VOL. XXXI.

ously estimated at from a few to

twenty millions dollars and it is said

he will in this campaign and coming

election completely eclipse the ex-

penditures of four years ago, as

lavish as they were, which carried

states enough to elect McKinley,

He has put his figures, it is said, be-

tween twenty and thirty millions

(both of which are probably exag-

gerated), but there is no doubt that

he will spend an enormous campaign

fund, for both he and the tariff ben-

which he and his party represent

consider much money necessary to

Who would seriously assert that

even a third of the smaller sum here

mentioned would be necessary, if

honestly expended, and if it were

not used to buy and corrupt voters.

and carry out dishonest schemes?

expended in States which are cer-

tain or hopeless, immense sums

will be put into doubtful or close

States whose votes may be deemed

necessary to success, which simply

means corruption unqualified. This

is the only possible motive in getting

these immense funds. They expect

to buy votes in States that they

could not otherwise carry. Millions

of dollars will thus be thrown into

New York, Indiana and other

warmly contested States which may

The men who contribute these

millions do not contribute from pa-

triotic motives, or even from party

devotion, but for self interest, be-

in carrying out their schemes, and

when they do who will foot the bill?

In the event of success they will get

back every dollar they contribute

and more, and every dollar will

come, in some way, out of the

COTTON SEED AS FEED.

article on the food properties of cot-

ton seed as compared with wheat.

The following which we clip from

the Charleston News and Courier

throws some light on its value as

compared with corn, and may be of

interests to cotton growers and stock

"In view of the short crops of both corn and cotton in this region farmers

generally will derive some very help-

ful instruction as to the relative value

of cotton seed, cotton seed meal, and corn, as food for cattle, especially

dairy and beef cattle, from a state

ment on the subject recently published

in the Southern Farmer, by Mr. John M. McCandless, State Chemist of

Georgia. We give the substance of

"The experiments reported were

made by the Mississippi Agricultural

periments were made with different

lots of cows, which were fed on ra-

tions, consisting of peavine hay, silage,

wheat bran, cotton seed, cotton seed

portion of these ingredients varying in

meal, and corn and cob meal, the pro-

each case, and the experiments cover-

covering each a period of four weeks.

The several results obtained are stated

Six pounds of whole cotton seed are

superior to three pounds of cotton seed meal, both as milk and flesh producers.

Three and a half pounds of meal are

just about equal to six pounds of seed.

Six pounds of seed are not equal to four pounds of meal. One pound of meal equals 1.71 pounds of cotton

"In the second set of experiments

cotton seed was first compared directly

with corn and cob meal, and then cot-

ton seed meal was compared with corn

and cob meal; the other ingredients

the rations remaining the same

"Six pounds of cotton seed gave :

better yield of milk than six pound

of corn and cob meal. Six pounds o

cotton seed meal gave better results

than eight pounds of corn and cob

meal. Six pounds of corn and cob

meal gave as much milk as eigh

"Three pounds of cotton seed mea

equal six pounds of corn and cob meal,

and as satisfactory yields of milk as

eight pounds of corn and cob meal, but

the latter caused the cows to fatten

Three and a half pounds of cotton seed

meal are better than either six or eigh

pounds of corn and cob meal in the

dairy rations used. In a well balanced

dairy ration two pounds of corn and

cob meal are about equal to one pound

"Summarizing: (1) 'One pound o

cotton seed is equal to 1.17 pounds of

corn and cob meal or to 0.58 of

pound of cotton seed meal. (2) One

pound of cotton seed meal is equal to

1.71 pounds of cotton seed, or to two pounds of corn and cob meal. (8) One

pound of corn and cob meal is equal to

me-half pound of cotton seed meal, or

The Mississippi Station concludes

the report of its investigation as fol-

'According to these results, if corr

is worth 40 cents per bushel or \$14.28 a ton, cotton seed should be worth 27.8

cents a bushel, or \$16.70, and cotton seed meal \$28.56 a ton. If cotton seed

is worth 10 cents a bushel, or \$6 a ton,

corn should be worth 9.1 cents a

bushel, or \$5.10 a ton, and cotton seed

When cotton seed meal is worth \$16 a

ton cotton seed should be worth 15.4

cents a bushel or \$9.28 a ton, and corn

meal should be worth 14.3 cents a

bushel or \$8 a ton. Thus you see that

the three conclusions above are valua-

ble to you, because they enable you to calculate for yourself whether you can afford to feed corn at all to your cattle,

and from the above figures it appears that you cannot afford to do so at all

at any price per bushel that corn ever sells at in this section of the country, because its feeding value is so far below its money value when compared with the feeding value and money value of cotton seed and cotton seed

meal, "Conclusion No. 1 also enables

you to tell when you are getting a fair value for your cotton seed. For instance, if cotton seed meal is worth

real should be worth \$10.26

to 0.85 of a pound of cotton seed.'

pounds of the same meal.

of cotton seed meal

Station. In the first instance these ex-

the article.

as follows:

A short while ago we published an

American people.

cause they expect to use the party

be deemed essential to success.

insure the election of McKinley.

-000400-000010110000 Second Class Matter.] SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

The subscription price of the We-ly Star is a

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WHO PAYS IT BACK?

Money is necessary in conducting political campaigns because there is more or less expense incident to all of them. In national and State campaigns it is necessary to print a good deal of what is called campaign literature and that must be done by the respective parties interested. It costs money to print and distribute this literature. Rooms must be had where the work of the committees directing the campaigns is done, and numbers of clerks are employed in doing their part of this work. These are a few of the items of expense which are considered necessary and are generally looked upon as legiti-

mate. Until the past twenty-five or thirty years the sums thus expended were insignificant compared with the sums expended now, and then they were the voluntary contributions of the adherents of the respective parties who took an interest in the issues that divided the parties and desired to see the issues they believed in and the party that advocated them successful at the

That is the case now with the Democratic party, which depends for its campaign funds upon the voluntary contributions of those of its members who are able or take interest enough in its success to contribute. But the Republican party managers are not dependent upon voluntary contributions for their funds, for soon after the war they resorted to the method of assessment upon office-holders and other beneficiaries of the party patronage and required a certain per centage of their salaries or earnings for campaign purposes. This method is still adhered to, notwithstanding the pretence that it is not, and many thousands of dollars are squeezed out of these people, willingly or unwillingly. To evade the law against forced assessments they call these "voluntary contributions." When the number of federal office and placeholders in the United States is considered it may be easily seen that with even small assessments very large sums of money in the aggregate can be raised.

But this bears no comparison to the immense sums that are raised in other ways. The beneficiaries of Republican class legislation come in for their share of assessments, and these are immense. Not only the actual beneficiaries of this legislation, but | The results are as follows: the prospective beneficiaries of the looked for legislation come under this head. As an illustration we have the beneficiaries of tariff legislation, which squeeze millions upon millions annually out of the people because of the prohibitive tariff legislation that gives them a practical mo-

nopoly the home market. We have the money-lending combines which are interested in financial legislation which will give them control of the currency and prove most profitable to them.

There are the manufacturing and other combines known as Trusts which are interested in the perpetuation of the laws that make them possible and mighty.

These and other special interests all desire the success of the party whose policies are most favorable to them, and they not only contribute freely but are expected to contribute immense sums to the campaign funds of that party. But they were never struck as hard as in the campaign four years ago by Manager Mark Hanna and as they

\_are being struck now. While all campaign managers recognize the necessity of money Hanna was the first to regard it and practically proclaim it the must essential and most potent factor in elections. He was the first who brought campaigns down to an absolute dollar basis and virtually confessed by his methods that elections must be carried by money. Acting upon that cold-blooded, business principle he from the start went in for great-campaign funds and had no scruples in demanding thousands where others might have deemed

hundreds excessive. The sum he collected and expended in the campaign and elec-tion four years ago has been vari-

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1900.

"In the light of 'these important facts' Mr. McCandless thinks it is astonishing that no experiments appear to have been made 'to see whether horses and mules will not eat cotton seed and cotton seed meal and hulls, one or both; and, if not voluntarily, whether they could be trained to do so by mixing them gradually, by slowly increasing dereas, with corn and oats and hav. H · promises to have the matter tested at the Georgia Station.

value as compared with the feeding

value of meal.

#### ANOTHER OBJECT LESSON.

eficiaries, money combines and trusts Mark Hanna says there are no trusts, only "combinations of capital." We had "a combination of capital," in which the several big concerns engaged in handling sugar, combined. The result was an advance of a cent a pound on sugar in five or six months. In this connection the following New York dispatch of the 3rd inst. is interesting, While little of this money will be

and it also presents an object lesson: "The American Sugar Refining Company to day, reduced its price for refined sugar 40 points. Arbuckle Bros. have cut the price of refined sugar to 5.75 and withdrew all guarantees. The independent refiners also cut the price to 5.75. This leaves the price of the American Company five points below that of other companies.

The trust defenders, like Mark Hanna, and those who echo him. say there are no trusts, but simply "combinations of capital," which are not formed for the purpose of put ting up or maintaining prices. Before this sugar combine was organized the price of sugar was \$5.75 a hundred pounds. Within a short time after it was organized the price ran up to nearly \$7.00 a hundred pounds. When the break in the combine came and they got to competing with each other the price went back to \$5.75.

What does that show? Doesn't it prove that the combine was formed to run up the price of sugar, and that the price was kept up while the | Chadbourn, Jr., E. K. Bryan, T. O. combine lasted, and that when the combine broke the price dropped at once? What better illustration could be asked of the practical operation of a trust than this? It presents an object lesson that the simplest minded can see through and understand at once.

### A HOME THRUST.

The Republicans always get the worst of it when they pop any questions at Wm. J. Bryan. He doesn't lose his temper like Mountebank Roosevelt does, but answers good naturedly and always makes a home thrust when he does. At Anderson, Ind., a few days ago, while he was speaking some Republican of an inquiring turn of mind wanted to know about that North Carolina constitutional amendment. This made about the sixth or seventh time that question has been asked and from the fact that they all seem to have North Carolina on their minds the natural inference is that they think that North Carolina is the only patch of ground in the United States where there is

qualified negro suffrage. In this case Mr. Bryan enlightened the Anderson seeker for information by calling his attention to the constitutional provision in the State of Oregon, a good Republican state, and the law passed by a Republican Congress disfranchising negro voters in the District of Columbia, to do which and get rid of every negro vote, whether intelligent or not, they made a clean sweep and disfranchised every white voter. And then he concluded with the following home

"There was never a more snameful piece of hypocrisy than is that under which the Republicans hide when they talk about Southern amendments. I was a Republican Congress that took the right to vote away from those in the District of Columbia and for thirty years the negro has been electing Re publican Presidents and getting jani orships in return, and you never hear a modern Republican say anything for him except during a campaign when his vote is needed."

One of the best evidences of the negro's unfitness to vote is the fact that he has for so many years been permitting the white bosses to make a tool of him, and hasn't been able to see through the hypocrisy of this pretended interest in him which is shown only in election times when, as Mr. Bryan says, "his vote is needed."

## VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY. Trial of Freeman for the Murder of Chason

at Elizabethtown. [Special Star Telegram.]

ELIZABETHTOWN, N. C., October 4. In the case of the State against C. R. Freeman, who was indicted and tried for the murder of Charles Chason, the jury to-night at 9:20 returned a verdict of not guilty. The entire day was consumed by argument of counsel. The fight was bitter from start to finish and every point ably contested on both sides. Messrs. John G. Shaw of Fayetteville, Homer Lyon and J. H. Johnson of Hope Mills, and Solicitor McLean ably conducted the prosecution. William J. Bellamy of Wilmington, C. C. Lyon and R. S. White of Elizabethtown, made a vigorous fight for the defendant Freeman, their

speeches being of a very high order. The verdict is favorably received by the public, although sentiment was at first decidedly against Freeman.

REV. T. PAGE RICAUD

Died Early Yesterday Morning at the Home of His Daughter in Durham-The Puneral Here To-day.

Private telegrams to friends in the city yesterday morning conveyed the sad news of the death at Durham, N. C., of Rev. T. Page Ricaud which occurred at 2:30 o'clock A. M. at the home of his son-in-law, Prof. W. J. Ramsey after an illness of about two weeks which combined with the in firmities of age to end a long and useful career in life.

Deceased was in his eighty-third year and had been very feeble for some time. He was an active minister of the gospel of the Methodist Church so long as his health would permit and was as two different periods pastor of Fifth Street Methodist Church of this city, during which time he made many lasting friends not only among his own congregation but among the residents of Wilmington generally. He was also for a time pastor of Hancock M. E. Church, of Newbern, and served at one time as United States minister

Mr. Ricaud is survived by four children as follows: Mrs. W. J. Ramsey, of Durham; Mrs. A. P. Farrier, of Kenansville, N. C.; Mr. T. Page Ricaud, Jr., of Bennettsville, S. C. and Hon. A. G. Ricaud, of New York, but formerly of this city. Messrs. T. P. Ricaud, Jr., and wife, of Bennettsville, Mr. A. G. Ricaud and Professor and Mrs. Ramsey accompanied the remains to Wilmington last evening and this morning at 11 o'clock the funeral will be conducted from Grace M. E. church by the pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole, and Rev. John H. Hall, and the remains will be laid to rest in Oakdale beside the grave of his wife and other relatives.

At the station yesterday evening a large number of friends gathered to meet the bereaved ones and the following were among those who acted as pall bearers: Messrs. James H. Bunting, E. S. Martin, W. H. Yopp, Will Continue His Canvass, Beginning at H. P. West, Dr. E S. Pigford, Rich ard J. Jones, Samuel Northrop, Rev. J. H. Hall and Rev. J. N. Cole.

#### CAMPAIGN IN THE EAST.

Dr. Dixon Has Appointments in Several Counties-Mr. Simmons' Speeches. Dr. B. F. Dixon, State Auditor-elect has been appointed by State Chairman

Simmons to speak at the following times and places: Johnston county-Four Oaks, Oct.

10th; Selma, 11th. Wayne county-Pikeville, Oct. 12th Seven Springs, 13th. Lenoir county—LaGrange, Oct. 15h.

Craven county—Newbern, Oct. 16th. Jones county—Trenton, Oct. 17th. Onslow county-Jacksonville, Oct. 19th; Richland, 18th. Duplin county-Hallsville, Oct Pender county-Burgaw, Oct. 22nd

Bladen county-Clarkton, Oct. 23d Robeson county-Maxton, Oct, 24th. Richmond county-Rockingham, Oct. 25th. Wadesboro, Anson county, Oct. Marshville, Union county, Oct. 27th.

State Chairman Simmons has appointments to speak himself as fol

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 11th; Concord, N. C., Oct. 15th; Statesville, N. U., Oct. 18th; Mooresville, N. C., Oct.

## NEGRO SURRENDERED HIMSELF.

Morgan Spencer Committed to County Jail Charged With Manslaughter.

Morgan Spencer, the negro who accidentally shot and killed another negro at Wrightsville Sound while returning from a camp meeting with a crowd of negro youths a month or two ago. yesterday surrendered himself to the sheriff and was committed to jail by Dr. W. W. Harriss, Justice of the Peace, who was also acting coroner at the inquest held over the body of the dead negro which returned the ver dict that deceased came to his death by the careless and indifferent handling of a pistol in the hands of Spencer. Spencer, through his counsel Marsden Bellamy, Esq., waived examination and was committed, as stated. The negro says that he has been at Newbern since the killing, which is designated in the warrant against him as manslaughter.

## Request to Organize.

County chairmen of Democratic executive committees are requested to call meetings in each township in their various counties on Saturday, the 13th day of October, for the purpose of organizing a club, where one has not already been formed. It is also urged that at each speaking by candidates or other Democrats a club be organized. Do not let an opportunity pass to organize. These clubs are a part of the party machine. They are subject to the party authority. The two main purposes for which they are to be formed are to distrioute literature and to bring out a full vote. It is presumed that the last campaign secured a full registration. As soon as a club is formed send the names of the officers to Hon. F. M. Simmons, chairman, Raleigh, N. C. Also send a list of the officers to Max Thomsen, national secretary, New York city, N. Y.

## Mr. Bellamy at Burgaw.

Hon. John D. Bellamy spoke to a large crowd in the court house at Burgaw Saturday, and he was well reeived and highly congratulated upon his speech. Mr. Bellamy said he was secorded a warm reception and there were a number of ladies present at the speaking. He returned to the city yesterday evening.

#### IS KINSAULS ALIVE?

Rumor Apparently Well Grounded Says He is Not Dead, But in a Hospital at Richmond, Va.

Is Kinsauls, the Sampson county murderer still alive, after the horrible hanging at Clinton Friday a week ago? That is a question which numerous people in Wilmington who have interested themselves in the case would like to know definitely. From authorities given for a rumor which gained general circulation on, the streets yesterday it would appear that Kinsauls is vet alive, having survived

the terrible ordeal described is these columns after the hanging by the Sampson county sheriff week before last. The news comes to Wilmington as from Col. Jno. D. Kerr, of Clinton, one of Kinsaul's attorneys at the trial, but the circumstances are of such peculiar character that the less credulous are disposed to believe that Col. Kerr was indulging in a joke with some one and is being quoted seri-

ously. The story goes that after Kinsauls was cut down from the gallows as dead and ostensibly was carried for burial to his home in Honeycutt's township, his body was taken in charge by physicians, resuscitated and hurried on to a hospital at Richmond, Va., his body being wrapped in blankets. Some contend that the story is plausible from the fact that Kinsauls was very light, weighing less than a hundred pounds, and as the first fall did not break his neck it is barely possible that the second produced a like result.

The story, however, becomes less plausible from the fact that Sheriff MacRae, who was exceedingly kind to Kinsauls while te was in jail here, last night received a letter from Mrs. Kinsauls asking for help to erect a tombstone at the grave of her hus-

### COL. WADDELL'S APPOINTMENTS.

Lumberton on To-day Week.

Col. A. M. Waddell will resume his canvass to-day week, speaking at the following places at the dates designated:

Lumberton-Saturday, October 13th. Fayetteville-Monday, October 15th. Sanford-Tuesday, October 16th. Carthage - Wednesday, October 17th. Aberdeen-Thursday, October 18th, Rockingham-Friday, October 19th. Clarkton-Saturday, October 20th. Further appointments will be an-

## They Were Prom Wilmington.

Wilson Times: "Last Wednesday wo fellows named Coleman and Yopp, claiming to hail from Wilmington. entered Mr. J. L. Mayo's cafe on Goldsboro street and called for oysters. While these were being prepared Coleman drew out a pistol and shot across the table, the ball glancing against the table and only missing Mr. Brit Forbes by a few inches. Both men were drinking or drunk. Mr. Forbes called for the police, and yes terday morning Coleman was fined for disorderly conduct and placed in jail in default of a \$100 bond for carrying concealed weapons."

Stricken with Paralysis.

Friends in Wilmington regret exceedingly to learn of a serious stroke of paralysis which was suffered by Mrs. Emma McEachern at her home, No. 310 South Sixth street, Friday afternoon about 3 o'clock. Her entire left side and speech are affected and she is in a very serious condition. Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy was at the residence to see her son, Mr. N. M. McEachern, at the time and was quickly at her side or the result might have been more

Stone for Caswell. The first installment of cars laden with stone for the sea wall at Fort Caswell arrived vesterday over the Carolina Central railroad from Messrs. W. R. Bonsal & Co., of Hamlet. The stone comes from quarries near Rockingham, N. C., and the work of loading it on lighters for transportation to Caswell by the Wilmington and Little River Transportation Co., the contractors, will begin at once.

- Raleigh Post: "It is gratifying to learn that Mr. John Sprunt Hill, a young North Carolinian-formerly of Faisons—now a resident of New York city, is a Democratic nominee for Congress in the Fourteenth district in his

- The Charlotte Observer of yesterday contains an account of the death of paralysis at his home there of Mr. A. A. Faston at 8.45 o'clock Friday night. He is survived by a widow and four children, one of whom is Mrs. John Creasy, of Wilmington.

## THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

the Past Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. WASHINGTON, October 6 .- The balance sheet of the Postoffice Department, just completed, shows the following conditions for the past year: Expenditures, \$107,249,298; revenue, \$102,354,579; excess of expenditures, \$4,894,718. This is about \$1,500,000 less than the deficit for the preceding

Directors of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company have appointed Alexander Cochrane president pro tem. to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late president, John E. Hudson. Mr. Cochrane is a director and member of the executive board of the American Bell Telephone and the American Telephone and Telegraph allow the Mormons either to preach or Company.

## BLACKWELL DURHAM CASE, PRESBYTERY AT CHADBOURN.

An Appeal Taken-Will Prevent Sale of Property-Trial of Registrars on Next Monday.

[Special Star Telegram.] RALEIGH. N. C., Oct. 5.-An appeal was to day taken by Major Wm. A. Guthrie in the Blackwell Durham Tobacco Company case. This will prevent the sale of the property on November 5th, as ordered by Judge Simonton

The trial of the six registrars, indicted for refusing to register negroes in the August election, has been set for next Monday in the Federal court at Greensboro. The men indicted are J. T. Thompson, of Forsyth, charged with refusing to register twenty-four negroes; Hunter L, Wall, of Forsyth, charged with refusing to register twelve negroes; W. L. Roper, of Montgomery, charged with refusing to register four negroes; R. O. Fry, of Montgomery, charged with refusing to register seven negroes; J. A. Perry, of Burke, charged with refusing to register seven negroes; Wm. Pofell, of Burke, charged with refusing to register nine negroes. The bill of indictment contains twenty four pages of printed matter.

### BRYAN'S INDIANA TOUR.

Made Fourteen Speeches Yesterday t Large Audiences.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. LOUISVILLE, KY., October 6 .-- Hon William J. Bryan concluded to day his tour of the State of Indiana, arriv ing here about 8:30 o'clock to night, an hour and a half late. He made fourteen speeches during the day before crossing the Ohio river. The speeches were made at Plainfield a small station a few miles out from Indianapolis; Greencastle, where the Depauw University is located; Brazil, an important mining center; Terre Haute, Lewis, Linton, Elnora, Washngton, Shoals, Mitchell, Rilans, Salem, New Albany and Jeffersonville. His audiences were all large except at the very small towns. At erre Haute, Linton Salem and Washington there were multitudes of people. At all the stopping points great enthusiasm was

displayed. A light rain fell the greater part of the day, but this circumstance was not allowed to interfere with the meetings in any way. The people did not desert on account of it and Mr. Bryan protected himself with an umbrella.

### GOVERNMENT'S NEW STEEL TUG.

Richard Caswell Now on Its Way Down to This Port.

The Baltimore Sun of Friday has the following regarding the new steel tug recently built there for the engineer's department at Wilmington:

"The new steamer Richard Caswell, built by the Columbian Iron Works or the United States Engineer Corps, eft yesterday for Elizabeth City, N. C., where she is to be delivered to the officer in charge of the Wilmington Department. Capt. Thomas R. Lewis went in charge of the Caswell, with Richard Lawrence and John Boyd in the engine room. Capt. Harry Wagner was in charge of the deck work and the providing of good meals for

The Richard Caswell is a fine steel tug, 80 feet long and 20 feet beam. She is driven by a fore and aft compound engine, with cylinders 14 and 28 inches in diameter and with a piston stroke of 22 inches.

The boat has neat accommodations for the crew and officers and a large space below decks aft can be utilized for store-rooms or converted into living apartments.

## STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

Morgan Liner Elmonte and British Steamer Rappahannock. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 6 .- The Morgan Line steamer Elmonte, which arrived here to day from New Orleans reports having been in collision with the British steamer Rappahannock, bound from Liverpool for Newport News. The collision occurred yesterday in latitude 37.40, longitude 74.33. A dense fog prevailed at the time, The Elmonte had her bow stove in and some plates on the starboard bow. The stem showed a deep indentation and a sail hanging across the bow to prevent the water coming in. Nothing was learned as to the damage to the Rappahannock. After the collision she steamed westward toward Cape Henry and the Elmonte proceeded on he

## SEA ISLAND COTTON.

Growers' Association Resolve to Advance the Price to 23 Cents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. VALDOSTA, GA., October 6.-The Sea Island Cotton Growers' Association had a meeting here to-day, and after hearing reports from every section as to condition of the crop, etc. the advisory board advised that the price be advanced to twenty-three

ents. It is believed that twenty-five

cents will be the basis for sales before

many days, as reports indicate a very Chairman B. P. Jones, of the ad visory board, made a ringing speech at to-day's meeting advising the farmers not to sell for less than twenty-three cents. They voted to hold it for that

#### RULED OUT AT SAVANNAH. Two Mormon Elders Who Wanted to

Preach and Peddle Books. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 6 .- Two Mormon elders applied to Mayor Myers for permission to preach on the streets and to offer Mormon books and other literature for sale. The mayor consulted the city attorney with respect to his authority in the premises and was informed that it was in his discretion whether permission should be given. He thereupon declined to

peddle their books.

State Library

# Rev. D. P. McGeachy Chosen Moderator

and Elders Boney and Shaw Clerks.

Good Rains Reported.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

CHADBOURN, N. C., Oct. 4.-Wilmington Presbytery met here yesterday evening at 7.30 o'clock and opened with a sermon by Rev. R. M. Williams, of Wallace, on the text: "Let your Light Shine." After the sermon the Presbytery elected Elder B. G. Worth, of Wilmington, moderator, who so well deserved the honor. but at his earnest request he was excused and Rev. D. P. McGeachy, of Burgaw, was chosen in his stead. Elders W. J. Boney and W. J. Shaw

vere chosen temporary clerks. At this morning's session Rev. Thos. Shaver, of Wooster Presbytery, was nvited to sit as a visiting brother. Interesting addresses were made on Home and Foreign Missions.

Ministers present at the session are Revs. A. D. McClure, P. C. Morton and E. E. Lane, of Wilmington; A. McFadyen, R. M. Williams, D. P. McGeachy and J. E. L. Winecoff. The elders present are Messrs. W. J. Player, Burgaw; J. N. Henry, Point Caswell; J. Shaw, Harmony; W. J. Boney, Wallace; A. D. Hix, Elizabethtown; N. W. Bonham; J. H. Thomas, St Andrew's; B. G. Worth, First Church; Wilmington; W. J. Boney; W. J. Shaw, S. T. Lowmen.

Rains have fallen here abundantly and the berry plants have been much benefitted.

CHADBOURN, N. C., Oct. 5 .- Wil mington Presbytery adjourned here to day. The sessions have been held in the handsome new church recently built here by the congregation and have been very pleasant. Before ad-journment a very enthusiastic vote of thanks was given the good people of Chadbourn for the generous hospitality bestowed upon the Prasbytery and they insisted on its coming again when the members could stay longer.

The free conversation on the sub ject of religion was an interesting feature of the Presbytery and espe cially so the addresses of Revs. D. P. McGeachy and E. E. Lane on the Sabbath school. The usual routine business was transacted and some special work laid out.

The moderator, Rev. D. P. Mc-Geachy, will preach a sermon at the the Church," and Rev. A. D. McClure will preach a sermon on "Family Religion." Rev. R. Murphy Williams will prepare and read a paper on the "Destitution of the Presbytery."

The next meeting of Presbytery will be held at Clinton on the first Tuesday in April, 1901, at 7.30 P. M All the delegates left to day, return ng home.

### RAIDING CAPE COLONY.

Boer Force Under Dewet Threatening the Town of Aliwalnorth-Roberts Reports Boers Surrendering.

By Cable to the Morning Star

ALIWALNORTH, CAPE COLONY, Oct. .-General DeWet is reported to be a few miles south of Wepener (in the Orange River Colony, about seventy miles north of Aliwalnorth). The Boers near here are in a state of great excitement. All the outpost camps have been called in and preparations are being made to defend the town. A detachment of Cape Police engaged in reconnoitering Rouxville, (somewhat less than half-way between Aliwalnorth and Wepener) rode out of one end of the town as the Boers gallopped in the other end. Two mounted Australians were captured. Some of the Rouxville merchants have destroyed their stocks to prevent them from fallng into the hands of the Boers.

#### British Advices. London, October 6,—A dispatch re-ceived from Lord Roberts, dated Fri-

day, October 5, says:
"The number of prisoners captured or surrendered is daily increasing and must now aggregate nearly 16,000 "Commandant Muller has surrender-

ed to Clery and Commandant Dickson

and others are on their way to Pretoria to surrender. "A detachment of the London Irish endeavored to surprise a party of Boers near Boltfonstein, October 4, but had to retire after three hours fighting, with six men wounded. The Boers

## EXCHANGE TELEGRAPH CO.

suffered heavily."

Organized in New Jersey-To-Centrol Telegraph and Telephone Business in the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 6 .- A certificate of incorporation of the Exchange Telegraph Company has been filed with the county clerk of Hudson county, N.J., and the Secretary of State at Trenton. The authorized capital stock is \$5,000,000, divided into fifty thousand shares of \$100 each.

The objects of the company are to acquire by purchase or lease and to operate thoughout the United States a system of telegraph and telephone vires, to conduct the business of transmitting messages by telegraph and telephone and transmit and sell market and all kinds of news, to operate tickers and like instruments for the prompt transmission of all market quotations and other news, also, to lease to other companies wires, and to conduct in the cities and villages of the United States a general messenger service; also, to manufacture and sell electrical power and do a general telephone and telegraph business.

## TRINITY COLLEGE

Recipient of Another Gift from Washington Duke, Cigarette Manufacturer. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., October 6.-Trinity

College, a Methodist institution at Durham, was to day the recipient of a gift of \$100,000 from Washington Duke, a wealthy cigarette manufacturer. This last gift makes altogether half a million dollars given by Mr. Duke to this college. In addition to this, another member of the Duke family has given the college \$100,000 and a library that will cost \$100,000, is now being built by J. B. Duke. The Dukes are largely interested in the American Tobacco Company, J. B. Duke being its president. Duke being its president.

## STIRITS TURPENTINE.

- Wilson News: It is rumored that Gustavus Milhiser, of Richmond, Va., has purchased a mill site at Roanoke Rapids and will shortly build a large mill there for the manufacture

- Mount Airy News: Most of the farmers have about finished cutting and curing tobacco. The crop is little more than half as large as last year, but it is thought prices will be more

satisfactory. Laurinburg Exchange: Last Monday morning Mr. Colin McCor-mac, son of Mr. Nathaniel McCormac, was caught in some shafting while at work in a mill near John Station, and so badly mangled that it is feared he

cannot recover. - Rocky Mount Motor: The pea nut crop is not good, the dry and hot August causing many "poper" empty cells or hulls. In 1866 Gen. Bryan Grimes made on his farm at Grimes land in Pitt county a penut crop that netted him over ten thousand dollars. - Tarboro Southerner: News came this morning that Joe Bennett, of Williamston, who on the 22d of September attempted to murder Miss

terday near Charleston, S. C., and will be brought to Williamston for - Sanford Express: The veneering factory is a busy place. Over twenty hands are kept busy turning out veneer, the most of which is being shipped North. They have no trouble in getting material to work with and at present have a good supply on hand. Much of it has been hauled in from the

Jennie Moore, of that town, and Mr. Hobbs, of Norfolk, was arrested yes-

surrounding country, while some of it has been shipped here from other points. - Southport Standard: Mr. Silas Holder, a very aged citizen, who lived seven miles from here, died on Monday morning last, after several months' illness. Mr. Holder was a veteran of the Mexican war, perhaps the only one in this county, and also a veteran of the Civil war, having served in both, and was ready, he said. on the eve of the late Spanish-Ameri-

can war, to enter the artillery service and serve his country again. - Statesville Landmark: Mr. R. M. Saunders, who is operating a sawmill near Cooleemee, Davie county, added a genuine curosity to the Land mark's stock Saturday. In cutting a poplar log 2½ feet in diameter, last week. Mr. Saunders' saw struck and cut into the handle of an old-fashioned steel fork. The fork hand been broken just at the handle and years and years ago the broken handle had been stuck into the tender bark of a young popuular. This had grown around and covered it. The tree was perfectly sound and the iron was found just at the heart of the tree. One piece of the iron handle still had the wood cover ing on it when taken out of the plank. - Pittsboro Record: We regret

to learn of the death of Mr. Samuel Spring meeting on 'Some Doctrine of Siler, of Matthews township. Al though in his 91st year, he was remarkably well preserved-both phy sically and mentally. Until a few weeks ago he could ride horseback with as little fatigue as a man of 40 years, frequently riding to this place and back home in the same day— nearly forty miles. —White's bridge across Rocky river was washed away a few months ago. Last week some of the old timbers of the bridge were taken out of the river, where they had lodged, and it was then discovered that some of the largest sills had been sawed nearly half in two, and it had evidently been done several years ago. And yet hundreds of persons and vehicles had been passing over that bridge all that time without the sills breaking, and nobody had any idea of their dangerous condition.

-Mount Olive Advertiser: Cholera is making inroads upon the stock of hogs of some of our friends, Messrs. J. O. Loftin, J. B. Oliver and J. Taylor, we have been informed, are losers. -The cotton sold at Mount Olive this season will bring nearly \$250,000 to our farmers; if we converted the raw material into yarn or cloth that amount would be increased to nearly the half-million dollar mark. - The dwelling of Mrs. Ann Maxwell was de stroyed by fire Thursday morning. The fire originated in the kitchen and had gained such headway before discovered, that all efforts were devoted to saving household effects. - Berry growers have experienced unusual difficulty in securing a stand of plants; patches have been set out from three to five times, and it is only after the rains of the past few days that the growers have felt assured of having a crop anywhere near the average. That the crop of 1901 will be less than for several years past is the opinion of the

## A MINNESOTA TORNADO.

majority of the growers.

One of the Piercest That Ever Visited the State-Two Persons Killed and Eight Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. DULUTH, MINN, October 6.-One of the fiercest tornadoes that ever visited North Minnesota and parts of Wisconsin, struck the edge of the Mesaba

range town of Biwalrik this afternoon,

killing two persons, injuring eight and

doing damage variously estimated at

from \$300,000 to \$500,000. The principal damage consists of the destruction of shaft houses, dwelling and business houses. The Austrian settlement of Biwalrik suffered severely. Twenty houses were blown own in the district.

Tornado conditions prevailed to day all over northeast Minnesota. Violent thunderstorms were almost continuous. A great amount of rain has fallen. The funnel shaped cloud passed over Biwalrik with a power that was irresistible. It tipped locomotives over, lifted cars off the track and carried them from 100 to 300 feet. Houses in the path of the tornado were blown to atoms and the furniture scattered for

The Duluth mining company's shaft nouses and other buildings were blown down. The Drake Stratton Company sustained considerable loss to locomo

## A CORNER IN PORK.

Rapid Advance in Prices on the Chicago

By Telegraph to the Merning Star. CHICAGO, October 6.—October pork jumped to \$17 per barrel to-day on the Board of Trade. The close at that figure marked a rise since yesterday morning of \$4. The close yesterday was at \$14.50 and the opening to day at \$14.25. The market went from the opening in half dollar leaps to \$16.00 and from the last given figure jumped

a dollar on a single trade. Sir Thomas Lipton is said to be "long" seventy-five thousand barrels, having cornered the visible supply here as well as forty thousand barrels not yet in sight. The price was bid up to-day by shorts.

M. B. Curtis, "Samuel of Posen," the actor, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, confessing liabilities of \$117,000; assets \$25.