under Kang Yu Wei is said to be actively preparing

It is reported from Hankow that twenty-five reformers have been executed, their heads being exposed. The Taku correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, writing August 26th, says that the country around Taku and Pekin is devastated, with the result that the Boxers are most unpopular and are being attacked by the peasantry. The Boxers who were mov ing north from Shan Tung are now re

turning hastily to their homes. Belated dispatches and the stories of refugees arriving at Chefoo continue to describe the terrible conditions in Pekin. One of the worst incidents is the shocking desecration of one of the foreign cameteries outside the west wall. The details are two revolting to be described. Hundreds of bodies of Chinese are found in the streets of Pekin, supposed to be those of traitors to the cause of the Boxers.

The Shanghai correspondent of the

A native official telegram from Pao Ting Fu announces the arrival of the court last Sunday at Tai Yuen Fu. A correspondent at New Chwang says that the Russians at Hai Cheng are awaiting reinforcements, whose advance is delayed by the impassable condition of the roads. Meanwhile the native population of the district is being treated with the utmost sever

Critical Situation at Shanghai.

BERLIN, August 29.—The Frankfort Zeitung has received a dispatch from Shanghai, saying a plot has been discovered there to burn the whole city. It is added that the Europeans consider the streets unsafe after nightfall, and the general situation is described as critical.

Nothing to Confirm This.

London, August 29 .- A special dispatch from St. Petersburg contains the ssertion that Russia almost immediately will notify the powers that she considers the relief of the Pekin legations as the final accomplishment of the military task of the allied forces. There is nothing, however, in the afternoon papers here to confirm this.

Foreigners Massacred. CHE FOO, August 29.—Yu, governor of the province of Shen Si, is reported

to have invited the foreigners in the province to come to his protection. About August 21 fifty accepted the invitation and all were massacred. TIEN TSIN, August 23, via Che Foo, August 29.—One thousand Russians left Tien Tsin for Pekin to-day. The

country here is quiet. Paris, August 29.-Admiral Courrejolles cables that he is sending a gunboat from Shanghai to ascend the Yang Tse Kiang.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

Bills Introduced in Both Houses Concerning the Goebel Law. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, Ky., August 29.-In both houses of the Legislature to-day bills were introduced to repeal and to amend the Goebel election law. There are dozens of other similar bills to be introduced; but it is not likely that any measure will receive favorable considsideration until after some election system has been agreed upon at the Democratic joint caucus. Ex-Gov. James B. McCreary, who is chairman of the Democratic State Committee, Congressman Wheeler and others, are here conferring with the Democratic members.

WHEN others fail, take ROBERTS TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It cures chills, fevers, malaria and general bad health. 25c. A red cross on the label assures you of the pure, high-class material that makes ROBERTS' a suc-Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

Special Subjects Discussed by the Representatives of the Cotton States.

OF AGRICULTURE.

**COMMISSIONERS** 

Commissioners Urged to Secure Legislation Concerning Manufacturers-Interesting Papers Read-Officers Elected for Ensuing Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. RALEIGH, N. C., August 29.-The commissioners of agriculture of the cotton States met again at 11 o'clock this morning. The session was given up to the discussion of special subjects. Professor Milton Whitney, of Washington, D. C., discussed in an interesting and instructive manner the soil survey in the Southern States. Prolessor Whitney showed a number of soil survey charts, and at the conclu-

sion of his remarks was heartily ap

olauded. The next subject discussed was, 'What is the best method of conducting experiments to determine the ferilizer requirements of different plants This subject was handled in a most interesting and instructive manner by Colonel R. J. Redding, of the Georgia experiment station, and Professor B. W. Kilgore, of the North Carolina experiment station. The results of many valuable experiments were given. This concluded the morn-

ing programme. At 4:30 the afternoon session began. Telegrams of regret were read from members who could not attend. A telegram was also read from Mr. Henry G. Hester, of New Orleans, relative to the figures of the cotton crop, promising to send the figures next Saturday. He said: "Southern cotton milling industry was never so prosperous, my returns showing more new mills than ever in our history. New spindles being erected number nearly one million four hundred thousand."

The Quano Question.

The report of the committee on the guano question was then read. It ecommended that the commissioners secure such legislation as will compel the manufacturers to place on the sack the brand, trademark, the weight, the available phosphoric acid, the insoluble phosphoric acid, the nitrogen, and the potash, contained in the sack, and also the source of each of the available plant foods. This provoked considerable discussion, and the question will be taken up at the morning session tomorrow.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—Frank Hill, Arkansas.

First Vice President-S. L. Patterson, North Carolina. Second Vice President-J, W. Lee, Louisiana.

Secretary-Royal Daniel, Georgia. At 8:30 o'clock Professor G. A. Holmes, North Carolina State geologist, delivered an illustrated address on road making and other problems

of the South. THE BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Three More Victims of the Disease at Glasgow, Scotland.

By Cable to the Morning Star. GLASGOW, SCOTLAND, August 29 .-Two girls and a boy, members of isolated families, have fallen victims of the Bubonic Plague, though the medical authorities assert that the attacks are less virulent than in the cases which have already proved fatal.

In the event of a further spread of the disease, Glasgow shipping will probably be quarantined.

- Clarkton Express: Died on the 23rd inst. near Elizabethtown. Mrs. Joanna McDaniel in the 39th year of her age. — Mrs. James Stubbs whose home was in Columbus county not far from Clarkton died on Wednesday last. She was about 70 years old. - A very serious and frightful accident happened to little Agnes Cromartie on Saturday at Elizabethtown. Her father had just driven up and stopped his horse with the buggy under some trees when a broken limb that had been hanging in a tree above became detached and dropping struck Agnes and cut a ghastly gash across her face and head. A spur on the limb struck just at the edge of her hair and plowed through her face. Had she not heard the limb coming through the air and raised her head, she would have in all probability been killed.

- Monroe Journal: Mrs. Amanda Key died suddenly Sunday morning of heart trouble. She had been in bad health for some time, but death came suddenly and unexpectedly. She was about 23 years old. —While driving along the road near Lee's mill last Saturday night Mr. Ernest Barrett was fired at twice with a pistol by two negroes, who had concealed themselves by the roadside. He had a close call, one ball passing through his clothing just over his heart. He returned the fire and the negroes ran.

SUCCESS-WORTH KNOWING. 40 years success in the South, proves Hughes' Tonic a great remedy for Chilis and all Maiarial Fevers. Better than Quinine. Guaranteed, try it. At Druggists, 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

CAST ALA. A list hard "on neve Always Bough! Signature

KING HUMBERT'S MURDERER

Assassin Bresci Tried, Convicted and Sentenced to Life Imprisonment-Extreme Penalty of the Law.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MILAN, August 29 .- Bresci, the Anarchist, who on July 29th shot and killed King Humbert of Italy, at Monza, while his Majesty was return-REPORT ON GUANO QUESTION ing from a gymnastic expedition, today was tried, convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life, the highest sentence for murder under the Italian law. An immense crowd of people gathered about the court from early morning, seeking admission to the court room, where only a few places were reserved for the ticket-holding The hearing began at 9 o'clock. Bresci sat in the dock, calm and almost indifferent. His counsel. Signor Martelli, head of the Milan par, and the Anarchist writer, Signor Merlino, represented him. While the indictment which was very long was being read Bresci was apparently unmoved and scanned the faces of the audience without any signs of fear. The indictment showed the assassing indulged in incessant target practice and that he prepared bullets so as to

> There were eleven for the prosecution and five for the defence. The examination of Bresci followed He declared he decided to kill King Humbert after the events in Milan and people and my own." He added: acted without advice or accomplices.' With absolute indifference Bresci received the verdict and was led away

The witnesses were then introduced.

render them more dangerous.

Cold Steel or Death.

his jailor.

"There is but one chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided the surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and never disappoints. Price 50 cents at R. R. BEL-LAM's drug store.

### NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Aug. 29 .- Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet. CHARLESTON, Aug. 29.—Spirits turpentine-Nothing doing. Rosin quiet; no sales. Quotations unchanged. SAVANNAH, Aug. 29. - Spirits turpentine firm at 35c; sales 925 casks; receipts 1,450 casks; exports 64 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 2,830 barrels; receipts 3,666 barrels; exports

### COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. NEW YORK, Aug. 29 .- Cotton quiet; Cotton futures market closed easy:

August 9.04, September 8.60, October 8.49, November 8.40, December 3.37, January 8.38, February 8.39, March 8.41, April 8.42, May 8.43, June

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 9 %c; middling gulf 9%c; sales 121 bales.

- Charlotte News: David Berry, an old negro of Steele Creek township, committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting himself in the head. Berry was not only the oldest negro in the township, but probably the oldest citizen, being 98 years of age. His wife died several months ago, and since that time the old man had not been in his right mind.

- Lumberton Robesonian: Rev. Roger Martin, D. D., died at the private hospital in Charlotte August 25. after an illness of several months. Dr. Martin was for many years pastor of the Presbylerian churches of Maxton and Center, and our people will hear of his death with deep regret.

Destroying its victim is a type of constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There is no health till it is overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bel-LAMY's drug store.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TURPENTINE STILLS.

Operators Must Register Them or Incur a Penalty for Failure to Do So.

THE TIME IS VERY LIMITED.

Ruling Has Been on the Books Ever Since 1898, But in Some Way It Has Been Overlooked-Officials Will Enforce It Strictly Now.

"Owners of turpentine stills should register their stills before September 1st." This is the substance of a long article taken from the Savannah Morning News of Sunday. The News calls attention to the fact that the revenue act of 1898 requires all stills, including turpentine stills, to be registered. It also notes that in one way or another the enforcement of the act was violated as far as it applied to turpentine stills. Now up rises Internal Revenue Commissioner G. W. Wilson with a ruling that all turpentine stills must be registered by September 1st, or the owners of the stills will perome subject to a penalty of \$500.

Continuing, the News says: This ruling also does not seem to have been brought to the attention of the operators, and the time in which they can register and escape the penalty is growing short. Some of the local firms engaged in manufacturing rosin, among them the Shotter Company, have learned of the ruling and have registered their stills. Altogether, however, only fifty stills have been registered in this division, whereas there must be several hun

Mr. H. C. Harrison, gauger and deputy collector for the internal revenue department at Savannah, requests the Morning News to make this an nouncement for the benefit of the op erators of Georgia, Florida and the adjoining States. "The department has been very lenient in this matter,' said Mr. Harrison, "and I am satisfied it will not permit the default to continue after the date named. There is no excuse for delinquency. It-costs nothing to register and registration can be made with any deputy collector or other official of the revenue service. The department will furnish all blanks on application and where there is no internal revenue officer affidavit can be made before any official qualified to witness an oath. Any notary public who has a seal can act in this

Asked as to why the government requires a registry of turpentine stills, Mr. Harrison said that this was doubtless due to the fact that the stills used in the turpentine business are the regulation copper stills which can be used for distilling whiskey or other alcoholic stimulants and the framers of the law doubtless consider it well to have a record of all these stills.

"Anyhow," said he, "the requireand both will be enforced unless the operators take steps to protect themselves."

It seems strange that the factors to his cell, where henceforth he will have not taken steps to protect their see no one and hear no one—not even customers in this and adjoining States. It may be that they have done so, and that the registration is more general than Mr. Harrison is aware. The naval operators have troubles enough. notwithstanding the fair prices they are getting for their products, and it would be very poor policy for them to get into any muss with the government. The Filipino rebelion is still on and the China business is just at its climax, and the government needs all the revenue it can get hold of, so it may be presumed that it will hardly let up on any delinquents who lay themselves liable to penalties.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

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COFFEE			1120	19	at 57/4c.
Laguyra. 13	COMPAN A S	4	1790	1.4	
Rio    DOMESTICS—    Sheeting, 44, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yard    Sheeting, 44, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yard    Sheeting, 44, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yard    Sheeting, 44, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yard    Gomestics = \$\frac{1}{2}\$ does not bushed of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ does not bushed of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ does not bushed of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ does not bushed for \$\frac{1}{2}\$ n. C. Boe Herring, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ keg. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ does not bushed. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ choice    FLOUR—\$\frac{1}{2}\$ b. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ choice    Straight   390   400   1114   114		1	2 0	16	
DOMESTICS -   Sheeting, 4-4, 8 yard		- 2			year, 96.
Sheeting, 4-4, \$\forall \text{yard}	DOMESTICS			14	
Yarns, \$\psi\$ bunch of 5 \text{ bs} \\ \text{FISH-}{\text{mackerel}, \text{ No. 1, }\psi\$ barrel	Domination 44 St word		1	K14	
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Varna 20 hanch of 5 ths		~ %		
Mackerel, No. 1, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel.   22 00	PGGG_10 dozen		e m		Prime 700
Mackerel, No. 1, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel. 22 00 \$\frac{2}{2}\$ 30 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 80c. Virging mackerel, No. 2, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel. 16 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Mackerel, No. 2, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel. 13 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 50 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Mullets, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel. 13 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 50 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Mullets, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ barrel. 28 25 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ N. C. Boe Herring, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ keg. 3 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3 25 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Us water) 85c tions on a bushel. Lew grade 23 25 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Choice 33 75 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Straight 39 0 4 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 50 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ N. C. B. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Cper po sides, 7 to	WIGH.			7.50	hughel of
Mullets, \$ pork barrel.	Mackerel No 1. 12 harrel	22 0	0 0	30 00	
Mullets, \$ pork barrel.	Mackerel, No. 1, W half-bbl.	11 0	ŏã	15 00	80c. Vir
Mullets, \$ pork barrel.	Mackerel, No. 2, W barrel	16 0	ōō	18 00	rime, p55c
Mullets, \$ pork barrel.	Mackerel, No. 2 W half-bbl	8 0	o on	9 00	CODN
Mullets, \$ pork barrel.	Mackerel, No. 8, 9 barrel	13 0	0 0	14 00	
Mullets, 9 pork barrel	MULLER OF DEFICE		ā		bushel for
## Water on a bushel.    FLOUR	Mullets, 9 pork barrel	0	0	8 25	
## Water on a bushel.    FLOUR	N. C. Ros Herring, 9 keg	8 0			
FLOUR	Dry Cod, W D		5 🚳	10	water) 850
Low grade		4 3	5 <b>Ø</b>	4 50	tions on a
Choice	FLOUR-W D-				
Straight 3 90 2 4 00 12c per po	Low grade		Ø	3 25	
First Patent 1046 1116 sides, 7 to					
BLUE-18 D. 1046 114 sides, 7 to	Straight	3 9			12c per po
GLUE-W D 10% 11% Sides, 7 to	First Patent		Q		PY 4-
	GLUE-P D	. 1	UX(C	111/6	aluca, 1 W

| SUGAR, \$ b—Standard Gran'd | Standard A | C | Standard A | C | C | Standard Gran'd Gra 9 M 6x24 heart... 8ap... 5x20 Heart...

# Syrup. Figs

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive. Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS BUY THE GENUINE - MANE'D. BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUPCO SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y. LOUISVILLE , KY. For sale by druggists - price 50¢ per bottle.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 23. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Nothing doing.

ROSIN-Market firm at \$1.20
per barrel for strained and \$1.25
for good strained. TAR-Market quiet at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market nominal at \$1.20 per barrel for hard. \$2.20 for dip, and — for Virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine, nothing doing rosin firm at 90@95c; tar firm at \$1.60; crude turpentine firm at -\$2.70@2.70. Spirits turpentine..... Rosin .....

Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.-115 casks spirits turpentine, 348 bbls. rosin, 393 bbls tar, 97 bbls crude turpentine.

Nothing doing.
Same day last year middling steady t 5%c.
Receipts—17 bales; same day last last year.—112 casks spirits turpentine, 334 bbls vear. 8 bales. COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina

70c. Extra prime, 75c per Prime. bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/2 @80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN-Firm; 53 to 60 ushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide water) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 81/2c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, fivench hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 24. SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady with sales at 4 P. M. at 35 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 341/2 cents per gallon for country ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per earrel for strained and \$1.25 for good

ket quiet at \$1.40 per bbl. TURPENTINE.—Market 1.20 per barrel for hard — for virgin. same day last year .entine, nothing doing; at 90@95c; tar firm at turpentine firm at -

RECEIPTS. ntine..... 119 same day last year—152 ts turpentine, 81 bbls bls tar, 8 bbls crude tur-

last year middling steady 39 bales; same day last-UNTRY PRODUCE. S — North Carolina — Extra prime, 75c per

8 pounds; fancy, 771/2@ nia—Prime, 50c; extra fancy, 60c. irm: 53 to 60 cents per RICE-Lowland (tideupland, 50@60c. Quotaasis of 45 pounds to the CON—Steady; hams 11 to ind; shoulders, 7 to 8½c; SHINGLES-Per thousand, five-

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to STAR OFFICE, Aug. 25. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market steady at 35 cents per gallon for machine, made casks and at 341/2 cts per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at \$1,20 per

barrel for strained and \$1.25 for good strained. TAR-Market steady at \$1.40 pe bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at \$1.20 per barrel for hard, \$2.20 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year.-Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar steady at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at -\$2.70@2.70, RECEIPTS.

Rosin.... Tar... Crude turpentine..... Receipts same day last year.-155 casks spirits turpentine, 407 bbls rosin, 866 bbls tar, 31 bbls crude turpentine. COTTON.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. PEANUTS - North Carolina

Prime, 70 cents; extra prime, 75 cts. per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77 1/4 @80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 60 cents per

water) 85 cents; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to he bushel. N. C. BACON—steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8½c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES-Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, \$2.25 to \$3.25; six inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, \$5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$10.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, August 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE. - Market dull No sales ROSIN—Market steady at \$1.20 per barrel for strained and \$1.25 for good TAR - Market steady at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at \$1.20 per barrel for hard, \$2.20 for dip, and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year.—
Spirits turpentine quiet at 44@43%c;
rosin firm at 90@95c; tar steady at
\$1.30; crude turpentine firm at —,

\$2.70@2.70. RECEIPTS. Tar. 74
Crude turpentine. 70
Receipts same day last year.—103
casks spirits turpentine, 300 bbls
rosin, 249 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady Receipts -120 bales; same day last

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77 1/2 @80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm, 53 to 60 cents per bushel for white.
ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel. N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8½c; sides, 7 to 8c.
SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-

inch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50. TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to 10.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, August 28. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Market dull. Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Dull. Nothing doing.

TAR.—Market quiet at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market

dull at \$1.20 per barrel for hard, \$2.20 for dip and — for virgin. Quotations same day last year .-Spirits turpentine quiet at 441/2@44c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar steady at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at —, \$\$2.60@2.60. RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine......

pentine. Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady at 5%c. Receipts-197 bales; same day last

rosin, 461 bbls tar, 52 bbls crude tur-

year, 472. COUNTRY PRODUCE PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per oushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 771/2@80c. Virginia-Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. CORN—Firm; 53 to 60 cent per bushe ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tidewater) 85c: upland, 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

12c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 81/c: SHINGLES-Per thousand, fiveinch hearts and saps, \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, \$4.00 to 5.00: seven-inch, \$5.50 to 6.50.

N. C. BACON-Steady; hams 11 to

TIMBER-Market steady at \$3.50 to \$10.00 per M. STAR OFFICE, Aug. 29. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.-Market dull. Nothing doing. ROSIN-Dull. Nothing doing. TAR-Market quiet at \$1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market dull at \$1.20 per barrel for hard, \$2.20 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Spirits turpentine steady at 441/2@44c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar steady at \$1.30; crude turpentine firm at -RECEIPTS. Spirits turpentine ..... 173 Rosin ...... 476 Crude turpentine ...... 121 Receipts same day last year.-70 casks spirits turpentine, 162 bbls rosin, 603 bbls tar, 24 bbls crude tur,

Quotations same day last year.

COTTON Sales at 9c for middling. Same day last year middling steady Receipts-271 bales; same day last

### PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Flour was more active and firmer with wheat. Minnesota patents \$4 00@4 30. Wheat —Spot firm; No. 2 red 821/c. Options opened firm and continued so all day on strong cables, rains in the North-west, general local covering and export demand. Prospects for a smaller Southwest movement also inspired bullishness. Closed firm at 1/21c net advance. No. 2 red May closed 84%c; September closed 80%c;October closed 80%@80%c; December closed 82%c. Corn-Spot firmer: No. 2, 42 %c. Options opened easier in consequence of bearish crop news, but developed later strength on the rise in wheat, higher cables, covering, export trade and small country acceptances. Closed strong at %c net higher. May closed 41%c; September closed 45%c; December closed 41%c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 25%c. Lard steady; Western steam \$7 05; refined easier; continent \$7 25; South American \$8 00. Petroleum steady. Butter steady; cream-ery 18@22c; State dairy 16@21. Cheese irregular; large white 10½c; small white 10c. Pork quiet. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 16@18c at mark, for average lots; Western regular pack 9@151/c. Potatoes quiet; Jerseys \$1 25@1 75; Long Island \$1 50@1 75; Jersey sweets \$3 25@3 50. Cabbage dull; Long Island, per 100, \$2 00@250. Rice firm. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 33d. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4c; other domestic grades 2½@4c. Cotton seed oil was again dull on spot but moderately active and steady with future delivery. Closing quotations were: Prime summer yellow 34½@35; off summer yellow 34½c; prime winter relice 38@38%; yellow 38@39c; prime white 38@38½; prime meal \$26 00. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 8½c; mild quiet; Cordova 9%@14. Sugar—Raw firm;

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chart Helitaker.

bushel \$10.00 per M.

GRAIN-W bushel-Corn, from store, bgs—White Car-load, in bgs—White... Oats, from store HIDES-W D-

ROPE, W D. SALT, W sack, Alum..... OPE, \$ 30.00 ALT, \$ 30.00 ALT,

\$5.50 to 6.50.

Nothing doing. Same day last year middling steady at 5%c. Receipts-39 bales; same day last year, 160.

pushel for white. ROUGH RICE-Lowland (tide-

inch hearts and saps. \$2.25 to 3.25; six-inch. \$4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch,

year. 86.

fair refining 4%c; centrifugal 96 test 4%c; molasses sugar 4c; refined sugar